Digital Storage Oscilloscope

GDS-2000A Series

OPTIONS USER MANUAL



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



July 2013

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Table of Contents

GETTING STAF	RTED	4
	GDS-2000A Options Overview	5
	Module Installation	5
	Software Installation	7
	Uninstalling Optional Software	3
QUICK REFERE	NCE	9
	Options Menu Tree10)
FUNCTION GE	NERATOR	. 19
	Function Generator Operation)
LOGIC ANALYZ	ZER	. 26
	Logic Analyzer Operation 28	3
	Bus Key Configuration	ł
	Trigger Settings)
NDEX		. 80

GETTING STARTED

This chapter gives a brief overview of optional modules and software available for the GDS-2000A, how to install or uninstall any options already installed on the scope.



GDS-2000A Options Overview		
Module Installation		
Software Installation		
Uninstalling Optional Software	. 8	

GDS-2000A Options Overview

The GDS-2000A has a number of options that can be installed to increase the functionality of the base models. Some of the options are hardware only, and some of the options require both hardware modules and software to be installed. Below is a list of options available for the GDS-2000A.

GW Instek will continue to develop modules and optional software. Please see the GW Instek website or see your local distributor for further updates.

Hardware Options

Option Number	Description
DS2-LAN	Ethernet & SVGA output
DS2-GPIB	GPIB Interface
DS2-FGN	DDS Function Generator
DS2-8LA	8-Channel Logic Analyzer Card (GLA-08)with 8-Channel Logic Analyzer Probe (GTL-08LA)
DS2-16LA	16-Channel Logic Analyzer Card (GLA-16)with 16-Channel Logic Analyzer Probe (GTL-16LA)

Module Installation

Background	The GDS-2000A has a number of optional modules that can be installed into the module slots on the rear panel. These modules must be installed before power up.
Note	The modules are not hot-swappable. Please ensure the power is off before connecting or disconnecting any of the modules from the rear panel.
Steps	 Make sure the power is turned off before installing any of the optional modules. Slide the tabs holding the module cover to the unlock position and then remove
	3. Install the optional module. Be sure to make sure that the groves on the module line-up to



the slots in the module bay.

- 4. Slide the tabs back into the lock position.
- 5. Install the corresponding optional software, if any. See the next section for installation instructions.

Software Installation

Background	ex 20 op ac so	e GDS-2000A has optional software pand the functionality of the standar 00A. Optional software may also req tional hardware modules to also be i tivation key is required to activate ar ftware. A different activation key is r ch optional software package.	d GDS- uire installed. An ny optional
	op we	r the latest files and information rega tional software packages, see the GV ebsite: www.gwinstek.com or contac arest distributor.	V Instek
Steps	1.	Install any hardware modules if nee page 6 for installation details.	eded. See
Panel Operation	2.	Insert the USB serial key for the desired option into the front panel USB A port.	
	3.	Press the <i>Utility</i> key then the <i>File Utilities</i> soft-key.	Utility File Utilities
	4.	Navigate to the desired file in the USB file path.	
		When the desired installation file has been found, press the <i>Select</i> key to start the installation.	Select

- 5. The installation will complete in a few seconds. When finished a pop-up message will appear asking you to restart the GDS-2000A.
- 6. Restart the GDS-2000A.

Uninstalling Optional Software

Background	Optional software packages such as the Search function can be uninstalled from the system menu.
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Utility</i> key.
	2. Press <i>System</i> from the bottom menu. System
	3. Press more 1 of 2 from the side more 1 of 2
	4. Press <i>Option Uninstall</i> on the side Option Uninstall
	5. Select the optional software packages that you wish to uninstall from the side menu.
	6. Use the <i>Up</i> and <i>Down</i> arrows on the side menu to select an option to uninstall.
	7. Press <i>Uninstall</i> to uninstall the option.

This chapter describes the menu tree for the option software.

Options Menu Tree	
• Option Key	
Function Generator	10
Logic Analyzer	11
Search - Logic	11
Search - Bus	
Trigger - Bus	13
Trigger - Logic	
Bus	
Bus - UART	
Bus – I ² C	
Bus – SPI	
Bus – Parallel	

Options Menu Tree

Option Key

Accesses the functions in the Option menu.

Option



*Note: Any option that is not installed will be grayed-out.

Function Generator

Setup the Function Generator output.





Logic Analyzer

Setup the Logic Analyzer inputs.



Search - Logic

Set the Search function for logic events.

Search



Search - Bus

Set the Search function for bus events.

Note: The source bus is determined from the bus trigger settings.



*The source bus is determined from the bus trigger settings.

Trigger - Bus



*The source bus is set in the bus menu.

Trigger - Logic



*The source bus is determined from the bus menu.



Bus

Bus - UART





 $Bus - I^2C$



Bus – SPI



Bus – Parallel



FUNCTION GENERATOR

20
24

Function Generator Operation

Overview

Background	The DDS Function Generator module allows the GDS-2000A to create basic sine, square and triangle waveforms.
Note	The function generator option can only be used with firmware version 1.13 or later. However it is highly recommended that firmware version V1.16 or later be installed to access the full functionality of the module. The instructions on the following pages are based on V1.16 or later. Please see the GW Instek website for the latest
	firmware and the firmware installation procedure.

Function Generator Specifications

Waveforms	Sine, Square, Triangle
Frequency range	0.1Hz ~ 5MHz for sine
	0.1Hz ~ 5MHz for square
	0.1Hz ~ 500KHz for triangle
Frequency Stability	±50ppm
Frequency Accuracy	±50ppm (± 0.25Hz)
Aging	±5ppm/Year
Amplitude Range	$60 \text{mVpp} \sim 6 \text{Vpp} (\text{into } 1 \text{M}\Omega)$
	30mVpp ~ 3Vpp (into 50 Ω)
Amplitude Accuracy	±10%
Attenuator	-20dB
Impedance	50Ω
DC Offset	$\pm 2V$ (into $1M\Omega$)
	$\pm 1 V (into 50 \Omega)$
Duty Control Range	5%(min) ~ 95%(max)
	(Square wave only)
Rise or Fall Time	≤15ns (Square wave only)

Using the Function Generator Option

Background	This section will describe how to use the function generator modules. To use the function generator option, the DS2-FGN function generator module must be installed. Please see page 6 for installation details.
Note	The GDS-2000A can have two function generator modules installed at the same time. Operating the CDS-2000A using one or two function generator modules is the same.
Connection	1. The function generator signal is output from the GEN 1 or GEN 2 outputs on the front panel. If the function generator module is installed in slot one, then the signal is output from GEN 1, and if the function generator is installed in slot two, then the signal is output from GEN 2.
	2. Connect a BNC cable to the appropriate output (GEN 1 or GEN 2).
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Option</i> key. Option
	2. Press <i>Function Gen 1</i> or <i>Function Gen 2</i> from the bottom menu.

3. Select *Sine, Square* or *Triangle* from the bottom menu.

Sine

- 4. Press *Frequency* from the side menu.
 - Use the Variable knob to highlight either *User* or a preset frequency base unit.



The frequency can now be adjusted using fine adjustment or coarse adjustment:

Range 100mHz ~ 5MHz (500kHz for triangle)

COARSE ADJUSTMENT:

Press the *Frequency* soft-key again to reduce the frequency menu.

- Use the *Variable* knob to adjust the frequency at the selected base unit.
- The adjusted frequency will automatically be saved to the *User* variable.

FINE ADJUSTMENT:

Press the *Select* key. The frequency can now be adjusted one digit at a time.

- Use the *Left* and *Right* soft-keys to select a digit.
- Use the Variable knob to adjust the digit.
- Pressing the *Default* soft-key will return the frequency back to the default base unit. (not available for the *User* variable)
- Press *Go Back* when you have finished editing the frequency.
- The adjusted frequency will automatically be saved to the *User* variable.



9. The signal will be output immediately from the GEN 1 or GEN 2 outputs.

Function Generator Calibration

Background	The function generator module can also be
	calibrated from the System menu. The calibration
	function is only available for firmware version
	V1.16 or later.

Connection Connect the GEN 1 or GEN 2 output (depending on which module slot the function generator is installed in) to CH1 using a BNC cable.



Note Note	If two function generator modules are installed, the system will automatically choose to calibrate the function generator in module slot 1. If you wish to calibrate the second function generator, first select it from the Option menu (<i>Option</i> key > <i>Function Gen 2</i>).	
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Utility</i> key.	Utility
	2. Press <i>System</i> from the bottom menu.	System
	3. Press <i>More 1 of 2</i> from the side menu.	more 1 of 2
	4. Press <i>Self CAL</i> from the side menu.	Self Cal

5. Press *Function Generator* from the side menu.

Function Generator

Wait a few moments for the calibration to finish. "Complete" will be displayed on the screen when the calibration has completed.

• If the calibration fails, please check the connection and perform the calibration procedure again.



LOGIC ANALYZER

Logic Analyzer Operation	
Using the Logi	c Analyzer Probes29
	Overview
Activating Digi	tal Channels
Activate I	Digital Channels as a Group31
	ndividual Channels
Moving the	ne Digital Channels or Creating Digital
Channel C	Groups
	l Vertical Scale
Digital Channe	l Threshold Levels
	orm
Adding Labels	to Digital Channels41
Bus Key Configuration	
Input Con	nfiguration46
Threshold	l Configuration47
	ding
Parallel B	us Event Table49
Adding a	Label to the Parallel Bus50
Serial Bus	Overview
UART Se	rial Bus Configuration54
I ² C Serial	Bus Interface
SPI Serial	Bus Interface
Bus Enco	ding59
Threshold Con	figuration59
Serial Bus	Event Tables61
Event Tal	oles Format64
Adding a	Label to the Serial Bus65
Using Cu:	rsors with the Serial Bus67

Trigger Settings	69
Serial Bus Trigger Settings	
UART BUS Trigger Settings	
I ² C Bus Trigger Settings	
SPI Bus Trigger Settings	73
Parallel Bus Trigger	
Common Bus Trigger Settings	75
Bus Trigger Mode	75
Logic Trigger	
Logic Trigger Mode	
Logic Trigger Holdoff	

Logic Analyzer Operation

Overview

Background	The Logic Analyzer inputs can only be used when a Logic Analyzer option is installed (GW Instek part no. DS2-8LA or DS2-16LA). Both the 8-chanel and 16-channel models have a sample rate of 500MSa/s with bandwidth of 200MHz.	
	The logic analyzer inputs can be used to measure discrete inputs or can be used to measure values on a parallel or serial bus.	
Supported Logic Thresholds	TTL, CMOS, ECL, PELC, User- defined	The GDS-2000A supports common logic thresholds and supports user-defined thresholds of \pm 10V if the in-built threshold levels are unsuitable.
Digital Trigger Types	Edge, Pulse Width, Rise and Fall, Bus, Logic	As standard, the digital channels support basic edge, pulse width, rise and fall as well as bus and logic triggers.

Using the Logic Analyzer Probes

Background	This section will describe how to connect the
	digital channels to the device under test. To use the
	digital channels the optional logic analyzer module
	must be installed. Please see page 6 to install the
	logic analyzer module.

- Connection 1. Turn the DUT off to protect it from being short circuited when the probes are attached.
 - 2. Insert the Logic Analyzer probe into the Logic Analyzer input.



3. Connect the ground lead from the logic analyzer probe to the circuit ground on the DUT.



- 4. Connect another probe lead to a point of interest on the circuit. Make note of which probe lead is connected to which point.
- 5. Repeat step 3 with any remaining probes.



Digital Display Overview



Analog Waveform Used to show the position of the analog waveform Indicator outputs.

	Active analog waveform	Atvated analog waveform
Digital Channel Indicators	Used to show the position digital channels.	n and grouping of the
	7 Active digital channel	CActivated digital channel
Digital Channel Group	channel When digital channels are grouped together, they are shown as being pinned together. When grouped, digital channels can moved as a single group.	

Activating Digital Channels

The digital channels can be initially turned on in groups of 8 or individually.

Activate Digital Channels as a Group

Background	The digital channels can be turned on or off in groups of eight, D0~D7 and D8~D15.	
Panel Operation	6. Press the <i>Option</i> key. Option	
	7. Press <i>Logic Analyzer</i> from the bottom menu.	
	8. Press D15 – D0 On/Off key. D15 - D0 On / Off On / Off	
	9. Select which group of digital inputs you want turned on or off from the side menu.	
	Group1 D0~D7	
	Group2 D8~D15	
	10. The digital channels will appear on the graticule.	
Note	When all the digital channels are turned on, they will appear as a single group.	

Activate Individual Channels

Background	Each digital channel or group can be turned on or
	off individually.

- Panel Operation 1. Press the *Select* soft-key.
 - 2. Use the variable knob to highlight a channel or a group.





3. A 'tick' next to a particular channel or group indicates that that channel or group is currently on.

		PrTrig (21 Jul 2009 13:43:55
			D15-D0 On/Off
Channel 0-	~2 is off		Select
		Z AD9A	-3.20 div
		✓ <u>41</u> ✓ <u>51</u>	Display
		✓ Б	On Off
		✓ <u>II</u>	Turn On
Channel 3-	-15 IS ON		° 77 ÷01•
		✓ <u>HI</u> ✓ 191	Turn Off
		· 10	-151-181-
6		✓ 15:	Edit
		•15:31-	Labels
		F	<2Hz
0 = 188mU 0 = 188mU 0 = 188mU 0 = 188mU 188mU 188mS 18.8888S 1 f 4.88mV DC			
D15-D0 On / Off Thresholds		Height Sample Rate	e Go Back

4. Press the *Display* soft-key or the *Select* key to toggle the selected channel or group on or off.



5. Press the *Select* soft-key again to reduce the menu.



Note Channels can also be selected just by turning the variable knob when the mode is set to LA move mode. In this mode the selected channel or group will be shown on the Select soft-key. However this method will only show those channels/groups that have already been turned on. See page 33 for details.

Moving the Digital Channels or Creating Digital Channel Groups

Note	The digital channels must first be activated. See page 31.	
Background	The logic analyzer has two basic modes of operation for selecting or moving digital channels.	
	LA Select mode: This mode is used to select digital channels that have already been activated.	
	LA Move mode: This mode is used to move the vertical position of the digital channels and to group digital channels into groups.	
	The Select key is used to toggle between both modes when in the <i>D15~D0 On/Off</i> menu.	
Panel Operation	1. Press the D15~D0 On/Off key. The scope will initially be in 'LA Select mode'.	

VARIABLE

2. Use the variable knob to choose a channel or group. The selected channel/group will be shown on the Select key. Only channels that have been activated can be selected this way.

Below, channel 4 is selected.

	······	PrTrig (T) 21 Jul 2009 15 : 44 : 55
		D15-D0 On/Off
Chan	nel 4 is selected	Select
		-2.67 div
		Display On Off
		Turn Off
		C TT-101 -
		Turn On
<u> </u>		
<u>.</u>		Edit Labels
		F (2Hz
0 - 188nV 0 - 188nV 0		1986s 1 5 4.88mV DC
D15-D0 On / Off Thresholds	Analog Height Waveform S M L	Sample Rate 588MSPS Go Back

Note: If the Variable knob cannot select a channel, press the Select key to toggle the scope into 'LA Select mode'.

3. Press the *Select* key. The mode toggles from 'LA Select mode' to 'LA Move mode'.

Select

A message will indicate which mode is currently active.

The Move mode is used to move the digital channel position on the graticule as well as to group the channels. If you turned on all the digital channels, you will notice that they are already grouped as a single group.

You can tell when it is in move mode as the selected channel/group flashes and the labels for the other channels/groups become grayed out.

Channel 4 is in the 'Move' mode and the labels for the other channels are grayed out

4. Use the variable knob to position the selected channel/group:



If you position the channel indicator over the next/previous channel, it will split the group into 2.

Split the group above the selected channel:



Split the group below the selected channel:



If you continue to move the channel indicator past the next/previous channel, it will move the indicator anywhere within that group.



5. If you move the indicator *outside* of the group, it will remove the selected channel from the group.


6. Press the *Select* key again. This will return you to the LA Select mode.



You can tell when it is in the Select mode as no channel will be grayed out.

Digital Channel Vertical Scale

Background	The digital channels have 3 preset scales, S, M, L.
Panel Operation	1. From the <i>D15~D0 On/Off</i> menu, press <i>Height</i> to toggle the vertical scale of the digital channels.
	Height S, M, L
Note	If more than 8 digital channels are active, the large (L) option will be disabled.

Digital Channel Threshold Levels

Note Note	Threshold levels can be set to four groups of digital channels: D0~D3, D4~7, D8~D11 and D12~D15. Each group can have a different threshold level.
	The GDS-2000A has 4 preset threshold levels and a user-defined threshold. A user-defined threshold level can be set for each group. Any signal over the threshold level corresponds to a high (1), any signal under the threshold level is a low (0).
Panel Operation	1. From the D15~D0 On/Off menu, press the <i>Thresholds</i> soft-key.
	2. Press <i>Select</i> from the side menu and choose a group of channels.

3. Press *Choose Preset* to select a preset logic threshold.



Logic Type	Threshold
TTL	1.4V
5.0V CMOS	2.5V
3.3V CMOS	1.65V
2.5V CMOS	1.25V
ECL	-1.3V
PECL	3.7V
0V	0V

4. Press *Threshold* to set a user defined threshold for the currently selected group.



Range ±10V

Analog Waveform

Background The analog waveform function combines the digital channel inputs into two 8-bit analog waveforms. The analog waveforms are created from the digital channel groups D0~7 and D8~15.



Panel Operation 1. Press the *Option* key.



2. Press the Analog Waveform key.
3. Press Select and select which analog waveform you which to display, Wave_A1 (D7~D0) or Wave_A2 (D15~D8).
Display on Screen 4. Press Display to display the selected waveforms on the screen.

Set Vertical Position	5.	Press <i>Vertical</i> until div parameter is highlighted. Use the <i>Variable</i> knob to set the position.
Set Vertical Scale	6.	Press Vertical until X scale parameter is highlighted. Use the <i>Variable</i> knob to set the scale. Vertical $0.6 \times 1.8 \text{ div}$
Edit Labels	7.	Press Edit Labels to edit the label for the currently selected analog waveform. See page 41 for details.
Note	Or	nly one analog waveform can be displayed at a time.

Adding Labels to Digital Channels

Background	Digital labels can be added to each digital channel or to one of the analog waveforms.		
Panel Operation	cl k	To edit labels for the digital hannels, press the <i>Edit Labels</i> softer the D15~D0 On/Off menu.	
	W SC	To edit labels for the analog vaveforms, press the <i>Edit Labels</i> oft-key from the <i>Analog Waveform</i> menu.	
		Press Label For and select a channel Label For r waveform.	
	l	Label For D0~D15 A1, A2	

3. To choose a preset label, Press *User Preset* from the side menu and choose a label.

User Preset ACK

- Labels ACK, AD0, ADDR, ANALOG, BIT, CAS, CLK, CLOCK, CLR, COUNT, DATA, DTACK, ENABLE, HALT, INT, IN, IRQ, LATCH, LOAD, NMI
- Edit Label4. Press *Edit Character* to edit the
current label.

Edit Character

5. The Edit Label window appears.

					Trig 🞵 🙎	1 Jul 2012 17:26:56
	Nane : ACK					Keypad
	FileName	Label Name:	FileName	Label Nane:		Enter
		ADBA	<u> </u>	CLK		Character
	4 6 8 8 12 14					Back Space
		SPI	152 A1			
0	ABCDEFGH I J	KLNNOPORSTUVWXY2	3			Editing Completed
	abcdefghij .012345678	ik Innopgrstuvwxyz 19	2			Cancel
	100nV @	180mV @	188nU () 188nU) (5us (=) -50.00	ns (1) SS Ac	tive
	D15 - D0 On / Off	Thresholds	Analog Waveform	Height S M L	Sample Rate 500MSPS	Go Back

6. Use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



G^w INSTEK

LOGIC ANALYZER



Bus Key Configuration

The Bus key is used to configure the Parallel and Serial bus inputs. The Bus menu also features an event tables to track and save your bus data.

Bus Display



Start Bit (The Start bit is shown as a open bracket (Serial bus data only).		
Stop Bit	The Stop bit is shown as a bus data only).	an closed bracket (Serial	
Data F9	Data packets can be show color of the packet is the s	5	
Error Indicator 🧕	If there is an error in decoding the serial data, an error indicator will be shown.		
Bus Indicator	The Bus indicator shows active bus is shown with knob can be used to horiz indicator when it is active	a solid color. The Variable zontally position the Bus	
	Active bus (solid indicator)	B Activated bus (transparent indicator)	

G*EINSTEK*

Trigger Configuration Shows the bus trigger (B) and the *Trigger On* settings.



Parallel Bus Input Configuration

Background	The digital channels can be configured as a parallel bus. The number of bits that define the bus as well as which bit is used as the bus clock can also be configured.		
Note	The trigger should also be set to parallel bus. Please see page 74 for details.		
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Bus</i> key.		
	2. Press the <i>Bus</i> soft-key and select Parallel from the side menu.		
	3. Press <i>Define Inputs</i> from the bottom Define Inputs		
	 4. Press <i>Number of Bits</i> from the side menu and select the number of bits for the data bus. 		
	By default the bus is assigned bits D0, D1, D2 and so on up to the last bit.		
	5. You may also assign a bit as a clock. This bit will be one of the bits in the bus. To add a clock bit, press <i>Clock Edge</i> and select type of clock edge. Selecting <i>Off</i> will disable the clock bit.		

6. If you wish to define which channels are assigned to the bus, press *Select Signal* from the side menu and select the bit that wish to assign.

	Clock	1	1.40 V	Select Signal
a	Bit 3	3	1.40 V	_
Channel 1 is	Bit 2	2	1.40 V	🔊 Bit 1
currently –	- Bit 1	1	1.40 V	
assigned to bit 1.	Bit O	10	1.40 V	

7. Next, press *Select Ch* and select which channel is assigned to the bit selected above.



8. Repeat steps 6 and 7 for any remaining bits and for the clock, if enabled.

Threshold Configuration

Background	The threshold levels for the parallel bus can be set to either a user-defined threshold level or to pre- set threshold.			
Operation	1.	Press <i>Threshold</i> menu.	Thresholds	
	2.	Press <i>Select</i> fro and select a dig	Select Select Bit 3	
	3.	Press <i>Choose Preset</i> to select a pre- set logic threshold for the selected channel.		Choose Preset
		Logic Type	Threshold	
		TTL	1.4V	
		5.0V CMOS	2.5V	

GWINSTER	<u> </u>	GDS-2000A Series O	otions Manual
	3.3V CMOS	1.65V	
	2.5V CMOS	1.25V	
	ECL	-1.3V	
	PECL	3.7V	
	0V	0V	
	4. Press <i>Threshol</i> defined thresh input.	<i>d</i> to set a user nold for the selected	Threshold € 1.400
	Range	±10V	
Note	0	nold levels from the E hreshold levels set in page 38).	
Bus Encoding			
Background		isplayed on the screen pe set to either hex or	
Operation	,	<i>play</i> from the Bus pose either Hex or he side menu.	Bus Display

Parallel Bus Event Table

Event Table	The parallel bus event table lists when each data event on the bus occurred. The data is displayed as either hex or binary, depending on the bus display settings.		
	Event tables can be saved to disk in a CSV format. The files will be named "Event_TableXXXX.CSV", where XXXX is a number from 0000 to 9999. See page 64 for details.		
Operation	1. Press Event Table from the bottom Event Table menu.		
	 Press Event Table from the side menu to turn the event table on or off. Event On Off 		
	Event On, Off 3. To save the event table, press Save Event Table. Save		
	Use the variable knob to scroll through the event table.		

Example

Time of event	28 Aug 2012 10:43:25
	Event Table
Tine Data Event data	Event Table On Off
P.2.493es 5 -1.493es 5 -993.9us F -993.9us F -598.4es 5	Save Event Table
-68,880xs F 4995.9xx 5 9995.0xx F 1.499xx 5 1.999x F	
	Data Detail On Off
🕅 💼 Indi 🕘 🚥 Indi 🕘 🚥 Indi 🕽 508us 😭 8.8882 🚺 Dat	ta
Bus B Define Parallel Define Inputs Thresholds Bus Display Event Tat	Edit Labels

Adding a Label to the Parallel Bus

Background	A label can be added to the parallel bus.			
Panel Operation	1.		el to the bus, press from the Parallel Bus	Edit Labels
	2.		preset label, Press <i>User</i> he side menu and el.	User Preset ACK
		Labels	ACK, AD0, ADDR, AN BIT, CAS, CLK, CLOCI COUNT, DATA, DTAC ENABLE, HALT, INT, LATCH, LOAD, NMI	K, CLR, CK,
Edit Label	3.	Press <i>Edit Cl</i> current label	<i>haracter</i> to edit the l.	Edit Character

- 1 Jul 2009 13:42:34 PrTrig 🧊 Keypad Fil Enter Character Back Space Editing Completed BCDEFGHIJKLNNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklnnopqrstuvwxyz .0123456789-_ Cancel 10us 📳 0.000s 🚺 📵 Data Bus B Parallel Define Edit Thresholds Bus Display Event Table Labels
- 4. The Edit Label window appears.

5. Use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



Press *Enter Character* to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.

Press *Editing Completed* to create the new label and return to the previous menu.

Note: this key must be pressed to save the label, even for the preset labels.

Enter Character Back Space

Editing Completed Press *Cancel* to cancel the editing and return to the Edit Label menu.

6. The label will appear next to the bus indicator.

Below, the label "BUS_1" was created for the parallel bus.



Remove Label

Press *Label Display* to toggle the label on or off.

Label Display On Off

Cancel

Serial Bus

The Serial Bus for Logic Analyzer software includes support for 3 common serial interfaces, SPI, UART and I²C. Each interface is fully configurable to accommodate variations in the basic protocols.

Each input can be displayed as binary or hexadecimal. An event table can also be created to aid in debugging.

Serial Bus Overview

Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter. The UART bus is able to accommodate a wide range of various common UART serial communications. The UART serial bus software is suitable for a number of RS-232 protocol variants.	
Inputs	Tx, Rx
Threshold	Tx, Rx
Configuration	Baud rate, Parity, Packets, End of packets, Input polarity
Trigger On	Tx Start Bit, Rx Start Bit, Tx End of Packet, Rx End of Packet, Tx Data, Rx Data, Tx Parity Error, Rx Parity Error
Inter Integrated Circuit is a two line serial data interface with a serial data line (SDA) and serial clock line (SCLK). The R/W bit can be configured.	
Inputs	SCLK, SDA
Threshold	SCLK, SDA
Configuration	Addressing mode, Read/Write in address
Trigger On	Start, Repeat Start, Stop, Missing Ack, Address, Data, Address/Data
	The UART but range of vario communicatio The UART ser number of RS Inputs Threshold Configuration Trigger On Inter Integrate interface with clock line (SC Inputs Threshold Configuration

SPI The SPI (Serial Interface Peripheral) bus is fully configurable to accommodate the wide variety of SPI interfaces. This bus is only available on 4 channel models.

Inputs	SCLK, SS, MOSI, MISO
Threshold	SCLK, SS, MOSI, MISO
Configuration	SCLK edge, SS logic level, Word size, Bit order
Trigger On	SS Active, MOSI, MISO, MOSI&MISO

UART Serial Bus Configuration

The UART bus menu is designed to decode RS-232 and other common RS-232 variants such as RS-422, RS-485. The software configuration is also flexible enough to decode the many proprietary protocols based on RS-232.

Background	Basic RS-232 protocol uses single-ended data transmissions. The signal voltage levels can be high (±15V)* and employ active low signaling.
	High speed variants of RS-232, such as RS-422 and RS-485 use differential signaling and commonly employ low voltage differential signals with active high signaling.
	Universal Asynchronous Receiver / Transmitter (UART) or RS-232 driver/receiver ICs commonly used for embedded applications typically use active high signaling with standard IC signal levels.
	*Note: the GDS-2000A does not support ±15V signaling for the Logic Analyzer inputs)

Operation

	of the logic analyzer inputs. Connect the ground potential of the bus to the logic analyzer's ground probe line.
	GND CONT C
	2. Press the <i>Bus</i> key.
	3. Press <i>Bus</i> from the bottom menu and choose the <i>UART</i> serial bus on the side menu.
Define Inputs	4. Press <i>Define Inputs</i> from the bottom Define Inputs
	5. From the side menu choose the <i>Tx Input</i> and the <i>Rx Input</i> source and the signal polarity.
	Tx OFF, D15~D0
	Rx OFF, D15~D0
	Polarity Normal (High = 0), Inverted (High = 1)

1. Connect each of the bus signals (*Tx*, *Rx*) to one

Configuration The Configure key sets the baud rate, number of data bits and parity.

1. Press *Configure* from the bottom menu.

Configure 115200-8-N

2. From the side menu select the *Baud rate*, *Data bits*, *Parity*, *Packets* and *End of Packet bits*.

Baud Rate 50, 75, 110, 134, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2000, 2400, 3600, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 15200, 19200, 28800, 31250, 38400, 56000, 57600, 76800, 115200, 128000, 230400, 460800, 921600, 1382400, 1843200, 2764800 Data Bits 8 (fixed) Parity Odd, Even, None Packets On, Off 00(NUL), OA(LF), OD(CR), 20(SP), End of Packet FF (Hex)

I²C Serial Bus Interface

The I²C bus is a 2 wire interface with a serial data line (SDA) and serial clock line (SCLK). The I²C protocol supports 7 or 10 bit addressing and multiple masters. The decode software will trigger on any of the following conditions: a start/stop condition, a restart, a missing acknowledge message, Address, Data or Address&Data frames. The I²C trigger can be configured for 7 or 10 bit addressing with the option to ignore the R/W bit as well as triggering on a data value or a specific address and direction (read or write or both).

Panel operation 1. Connect each of the bus signals (*SCLK, SDA*) to one of the logic analyzer inputs. Connect the ground potential of the bus to the logic analyzer's ground probe line.

	GND SCLK SDA
	2. Press the <i>Bus</i> key.
	3. Press <i>Bus</i> from the bottom menu and choose I^2C from the side menu.
Define Inputs	4. Press <i>Define Inputs</i> from the bottom Define Inputs
	5. From the side menu choose the <i>SCLK</i> input and the <i>SDA</i> Input.
	SCLK D15~D0
	SDA D15~D0
Include R/W in address	To configure whether you want the R/W bit to be included in the address, press <i>Include R/W in address</i> and set to Yes or No in the side menu. R/W Bit Yes, No

SPI Serial Bus Interface

The serial peripheral interface (SPI) is a full duplex 4 wire synchronous serial interface. The 4 signals lines: Serial clock line (SCLK), slave select (SS), Master output/slave input (MOSI, or SIMO) and the Master input/slave output (MISO, or SOMI). The word size is configurable from 4 to 32 bits. The SPI triggers on the data pattern at the start of each framing period.

Panel operation 1. Connect each of the bus signals (*SCLK, SS, MOSI, MISO*) to one of the logic analyzer inputs. Connect the ground potential of the bus to the logic analyzer's ground probe line.



2. Press the *Bus* key.



- 3. Press *Bus* from the bottom menu and choose the *SPI* serial bus.
- Define Inputs
- 4. Press *Define Inputs* from the lower menu.
- 5. From the side menu choose the *SCLK, SS, MOSI* and *MISO* inputs.

SCLK	D15~D0
SS	D15~D0
MOSI	OFF, D15~D0
MISO	OFF, D15~D0





Configuration	The <i>Configure</i> menu sets the data line logic level, SCLK edge polarity, word size and bit order.	
	1. Press <i>Configure</i> from the bottom menu.	
	2. From the side menu select SCLK edge, SS logic level, word Size and Bit order.	
	SCLK rising edge f , falling edge $harmondologiese -$	
	SS Active High, Active Low	
	Word Size $4 \sim 32$ bits	
	Bit Order MS First, LS First	
Bus Encoding		
Background	The bus that is displayed on the screen or in the event tables can be set to either hex or binary formats.	
Operation	Press <i>Bus Display</i> from the Bus menu and choose either Hex or Binary from the side menu.	
Threshold Confi	guration	

Background	The threshold levels for the Serial buses can be set
	to either a user-defined threshold level or to pre-
	set threshold.

Set the Threshold 1. Press *Threshold* from the bottom menu.

Threshold

		om the side menu one of the serial bus
	UART	Tx, Rx
	I ² C	SCLK, SDA
	SPI	SCLK, SS, MOSI, MOSI
	3. Press <i>Choose</i> a set logic three	Preset to select a pre- shold.
	Logic Type	Threshold
	TTL	1.4V
	5.0V CMOS	2.5V
	3.3V CMOS	1.65V
	2.5V CMOS	1.25V
	ECL	-1.3V
	PECL	3.7V
	0V	0V
	4. Press <i>Thresho</i> defined thres selected grou	hold for the currently
	Range	± 10V
Note	U	hold levels from the Bus menu will hreshold levels set in the Logic (page 38).
	-	

<u>/</u>

Serial Bus Event Tables

Background	The serial bus event tables list when each data event on the bus occurred. The data is displayed as either hex or binary, depending on the bus display settings.		
	Event tables can be saved to disk in a CSV format. The files will be named "Event_TableXXXX.CSV", where XXXX is a number from 0000 to 9999. See page 64 for details.		
Operation	1. Press <i>Event Table</i> from the bottom menu.		
	2. Press <i>Event Table</i> from the side menu to turn the event table on or off.		
	Event On, Off		
	Use the Variable knob to scroll through the event table.		
Data Detail (I²C only)	3. To view the data at a particular address in more detail, turn <i>Data Detail</i> On. This is only available for the I ² C bus.		
	Detail On, Off		
	Use the Variable knob to scroll through the Data Detail event table.		

Save

Save Event Table 4. To save the event table, press Save *Event Table*. The Event table will be Event Table saved to the current file path in a CSV format. See page 64 for details.

> Use the variable knob to scroll through the event table.

> > Đ 8.8



Edit Labels

Example:			Addre	ess		PrTrig (m)	28 Aug 2812 17:16:18
I ² C Data Detail	Time o	f trigge		<u> </u>	Data De	etail	Event Table
		\sum		\sum			Event Table
		Tine	Repeat Start	Address	Bata	Hissing Ack	On Off
		-1.678ns -810.1us 49.88us		16 16 16	6565 A7506666 8		Save
		989.9us			8		Event Table
		56	lect curso				
	D						Data Detail On Off
	ц.						
					<u>n n n n n</u>	Augus (+) 0.000s (1) Mic	sing Ack

Define Inputs

Bus 🖪

Note

Data Detail is only available with the 1²C bus.

Threshold

Include R/W in address Yes

Example: SPI Event table

N			MISO	Pr	rTrig 📶	28 Aug 2812 17:55:05
Time of trigger						Event Table
Tine	MOSI		MISO			Event Table On Off
998.1us -972.1us -954.1us -936.1us -918.1us	Select cur	sor	33 34 35 36 37		Ĵ	Save Event Table
-980.1us -882.1us -864.1us -846.1us	38 39 3A 38	301	38 39 3A 3B			
-828.1us -810.1us -792.1us -774.1us -756.1us	3C 3D 3E 3F 48		3C 3D 3E 3F 40			Data Detail On Off
-738.lus -729.lus -782.lus	41 42 43		41 42 43		<u> </u>	
						nnnnnnn ctive
Bus B SPI	Define Inputs	Threshold	Configure	Bus Display	Event Table	e Edit Labels

Event Tables Format

Each bus type (Parallel, UART, I²C, SPI) can have an event table saved containing each bus event as a .CSV file. For serial buses, an event is defined as the data on the bus when a Stop or End of Packet (UART) is encountered. For parallel buses, an event depends on the number of bits on the bus. The data associated with each event and the time of each event is recorded.

File Type	path. Each eve from 0000 to 9 will be saved	ble is saved as XXX.CSV into the designated file ent table is numbered sequentially 1999. For example the first event table as Event_Table0000.CSV, the second 19001.CSV, and so on.
Event Table Data	relative to the frame/packet frame/packet	ole saves a timestamp of each event trigger as well as the data in each at the time of an event. The data is saved in HEX format. w lists in order the data saved for ole.
	UART	Time, Tx frame data, Rx frame data, Errors.
	I ² C	Time, Repeat Start, Address, Data, Missing Ack.
	SPI	Time, MISO frame data, MOSI frame data.

Example Below shows the data associated with an SPI event table in a spreadsheet.

Time	MOSI	MISO
-11.60us	0D87	0D87
-10.16us	06C0	06C0
-8.720us	8343	343
-7.282us	243	243
-5.840us	0C88	0C88

Adding a Label to the Serial Bus

Background	w	A Label can be added to the serial buses. This label will appear next to the bus indicator on the left hand-side of the display.		
Panel Operation	1.	To add a label to the bus, press <i>Edit</i> <i>Labels</i> from the Parallel Bus menu.		Lait
	2.		preset label, Press <i>User</i> the side menu and pel.	User Preset ACK
		Labels	ACK, AD0, ADDR, AN BIT, CAS, CLK, CLOC COUNT, DATA, DTA ENABLE, HALT, INT, LATCH, LOAD, NMI	K, CLR, CK,
Edit Label	3.	Press <i>Edit</i> C current labe	<i>Character</i> to edit the el.	Edit

- 1 Jul 2009 13:42:34 PrTrig 🞵 Keypad Enter Character Back Space Editing Completed BCDEFGHIJKLNNOPQRSTUVWXYZ abcdefghijklnnopqrstuvwxyz .0123456789-_ Cancel 📳 0.000s 🚺 Tx Start Bit Bus B Define Edit Labels Configure 9600-8-N Threshold Bus Display Event Table
- 4. The Edit Label window appears.

5. Use the Variable knob to highlight a character.



Press *Enter Character* to select a number or letter.

Press *Back Space* to delete a character.

Press *Editing Completed* to create the new label and return to the previous menu.

Note: this key must be pressed to save the label, even for the preset labels.



Press *Cancel* to cancel the editing and return to the Edit Label menu.

Cancel

6. The label will appear next to the bus indicator.

Below, the label "BUS_1" was created for the bus.



Remove Label Press Label Display to toggle the label Label Display on or off.

Using Cursors with the Serial Bus

Background	The cursors can be used to read bus values at any position.		
Note	Ensure that one of the serial buses has been selected and is activated.		
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Cursor</i> key. Horizontal cursor appear on the display.		
	2. Press the <i>H Cursor</i> soft-key and select which cursor(s) you wish to position.		
	Range 	Description Left cursor (1) movable, right cursor position fixed Right cursor (2) movable, left cursor position fixed	

Left and right cursor (①+2) movable together

3. The cursor position information appears on the top left hand side of the screen.

-		
0	1.75us	MOSI:5 MISO:5
2	11.1us	MOSI:5 MISO:5
4	∆9.34us	
Exa	ample: S	PI cursors.

Cursor ዐ	Hor. position, Bus value(s)
Cursor 😢	Hor. position, Bus value(s)

4. Use the *Variable knob* to move the movable cursor(s) left or right.



Trigger Settings

Serial Bus Trigger Settings

UART BUS Trigger Settings

The UART bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus settings have been set to *UART*.

Panel Operation	1. Set the Bus to UART in the bus Page 54 menu.
	2. Press the <i>Trigger Menu</i> key.
	3. Press <i>Type</i> from the bottom menu. Type Edge
	4. Press <i>Others</i> from the side menu and select <i>Bus</i> .
	5. Press <i>Trigger On</i> and select the triggering condition for the UART bus.
	Trigger On Tx Start Bit, Rx Start Bit, Tx End of Packet, Rx End of Packet, Tx Data, Rx Data, Tx Parity Error, Rx Parity Error
Trigger On – Tx Data, Rx Data	If Tx Data or Rx Data was configured for the Trigger On setting, then the number of bytes and data can also be configured.
	1. Press <i>Data</i> from the bottom menu.

2. Press *Number of Bytes* from the side menu and choose the number of bytes for the data.

UART 1~10 Bytes

3. Press *Data* from the side menu to edit the triggering data.

To edit the data, use the *Variable* knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press *Select*. Use the *Variable* knob to choose a value for the digit and press *Select* to confirm.



Number of Bytes

Ð



Binary	0,1,X (don't care)
Hex	0~F, X (don't care)
ASCII	ASCII characters for
	the equivalent Hex
	characters 00 to FF

The Trigger on settings will be reflected on the Trigger Configuration icon.

B Tx Start Bit

I²C Bus Trigger Settings

The I²C bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus settings has been set to 1²C.

Panel Operation 1. Set the Bus to I²C in the bus menu. Page 56

- 2. Press the Trigger Menu key.
- 3. Press *Type* from the bottom menu.



Menu

GWINSTEK

4.	Press <i>Others</i> from the side menu and select <i>Bus</i> .
5.	Press <i>Trigger On</i> and select the triggering condition for the selected bus.
	Trigger On Start, Repeat Start, Stop, Missing Ack, Address, Data, Address/Data
Trigger On – Data	If Data or Address/Data was configured for the Trigger On setting, then the number of bytes, data and addressing mode (I ² C) can be configured.
6.	Press <i>Data</i> from the bottom menu. Data
7.	Press <i>Number of Bytes</i> from the side menu and choose the number of bytes for the data. I ² C 1~5 Bytes
8.	Press <i>Addressing Mode</i> to toggle between 7 and 10 bit addressing Mode 7 bit 10 bit
9.	Press <i>Data</i> from the side menu to edit the triggering data.
	To edit the data, use the <i>Variable</i> knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press <i>Select</i> . Use the <i>Variable</i> knob to choose a value for the digit and press <i>Select</i> to confirm.

	Binary Hex	0,1,X (don't care) 0~F, X (don't care)
Trigger On - Address	for the Tr	s or Address/Data was configured igger On setting, then the triggering nust be configured.
	10. Press Addr	ress on the bottom menu.
		and 10 bit addressing Addressing Mode Addressing Mode 7 bit 10 bit
	default ad	a preset address as the dress, press <i>Choose Preset</i> a preset address.
	Address	Description
	0000 0000	D General Call
	0000 0000	I START Byte
	0000 1XX	X Hs-mode
	1010 XXX	X EEPROM
	0000 001 >	K CBUS
		<i>y Preset</i> to set the default Apply the preset. Preset
Note	• Presets are Address/Da	not available for <i>Trigger On</i> ta.
		<i>tess</i> from the side menu Address ly edit the triggering
	To edit the	e address, use the

	or hex dig the <i>Variab</i>	nob to highlight a binary it and press <i>Select</i> . Use <i>le</i> knob to choose a value git and press <i>Select</i> to	VARIABLE
	Binary	0,1, X (don't care)	00 <mark>0</mark> 0000
	Hex	0~F, X (don't care)	
Direction		<i>ction</i> on the bottom menu e the direction from the	Direction Write
	Direction	Write, Read, Read o	r Write

SPI Bus Trigger Settings

The SPI bus trigger conditions can be set at any time after the bus setting has been set to SPI.

Panel Operation	1.	Set the Bus to SPI in the bus menu. Page 57		
	2.	Press the <i>Trigger Menu</i> key.		
	3.	Press <i>Type</i> from the bottom menu.		
	4.	Press <i>Others</i> from the side menu and select <i>Bus</i> . Pulse Runt Rise & Fall Bus Logic Bus		
	5.	Press <i>Trigger On</i> and select the triggering condition for the SPI SS Active		
		SPI SS Active, MOSI, MISO, MOSI&MISO		

Trigger On – Data	If MOSI, MISO or MISO/MOSI was configured for the Trigger On setting, then the number of words and the data can be configured.		
6.	Press Data	from the bottom menu.	Data
7.	side menu	<i>ber of Words</i> from the and choose the number or the data.	Number of Words 1
	SPI	1~32 Words	
8.		<i>SI or MISO</i> from the side dit the triggering data.	MOSI
	To edit the data, use the <i>Variable</i> knob to highlight a binary or hex digit and press <i>Select</i> . Use the <i>Variable</i> knob to choose a value for the digit and press <i>Select</i> to confirm.		VARIABLE
	Binary	0,1,X (don't care)	
	Hex	0~F, X (don't care)	

Parallel Bus Trigger

Background	The parallel bus can be set up to trigger on a specified data pattern.	
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Trigger Menu</i> key.	Menu
	2. Press <i>Type</i> from the bottom menu.	Type Edge



Common Bus Trigger Settings

Bus Trigger Mode

Trigger Mode	1.	Like the other trigger configurations, the Bus
		Trigger mode can be set to Auto (Untriggered Roll) and Normal.

This applies to the serial and parallel buses.

	2. Press <i>Mode</i> from the bottom menu to change the triggering mode.
	3. Use the side panel to select <i>Auto</i> or <i>Normal</i> triggering modes.
	Range Auto, Normal
Logic Trigger	
Background	The digital channels can be set up to trigger on specified logic levels and for a specified clock edge.
	For example the digital channels can be set to trigger on the rising edge of the clock signal when bit 1 (D1) is high and all other channels are ignored.
Panel Operation	1. Press the <i>Trigger Menu</i> key.
	2. Press <i>Type</i> from the bottom menu.
	3. Select $Others \rightarrow Logic$ from the side menu. The Logic indicator appears at the bottom of the display.
	From left: Bits D15~D0
	4. Press <i>Define</i> inputs from the bottom menu.

- 5. Press *Select* on the side menu and select a channel.
- Next, select a logic level for the selected channel, or set the selected channel as the clock signal.

Logic

LABEL_1	Clock	Select
CLK	H	
2 ADØA	X	
3	X	
4	X	Charle
5	X	Clock
6	х	
7	х	
	· · X ·	High (H)
9	X	
100	X	
111	· X ·	
121	х	Low(L)
131	X	
141	x	
151	X	Don't Care
		(X)

Clock, High (H), Low (L), Don't Care (X)

7. If *Clock* was selected, press *Clock Edge* from the bottom menu and select a clock transition.



- 8. Repeat steps 5 to 7 for the remaining channels.
- 9. The chosen logic levels will be reflected in the trigger indicator at the bottom of the screen. The color of each channel, if active will also be displayed. If a channel is not turned on, it will be grayed-out.



10. The bus will now trigger when the specified logic appears on the bus.

Trigger Threshold Levels	The trigger threshold levels for the can assigned from a selected number of preset logic levels or a user-defined threshold level can be set.			
Note	W	The threshold levels set with the logic bus menu will replace the logic levels that are set in the Logic Analyzer menu (page 38).		
	1.	1. Press <i>Thresholds</i> from the bottom menu.		Thresholds
	2.	Press <i>Select</i> from the side menu and choose a group of channels.		Select
		Group	D0~D3, D4~D7, D8 D12~D15	3∼D11,
	3.	Press <i>Choose Preset</i> to select a pre- set logic threshold.		Choose Preset ◆ 1.49
		Logic Type Threshold		
		TTL	1.4V	
		5.0V CMOS	2.5V	
		3.3V CMOS	1.65V	
		2.5V CMOS	1.25V	
		ECL	-1.3V	
		PECL	3.7V	
		0V	0V	
	4.	Press <i>Threshold</i> defined thresh		Threshold € 1.48V
		Range	± 10V	

Logic Trigger Mode

Background	Like the other trigger configurations, the Logic Trigger can be set to Auto (Untriggered Roll) and Normal.
	1. Press <i>Mode</i> from the bottom menu to change the triggering mode.
	2. Use the side panel to select <i>Auto</i> or <i>Normal</i> triggering modes.
	Range Auto, Normal

Logic Trigger Holdoff

Background	The holdoff function defines the waiting period before the GDS-2000A starts triggering again after a trigger point. Please see the user manual for further details.		
		oldoff Ø.Øns	
	2. Use the side menu to set the Holdoff time. €	10.0ns	
	Range 10ns~10s		
	Holdoff time to the minimum	Set to inimum	

NDEX

Digital channels	
activation	31
analog waveform	
grouping	
labels	
position	
threshold	
vertical scale	38
Display	
Bus	44
logic analyzer	30
Event table format	
Function generator	
operation	24
overview	
Install optional software	. 7
Logic Analyzer	
overview	28
probes	29
Logic bus	
trigger settings	
mode	79
trigger settings	76
Module installation	6
Parallel bus	. 0
configuration	16
encoding	
cicounig	1 0

event table	49
labels	. 50
threshold	. 47
trigger settings	. 74
mode	. 75
Serial bus	
cursors	67
encoding	. 59
event tables	
labels	65
overview	53
threshold	. 59
trigger settings	
holdoff	79
I ² C	70
mode	75
SPI	73
UART	69
Serial Bus	. 53
I ² C	. 56
SPI	58
UART	. 54
Uninstall optional software	8