

Digital Oscilloscope

GDS-3000A series

PROGRAMMING MANUAL



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER

GW INSTEK

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INTERFACE OVERVIEW

This manual describes how to use the GDS-3000A's remote command functionality and lists the command details. The Overview chapter describes how to configure the USB and Ethernet remote control interfaces.

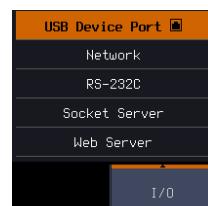
Interface Configuration

Configure USB Interface

USB Configuration	PC side connector	Type A, host
	GDS-3000A side connector	Type B, device
	Speed	1.1/2.0
	USB Class	USBTMC 488.2 class device for remote connectivity

- Panel Operation
1. Press the *Utility* key.

 2. Press *I/O* from the bottom menu.

 3. Rotate the "VARIABLE" knob to select the *USB Device Port* function.


4. Select *Computer* from the side menu.



5. This oscilloscope is a USB-TMC device. Please install the National Instruments NI-VISA library which can download from the National Instruments web site. Newer versions are likely, and should be compatible with this instrumentation. Download the latest version available for the operating system being used by the controlling computer.



Configure the Ethernet Interface

Ethernet Configuration	MAC Address	Domain Name
	Instrument Name	DNS IP Address
	User Password	Gateway IP Address
	Instrument IP Address	Subnet Mask

Background	The Ethernet interface is used for remote control using a socket server connection.
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- Panel Operation
1. Connect the Ethernet cable to the LAN port on the rear panel.



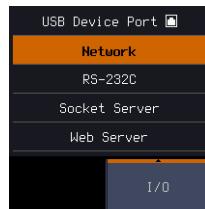
2. Press the *Utility* key.



3. Press *I/O* from the bottom menu.



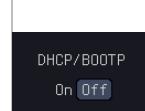
4. Rotate the “VARIABLE” knob to select the *Network* function.



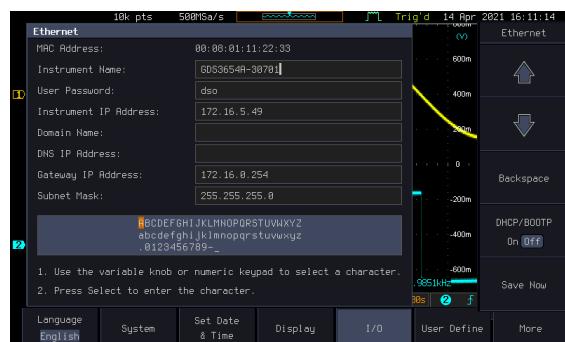
5. Press Ethernet from the side menu



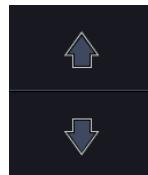
6. Set DHCP/BOOTP to On or Off from the side menu.



IP addresses will automatically be assigned with DHCP/BOOTP set to on. For Static IP Addresses, DHCP/BOOTP should be set to off.



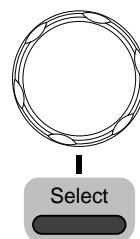
7. Use the Up and Down arrows on the side menu or use the numerical keypad on front panel to navigate to each Ethernet configuration item.



Items MAC Address, Instrument Name, User Password, Instrument IP Address, Domain Name, DNS IP Address, Gateway IP Address, Subnet Mask

8. Use the *Variable* knob to highlight a character and use the *Select* key to choose a character.

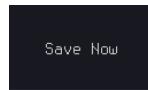
VARIABLE



9. Press *Backspace* to delete a character.



10. Press *Save Now* to save the configuration. Complete will be displayed when successful.



Configure Socket Server

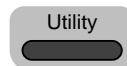
The GDS-3000A supports socket server functionality for direct two-way communication with a client PC or device over LAN. By default, the Socket Server is off.

Configure Socket Server

1. Configure the IP address for the GDS-3000A.

Page 6

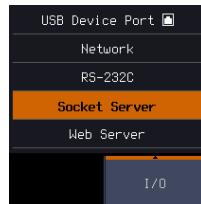
2. Press the *Utility* key.



3. Press *I/O* from the bottom menu.



4. Rotate the “VARIABLE” knob to select the *Socket Server* function.



5. Press *Select Port* and choose the port number with the Variable knob.

Range 1024~65535



6. Press *Set Port* to confirm the port number.



7. The Current Port icon will update to the new port number.



8. Press *Server* and turn the socket server On.



Socket Server Functionality Check

NI Measurement and Automation Explorer To test the socket server functionality, National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer can be used. This program is available on the NI website, www.ni.com.

Operation 1. Configure the IP address for the GDS-3000A. Page 6

2. Configure the socket port.

3. Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:



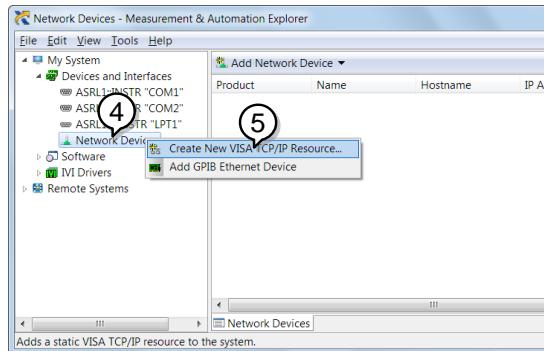
Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



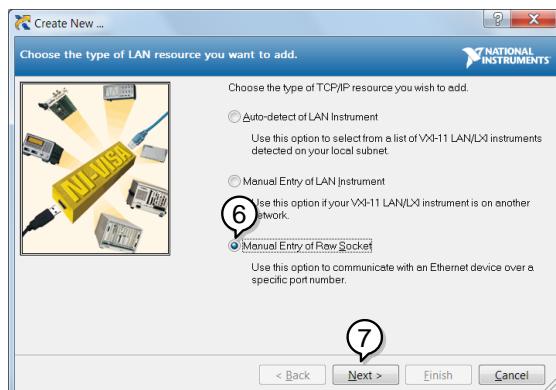
4. From the Configuration panel access;

My System>Devices and Interfaces>Network Devices

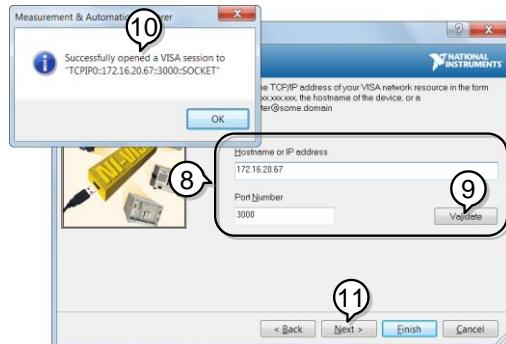
5. Right click Network Devices and select Create New Visa TCP/IP Resource...



6. Select *Manual Entry of Raw Socket* from the popup window.
7. Click *Next*.



8. Enter the GDS-3000A's IP address and socket port number.
9. Click Validate.
10. A popup will appear to tell you if a VISA socket session was successfully created.
11. Click *Next*.



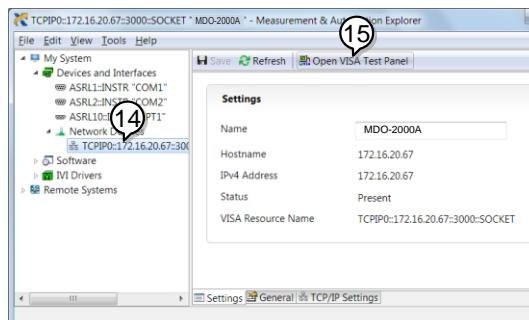
12. Choose an alias for the socket connection if you like.
13. Click *Finish* to finish the configuration.



14. The GDS-3000A will now appear under Network Devices in the Configuration Panel.

Functionality Check

15. Click the *Open Visa Test Panel* to send a remote command to the GDS-3000A.



16. Click on the *Configuration* icon.
 17. Select the *I/O Settings* tab.
 18. Mark the *Enable Termination Character* checkbox. Make sure the termination character is a line feed (/n, value: xA).
 19. Click *Apply Changes*.



20. Click the Input/Output icon.
 21. Make sure the *IDN? query is selected in the Select or Enter Command drop box.
 22. Click on Query.

23. The manufacturer, model number, serial number and firmware version will be displayed in the buffer. For example:
GW-INSTEK, GDS-3652A,PXXXXXX,V1.00



COMMAND OVERVIEW

The Command overview chapter lists all GDS-3000A commands in functional order as well as alphabetical order. The command syntax section shows you the basic syntax rules you have to apply when using commands.

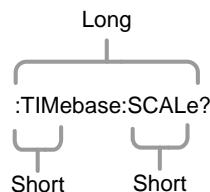
Command Syntax

Compatible standard

- USBTMC 488.2 compatible
- SCPI, 1994 (partially compatible)

Command forms

Commands and queries have two different forms, long and short. The command syntax is written with the short form of the command in capitals and the remainder (long form) in lower case.



The commands can be written in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized.

Below are examples of correctly written commands.

LONG :TIMEbase:SCALe? :TIMEBASE:SCALE?
:timebase:scale?

SHORT :TIM:SCAL?		:TIM:SCAL?	
Command format :TIMEbase:SCALE<NR3>LF		1: command header	
		1	2: single space
		2	3: parameter
		3	4: message terminator
Parameter	Type	Description	Example
	<Boolean>	boolean logic	0, 1
	<NR1>	Integers	0, 1, 2, 3
	<NR2>	floating point	0.1, 3.14, 8.5
	<NR3>	floating point with an exponent	4.5e-1, 8.25e+1
	<NRf>	any of NR1, 2, 3	1, 1.5, 4.5e-1
Message terminator	LF	line feed code	



Note Commands are non-case sensitive.

List of Commands in Functional Order

Common commands	*IDN?	44
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C OMMAND DETAILS

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*IDN?

→ Query

Description Returns the manufacturer, model, serial number and version number of the unit.

Syntax *IDN?

Example *IDN?
GW-INSTEK,GDS-3654A,PXXXXXX,V1.00

*LRN?

→ Query

Description Returns the oscilloscope settings as a data string.

Syntax *LRN?

Example *LRN?

```
:DISPLAY:WAVEform VECTOR;PERSISTence 2.400E-01;  
INTensity:WAVEform 50;INTensity:GRATICule  
50;GRATICule FULL;;CHANnel CH1:DISPLAY  
ON;BWLimit FULL;COUPLing DC;INVert  
OFF;POStion -1.600E+00;PROBe:RATio
```

```
1.000e+01;PROBe:TYPE VOLTAGE;SCALE 2.000E+
01;IMPedance 1E+6;EXPand GROUND;:CHANnel
CH2:DISPlay ON;BWLimit FULL;COUpling DC;INVert
OFF;POSition 0.000E+00;PROBe:RATio
1.000e+01;PROBe:TYPE VOLTAGE;SCALE
2.000E+00;IMPedance 1E+6;EXPand
GROUND;:CHANnel CH3:DISPlay OFF;BWLimit
FULL;COUpling DC;INVert OFF;POSition
0.000E+00;PROBe:RATio 1.000e+01;PROBe:TYPE
VOLTAGE;SCALE 1.000E+00;IMPedance 1E+6;EXPand
GROUND;:CHANnel CH4:DISPlay OFF;BWLimit
FULL;COUpling DC;INVert OFF;POSition
0.000E+00;PROBe:RATio 1.000e+01;PROBe:TYPE
VOLTAGE;SCALE 1.000E+00;IMPedance 1E+6;EXPand
GROUND;:MATH:TYPE FFT;DISP
OFF;DUAL:SOURce1 CH1;SOURce2 CH2;OPERator
MUL;POSition 0.000E+00;SCALE ?;FFT:SOURce
CH1;MAG DB;WINDOW HANNING;POSition 2.800E-
01;SCALE 2.000E+01;MATH:ADVanced:OPERator
DIFF;ADVanced:SOURce CH1;ADVanced:EDIT:
SOURce1 CH1;ADVanced:EDIT:S
```

***SAV**

Description Saves the current panel settings to the selected memory number(setup 1 ~ 20).

Syntax *SAV {1 | 2 | 3 |.... | 20}

Example *SAV 1

Saves the current panel settings to Set 1.

***RCL**

Description Recalls a set of panel settings.

Syntax *RCL {1 | 2 | 3 |.... | 20}

Example *RCL 1

Recalls the selected setup from Set 1.

***RST**

Description Resets the GDS-3000A (recalls the default panel settings).

Syntax *RST

***CLS**

Description Clears the error queue.

Syntax *CLS

Description Sets or queries the Standard Event Status Enable register.

Syntax *ESE <NR1>

Query Syntax *ESE?

Return parameter <NR1> 0~255

Bit Weight	Bit#	Weight	Event	Description
	0	1	OPC	Operation Complete Bit
	1	2	RQC	Not used
	2	4	QYE	Query Error
	3	8	DDE	Device Error
	4	16	EXE	Execution Error
	5	32	CME	Command Error
	6	64	URQ	User Request
	7	128	PON	Power On

Example *ESE?

>4

Indicates that there is a query error.

***ESR**


Description	Queries the Standard Event Status (Event) register. The Event Status register is cleared after it is read.
-------------	--

Query Syntax	*ESR?
--------------	--------------

Return parameter	<NR1>	0~255
------------------	--------------------	-------

Bit Weight	Bit#	Weight	Event	Description
	0	1	OPC	Operation Complete Bit
	1	2	RQC	Not used
	2	4	QYE	Query Error
	3	8	DDE	Device Error
	4	16	EXE	Execution Error
	5	32	CME	Command Error
	6	64	URQ	User Request
	7	128	PON	Power On

Example	*ESR?
---------	--------------



Indicates that there is a query error.



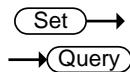
***OPC**

Description	The *OPC command sets the OPC bit (bit0) of the Standard Event Status Register when all current commands have been processed. The *OPC? Query returns 1 when all the outstanding commands have completed.
-------------	--

Syntax	*OPC
--------	-------------

Query Syntax	*OPC?
--------------	--------------

Return parameter	1	Returns 1 when all the outstanding commands have completed.
------------------	---	---

***SRE**

Description Sets or queries the Service Request Enable register. The Service Request Enable register determines which registers of the Status Byte register are able to generate service requests.

Syntax *SRE <NR1>

Query Syntax *SRE?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1> 0~255
--------------------------------	-------------

Bit Weight	Bit#	Weight	Event	Description
	0	1		Not used
	1	2		Not used
	2	4		Not used
	3	8		Not used
	4	16	MAV	Message Available Bit
	5	32	ESB	Event Status Bit
	6	64	MSS	Master Summary Bit
	6	64	RQS	Request Service Bit
	7	128		Not used

Example *SRE?

>48

Indicates that the MAVB and ESB bit are both set.

***STB** Query

Description Queries the bit sum of the Status Byte register with MSS (Master summary Status) replacing the RQS bit (bit 6).

Query Syntax *STB?

Return parameter <NR1> 0 ~ 255

Bit Weight	Bit#	Weight	Event	Description
	0	1		Not used
	1	2		Not used
	2	4		Not used
	3	8		Not used
	4	16	MAV	Message Available Bit
	5	32	ESB	Event Status Bit
	6	64	MSS	Master Summary Bit
	6	64	RQS	Request Service Bit
	7	128		Not used

Example *STB?
 >16
 Indicates that the MAV bit is set.

Acquisition Commands

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:ACQuire:AVERage

 Set →

→  Query

Description Selects or returns the number of waveform acquisitions that are averaged in the average acquisition mode.

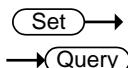
Syntax :ACQuire:AVERage {<NR1>}|?

Related Commands :ACQuire:MODe

Parameter <NR1> 2, 4, 8 ,16, 32, 64, 128, 256, 512

 **Note** Before using this command, select the average acquisition mode. See the example below.

Example	:ACQuire:MODE AVERage :ACQuire:AVERage 2 Selects the average acquisition mode, and sets the average number to 2.
---------	--



:ACQuire:MODE

Description	Selects or returns the acquisition mode.	
Syntax	:ACQuire:MODE {SAMPlE PDETect HIRes AVERage ?}	
Related Commands	:ACQuire:AVERage	
Parameter	SAMPlE	Sample mode sampling
	PDETect	Peak detect sampling
	HIRes	High resolution sampling
	AVERage	Average sampling mode

Example	:ACQuire:MODE PDETect Sets the sampling mode to peak detection.	
<hr/>		

:ACQuire<X>:MEMory?

Description	Returns the data in acquisition memory for the selected channel as a header + raw data.	
Syntax	:ACQuire<X>:MEMory?	
Related Commands	:ACQuire:RECordlength :HEADER	
Parameter	<X>	Channel number (1 to 4)
Return parameter	<string>	Returns acquisition settings followed by raw waveform block data. <string> Returns the acquisition settings for the selected channel.

Format:

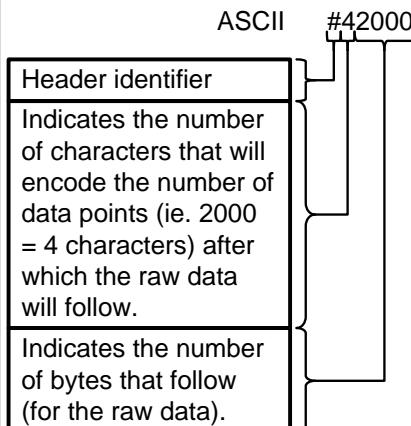
parameter(1),setting(1);parameter(2),setting(2)...parameter(n),setting(n);Waveform Data;

<waveform

block data> Header followed by the raw waveform data.

Format:

Header: The header (in ASCII) encodes the number of bytes for the header followed by the number of data points in bytes for the raw data.



Raw Data:

Each two bytes (in hex) encodes the vertical data of a data point. The data is signed hex data (2's complement, -32768 ~ 32767).

Waveform Raw Data Example:

Header raw data.....

Hex:

23 34 32 30 30 30 00 1C 00 1B 00 1A 00
1A 00 1B

ASCII/Decimal:

#42000 28 27 26 26 27.....

The actual value of a data point can be calculated with the following formula:
 (Decimal value of hex data/AD Factor) * vertical scale.



Note

AD Factor is fixed as 25. The vertical scale is returned with the acquisition settings that precede the raw data.

For example if the raw data for a point is 001C (=28 decimal) then,
 $(28/25) \times 0.5 = 0.56V$

Example

```
:ACQuire1:MEMORY?
Format,2.0E;Memory
Length,10000;IntpDistance,0; Trigger
Address,4999;Trigger Level,1.160E+01;
Source,CH1;Vertical Units,V;Vertical Units
Div,0;Vertical Units Extend
Div,15;Label,ACK ;Probe Type,0;Probe
Ratio,1.000e+01;Vertical Scale,5.000e+00;Vertical
Position,-1.100e+01;Horizontal Units,S;Horizontal
Scale,5.000E-04;Horizontal Position,0.000E+00;
Horizontal Mode,Main;SincET Mode,Real
Time;Sampling Period,5.000e-07;Horizontal Old
Scale,5.000E-04;Horizontal Old
Position,0.000E+00; Firmware,V0.99b8;Time,02-
Oct-14 17:00:43; Waveform Data;
#520000.....follows waveform block
data in hex.....
```

→ Set

→ Query

:ACQuire:FILTter:SOURce

Description Sets or returns the source of the filter.

Syntax :ACQuire:FILTter:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	CH1 ~ CH4	Source channel
--------------------------------	-----------	----------------

Example :ACQuire:FILTter:SOURce?

CH1

Sets the filter source to CH1.

 Set

 Query

:ACQuire:FILTter

Description Turns the filter on/off or queries its status.

Syntax :ACQuire:FILTter {ON|OFF|?}

Parameter/
Return parameter

ON Filter on.

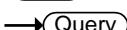
OFF Filter off.

Example :ACQuire:FILTter?

OFF

Indicates that the filter is turned off.

 Set

 Query

:ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency

Description Sets or queries the filter frequency.

Syntax :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency {DEFault|<NRf>|?}

Parameter/
Return parameter

DEFault Sets the filter frequency to the default.

<NRf> Manually sets the filter frequency.

(1Hz ~ 500MHz)

Example :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency 1

Sets the filter frequency to 1Hz.

:ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:UPPER
 →


Description	Sets or returns the filter upper frequency.	
Syntax	:ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:UPPER {DEFault} :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:UPPER <NRF> :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:UPPER?	
Parameter	DEFault	Sets the frequency to default.
	<NRF>	Sets the frequency to user.(Range:1Hz~500MHz)

Example :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:UPPER 4.95e+07
 :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:UPPER?
 4.950000e+07

:ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:LOWER
 →


Description	Sets or returns the filter lower frequency.	
Syntax	:ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:LOWER {DEFault} :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:LOWER <NRF> :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:LOWER?	
Parameter	DEFault	Sets the frequency to default.
	<NRF>	Sets the frequency to user.(Range:1Hz~500MHz)

Example :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:LOWER 1.25e+07
 :ACQuire:FILTter:FREQuency:LOWER?
 1.250000e+07

:ACQuire:FILTter:TYPe
 →


Description	Sets or returns the filter type.	
-------------	----------------------------------	--

Syntax	:ACQuire:FILTer:TRACking {LOWPass HIGHPass BANDPass}	
	:ACQuire:FILTer:TYPE?	
Parameter	LOWPass	Lowpass Type.
	HIGHPass	Highpass Type.
	BANDPass	bandpass Type.

Example	:ACQuire:FILTer:TYPE? >LOWPass	
	Returns low pass type as present filter type	

:ACQuire:FILTer:TRACking Set → 

Description Turns filter tracking on/off or queries its state.

Syntax :ACQuire:FILTer:TRACking {ON|OFF|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF	Tracking off
	ON	Tracking on

Example :ACQuire:FILTer:TRACking ON
 Turns filter tracking on.

:ACQuire<X>:STATE? 

Description Returns the status of waveform data.

Syntax :ACQuire<X>:STATE?

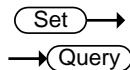
Parameter	<X>	Channel number (1 to 4)
Return parameter	0	Raw data is not ready
	1	Raw data is ready

Example :ACQuire1:STATE?
 0
 Returns 0. Channel 1's raw data is not ready.



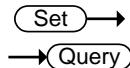
If the oscilloscope changes the acquisition status from STOP to RUN, the status will be reset as zero.

:ACQuire:INTERpolation



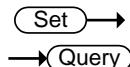
Description	Selects or returns the interpolation mode.	
Syntax	:ACQuire:INTERpolation {ET SINC ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	ET	Equivalent Time interpolation. The GDS-3000A doesn't support ET.
	SINC	Sets to SIN(X)/X interpolation
Example	<pre>:ACQuire:INTERpolation? >SINC</pre> <p>Returns SINC as the interpolation mode.</p>	

:ACQuire:RECORDlength



Description	Sets or queries the record length.	
Syntax	:ACQuire:RECORDlength {<NRf> ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	Record length. Settable record length: (1e+3 1e+4 1e+5 1e+6 1e+7)
Example	<pre>:ACQuire:RECORDlength 1e+3</pre> <p>Sets the record length to 1000 points.</p>	

:HEADER



Description	Configures whether the returned data of the :ACQuire:MEM query will contain header information or not. It is set to ON by default.	
Syntax	:HEADER {OFF ON ?}	
Related Commands	:ACQuire<X>:MEMORY?	
Parameter	ON	Add header information.

OFF	Don't add header information.
-----	-------------------------------

Return parameter	Returns the configuration (ON, OFF) for the selected channel.
------------------	---

Example	:HEADer ON
---------	------------

:ACQuire:SAMPLerate?

→ **Query**

Description	Querys the value of sample rate.
-------------	----------------------------------

Syntax	: ACQuire:SAMPLerate?
--------	-----------------------

Example	: ACQuire:SAMPLerate? 1.00000E+09
---------	--------------------------------------

Autoscale Commands

:AUTOSet	59
:AUTORSET:MODE	59

:AUTOSet

 Set →

Description	Runs the Autoset function to automatically configure the horizontal scale, vertical scale, and trigger according to the input signal.
-------------	---

Syntax	:AUTOSet
--------	----------

:AUTORSET:MODE

 Set →
→  Query

Description	Sets the Autoset mode or queries its state.
-------------	---

Syntax	:AUTORSET:MODE {FITScreen ACPriority ?}
--------	---

Related Commands	:AUTOSet
------------------	----------

Parameter/Return parameter	FITScreen	Fit Screen mode
	ACPriority	AC priority mode

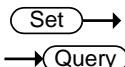
Example	:AUTORSET?
---------	------------

FITS SCREEN

Vertical Commands

:CHANnel<X>:BWLimit.....	60
:CHANnel<X>:COUPling	61
:CHANnel<X>:DESKew	61
:CHANnel<X>:DISPlay	61
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:CHANnel<X>:IMPedance?	62
:CHANnel<X>:INVert	63
:CHANnel<X>:POSIon	63
:CHANnel<X>:PROBe:RATio	64
:CHANnel<X>:PROBe:TYPe	64
:CHANnel<X>:SCALe	65

:CHANnel<X>:BWLimit



Description Sets or returns the bandwidth limit on/off.

Syntax :CHANnel<X>:BWLimit {FULL | <NR3> | ?}

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1,2,3,4
	FULL	Full bandwidth
	<NR3>	Sets the bandwidth limit to a pre-defined bandwidth.

100E+6: 100MHz

20E+6: 20MHz

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the bandwidth.

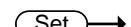
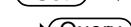
Full Full bandwidth

Example :CHANnel1:BWLIMIT 2.000E+07

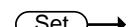
Sets the channel 1 bandwidth to 20MHz.

:CHANnel<X>:COUPLing
 →


Description	Selects or returns the coupling mode.	
Syntax	CHANnel<X>:COUPLing {AC DC GND ?}	
Parameter	<X>	Channel 1,2,3,4
	AC	AC coupling
	DC	DC coupling
	GND	Ground coupling
Return parameter	Returns the coupling mode.	
Example	:CHANnel1:COUPLing DC Sets the coupling to DC for Channel 1.	

:CHANnel<X>:DESKew
 →


Description	Sets the deskew time in seconds.	
Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:DESKew { <NR3> ?}	
Parameter	<X>	Channel 1,2,3,4
	<NR3>	Deskew time: -5.00E-11 to 5.00E-11 -50ns to 50 ns. (10 ps /step)
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the deskew time.
Example	:CHANnel1:DESKew 1.300E-9 Sets the deskew time to 1.3 nano seconds.	

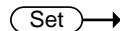
:CHANnel<X>:DISPLAY
 →


Description	Turns a channel on/off or returns its status.	
Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:DISPLAY {OFF ON ?}	
Parameter	<X>	Channel 1,2,3,4
	OFF	Channel off

	ON	Channel on
Return Parameter	ON	Channel is on
	OFF	Channel is off

Example :CHANnel1:DISPLAY ON

Turns on Channel 1

 Set

 Query

:CHANnel<X>:EXPand

Description	Sets Expand By Ground or Expand By Center for a channel or queries its status.	
Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:EXPand {GND CENTER ?}	
Parameter	<X>	Channel 1,2,3,4
	GND	Ground
	CENTER	Center
Return parameter	GND	Expand By Ground
	CENTER	Expand By Center

Example :CHANnel1:EXPand GND

Sets Channel 1 to Expand By Ground.

 Query

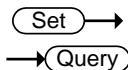
:CHANnel<X>:IMPedance?

Description	Sets or returns the impedance of the oscilloscope.	
Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:IMPedance (50 1M) :CHANnel<X>:IMPedance?	
Parameter	50 1M	50Ω or 1MΩ input impedance
	<x>	Channel
	1/2/3/4	CH1/2/3/4
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the impedance value.

Example :CHANnel1:IMPedance?

1.000000E+06

The impedance is 1M ohms.



:CHANnel<X>:INVert

Description	Inverts a channel or returns its status.	
-------------	--	--

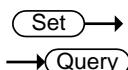
Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:INVert {OFF ON ?}	
--------	-----------------------------------	--

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	OFF	Invert off
	ON	Invert on

Return parameter	ON	Invert on
	OFF	Invert off

Example :CHANnel1:INVert ON

Inverts Channel 1



:CHANnel<X>:POSIon

Description	Sets or returns the position level for a channel.	
-------------	---	--

Note	The vertical position will only be set to closest allowed value. The position level range depends on the vertical scale.	
------	--	--

The scale must first be set before the position can be set.

Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:POSIon { <NRf> ?}	
--------	---------------------------------	--

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	<NRf>	Position. Range depends on the vertical scale.

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the position value.
------------------	-------	-----------------------------

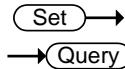
Example 1 :CHANnel1:POSIon 2.4E-3

Sets the Channel 1 position to 2.4mV/mA

Example 2 :CHANnel1:POSition?

2.4E-3

Returns 2.4mV as the vertical position.



:CHANnel<X>:PROBe:RATio

Description Sets or returns the probe attenuation factor.

Syntax :CHANnel<X>:PROBe:RATio { <NRf> | ? }

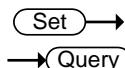
Related Commands :CHANnel<X>:PROBe:TYPE

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	<NRf>	Probe attenuation factor

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the probe factor

Example :CHANnel1:PROBe:RATio 1.00E+0

Sets the Channel 1 probe attenuation factor to 1x



:CHANnel<X>:PROBe:TYPE

Description Sets or returns the probe type (voltage/current).

Syntax :CHANnel<X>:PROBe:TYPE { VOLtage | CURRent | ? }

Related Commands :CHANnel<X>:PROBe:RATio

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	VOLTage	Voltage
	CURREnt	Current

Return parameter Returns the probe type.

Example :CHANnel1:PROBe:TYPE VOLtage

Sets the Channel 1 probe type to voltage.

:CHANnel<X>:SCALe

Set →

→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the vertical scale. The scale depends on the probe attenuation factor. Note the probe attenuation factor should be set before the scale.
-------------	---

Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:SCALe { <NRf> ?}
--------	--------------------------------

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	<NRf>	Vertical scale 2e-3 to 1e+1 1mV to 10V (Probe x1)

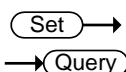
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the vertical scale in volts or amps.
------------------	-------	--

Example	:CHANnel1:SCALe 2.00E-2
	Sets the Channel 1 vertical scale to 20mV/div

Math Commands

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:MATH:DISP



Description Turns the math display on or off on the screen.

Syntax :MATH:DISP {OFF|ON|?}

Parameter/	OFF	Math is not displayed on screen
Return parameter	ON	Math is displayed on screen

Example :MATH:DISP OFF

Math is off.

:MATH:TYPE**Set****Query**

Description Queries or sets the Math type to FFT, Advanced Math or to dual channel math operations

Syntax :MATH:TYPE { DUAL | ADVanced | FFT | ? }

Related Commands :MATH:DISP

Parameter	DUAL	Dual channel operations
	ADVanced	Advanced math operations
	FFT	FFT operations

Return parameter Returns the math type.

Example :MATH:TYPE DUAL

Sets the Math type to dual channel math operation.

:MATH:MEMORY?**Query**

Description Returns raw data of MATH, return data containing header with raw data

Syntax :MATH:MEMORY?

Related Commands :HEADER

Parameter <X> Channel number (1 to 4)

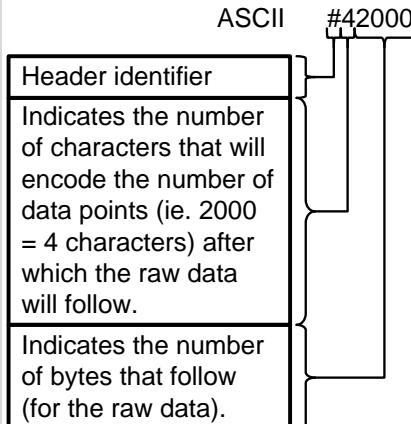
Return parameter <string> Returns acquisition settings followed by raw waveform block data.

<string>
Returns the acquisition settings for the selected channel.

Format:
parameter(1),setting(1);parameter(2),setting(2)...parameter(n),setting(n);Waveform Data;

<waveform block data> <waveform block data>
Header followed by the raw waveform data.

Format:
Header: The header (in ASCII) encodes the number of bytes for the header followed by the number of data points in bytes for the raw data.



Raw Data:
Each two bytes (in hex) encodes the vertical data of a data point. The data is signed hex data (2's complement, -32768 ~ 32767).

Waveform Raw Data Example:
Header raw data.....

Hex:

23 34 32 30 30 30 00 1C 00 1B 00 1A 00
1A 00 1B

ASCII/Decimal:

#42000 28 27 26 26 27.....

The actual value of a data point can be calculated with the following

formula:
 (Decimal value of hex data / AD Factor) * vertical scale.

**Note**

AD Factor is fixed as 25. The vertical scale is returned with the acquisition settings that precede the raw data.

For example if the raw data for a point is 001C (=28 decimal) then,
 $(28/25) \times 0.5 = 0.56V$

Example

```
:MATH:MEMORY?
Format,2.0E;Memory Length,10000;IntpDistance,0;
Trigger Address,4999;Trigger Level,1.160E+01;
Source,Math;Vertical Units,V;Vertical Units
Div,0;Vertical Units Extend Div,15;Label,ACK ;Probe
Type,0;Probe Ratio,1.000e+01;Vertical
Scale,5.000e+00;Vertical Position,-
1.100e+01;Horizontal Units,S;Horizontal
Scale,5.000E-04;Horizontal Position,0.000E+00;
Horizontal Mode,Main;SincET Mode,Real
Time;Sampling Period,5.000e-07;Horizontal Old
Scale,5.000E-04;Horizontal Old Position,0.000E+00;
Firmware,V0.99b8;Time,02-Oct-14 17:00:43;
Waveform Data;
#520000.....follows waveform block data in
hex.....
```

→

→

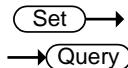
:MATH:DUAL:SOURce<X>

Description	Sets the dual math source for source 1 or 2.	
Syntax	:MATH:DUAL:SOURce<X> { CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 REF1 REF2 REF3 REF4 ? }	
Parameter	<X>	Source number 1 or 2
	CH1~4	Channel 1 to 4
	REF1~4	Reference waveforms 1 to 4

Return parameter Returns the source for the source 1 or 2.

Example :MATH:DUAL:SOURce1 CH1

Sets source1 as channel 1.



:MATH:DUAL:OPERator

Description Sets the math operator for dual math operations.

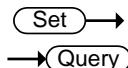
Syntax :MATH:DUAL:OPERator {PLUS | MINUS | MUL | DIV|?}

Parameter	PLUS	+ operator
	MINUS	- operator
	MUL	× operator
	DIV	÷ operator

Return parameter Returns operator type.

Example :MATH:DUAL:OPERator PLUS

Sets the math operator as plus (+).



:MATH:DUAL:POSITION

Description Sets the vertical position of the displayed math result expressed by unit/division.

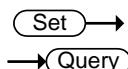
Syntax :MATH:DUAL:POSITION {<NRf> | ? }

Parameter	<NRf>	Vertical position Depends on the vertical scale (Unit/Div)
-----------	-------	---

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the vertical position.

Example :MATH:DUAL:POSITION 1.0E+0

Sets the vertical position to 1.00 unit/div.



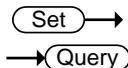
:MATH:DUAL:SCALE

Description Sets the vertical scale of the displayed math result.

Syntax :MATH:DUAL:SCALE {<NRf> | ? }

Parameter	<NRf>	Vertical scale
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the scale.

Example :MATH:DUAL:SCALe 2.0E-3
 Sets the vertical scale to 2mV/2mA.

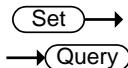


:MATH:FFT:SOURce

Description	Sets and queries the FFT math source.	
Syntax	:MATH:FFT:SOURce { CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 REF1 REF2 REF3 REF4 ? }	
Related commands	:MATH:ADVanced:EDIT:SOURce<X> :MATH:ADVanced:EDIT:OPERator	
Parameter	CH1~4	Channel 1 to 4
	REF1~4	Reference waveform 1 to 4

Return parameter Returns the FFT source.

Example :MATH:FFT:SOURce CH1
 Sets the FFT math source as channel 1.



:MATH:FFT:MAG

Description	Sets FFT vertical units as linear or decibels.	
Syntax	:MATH:FFT:MAG {LINEAR DB ?}	
Parameter	LINEAR	Linear units (Vrms)
	DB	Logarithmic units (dB)

Return parameter Returns the FFT vertical units.

Example :MATH:FFT:MAG DB
 Sets FFT vertical units to dB.

:MATH:FFT:WINDOW**Set****Query**

Description Sets the windowing filter used for the FFT function.

Syntax :MATH:FFT:WINDOW
 {RECTangular|HAMming|HANning|BLAckman|?}

Parameter	RECTangular	Rectangular window
	HAMming	Hamming window
	HANning	Hanning window
	BLAckman	Blackman window

Return parameter Returns the FFT window.

Example :MATH:FFT:WINDOW HAMming

Sets the FFT window filter to hamming.

Set**Query****:MATH:FFT:POSIon**

Description Sets the vertical position of the displayed FFT result.

Syntax MATH:FFT:POSIon { <NRf> | ? }

Parameter <NRf> Vertical position: -12e+0 to +12e+0
 (12 units/division to +12 units/division.)

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the vertical position.

Example :MATH:FFT:POSIon -2e-1

Sets the FFT position to -0.2 divisions.

Set**Query****:MATH:FFT:SCALe**

Description Sets the vertical scale of the displayed FFT result.

Syntax :MATH:FFT:SCALe {<NRf> | ? }

Parameter <NRf> Vertical scale:

Linear: 2e-3 to 1e+3 (2mV~1kV)

dB: 1e+0 to 2e+1 (1~20dB)

Return parameter <NR3> Returns vertical scale.

Example :MATH:FFT:SCALE 1.0e+0

Sets the scale to 1dB.

 Set →

→  Query

:MATH:FFT:HORIZONTAL:SCALE

Description Sets or queries the zoom scale for FFT math.

Syntax :MATH:FFT:HORIZONTAL:SCALE {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter <NRf> Zoom scale: 1 to 20 times

Return parameter <NR3> Returns zoom scale.

Example :MATH:FFT:HORIZONTAL:SCALE 5

Sets the zoom scale to 5X.

 Set →

→  Query

:MATH:FFT:HORIZONTAL:POSITION

Description Sets the horizontal position of the displayed FFT result.

Syntax MATH:FFT:HORIZONTAL:POSITION { <NRf> | ? }

Parameter <NRf> Horizontal position: 0Hz ~ 999.9kHz

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the vertical position.

Example :MATH:FFT:HORIZONTAL:POSITION 6.0e5

Sets the FFT horizontal position to 600kHz.

 Set →

→  Query

:MATH:DEFINE

Description Sets or queries the advanced math expression as a string.

Syntax :MATH:DEFINE {<string>} | ?

Related	:MATH:DISP :MATH:TYPE												
Parameter	<p><string> An expression enclosed in double quotes. Note, ensure parentheses are used correctly in the expression. The expression can contain the following parts:</p> <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Source</td><td>CH1~CH4, Ref1~Ref4</td></tr> <tr> <td>Function</td><td>Intg(), Diff(), log(), ln(), Exp(), Sqrt(), Abs(), Rad(), Deg(), sin(), cos(), tan(), asin(), acos(), atan()</td></tr> <tr> <td>Variable</td><td>VAR1, VAR2</td></tr> <tr> <td>Operator</td><td>+,-,*,/,(,),!(<,>,<=,>=,==,!!=, ,&&</td></tr> <tr> <td>Figure</td><td>0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, ., E</td></tr> <tr> <td>Measurement</td><td>Pk-Pk(), Max(), Min(), Amp(), High(), Low(), Mean(), CycleMean(), RMS(), CycleRMS(), Area(), CycleArea(), ROVShoot(), FOVShoot(), Freq(), Period(), Rise(), Fall(), PosWidth(), NegWidth(), Dutycycle(), FRR(), FRF(), FFR(), FFF(), LRR(), LRF(), LFR(), LFF(), Phase()</td></tr> </table>	Source	CH1~CH4, Ref1~Ref4	Function	Intg(), Diff(), log(), ln(), Exp(), Sqrt(), Abs(), Rad(), Deg(), sin(), cos(), tan(), asin(), acos(), atan()	Variable	VAR1, VAR2	Operator	+,-,*,/,(,),!(<,>,<=,>=,==,!!=, ,&&	Figure	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, ., E	Measurement	Pk-Pk(), Max(), Min(), Amp(), High(), Low(), Mean(), CycleMean(), RMS(), CycleRMS(), Area(), CycleArea(), ROVShoot(), FOVShoot(), Freq(), Period(), Rise(), Fall(), PosWidth(), NegWidth(), Dutycycle(), FRR(), FRF(), FFR(), FFF(), LRR(), LRF(), LFR(), LFF(), Phase()
Source	CH1~CH4, Ref1~Ref4												
Function	Intg(), Diff(), log(), ln(), Exp(), Sqrt(), Abs(), Rad(), Deg(), sin(), cos(), tan(), asin(), acos(), atan()												
Variable	VAR1, VAR2												
Operator	+,-,*,/,(,),!(<,>,<=,>=,==,!!=, ,&&												
Figure	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, ., E												
Measurement	Pk-Pk(), Max(), Min(), Amp(), High(), Low(), Mean(), CycleMean(), RMS(), CycleRMS(), Area(), CycleArea(), ROVShoot(), FOVShoot(), Freq(), Period(), Rise(), Fall(), PosWidth(), NegWidth(), Dutycycle(), FRR(), FRF(), FFR(), FFF(), LRR(), LRF(), LFR(), LFF(), Phase()												

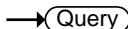
Return parameter Returns the expression as a string.

Example :MATH:DISP ON
:MATH:TYPE ADVanced
MATH:DEFine “CH1-CH2”
Sets the math expression to CH1-CH2.

:MATHVAR?

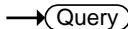

Description	Returns the value of the VAR1 and VAR2 variables.
Syntax	MATHVAR?
Related Commands	MATHVAR:VAR<X> MATH:DEFine
Return parameter	<string> VAR1 <NR3>; VAR2 <NR3>
Example	<p>MATHVAR?</p> <p>VAR1 1.000000E+06; VAR2 1.0E+1</p> <p>Returns the value of both variables.</p>




:MATHVAR:VAR<X>

Description	Sets or returns the VAR1 or VAR2 variables.	
Syntax	MATHVAR:VAR<x> {<NRf> ?}	
Related Commands	MATH:DEFine	
Parameter	<X>	1, 2 (VAR1 or VAR2)
	<NRf>	Value of VAR1/VAR2
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the value of VAR1/VAR2
Example	<p>:MATH:VAR1 6.0e4</p> <p>Sets VAR1 to 60000.</p>	



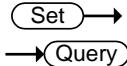

:MATH:ADVanced:POSition

Description	Sets the vertical position of the advanced math result, expressed in unit/div.	
Syntax	MATH:ADVanced:POSition { <NRf> ? }	
Parameter	<NRf>	Vertical position: -12e+0 to +12e+0 (12 units/division to +12 units/division.)

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the vertical position.

Example :MATH:ADVanced:POSITION 1.0e+0

Sets the position as 1.00 unit/div.



:MATH:ADVanced:SCALE

Description Sets or queries the vertical scale the advanced math result.

Syntax :MATH:ADVanced:SCALE {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter	<NRf>	Vertical scale
-----------	-------	----------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the vertical scale.
------------------	-------	-----------------------------

Example :MATH:ADVanced:SCALE 2.0E-3

Sets the vertical scale to 2mV/Div.

Cursor Commands

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:CURSor:MODE**Set****Query**

Description Sets cursor mode to horizontal (H) or horizontal and vertical (HV).

Note: When the cursor source is set to bus, then only the horizontal cursor is available.

Syntax :CURSor:MODE {OFF | H | HV | ?}

Parameter	OFF	Turns the cursors off.
	H	Turns the horizontal cursors on.
	HV	Turns horizontal and vertical cursors on.

Return parameter Returns the state of the cursors (H, HV, OFF).

Example :CURSor:MODE OFF

Turns the cursors off.

:CURSor:SOURce**Set****Query**

Description Sets or queries the cursor source.

Syntax :CURSor:SOURce {CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | REF1 |
REF2 | REF3 | REF4 | MATH | LOGic | BUS1 |
NORMal|MAXHold|MINHold|AVErage |?}

Parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel 1 to 4
	REF1~4	Reference waveform 1 to 4
	MATH	Math source
	LOGic	Logic source
	BUS1	Bus source
	NORMal ~	Source in SA mode.
	AVErage	Can be set only in SA mode

Return parameter Returns the cursor source.

Example :CURSor:SOURce CH1

Turns the cursor source as channel 1.

:CURSor:HUNI**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the units for the horizontal bar cursors.		
Syntax	:CURSor:HUNI {SEConds HERtz DEGrees PERcent ?}		
Related Commands	:CURSor:MODE		
Parameter	SEConds	Sets the cursor units to time in seconds.	
	HERtz	Sets the cursor units to frequency.	
	DEGrees	Sets the cursor units to degrees.	
	PERcent	Sets the cursor units to percent.	

Return parameter Returns the unit type.

Example :CURSor:HUNI SEConds
Sets the units to time in seconds.

:CURSor:HUSE**Set** →

Description	Sets the current cursor position as the phase or ratio reference for the Percent or Degrees (horizontal) cursors.		
! Note	This command can only be used when :CURSor:HUNI is set to DEGrees or PERcent.		
Syntax	:CURSor:HUSE {CURRent}		
Related Commands	:CURSor:MODE		
	:CURSor:HUNI		
Parameter	CURRent	Uses the current horizontal position	
Example	:CURSor:HUSE CURRent.		

 Set Query**:CURSor:VUNI**

Description	Sets or queries the units for the vertical bar cursors.	
Syntax	:CURSor:VUNI {BASE PERcent ?}	
Related Commands	:CURSor:MODE	
Parameter	BASE	Sets the vertical cursor units the same as the scope units (V or A).
	PERcent	Sets the displayed units to percent.
Return parameter	Returns the unit type.	
Example	:CURSor:VUNI BASE Sets the units to the base units.	

:CURSor:VUSE Set

Description	Sets the current cursor position as the ratio reference for the Percent (vertical) cursors.	
 Note	This command can only be used when :CURSor:VUNI is set to PERcent.	
Syntax	:CURSor:VUSE {CURREnt}	
Related Commands	:CURSor:MODE :CURSor:VUNI	
Parameter	CURREnt	Uses the current vertical position
Example	:CURSor:VUSE CURREnt.	

:CURSor:DDT Query

Description	Returns the deltaY/deltaT (dy/dT) readout. This function is only supported if the source channels are CH1~4, Ref1~4 or Math.
-------------	--

Syntax :CURSOR:DDT{?}

Related Commands :CURSOR:MODE

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the readout in <NR3> format.

Example :CURSOR:DDT?

4.00E-05

 Set
 Query

:CURSOR:H1Position

Description Sets or returns the first horizontal cursor (H1) position.

Syntax :CURSOR:H1Position {<NRf>| ?}

Related Commands :CURSOR:H2Position

Parameter <NRf> Horizontal position

Return parameter Returns the cursor position.

Example :CURSOR:H1Position?

-1.34E-3

Returns the H1 cursor position as -1.34ms.

 Set
 Query

:CURSOR:H2Position

Description Sets or returns the second horizontal cursor (H2) position.

Syntax :CURSOR:H2Position {<NRf> | ?}

Related Commands :CURSOR:H1Position

Parameter <NRf> Horizontal Position

Return parameter Returns the cursor position.

Example :CURSOR:H2Position 1.5E-3

Sets the H2 cursor position to 1.5ms.

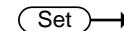
:CURSOR:HDELta → Query

Description Returns the delta of H1 and H2.**Syntax** :CURSOR:HDELta{?}

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the distance between two horizontal cursors.**Example** :CURSOR:HDELta?

5.0E-9

Returns the horizontal delta as 5ns.

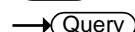
 → Set**:CURSOR:V1Position** → Query

Description Sets the first vertical cursor (V1) position.**Syntax** :CURSOR:V1Position {<NRf>| ?}

Parameter <NRf> Vertical position. Depends on the vertical scale.

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the cursor position.**Example** :CURSOR:V1Position 1.6E -1

Sets the V1 cursor position to 160mA.

 → Set**:CURSOR:V2Position** → Query

Description Sets the first vertical cursor (V2) position.**Syntax** :CURSOR:V2Position {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter <NRf> Vertical position. Depends on the vertical scale.

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the cursor position.**Example** :CURSOR:V2Position 1.1E-1

Sets the V2 cursor position to 110mA.

:CURSor:VDELta

→(Query)

Description	Returns the delta of V1 and V2.	
Syntax	:CURSor:VDELta{?}	
Return Parameter	<NR3>	Returns the difference between two vertical cursors.
Example	:CURSor:VDELta? 4.00E+0 Returns the vertical delta as 4 volts.	

(Set) →

:CURSor:XY:RECTangular:X:POSIon<X>

→(Query)

Description	Sets or queries the horizontal position in XY mode for the X rectangular coordinates for cursor 1 or 2.	
Syntax	:CURSor:XY:RECTangular:X:POSIon<X> {<NRf>?}	
Parameter	<X>	Cursor 1, 2
	<NRf>	Horizontal position co-ordinates
Return parameter	<NR3> Returns the cursor position.	
Example	:CURSor:XY:RECTangular:X:POSIon1 4.0E-3 Sets the X-coordinate cursor 1 position to 40mV/mV.	

:CURSor:XY:RECTangular:X:DELta

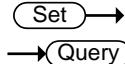
→(Query)

Description	Returns the delta value of cursor 1 and 2 on the X coordinate.	
Syntax	:CURSor:XY:RECTangular:X:DELta{?}	
Return Parameter	<NR3>	Returns the delta value of cursor 1 and 2 as <NR3>.

Example :CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:X:DELta?

80.0E-3

Returns the horizontal delta as 80mV.



:CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:Y:POSITION<X>

Description Sets or queries the vertical position in XY mode for the Y rectangular coordinates for cursor 1 or 2.

Syntax :CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:Y:POSITION<X> {<NRf>|?}

Parameter <X> Cursor 1, 2

<NRf> Vertical position co-ordinates

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the cursor position.

Example :CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:Y:POSITION1 4.0E-3

Sets the Y-coordinate cursor 1 position to 40mV/mV.

:CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:Y:DELta



Description Returns the delta value of cursor 1 and 2 on the Y coordinate.

Syntax :CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:Y:DELta{?}

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the delta value of cursor 1 and 2 as <NR3>.

Example :CURSOR:XY:RECTangular:Y:DELta?

80.0E-3

Returns the horizontal delta as 80mV.

:CURSOR:XY:Polar:RADIUS:POSITION<X>



Description Queries the polar radius position for the specified cursor in XY mode, where X can be either cursor 1 or 2.

Syntax	:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:RADIUS:POSITION<X>{?}	
Parameter	<X>	1, 2 (cursor 1, cursor 2)
Return Parameter	<NR3>	Returns the polar radius position.

Example	:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:RADIUS:POSITION1?
	80.0E-3
	Returns the polar radius position as 80.0mV.

:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:RADIUS:DELta →Query

Description	Returns the radius delta value of cursor 1 and 2.	
Syntax	:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:RADIUS:DELta{?}	
Return Parameter	<NR3>	Returns the radius delta.
Example	:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:RADIUS:DELta?	
	31.4E-3	
	Returns the radius delta as 31.4mV.	

:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:THETA:POSITION<X> →Query

Description	Queries the polar angle for the specified cursor in XY mode, where X can be either 1 or 2.	
Syntax	:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:THETA:POSITION<X>{?}	
Parameter	<X>	1, 2 (Cursor 1, Cursor 2)
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the polar angle.
Example	:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:RADIUS:POSITION1?	
	8.91E+1	
	Returns the polar angle for cursor1 as 89.1°.	

:CURSOR:XY:POLAR:THETA:DELta →Query

Description	Queries the polar angle delta between cursor1 and cursor2.	
-------------	--	--

Syntax	:CURSOR:XY:POLar:THETA:DELta{?}
--------	---------------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3> Returns the theta delta between cursor1 and cursor2.
------------------	--

Example	:CURSOR:XY:POLar:THETA:DELta?
---------	-------------------------------

9.10E+0

Returns the delta as 9.1°.

:CURSOR:XY:PRODuct:POsition<x>

→ [Query](#)

Description	Queries the product in XY mode for the specified cursor, where x can be either 1 or 2.
-------------	--

Syntax	:CURSOR:XY:PRODuct:POsition<x>{?}
--------	-----------------------------------

Parameter	<x> 1, 2 (Cursor 1, Cursor 2)
-----------	-------------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3> Returns the product value of the Cursor1 or Cursor2.
------------------	--

Example	:CURSOR:XY:PRODuct:POsition1?
---------	-------------------------------

9.44E-5

Returns the product of cursor1 as 94.4uVV.

:CURSOR:XY:PRODuct:DELta

→ [Query](#)

Description	Queries the product delta in XY mode.
-------------	---------------------------------------

Syntax	:CURSOR:XY:PRODuct:DELta{?}
--------	-----------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3> Returns the product delta.
------------------	----------------------------------

Example	:CURSOR:XY:PRODuct:DELta?
---------	---------------------------

1.22E-5

Returns the product delta as 12.2uVV.

:CURSOR:XY:RATio:POsition<x>

→ [Query](#)

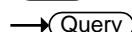
Description	Queries the ratio in XY mode for the specified cursor, where x can be either cursor 1 or 2.
-------------	---

Syntax	:CURSOR:Xy:RATio:POSiTion<X>{?}	
Parameter	<X>	1, 2 (Cursor 1, Cursor 2)
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the ratio.
Example	:CURSOR:Xy:RATio:POSiTion? 6.717E+1 Returns the ratio value as 6.717V/V.	

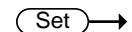
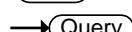
:CURSOR:Xy:RATio:DELta


Description	Queries the ratio delta in XY mode.	
Syntax	:CURSOR:Xy:RATio:DELta{?}	
Return parameter	Returns the ratio delta.	
Example	:CURSOR:Xy:RATio:DELta? 5.39E+1 Returns the ratio delta as 53.9V/V.	

:CURSOR:HTRACKing

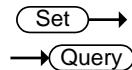


Description	Sets or queries the state of horizontal cursor track.	
Syntax	:CURSOR:HTRACKing {ON OFF} :CURSOR:HTRACKing?	
Example	:CURSOR:HTRACKing ON :CURSOR:HTRACKing? ON	

:CURSOR:VTRACKing



Description	Sets or queries the state of vertical cursor track.	
Syntax	:CURSOR:VTRACKing {ON OFF} :CURSOR:VTRACKing?	

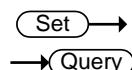
Example :CURSor:VTRACking ON
 :CURSor:VTRACking?
 ON

**:CURSor:MARK**

Description Sets or queries the state of cursor mark.

Syntax :CURSor:MARK {ON|OFF}
 :CURSor:MARK?

Example :CURSor:MARK ON
 :CURSor:MARK?
 ON

**:CURSor:SA:SOURce**

Description Sets or queries the SA source of cursor.

Syntax :CURSor:SA:SOURce {SA1|SA2}
 :CURSor:SA:SOURce?

Related
Commands :CURSor:SOURce
 :CURSor:HUNI
 :CURSor:HUSE
 :CURSor:DDT
 :CURSor:H1Position
 :CURSor:H2Position
 :CURSor:HDELta
 :CURSor:V1Position
 :CURSor:V2Position

When in SA Mode, the SA source affects the target of
the above commands.

Parameter	SA1	Sets cursor SA source as SA1.
	SA2	Sets cursor SA source as SA2.

Example

CURSor:SA:SOURce SA2

CURSor:SA:SOURce?

SA2

Display Commands

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:DISPlay:INTensity:WAVEform

 Set Query

Description	Sets or queries the waveform intensity level.
-------------	---

Syntax	:DISPlay:INTensity:WAVEform {<NRf> ?}
--------	---

Parameter	<NRf> 0.0E+0 to 1.0E+2 (0% to 100%)
-----------	-------------------------------------

Return Parameter	<NR3> Returns the intensity.
------------------	------------------------------

Example	:DISPlay:INTensity:WAVEform 5.0E+1
---------	------------------------------------

Sets the waveform intensity to 50%.

:DISPlay:INTensity:GRATICule

 Set Query

Description	Sets or queries the graticule intensity level.
-------------	--

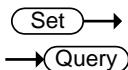
Syntax	:DISPlay:INTensity:GRATICule {<NRf> ?}
--------	--

Parameter	<NRf> 1.0E+0 to 1.0E+2 (10% to 100%)
-----------	--------------------------------------

Return Parameter	<NR3> Returns the graticule intensity.
------------------	--

Example :DISPlay:INTensity:GRATicule 5.0E+1

Sets the graticule intensity to 50%.



:DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight

Description Sets or queries the intensity of the backlight display.

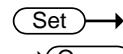
Syntax :DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter <NRf> 1.0E+0 to 1.0E+2 (10% to 100%)

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the backlight intensity.

Example :DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight 5.0E+1

Sets the backlight intensity to 50%.



:DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight:AUTODim:ENABLE

Description Sets or queries the display auto-dim function.

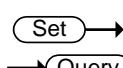
Syntax :DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight:AUTODim:ENABLE {OFF | ON | ?}

Parameter/ OFF Turn auto-dim on.

Return parameter ON Turn auto-dim off.

Example :DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight:AUTODim:ENABLE ON

Turns the auto-dim function on.



:DISPlay:INTENSITY:BACKLight:AUTODim:TIME

Description Sets or queries the display auto-dim time.

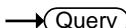
Syntax :DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight:AUTODim:TIME { <NR1> | ? }

Parameter/ <NR1> 1 ~ 180 minutes. Time in minutes.

Return parameter

Example :DISPlay:INTensity:BACKLight:AUTODim:TIME 10

Sets the auto-dim time to 10 minutes.

 Set Query**:DISPlay:PERSistence****Description** Sets or queries the waveform persistence level.**Syntax** :DISPlay:PERSistence { INFInite | OFF | <NRf> | ? }

Parameter	<NRf>	1.6E-2 ~ 4.0E+0. (16mS to 10S) Range(1.6E-2, 30E-3, 60E-3, 120E-2, 240E-3, 500E-3, 750E-3, 1, 1.5, 2,..., 9.5, 10)
	INFInite	Infinite persistence
	OFF	No persistence

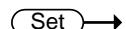
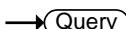
Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the persistence time.

INFInite Infinite persistence

OFF No persistence

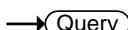
Example :DISPlay:PERSistence 2.0E+0

Sets the persistence to 2 seconds.

 Set Query**:DISPlay:GRATicule****Description** Sets or queries graticule display type.**Syntax** :DISPlay:GRATicule {FULL | GRID|CROSs | FRAMe | ?}

Parameter	FULL		CROSs	
	FRAMe		GRID	

Return parameter Returns the graticule type.**Example** :DISPlay:GRATicule FULLSets the graticule to .

 Set Query**:DISPlay:WAVEform**

Description Sets or queries whether the waveforms are drawn as vectors or dots.

Syntax :DISPlay:WAVEform {VECTor | DOT | ?}

Parameter	VECTor	Vectors
	DOT	Dots

Return parameter Returns VECTOR or DOT.

Example :DISPlay:WAVEform VECTor
Sets the waveform to vectors.

:DISPlay:OUTPut Query

Description Returns the screen image as a 16 bit RGB run length encoded image.

Syntax :DISPlay:OUTPut{?}

Return parameter Format: header+data+LF

For example assuming the image data size is 60072 bytes then the following would be returned:

#560072<[count] [color] [count] [color]..... ><LF>

Where #560072 is the header, each [count] and [color] data are 2 bytes and <LF> is a line feed character.

:DISPlay:PNGOutput? Query

Description Return the current screen image as PNG image data.

Syntax :DISPlay:PNGOutput?

Example :DISPlay:PNGOutput?

#516643\89PNG\r\n\1A\n\00\00\00\rIHDR...

:DISPlay:WAVEform:COLOr**Set****Query**

Description Sets or queries the waveform color display format.

Syntax :DISPlay:WAVEform:COLOr {GRAYscale|COLOr}
:DISPlay:WAVEform:COLOr?

Parameter	GRAY	Sets waveform display as grayscale.
	COLOR	Sets waveform display as color.

Example :DISPlay:WAVEform:COLOr GRAYscale
:DISPlay:WAVEform:COLOr?
GRAYSCALE

Set**Query****:DISPlay:RULER**

Description Sets or queries the state of ruler display.

Syntax :DISPlay:RULER {ON|OFF}
:DISPlay:RULER?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the ruler display.
	OFF	Turns off the ruler display.

Example :DISPlay:RULER ON
:DISPlay:RULER?
ON

Set**Query****:DISPlay:TRANSREADouts**

Description Sets or queries the state of transparent display.

Syntax :DISPlay:TRANSREADouts {ON|OFF}
:DISPlay:TRANSREADouts?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the transparent display.
	OFF	Turns off the transparent display.

Example :DISPlay:TRANSREADouts ON
 :DISPlay:TRANSREADouts?
 ON

Hardcopy Commands

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:HARDcopy:START



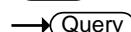
Description Executing the HARDcopy:START command is the equivalent of pressing the Hardcopy key on the front panel.

Syntax :HARDcopy:START

Related Commands :HARDcopy:MODE
:HARDcopy:PRINTINKSaver
:HARDcopy:SAVEINKSaver
:HARDcopy:SAVEFORMAT
:HARDcopy:ASSIGN



:HARDcopy:MODE



Description Sets or queries whether hardcopy is set to print or save.

Syntax :HARDcopy:MODE { PRINT | SAVE | ? }

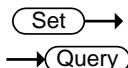
Related Commands :HARDcopy:START

Parameter	PRINT	Print mode
	SAVE	Save mode

Return parameter Returns the mode.(PRINT/SAVE)

Example :HARDcopy:MODE PRINT

Sets hardcopy to print.



:HARDcopy:PRINTINKSaver

Description Sets Inksaver On or Off for printing.

Syntax :HARDcopy:PRINTINKSaver { OFF | ON | ? }

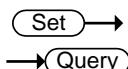
Related Commands :HARDcopy:START
:HARDcopy:MODE

Parameter	ON	Inksaver ON
	OFF	Inksaver OFF

Return parameter Returns the print Ink Saver mode.(ON/OFF)

Example :HARDcopy:PRINTINKSaver ON

Sets Ink Saver to ON for printing.



:HARDcopy:SAVEINKSaver

Description Sets Inksaver On or Off for saving screen images.

Syntax :HARDcopy:SAVEINKSaver { OFF | ON | ? }

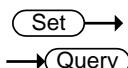
Related Commands :HARDcopy:START
:HARDcopy:MODE

Parameter	ON	Inksaver ON
	OFF	Inksaver OFF

Return parameter Returns the screen image Ink Saver mode (ON/OFF).

Example :HARDcopy:SAVEINKSaver ON

Sets Inksaver to ON for saving screen images.



:HARDcopy:SAVEFORMAT

Description Sets or queries the image save file type.

Syntax :HARDcopy:SAVEFORMAT { PNG | BMP | ? }

Related Commands	:HARDcopy:START :HARDcopy:MODe
------------------	-----------------------------------

Parameter	PNG	PNG file format
	BMP	BMP file format

Return parameter	Returns the image file format (PNG/BMP).
------------------	--

Example	:HARDcopy:SAVEFORMAT PNG Sets the file format to PNG.
---------	--

(Set →)

→ (Query)

:HARDcopy:ASSIGN

Description	Sets or queries what file type the hardcopy key has been assigned to save.
-------------	--

Syntax	:HARDcopy:ASSIGN {IMAGE WAVEform SETUp ALL ?}
--------	--

Related Commands	:HARDcopy:START :HARDcopy:MODe
------------------	-----------------------------------

Parameter	IMAGE	Save image files.
	WAVEform	Save waveforms.
	SETUp	Save the panel setup.
	ALL	Save All (image, waveform,setup)

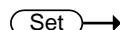
Return parameter	Returns the file type. (IMAGE/WAVEFORM/SETUP/ALL)
------------------	--

Example	:HARDcopy:ASSIGN IMAGE. Set the hardcopy key to save image files.
---------	--

Measure Commands

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:MEASure:GATing Set Query**Description** Sets or queries the measurement gating.**Syntax** :MEASure:GATing { OFF | SCREen | CURSor | ? }

Parameter	OFF	Full record
	SCREen	Gating set to screen width
	CURSor	Gating between cursors

Return parameter Returns the gating. (OFF, SCREEN, CURSOR)**Example** :MEASure:GATing OFF

Turns gating off (full record).

:MEASure:SOURce<X>**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the measurement source for source1 or source2.	
Syntax	:MEASure:SOURce<X> { CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 MATH ? }	
Parameter	<X>	Source1 or source2
	CH1~CH4	Channel 1 to 4
	MATH	Math
Return parameter	Returns the source (CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4, MATH)	
Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 Sets source1 to channel 1.	

:MEASure:METHod**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the method used to determine the High-Low measurement values.	
Syntax	:MEASure:METHod { AUTO HISTogram MINMax ? }	
Parameter	AUTO	Set to auto.
	HISTogram	Set to the Histogram method.
	MINMax	Set to the Min-Max method.
Return parameter	Returns the measurement method (AUTO, HISTOGRAM, MINMAX)	
Example	:MEASure:METHod: AUTO Set the measurement method to auto.	

:MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:HIGH

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the high reference level as a percentage.

Syntax :MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:HIGH {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter <NRF> 0 - 100%

Return parameter Returns the high reference level

Example :MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:HIGH 50.1

Set the high reference level to 50.1%.

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the low reference level as a percentage.

Syntax :MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:LOW {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter <NRF> 0 - 100%

Return parameter Returns the low reference level.

Example :MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:LOW 40.1

Set the low reference level to 40.1%.

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the first mid reference level as a percentage.

Syntax :MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:MID {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter <NRF> 0 - 100%

Return parameter Returns the mid reference level.

Example :MEASUrement:REFLevel:PERCent:MID 50

Set the mid reference level to 50%.

:MEASurement:REFLevel:PERCent:MID2

Set →
→ **Query**

Description Sets or queries the second mid reference level as a percentage.

Syntax :MEASurement:REFLevel:PERCent:MID2 {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter <NRF> 0 - 100%

Return parameter Returns the mid reference level of the second source.

Example :MEASurement:REFLevel:PERCent:MID2 50
Set the mid reference level to 50%.

:MEASurement:REFLevel:ABSolute:HIGH

Set →
→ **Query**

Description Sets or returns the value for the high reference level.

Syntax :MEASurement:REFLevel:ABSolute:HIGH <NRF>
:MEASurement:REFLevel:ABSolute:HIGH?

Parameter <NRF> This is the high reference level, ranging from -100M(-1e+8) to 100M(1e+8).

Example MEASUREMENT:REFLevel:ABSolute:HIGH 0.06
MEASUREMENT:REFLevel:ABSolute:HIGH?
6.00e-02

:MEASurement:REFLevel:ABSolute:LOW

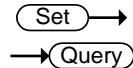
Set →
→ **Query**

Description Sets or returns the value for the low reference level.

Syntax :MEASurement:REFLevel:ABSolute:LOW <NRF>
:MEASurement:REFLevel:ABSolute:LOW?

Parameter <NRF> This is the low reference level, ranging from -100M(-1e+8) to 100M(1e+8).

Example MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:LOW 100
 MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:LOW?
 1.00e+02



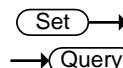
:MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID

Description Sets or returns the value for the middle reference level.

Syntax :MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID <NRf>
 :MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID?

Parameter <NRf> This is the middle reference level, ranging from -100M(-1e+8) to 100M(1e+8)

Example MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID 58
 MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID?
 5.80e+01



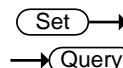
:MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID2

Description Sets or returns the value for the middle reference level.

Syntax :MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID2 <NRf>
 :MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID2?

Parameter <NRf> This is the middle reference level, ranging from -100M(-1e+8) to 100M(1e+8).

Example MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID2 -40
 MEASUrement:REFLevel:ABSolute:MID2?
 -4.00e+01



:MEASUrement:REFLevel:METHod

Description Sets or returns the reference level units.

Syntax	:MEASUrement:REFLevel:METHod {ABSolute PERCent} :MEASUREMENT:REFLevel:METHod?	
Parameter	ABSolute	Set the reference level units as absolute.
	PERCent	Set the reference level units as percent.
Example	MEASUREMENT:REFLevel:METHod ABSolute :MEASUrement:REFLevel:METHod? ABSOLUTE	

:MEASure:FALL→ Query

Description	Returns the fall time measurement result.	
Syntax	:MEASure:FALL{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:FALL? Selects Channel 1 as the source, and then measures the fall time.	

:MEASure:FOVShoot→ Query

Description	Returns the fall overshoot amplitude.	
Syntax	:MEASure:FOVShoot{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the fall overshoot as a percentage
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.
------	---

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 .MEASure:FOVShoot? 1.27E+0 Selects Channel 1, and then measures the fall overshoot.
---------	---

:MEASure:FPReShoot

→ **Query**

Description	Returns fall preshoot amplitude.
-------------	----------------------------------

Syntax	:MEASure:FPReShoot{?}
--------	-----------------------

Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>
------------------	--------------------

Returns	Returns the fall preshoot as <NR3>.
---------	-------------------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the fall preshoot as a percentage.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.
--	---

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 .MEASure:FPReShoot? Selects Channel 1, and then measures the fall preshoot.
---------	--

:MEASure:FREQuency

Description	Returns the frequency value.	
Syntax	:MEASure:FREQuency{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the frequency in Hz.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:FREQuency? >1.0E+3</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the frequency.</p>	
:MEASure:NWIDth		
Description	Returns the first negative pulse width timing.	
Syntax	:MEASure:NWIDth{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the negative pulse width in seconds.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1
 :MEASure:NWIDth?
 4.995E-04
 Selects Channel 1, and then measures the negative pulse width.

:MEASure:PDUTy

→Query

Description Returns the positive duty cycle ratio as percentage.

Syntax :MEASure:PDUTy{?}

Related commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the positive duty ratio.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:PDUTy?

5.000E+01

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the positive duty cycle.

:MEASure:PERiod

→Query

Description Returns the period.

Syntax :MEASure:PERiod{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the period.

	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note		Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.
Example		<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:PERiod? 1.0E-3</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the period.</p>

:MEASure:PWIDth

Description	Returns the first positive pulse width.	
Syntax	:MEASure:PWIDth{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the positive pulse width.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:PWIDth? 5.0E-6</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the positive pulse width.</p>	

:MEASure:RISe

Description	Returns the first pulse rise time.	
Syntax	:MEASure:RISe{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the rise time.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:RISe?

8.5E-6

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the rise time.

:MEASure:ROVShoot

→Query

Description Returns the rising overshoot over the entire waveform in percentage.

Syntax :MEASure:ROVShoot{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the overshoot.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:ROVShoot?

5.00E+00

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the rise overshoot.

:MEASure:RPReShoot

→Query

Description Returns rising preshoot over the entire waveform in percentage.

Syntax	:MEASure:RPReShoot{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the rising preshoot.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:RPReShoot? 2.13E-2</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the rise preshoot.</p>	

:MEASure:PPULSE 

Description	Returns the number of positive pulses.	
Syntax	:MEASure:PPULSE{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the number of positive pulses.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:PPULSE? 6.000E+00</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the number of positive pulses.</p>	

:MEASure:NPULSEQuery

Description Returns the number of negative pulses.

Syntax :MEASure:NPULSE{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the number of negative pulses.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:NPULSE?

4.000E+00

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the number of negative pulses.

:MEASure:PEDGEQuery

Description Returns the number of positive edges.

Syntax :MEASure:PEDGE{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the number of positive edges.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:PEDGE?

1.100E+01

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the number of positive edges.

:MEASure:NEDGE→ **Query**

Description	Returns the number of negative edges.	
Syntax	:MEASure:NEDGE{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the number of negative edges.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:NEDGE? 1.100E+01</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the number of negative edges.</p>	

:MEASure:AMPLitude→ **Query**

Description	Returns the amplitude difference between the Vhigh-Vlow.	
Syntax	:MEASure:AMPLitude{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the amplitude.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Example

Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:AMPLitude?

3.76E-3

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the amplitude.

:MEASure:MEAN

→ **Query**

Description Returns the mean voltage/current of one or more full periods.

Syntax :MEASure:MEAN{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the mean.

Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example

:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:MEAN?

1.82E-3

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the mean value.

:MEASure:CMEan

→ **Query**

Description Returns the mean voltage/current of one full period.

Syntax :MEASure:CMEan{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the cyclic mean.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:CMeAn? 9.480E-01 Selects Channel 1, and then measures the mean value of the first period.
---------	--

:MEASure:HIGH

→ **Query**

Description	Returns the global high voltage/current.	
Syntax	:MEASure:HIGH{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the high value.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:HIGH? 3.68E-3 Selects Channel 1, and then measures the high voltage/current.
---------	---

:MEASure:LOW

→ **Query**

Description	Returns the global low voltage/current.	
Syntax	:MEASure:LOW{?}	

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the global low value.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:LOW?

1.00E-0

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the low current/voltage.

:MEASure:MAX

→ **Query**

Description Returns the maximum amplitude.

Syntax :MEASure:MAX{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the maximum amplitude.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:MAX?

1.90E-3

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the maximum amplitude.

:MEASure:MIN Query

Description	Returns the minimum amplitude.	
Syntax	:MEASure:MIN{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the minimum amplitude.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example	<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:MIN? -8.00E-3</pre> Selects Channel 1, and then measures the minimum amplitude.	

:MEASure:PK2PK Query

Description	Returns the peak-to-peak amplitude (difference between maximum and minimum amplitude).	
Syntax	:MEASure:PK2Pk{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the voltage or current peak to peak measurement.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1
 :MEASure:PK2Pk?
 2.04E-1
 Selects Channel 1, and then measures the peak-to-peak amplitude.

:MEASure:RMS

→Query

Description Returns the root-mean-square voltage/current of one or more full periods.

Syntax :MEASure:RMS{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the RMS value.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:RMS?

1.31E-3

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the RMS voltage/current.

:MEASure:CRMS

→Query

Description Returns the root-mean-square voltage/current of one full periods.

Syntax :MEASure:CRMS{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the CRMS value.
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	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note		Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.
Example		<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:CRMS? 1.31E-3</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the CRMS voltage/current.</p>

:MEASure:AREA

Description	Returns the voltage/current area over one or more full periods.	
Syntax	:MEASure:AREA{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the area value.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.
 Note	Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.	
Example		<pre>:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:AREA? 1.958E-03</pre> <p>Selects Channel 1, and then measures the area.</p>
:MEASure:CARA		
Description	Returns the voltage/current area over one full period.	
Syntax	:MEASure:CARA{?}	

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the area value.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:CARea?

1.958E-03

Selects Channel 1, and then measures the area.

:MEASure:FRRDelay

→ Query

Description Returns the delay between the first rising edge of source1 and the first rising edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:FRRDelay{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the delay.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:SOURce2 CH2

:MEASure:FRRDelay?

-4.68E-6

Select channel 1 and 2 as source1/2, and then measure FRR.

:MEASure:FRFDelay

Description Returns the delay between the first rising edge of source1 and the first falling edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:FRFDelay{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the delay.

Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:SOURce2 CH2

:MEASure:FRFDelay?

3.43E-6

Select channel 1 and 2 as source1/2, and then measures FRF.

:MEASure:FFRDelay

Description Returns the delay between the first falling edge of source1 and the first rising edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:FFRDelay{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the delay.

Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1
 :MEASure:SOURce2 CH2
 :MEASure:FRRDelay?
 -8.56E-6
Select channel 1 and 2 as delay source1/2, and
then measure FFR.

:MEASure:FFFDelayQuery

Description Returns the delay between the first falling edge of
 source1 and the first falling edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:FFFDelay{?}

Related
Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the delay.

 Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not
 activated.

 Note Select the two source channels before entering this
 command.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

 :MEASure:SOURce2 CH2

 :MEASure:FFFDelay?

 -8.89E-6

Select channel 1 and 2 as delay source1/2, and
then measure FFF.

:MEASure:LRRDelayQuery

Description Returns the delay between the first rising edge of
 source1 and the last rising edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:LRRDelay{?}

Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
------------------	--------------------	--

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the delay.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:SOURce2 CH2 :MEASure:LRRDelay? -8.89E-6
---------	--

Select channel 1 and 2 as delay source1/2, and then measure LRR.

:MEASure:LRFDelay →

Description	Returns the delay between the first rising edge of source1 and the last rising edge of source2.
-------------	---

Syntax	:MEASure:LRFDelay{?}
--------	----------------------

Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>
------------------	--------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the delay.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:SOURce2 CH2 :MEASure:LRFDelay? -4.99E-6
---------	--

Select channel 1 and 2 as delay source1/2, and then measure LRF.

:MEASure:LFRDelay

Description Returns the delay between the first falling edge of source1 and the last rising edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:LFRDelay{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the delay.

Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASure:SOURce2 CH2

:MEASure:LFRDelay?

-9.99E-6

Select channel 1 and 2 as delay source1/2, and then measure LFR.

:MEASure:LFFDelay

Description Returns the delay between the first falling edge of source1 and the last falling edge of source2.

Syntax :MEASure:LFFDelay{?}

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<X>

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the delay.

Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Note Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:SOURce2 CH2 :MEASure:LFFDelay? -9.99E-6 Select channel 1 and 2 as delay source1/2, and then measure LFF.
---------	--

:MEASure:PHAsE

Description	Returns the phase between source 1 and source 2.	
Syntax	:MEASure:PHAsE{?}	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the phase difference.
	Chan Off	Indicates the source channel is not activated.



Select the two source channels before entering this command.

Example	:MEASure:SOURce1 CH1 :MEASure:SOURce2 CH2 :MEASure:PHAsE? 4.50E+01 Select channel 1 and 2 as phase source1/2, and then measure the phase in degrees.
---------	--

:MEASure:PFLicker

Description	Returns the % flicker of times.
Syntax	:MEASure:PFLI?
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<x>

Return parameter	<NR3>
	Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 **Note** Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1
 :MEASure:PFLI ?
 5.950E+01
 Selects Channel 1 as the source, and then measures the % flicker of times.

:MEASure:FLicker

→ **Query**

Description Returns the flicker idx of times.

Syntax :MEASure:FLI?

Related Commands :MEASure:SOURce<x>

Return parameter <NR3>

Chan Off Indicates the source channel is not activated.

 **Note** Before using this command, select the measurement channel. See the example below.

Example :MEASure:SOURce1 CH1
 :MEASure:FLI ?
 2.870E-01
 Selects Channel 1 as the source, and then measures the flicker idx of times.

Measurement Commands

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:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:SOURCE<X>

 →→ 

Description	Sets or queries the measurement source for a selected automatic measurement. This is a statistics related command.				
Syntax	:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:SOURCE<X> { CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 MATH D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12 D13 D14 D15 ? }				
Related commands	:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:TYPe				
Parameter	<table><tr><td>MEAS<X></td><td>The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.</td></tr><tr><td>SOURCE<X></td><td>SOURCE1: the source for all single channel measurements.</td></tr></table>	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.	SOURCE<X>	SOURCE1: the source for all single channel measurements.
MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.				
SOURCE<X>	SOURCE1: the source for all single channel measurements.				

SOURCE<X>	SOURCE2: the source for all delay or phase measurements.
CH1 to CH4	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
MATH	Math source
D0~D15	Digital source D0~D15
Return parameter	CH1 to CH4 Channel 1, 2, 3, 4 MATH Math source

Example :MEASurement:MEAS1:SOURCE1?

>CH1

Returns the (first) source for measurement 1.

Set →

→ Query

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:TYPe

Description Sets or queries the measurement type for a selected automatic measurement. This is a statistics related command.

Syntax :MEASurement:MEAS<X>:TYPe
{PK2pk | MAXimum | MINimum | AMPlitude | HIGH | LOW | MEAN | CMEan | RMS | CRMs | AREa | CAREa | ROVShoot | FOVShoot | RPReshoot | FPReshoot | FREQuency | PERIod | RISe | FALL | PWlidth | NWlidth | PDUTy | PPULSE | NPULSE | PEDGE | NEDGE | PFLicker | FLicker | FRRDelay | FRFDelay | FFRDelay | FFFDelay | LRRDelay | LRFDelay | LFRDelay | LFFDelay | PHAse | ?}

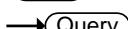
Related commands :MEASurement:MEAS<X>:SOURCE<X>

Parameter	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.
-----------	---------	---

Return parameter Returns the measurement type

Example :MEASurement:MEAS1:TYPe RMS

Sets measurement 1 to RMS measurement.

 Set Query**:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:STATE**

Description	Sets or queries the state of a selected measurement. This is a statistics related command.	
Syntax	:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:STATE { ON OFF 1 0 ? }	
Related commands	:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:SOUrce<X> :MEASurement:MEAS<X>:TYPe	
Parameter	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.
	ON/1	Turn the measurement on.
	OFF/0	Turn the measurement off.
Return parameter	0	Measurement is off.
	1	Measurement is on.
Example	:MEASurement:MEAS1:STATE 1 Turns measurement 1 on.	

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:VALUe Query

Description	Returns the measurement results for the selected measurement. This is a statistics related command.	
Syntax	:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:VALUe?	
Related Commands	:MEASure:SOURce<X>	
Parameter	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the measurement for the selected measurement number.

**Example**

The measurement source(s), measurement number, measurement type and measurement state must first be set before a measurement result can be returned.

:MEASurement:MEAS1:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASurement:MEAS1:TYPe PK2PK

:MEASurement:MEAS1:STATE ON

:MEASurement:MEAS1:VALue?

5.000E+0

Selects channel 1 as the source for measurement 1, sets measurement 1 to peak to peak measurement and then turns on the measurement. The result returns the peak to peak measurement.

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:MAXimum

→ **Query**

Description

Returns the maximum measurement results for the selected measurement from the last time the statistics were reset. This is a statistics related command.

Syntax

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:MAXimum?

Related Commands

:MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE

Parameter

MEAS<X> The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.

Return parameter

<NR3>

Returns the measurement for the selected measurement number.

Example

:MEASUREMENT:MEAS3:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASUREMENT:MEAS3:TYPe PK2PK

:MEASUREMENT:MEAS3:STATE ON

:MEASUREMENT:STATIstics:MODE ON

:MEASUREMENT:MEAS3:MAXimum?

2.800E-02

Returns the maximum measurement result for measurement number 3.

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:MEAN

→(Query)

Description Returns the mean measurement results for the selected measurement from the last time the statistics were reset. This is a statistics related command.

Syntax :MEASurement:MEAS<X>:MEAN?

Related Commands :MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE

Parameter	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.
------------------	---------	---

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the measurement for the selected measurement number.
-------------------------	-------	--

Example

```
:MEASurement:MEAS3:SOURce1 CH1
:MEASurement:MEAS3:TYPe PK2PK
:MEASurement:MEAS3:STATE ON
:MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE ON
:MEASurement:MEAS3:MEAN?
2.090E-02
```

Returns the mean measurement result for measurement number 3.

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:MINImum

→(Query)

Description Returns the minimum measurement results for the selected measurement from the last time the statistics were reset. This is a statistics related command.

Syntax :MEASurement:MEAS<X>:MINImum?

Related Commands :MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE

Parameter	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the measurement for the selected measurement number.

Example :MEASurement:MEAS3:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASurement:MEAS3:TYPE PK2PK

:MEASurement:MEAS3:STATE ON

:MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE ON

:MEASurement:MEAS3:MINImum?

1.600E-02

Returns the minimum measurement result for measurement number 3.

:MEASurement:MEAS<X>:STDdev

→Query

Description Returns the standard deviation for the selected measurement from the last time the statistics were reset. This is a statistics related command.

Syntax :MEASurement:MEAS<X>:STDdev?

Related Commands :MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE

Parameter	MEAS<X>	The automatic measurement number from 1 to 8.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the measurement for the selected measurement number.

Example :MEASurement:MEAS3:SOURce1 CH1

:MEASurement:MEAS3:TYPE PK2PK

:MEASurement:MEAS3:STATE ON

:MEASurement:STATIstics:MODE ON

:MEASurement:MEAS3:STDdev?

1.530E-03

Returns the standard deviation for measurement number 3.

:MEASUrement:STATIistics:MODE

Set →
→ **Query**

Description	Puts the statics measurement results on the display or queries whether the statistics are displayed.	
Syntax	:MEASUrement:STATIistics:MODE {OFF ON ?}	
Related commands	:MEASUrement:STATIistics	
Parameter/ Return parameter	ON	Display the statistics on the screen.
	OFF	Remove the statistics from the screen
Example	:MEASUrement:STATIistics:MODE ON Displays statistics on the screen.	

:MEASUrement:STATIistics:WEIghting

Set →
→ **Query**

Description	Sets and queries the number of samples (weighting) used for the statistics calculations.	
Syntax	:MEASUrement:STATIistics:WEIghting { <NR1> ? }	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	Number of samples (2~1000)
Example	:MEASUrement:STATIistics:WEIghting 5 Sets the number of samples to 5.	

:MEASUrement:STATIistics

Set →

Description	Resets the statics calculations. This command will clear all the currently accumulated measurements.	
Syntax	:MEASUrement:STATIistics {RESET}	
Parameter	Reset	Reset
Example	:MEASUrement:STATIistics RESET	

:MEASurement:INDICators:STAT

 Set Query

Description	Set or query the measurement indicator's state.	
Syntax	:MEASurement:INDICators:STAT {OFF MEAS<x>} :MEASurement:INDICators:STAT?	
Parameter	OFF	Turn off the indicator.
	MEAS<x>	Set the indicator source. <x>:1~8.
Example	:MEASurement:INDICators:STAT OFF :MEASurement:INDICators:STAT? OFF :MEASurement:INDICators:STAT MEAS2 :MEASurement:INDICators:STAT? MEAS2	

:MEASurement:INDICators:HORZ<x>?

 Query

Description	Query the position of measurement indicator's horizontal track.	
Syntax	:MEASurement:INDICators:HORZ<x>? {PRECise}	
Parameter	HORZ<x>	The horizontal track. <x>:1 or 2.
	PRECise	Display more digit for the return value.
Example	:MEASurement:INDICators:HORZ1? 3.120e+00 :MEASurement:INDICators:HORZ1? PRECise 3.120000e+00	

:MEASUrement:INDICators:VERT<x>?

Description Query the position of measurement indicator's vertical track.

Syntax :MEASUrement:INDICATORS:VERT<x>? {PRECise}

Parameter VERT<x> The vertical track. <x>:1 or 2.

PRECise Display more digit for the return value.

Example :MEASUrement:INDICATORS:VERT1?

-2.135e-02

:MEASUrement:INDICATORS:VERT1? PRECise

-2.135000e-02

:MEASUrement:INDICATORS:NUMHORZ?

Description Query the number of measurement indicator's horizontal tracks currently being displayed.

Syntax :MEASUrement:INDICATORS:NUMHORZ?

Example :MEASUrement:INDICATORS:NUMHORZ?

2

:MEASUrement:INDICATORS:NUMVERT?

Description Query the number of measurement indicator's vertical tracks currently being displayed.

Syntax :MEASUrement:INDICATORS:NUMVERT?

Example :MEASUrement:INDICATORS:NUMVERT?

1

Reference Commands

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:REF<X>:DISPlay

Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or queries whether a reference waveform will be shown on the display. A reference waveform must first be saved before this command can be used.

Syntax :REF<x>:DISPlay { OFF| ON| ? }

Parameter <X> Reference waveform 1, 2, 3, 4.
OFF Turns the selected reference waveform off
ON Turns the selected reference waveform on

Return parameter Returns the status of the selected reference waveform. (OFF, ON).

Example :REF1:DISPLAY ON

Turns on reference1 (REF 1) on the display.

:REF<X>:TIMEbase:POSition

Set →
→ Query

Description Sets or returns the selected reference waveform time base position.

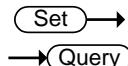
Syntax :REF<X>:TIMEbase:POSition { <NRf> | ? }

Related commands :REF<X>:DISPLAY

Parameter <X> Reference waveform 1, 2, 3, 4.

	<NRF>	Horizontal co-ordinates
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the reference waveform position

Example :REF1:TIMEbase:POSition -5.000E-5
Selects reference 1, and then sets the horizontal position to -50us.



:REF<X>:TIMEbase:SCALe

Description Sets or returns the selected reference waveform time base scale.

Syntax :REF<X>:TIMEbase:SCALe { <NRF> | ? }

Related commands :REF<X>:DISPlay

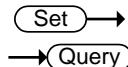
Parameter <X> Reference waveform 1, 2, 3, 4.

<NRF> Horizontal scale

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the reference waveform scale.

Example :REF1:TIMEbase:SCALe 5.00E-4

Selects reference 1, and then sets the horizontal scale to 500us/div.



:REF<X>:OFFSet

Description Sets or returns the selected reference waveform vertical position (offset).

Syntax :REF<X>:OFFSet { <NRF> | ? }

Related commands :REF<X>:DISPlay

Parameter <X> Reference waveform 1, 2, 3, 4.

<NRF> Vertical offset

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the reference waveform vertical position.

Example :REF1:OFFSet -5.000E-2

Selects reference 1, and then sets the vertical position to -50mV/ mA.

 Set →

 → Query

:REF<x>:SCALe

Description Sets or returns the selected reference waveform vertical scale.

Syntax :REF<X>:SCALe { <NRf> | ? }

Related commands :REF<X>:DISPlay

Parameter <X> Reference waveform 1, 2, 3, 4.

<NRf> Vertical scale

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the reference waveform vertical scale.

Example :REF1:SCALe 5.000E-2

Selects reference 1, and then sets the vertical scale to 50mV | mA/div.

Run Command

:RUN

 Set →

Description The run command allows the oscilloscope to continuously make acquisitions (equivalent to pressing the Run key on the front panel).

Syntax :RUN

Stop Command

:STOP

 Set →

Description The stop command stops the oscilloscope making further acquisitions (equivalent to pressing the Stop key on the front panel).

Syntax :STOP

Single Command

:SINGLe

 Set →

Description The single command allows the oscilloscope to capture a single acquisition when trigger conditions have been fulfilled (equivalent to pressing the Single key on the front panel).

Syntax :SINGLe

Force Command

:FORCe



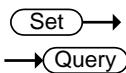
Description The Force command forces an acquisition
(equivalent to pressing the Force-Trig key on the front panel).

Syntax :FORCe

Timebase Commands

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:TIMEbase:EXPand



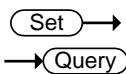
Description	Sets or queries the horizontal expansion mode.
-------------	--

Syntax	:TIMEbase:EXPand {CENTer TRIGger ?}
--------	-------------------------------------

Parameter/Return parameter	CENTer	Expand from the center of the display.
	TRIGger	Expand from the trigger point.

Example	:TIMEbase:EXPand TRIGger
---------	--------------------------

Sets the expansion point to the trigger point.



:TIMEbase:POSITION

Description	Sets or queries the horizontal position.
-------------	--

Syntax	:TIMEbase:POSITION {<NRf> ?}
--------	--------------------------------

Parameter	<NRf>	Horizontal position
-----------	-------	---------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the horizontal position
------------------	-------	---------------------------------

Example	:TIMEbase:POSITION 5.00E-4
---------	----------------------------

Sets the horizontal position as 500us.

:TIMEbase:SCALe**Set****Query****Description** Sets or queries the horizontal scale.**Syntax** :TIMEbase:SCALe {<NRf> | ?}**Parameter** <NRf> Horizontal scale**Return parameter** <NR3> Returns the horizontal scale.**Example** :TIMEbase:SCALe 5.00E-2

Sets the horizontal scale to 50ms/div.

:TIMEbase:MODE**Set****Query****Description** Sets or queries the time base mode. The time base mode determines the display view window on the scope.**Syntax** :TIMEbase:MODE {MAIN | WINDOW | XY | ?}**Parameter** MAIN Sets the time base mode to the main screen.

WINDOW Sets the time base mode to the zoom window.

XY Sets the time base mode to the XY display.

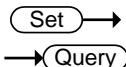
Return parameter Returns the time base mode (MAIN, WINDOW, XY)**Example** :TIMEbase:MODE MAIN

Sets the time base mode to the main mode.

:TIMEbase:WINDOW:POSITION**Set****Query****Description** Sets or queries the zoom horizontal position.**Syntax** :TIMEbase:WINDOW:POSITION {<NRf> | ?}**Related commands** :TIMEbase:MODE

Parameter	<NRf>	Horizontal position for zoom window
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the zoom horizontal position.

Example :TIMEbase:WINDow:POSition 2.0E-3
Sets the zoom horizontal position as 20ms.



:TIMEbase:WINDow:SCALe

Description	Sets or queries the zoom horizontal scale.	
Note	If the oscilloscope is under "ZOOM" mode, the main timebase function will be disabled and cannot be modified.	
Syntax	:TIMEbase:WINDow:SCALe {<NRf> ?}	
Related commands	:TIMEbase:MODe	
Parameter	<NRf>	Zoom horizontal scale. The range will depend on the time base.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the zoom horizontal scale.
Example	:TIMEbase:WINDow:SCALe 2.0E-3 Sets the zoom horizontal scale to 2ms.	

:PLAYStop



Description	Set the zoom play/stop or play the current segment in segments mode.	
Syntax	:PLAYStop {ON OFF} :PLAYStop?	
Parameter	ON Play OFF Stop	
Example	:PLAYStop ON :PLAYStop? ON	

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:TRIGger:FREQuency

→ Query

Description	Queries the trigger frequency.
-------------	--------------------------------

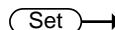
Syntax	:TRIGger:FREQuency{?}
--------	-----------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the trigger frequency.
------------------	-------	--------------------------------

Example	:TRIGger:FREQuency?
---------	---------------------

1.032E+3

Returns the trigger frequency.

Set

→ Query

:TRIGger:TYPe

Description	Sets or queries the trigger type.
-------------	-----------------------------------

Syntax	:TRIGger:TYPe {EDGE DELay PULSEWidth VIDeo RUNT RISEFall LOGic BUS TIMEOut ? }
--------	--

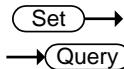
Parameter	EDGE	Edge trigger
	DELay	Delay trigger
	PULSEWidth	Pulse width trigger
	VIDeo	Video trigger
	RUNT	Runt trigger
	RISEFall	Rise and fall trigger
	LOGic	Logic trigger

BUS	Bus trigger
TIMEOut	Timeout trigger

Return parameter Returns the trigger type.

Example :TRIGger:TYPe EDGE

Sets the trigger type to edge.



:TRIGger:SOURce

Description Sets or queries the trigger source.

Syntax :TRIGger:SOURce
{ CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | EXT | LINe | D0 | D1 | D2 |
D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 |
D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter CH1 to CH4 Channel 1 to channel 4

EXT External source

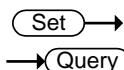
LINe AC Line

D0~D15 Digital channels D0~D15

Return parameter Returns the trigger source.

Example :TRIGger:SOURce CH1

Sets the trigger source to channel 1.



:TRIGger:COUPLE

Description Sets or queries the trigger coupling.

Note Applicable for edge and delay triggers only.

Syntax :TRIGger:COUPLE {AC | DC | HF | LF | ?}

Parameter AC AC mode

DC DC mode

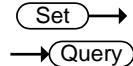
HF High frequency rejection

LF Low frequency rejection

Return parameter Returns the trigger coupling.

Example :TRIGger:COUPLE AC

Sets the trigger coupling to AC.



:TRIGger:NREJ

Description Sets or queries noise rejection status.

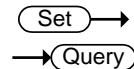
Syntax :TRIGger:NREJ {OFF| ON| ?}

Parameter	OFF	Turns noise rejection off
	ON	Turns noise rejection on

Return parameter Returns the noise rejection status (ON, OFF).

Example :TRIGger:NREJ ON

Turns noise rejection on.



:TRIGger:MODE

Description Sets or queries the trigger mode.

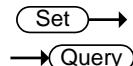
Syntax :TRIGger:MODE {AUTo | NORMal | ?}

Parameter	AUTo	Auto trigger (Untriggered roll)
	NORMal	Normal trigger

Return parameter Returns the trigger mode.

Example :TRIGger:MODE NORMal

Sets the trigger mode to normal.



:TRIGger:HOLDoff

Description Sets or queries the holdoff time.

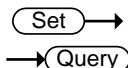
Syntax :TRIGger:HOLDoff {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter	<NRf>	Holdoff time
-----------	-------	--------------

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the trigger holdoff time.

Example :TRIGger:HOLDoff 1.00E-8

Sets the trigger holdoff time to 10ns.



:TRIGger:LEVel

Description Sets or queries the level.

Note Not applicable to Pulse Runt and Rise & Fall triggers.

Syntax :TRIGger:LEVel {TTL | ECL | SETTO50 | <NRf> | ?}

Related commands :TRIGger:TYPE

Parameter	<NRf>	Trigger level value.
	TTL	Sets the trigger level to TTL.
	ECL	Sets the trigger level to ECL.
	SETTO50	Sets the trigger level to the User level (50% by default).

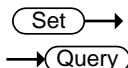
Return parameter <NR3> Returns the trigger level.

Example1 :TRIGger:LEVel TTL

Sets the trigger to TTL.

Example2 :TRIGger:LEVel 3.30E-1

Sets the trigger level to 330mV / mA.



:TRIGger:HLEVel

Description Sets or queries the high trigger level.

Note Applicable for Rise and Fall/Pulse Runt triggers.

Syntax :TRIGger:HLEVel {<NRf> | ?}

Related commands :TRIGger:TYPE

Parameter <NRf> High level value.

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the trigger high level.

Example :TRIGger:HLEVel 3.30E-1

Sets the trigger high level to 330mV/ mA.

:TRIGger:LLEVel

Description Sets or queries the low trigger level.

Note Applicable for Rise and Fall/Pulse Runt triggers.

Syntax :TRIGger:LLEVel {<NRf> | ?}

Related commands :TRIGger:TYPE

Parameter	<NRf>	Low level value.
-----------	-------	------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the trigger low level.
------------------	-------	--------------------------------

Example :TRIGger:LLEVel -3.30E-3

Sets the trigger low level to -330mV/ mA.

:TRIGger:EDGE:SLOP

Description Sets or queries the trigger slope.

Syntax :TRIGger:EDGE:SLOP {RISe | FALL | EITher | ? }

Related commands :TRIGger:TYPE

Parameter	RISe	Rising slope
	FALL	Falling slope
	EITher	Either rising or falling slope

Return parameter Returns the trigger slope.

Example :TRIGger:EDGE:SLOP FALL

Sets the trigger slope to falling.

:TRIGger:DELay:SLOP**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the trigger slope for the delay trigger.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:DELay:SLOP {RISe FALL EITher ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE	
Parameter	RISe	Rising slope
	FALL	Falling slope
	EITher	Either rising or falling slope

Return parameter Returns the trigger slope.

Example :TRIGger:DELay:SLOP FALL

Sets the trigger slope to falling.

:TRIGger:DELay:TYPE**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the trigger delay type.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:DELay:TYPE {TIME EVENT ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE	
Parameter	TIME	Sets the delay type to time.
	EVENT	Sets the delay type to event.

Return parameter Returns the trigger delay type.

Example :TRIGger:DELay:TYPE TIME

Sets the delay type to time delay.

:TRIGger:DELay:TIME**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the delay time value.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:DELay:TIME {<NRf> ? }	

Related commands :TRIGger:DELay:TYPe

Parameter	<NRf>	Delay time (1.00E-8~1.00E+1)
-----------	-------	------------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the delay time.
------------------	-------	-------------------------

Example :TRIGger:DELay:TIME 1.00E-6

Sets the delay time to 1us.

 Set

 Query

:TRIGger:DELay:EVENT

Description Sets or queries the number of events for the event delay trigger.

Syntax :TRIGger:DELay:EVENT {<NR1> | ?}

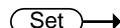
Related commands :TRIGger:DELay:TYPe

Parameter	<NR1>	1~65535 events
-----------	-------	----------------

Return parameter	<NR1>	Returns the number of events.
------------------	-------	-------------------------------

Example :TRIGger:DELay:EVENT 2

Sets the number of events to 2.

 Set

 Query

:TRIGger:DELay:LEVel

Description Sets or queries the trigger delay level.

Syntax :TRIGger:DELay:LEVel {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter	<NRf>	Delay trigger level
-----------	-------	---------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the delay trigger.
------------------	-------	----------------------------

Example :TRIGger:DELay:LEVEL 5.00E-3

Sets the delay trigger level to 5mV / mA.

 Set

 Query

:TRIGger:PULSEWidth:POLarity

Description Sets or queries the pulse width trigger polarity.

Syntax	:TRIGger:PULSEWidth:POLarity {POSitive NEGative ?}	
--------	---	--

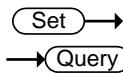
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPe	
------------------	---------------	--

Parameter	POSitive	Positive polarity
	NEGative	Negative polarity

Return parameter	Returns the pulse width polarity.
------------------	-----------------------------------

Example	:TRIGger:PULSEWidth:POLarity POSitive
	Sets the pulse width polarity to positive.

:TRIGger:RUNT:POLarity



Description	Sets or queries the Pulse Runt trigger polarity.	
-------------	--	--

Syntax	:TRIGger:RUNT:POLarity { POSitive NEGative EITher ? }	
--------	---	--

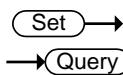
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPe	
------------------	---------------	--

Parameter	POSitive	Positive polarity
	NEGative	Negative polarity
	EITher	Positive or negative polarity

Return parameter	Returns the pulse runt trigger polarity.
------------------	--

Example	:TRIGger:RUNT:POLarity POSitive
	Sets the Pulse Runt trigger polarity to positive.

:TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn



Description	Sets or queries the Pulse Runt trigger conditions.	
-------------	--	--

Syntax	:TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn {MOREthan LESSthan EQual UNEQual ? }	
--------	--	--

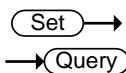
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPe	
------------------	---------------	--

	:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME	
--	--------------------	--

Parameter	MOREthan	>
	LESSthan	<
	Equal	=
	UNEQual	≠

Return parameter Returns the pulse runt trigger condition.

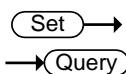
Example :TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn UNEQual
Sets the Pulse Runt trigger condition to unequal (#).



:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME

Description	Sets or queries the Pulse Runt trigger time.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME {<NRf> ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE :TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn	
Parameter	<NRf>	Pulse runt time (4nS to 10S)
Return Parameter	<NR3>	Returns the runt time in seconds.

Example :TRIGger:RUNT:TIME 4.00E-5
Sets the runt time to 40.0uS.



:TRIGger:RISEFall:SLOP

Description	Sets or queries the Rise & Fall slope.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:RISEFall:SLOP {RISe FALL EITher ? }	
Parameter	RISe	Rising slope
	FALL	Falling slope
	EITher	Either rising or falling slope

Return parameter Returns the rise & fall slope.

Example :TRIGger:RISEFall:SLOP RISe
Sets the Rise & Fall slope to rising.

:TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the rise/fall trigger conditions.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn {MOREthan LESSthan EQUAL UNEQual ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE :TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME	
Parameter	MOREthan	>
	LESSthan	<
	Equal	=
	UNEQual	≠

Return parameter Returns the rise/fall trigger condition.

Example :TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn UNEQual
 Sets the Rise and Fall trigger condition to unequal (#).

Set →→ **Query****:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME**

Description	Sets or queries the Rise and Fall time.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME {<NRf> ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE :TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn	
Parameter	<NRf>	Rise and Fall time (4nS to 10S)
Return Parameter	<NR3>	Returns the rise and fall time in seconds.
Example	:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME 4.00E-5 Sets the trigger rise & fall to 40.0us.	

:TRIGger:VIDeo:TYPE

 Set

 Query

Description	Sets or queries the video trigger type.
-------------	---

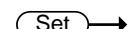
Syntax	:TRIGger:VIDeo:TYPE {NTSC PAL SECam EDTV480P EDTV576P HDTV720P HDTV1080I HDTV1080P ? }
--------	--

Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE
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Parameter	NTSC	NTSC
	PAL	PAL
	SECam	SECAM
	EDTV480P	Extra definition TV 480P
	EDTV576P	Extra definition TV 576P
	HDTV720P	High definition TV 720P
	HDTV1080I	High definition TV 1080i
	HDTV1080P	High definition TV 1080P

Return parameter	Returns the video trigger type.
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Example	:TRIGger:VIDeo:TYPE NTSC Sets the video trigger to NTSC.
---------	---

 Set

 Query

:TRIGger:VIDeo:FIELD

Description	Sets or queries the video trigger field.
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Syntax	:TRIGger:VIDeo:FIELD { FIELD1 FIELD2 ALLFields ALLLines ? }
--------	--

Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE
------------------	---------------

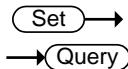
Parameter	FIELD1	Trigger on field 1
	FIELD2	Trigger on field 2
	ALLFields	Trigger on all fields

ALLLines	Trigger on all lines
----------	----------------------

Return parameter Returns the video trigger field.

Example :TRIGger:VIDeo:FIELd ALLFields

Sets the video trigger to trigger on all fields.



:TRIGger:VIDeo:LINE

Description Sets or queries the video trigger line.

Syntax :TRIGger:VIDeo:LINE {<NR1> | ?}

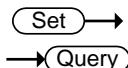
Related commands :TRIGger:TYPE

Parameter <NR1> Video line

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the video trigger line.

Example :TRIGger:VIDeo:LINE 1

Sets the video trigger to line 1.



:TRIGger:VIDeo:POLarity

Description Sets or queries the video trigger polarity.

Syntax :TRIGger:VIDeo:POLarity { POSitive | NEGative | ? }

Related commands :TRIGger:TYPE

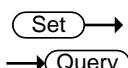
Parameter POSitive Positive polarity

NEGative Negative polarity

Return parameter Returns the video trigger polarity.

Example :TRIGger:VIDeo:POLarity POSitive

Sets the video trigger polarity to positive.



:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn

Description Sets or queries the pulse width trigger conditions.

Syntax	:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn { MOREthan LESSthan EQual UNEQual ? }
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE :TRIGger:PULSe:TIME
Parameter	MORE than > LESSthan < EQual = UNEQual ≠
Return parameter	Returns the pulse width trigger conditions.

Example	:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn UNEQual
	Sets the trigger pulse width conditions to not equal to (#).

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or queries the pulse width time.
Syntax	:TRIGger:PULSe:TIME {<NRf> ?}
Related commands	:TRIGger:TYPE :TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn
Parameter	<NRf> Pulse width time (4ns~10s)
Return parameter	<NR3> Returns the pulse width time in seconds.

Example	:TRIGger:PULSe:TIME 4.00E-5
	Sets the trigger pulse width to 40.0us.

Set →
→ Query

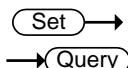
Description	Sets or queries the timeout trigger condition.
Syntax	:TRIGger:TIMEOut:WHEn {HIGH LOW EITHER ?}
Related commands	:TRIGger:TIMEOut:TIMER

Parameter	HIGH	Signal is high.
	LOW	Signal is low.
	EITHER	Signal is high or low.

Return parameter Returns the timeout condition (HIGH, LOW, EITHER).

Example1 :TRIGger:TIMEOut:WHEn LOW

Sets the timeout condition to low.



:TRIGger:TIMEOut:TIMER

Description Sets or returns timeout trigger time.

Syntax :TRIGger:TIMEOut:TIMER {<NRf> | ? }

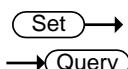
Related commands :TRIGger:TIMEOut:WHEn

Parameter <NRf> Timeout time. (4nS to 10S).

Return parameter Returns the timeout time as <NR3>.

Example :TRIGger:TIMEOut:TIMER?

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:TRIGger:ALTernate

Description Sets alternating between source triggers on or off or queries its state.

Syntax :TRIGger:ALTernate {OFF | ON | ?}

Parameter	OFF	Alternate off
	ON	Alternate on

Return parameter Returns the Alternate trigger status (ON, OFF).

Example :TRIGger:ALTernate ON

Turns on alternating between source triggers.

:TRIGger:STATE

Description	Returns the current state of the triggering system.	
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Syntax	:TRIGger:STATE?	
--------	-----------------	--

Return parameter	*ARMED *AUTO *READY *SAVE *TRIGGER	Indicates that the oscilloscope is acquiring pretrigger information. Indicates that the oscilloscope is in the automatic mode and acquires data even in the absence of a trigger. Indicates that all pretrigger information has been acquired and that the oscilloscope is ready to accept a trigger. Indicates that the oscilloscope is in save mode and is not acquiring data. Indicates that the oscilloscope triggered and is acquiring the post trigger information.
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Example	:TRIGger:STATE?	
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AUTO	 
------	---

The trigger is in auto mode.

:TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:TYPe

Description	Sets or queries the external probe type.	
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Syntax	:TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:TYPe { VOLtage CURRrent ? }	
--------	---	--

Related commands	:TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:RATio	
------------------	-------------------------------	--

Parameter	VOLTage CURRrent	Voltage Current
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Return parameter	Returns the probe type.	
------------------	-------------------------	--

Example :TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:TYPe?
CURRENT

 → 

:TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:RATio

Description Sets or queries the external probe ratio (attenuation).

Syntax :TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:RATio {<NRf> | ?}

Related commands :TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:TYPe

Parameter <NRf> External probe attenuation factor.

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the probe attenuation factor.

Example :TRIGger:EXTERnal:PROBe:RATio?
5.000000e+01

:TRIGger:BUS:TYPe 

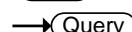
Description Returns the current bus type.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:TYPe?

Return parameter	12C	I ² C mode
	SPI	SPI mode
	UART	UART mode
	CAN	CAN mode
	PARALLEL	PARALLEL mode
	LIN	LIN mode

Example :TRIGger:BUS:TYPe?
UART

:TRIGger:BUS:THreshold:CH<x>

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the threshold level for the selected channel.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:THreshold:CH<X> {<NR3> | ?}

<X>	CH1 ~ CH4
-----	-----------

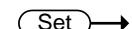
<NR3>	Threshold level
-------	-----------------

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the threshold level

Example :TRIGger:BUS:THreshold:CH1 1

Sets the CH1 threshold to 1V.

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the I²C trigger conditions.

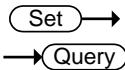
Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION
{START | STOP | REPEATstart | ACKMISS | ADDRess | DATA | ADDRANDDATA | ? }

Parameter	START	Set Start as the I ² C trigger condition.
	STOP	Set Stop as the I ² C trigger condition.
	REPEATstart	Set Repeat of Start as the I ² C trigger condition.
	ACKMISS	Set Missing Acknowledgement as the I ² C trigger condition.
	ADDRess	Set Address as the I ² C trigger condition.
	DATA	Set Data as the I ² C trigger condition.
	ADDRANDDATA	Set Address and Data as the I ² C trigger condition.

Return parameter Returns the I²C bus trigger condition.

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition ADDRess

Set Address as the I²C trigger condition.



:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE

Description Sets or queries the I²C addressing mode (7 or 10 bits).

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE {ADDR7 | ADDR10 | ? }

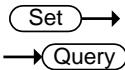
Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition

Parameter	ADDR7	7 bit addressing
	ADDR10	10 bit addressing

Return Parameter	0	7 bit addressing
	1	10 bit addressing

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE?
0

The addressing mode is currently set to 7 bits.



:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:TYPe

Description Sets the I²C bus address type, or queries what the setting is.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:TYPe {GENeralcall | STARTbyte | HSmode | EEPROM | CBUS | ? }

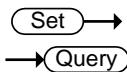
Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition

Parameter	GENeralcall	Set a general call address (0000 000 0).
	STARTbyte	Set a start byte address. (0000 000 1)

	HSmode	Set a high-speed mode address. (0000 1xx x)
	EEPROM	Set an EEPROM address. (1010 xxx x)
	CBUS	Set a CBUS address. (0000 001 x)

Return Parameter Returns the address type

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:TYPe?
CBUS



:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue

Description Sets or queries the I²C bus address value when the I²C bus is set to trigger on Address or Address/Data.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue {<string> | ? }

Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE

Parameter	<string>	7/10 characters, must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
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Return Parameter Returns the address value.

Example1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE ADDR7
:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue "xxx0101"
Sets the address to XXX0101

Example 2 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue?
XXX0101

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:DIRECTION**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the address bit as read write or don't care.	
Note	This setting only applies when the I ² C trigger is set to trigger on Address or Address/Data	
Syntax	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:DIRECTION { READ WRITE NOCARE ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition	
Parameter	READ	Set read as the data direction.
	WRITE	Set write as the data direction.
	NOCARE	Set either as the data direction.

Return Parameter Returns the direction (READ, WRITE, NOCARE).

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:DIRECTION READ
Sets the direction to READ.**:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATA:SIZE****Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the data size in bytes for the I ² C bus.	
! Note	This setting only applies when the I ² C trigger is set to trigger on Data or Address/Data	
Syntax	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATA:SIZE {<NR1> ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition	
Parameter	<NR1>	Number of data bytes (1 to 5).
Return parameter	<NR1>	Returns the number of bytes.
Example	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATA:SIZE 3 Sets the number of bytes to 3.	

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the triggering data value for the I²C bus when the I²C bus is set to trigger on Data or Address/Data.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue {<string> | ? }

Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE

Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
-----------	----------	--

Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example 1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE 1

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue “1x1x0101”

Sets the value to XXX0101

Example 2 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue?

1X1X0101

 Set
 Query

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDITION

Description Sets or queries the UART triggering condition.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDITION { RXSTArt | RXDATA | RXENDPacket | TXSTArt | TXDATA | TXENDPacket | TXPARItyerr | RXPARItyerr | ? }

Parameter	RXSTArt	Set trigger on the RX Start Bit.
	RXDATA	Set trigger on RX Data.

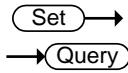
RXENDPacket	Set trigger on the RX End of Packet condition.
RXPARItyerr	Set trigger on RX Parity error condition.
TXSTARt	Set trigger on the TX Start Bit.
TXDATA	Set trigger on TX Data.
TXENDPacket	Set trigger on the TX End of Packet condition.
TXPARItyerr	Set trigger on TX Parity error condition.

Return Parameter Returns the triggering condition.

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition TXDATA

Sets the UART bus to trigger on Tx Data.

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:SIZe



Description Sets or queries the number of bytes for UART data.

 Note This setting only applies when the UART trigger is set to trigger on Rx Data

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:SIZe {<NR1> | ?}

Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition

Parameter <NR1> Number of bytes (1 to 10).

Return parameter <NR1> Returns the number of bytes.

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:SIZe 5

Sets the number of bytes to 5.

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:VALue

 Set

 Query

Description Sets or queries the triggering data value for the UART bus when the bus is set to trigger on Rx Data.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:VALue {<string> | ? }

Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:SIZE

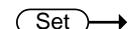
Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
-----------	----------	--

Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example 1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDITION RXDATA
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:SIZE 1
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:VALue "1x1x0101"
 Sets the value to 1x1x0101

Example 2 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:VALue?
 1X1X0101

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE

 Set

 Query

Description Sets or queries the number of bytes for UART data.

 Note This setting only applies when the UART trigger is set to trigger on Tx Data

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE {<NR1> | ? }

Related commands	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition	
Parameter	<NR1>	Number of bytes (1 to 10).
Return parameter	<NR1>	Returns the number of bytes.
Example	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE 5	Sets the number of bytes to 5.
:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue		Set → → Query
Description	Sets or queries the triggering data value for the UART bus when the bus is set to trigger on Tx Data.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue {<string> ? }	
Related commands	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE	
Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
Return Parameter	Returns the data value.	
Example 1	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition TXDATA :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE 1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue "1x1x0101" Sets the value to 1x1x0101	
Example 2	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue? 1X1X0101	

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDITION

 Set

 Query

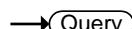
Description	Sets or queries the SPI triggering condition.		
Syntax	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDITION {SS MISO MOSI MISOMOSI ?}		
Parameter	SS	Set to trigger on the Slave Selection condition.	
	MISO	Set to trigger on the Master-In Slave-Out condition.	
	MOSI	Set to trigger on the Master-Out Slave-In condition.	
	MISOMOSI	Set to trigger on the Master-In Slave-Out and Master-Out Slave-In conditions.	

Return Parameter Returns the triggering condition.

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDITION MISO

Sets the SPI bus to trigger on MISO.

 Set

 Query

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZE

Description Sets or queries the number of words for SPI data.

 Note This setting only applies when the SPI trigger is set to trigger on MISO, MOSI or MISO/MOSI

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZE {<NR1> | ?}

Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDITION

Parameter <NR1> Number of words (1 to 32).

Return parameter <NR1> Returns the number of words.

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZE 10

Sets the number of words to 10.

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the triggering data value for the SPI bus when the bus is set to trigger on MISO or MISO/MOSI.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue {<string>}
| ? }

Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZE

Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
-----------	----------	--

Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example 1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDITION MISO
:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZE 2
:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue "1x1x0101"
Sets the value to 1x1x0101

Example 2 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue?
1X1X0101

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOSI:VALue

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the triggering data value for the SPI bus when the bus is set to trigger on MOSI or MISO/MOSI.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOSI:VALue {<string>}
| ? }

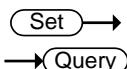
Related commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe

Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
-----------	----------	--

Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition MOSI
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe 2
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOSI:VALue "1x1x0101"
 Sets the value to 1x1x0101

Example2 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOSI:VALue?
 1X1X0101



:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition

Description Sets or returns the CAN trigger condition.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition
 {SOF|FRAMEmode|IDentifier|DATA|IDANDDATA|EOF|
 ACKMISS|STUFFERR|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	SOF	Triggers on a start of frame
	FRAMEmode	Triggers on the type of frame
	Identifier	Triggers on a matching identifier
	DATA	Triggers on matching data
	IDANDDATA	Triggers on matching identifier and data field
	EOF	Triggers on the end of frame
	ACKMISS	Triggers on a missing acknowledge

STUFFERR Triggers on a bit stuffing error

Example1 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition SOF
Triggers on a start of frame.

Example2 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition?
>SOF

 Set →
→  Query

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:FRAMEmode

Description Sets or returns the frame type for a CAN FRAMEmode trigger.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:FRAMEmode
{DATA|REMote|ERRor|OVERload|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	DATA	Sets the frame type to data frame
	REMote	Sets the frame type to remote frame
	ERRor	Sets the frame type to error frame
	OVERload	Sets the frame type to overload

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:FRAMEmode DATA
Sets the frame type to DATA.

 Set →
→  Query

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE

Description Sets or returns the CAN identifier mode for the bus.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE
{STANDARD|EXTended|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	STANDARD	Standard addressing mode
	EXTended	Extended addressing mode

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE?
>STANDARD
Returns the addressing mode.

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALue

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the identifier string used for the CAN trigger.

 Note Only applicable when the trigger condition is set to ID or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALue {<string>|?}

Related Commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". String contents: x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
--------------------------------	----------	--

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition ID
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE STANDARD
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALue
 "01100X1X01X"
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALue?
 >01100X1X01X

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRECTION

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or queries the address bit as read, write or don't care.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRECTION
 {READ|WRITE|NOCARE|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	READ	Sets read as the data direction
	WRITE	Sets write as the data direction

	NOCARE	Sets either as the data direction
Example1	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRECTION? >WRITE	
Example2	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRECTION READ :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRECTION? > READ	
	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier	 
Description		Sets or returns the CAN data qualifier.
 Note		Only applicable when the triggering condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.
Syntax		:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier {LESSthan MOREthan EQUAL UNEQual LESSEQual MOREEQual?}
Parameter/ Return parameter	LESSthan	Triggers when the data is less than the qualifier value.
	MOREthan	Triggers when the data is greater than the qualifier value.
	EQUAL	Triggers when the data is equal to the qualifier value.
	UNEQual	Triggers when the data is not equal to the qualifier value.
	LESSEQual	Triggers when the data is less than or equal to the qualifier value.
	MOREEQual	Triggers when the data is more than or equal to the qualifier value.
Example		:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier? >EQUAL :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier MOREthan :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier? >MOREthan

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE**Set****Query**

Description Sets or returns the length of the data string in bytes for a CAN trigger.

Note Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE {<NR1>|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	1~8 (bytes)
--	-------	-------------

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE?

>1

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE 2

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE?

>2

Set**Query****:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:VALue**

Description Sets or returns the binary data string to be used for a CAN trigger.

Note Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.

**Related
Commands** :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:VALue {<string>|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
--	----------	--

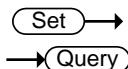
String contents:

x = don't care

1 = binary 1

0 = binary 0

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:SIZE 1
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:VALue "01010X1X"
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:VALue?
 >01010X1X



:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION

Description	Sets or returns the LIN trigger condition.																				
Syntax	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION {SYNCField IDentifier DATA IDANDDATA WAKEup SLEEP ERRor ?}																				
Parameter/ Return parameter	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>SYNCField</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to the sync field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDentifier</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to identifier field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DATA</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to the data field.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IDANDDATA</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to identifier and data field</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WAKEup</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to wake up.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SLEEP</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to sleep.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ERRor</td> <td>Sets the LIN trigger condition to error.</td> </tr> </table>							SYNCField	Sets the LIN trigger condition to the sync field.	IDentifier	Sets the LIN trigger condition to identifier field.	DATA	Sets the LIN trigger condition to the data field.	IDANDDATA	Sets the LIN trigger condition to identifier and data field	WAKEup	Sets the LIN trigger condition to wake up.	SLEEP	Sets the LIN trigger condition to sleep.	ERRor	Sets the LIN trigger condition to error.
SYNCField	Sets the LIN trigger condition to the sync field.																				
IDentifier	Sets the LIN trigger condition to identifier field.																				
DATA	Sets the LIN trigger condition to the data field.																				
IDANDDATA	Sets the LIN trigger condition to identifier and data field																				
WAKEup	Sets the LIN trigger condition to wake up.																				
SLEEP	Sets the LIN trigger condition to sleep.																				
ERRor	Sets the LIN trigger condition to error.																				

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION?
 >IDANDDATA
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDition DATA
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDition?
 >DATA

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:QUALifier

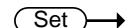
 Set

 Query

Description	Sets or returns the LIN data qualifier.	
 Note	Only applicable when the trigger condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.	
Syntax	<pre>:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:QUALifier {LESSthan MOREthan EQUAL UNEQual LESSEQual M OREEQQual ?}</pre>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	LESSthan	Triggers when the data is less than the qualifier value.
	MOREthan	Triggers when the data is greater than the qualifier value.
	EQUAL	Triggers when the data is equal to the qualifier value.
	UNEQual	Triggers when the data is not equal to the qualifier value.
	LESSEQual	Triggers when the data is less than or equal to the qualifier value.
	MOREEQQual	Triggers when the data is more than or equal to the qualifier value.

Example	<pre>:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:QUALifier? >EQUAL</pre> <pre>:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:QUALifier MOREthan</pre> <pre>:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:QUALifier? >MORETHAN</pre>
---------	---

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE

 Set

 Query

Description	Sets or returns the length of the data string in bytes for the LIN trigger.
 Note	Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZe {<NR1>|?}

Parameter/ <NR1> 1~8 (bytes)

Return parameter

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZe?

>1

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZe 2

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZe?

>2

 Set →

→  Query

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:VALue

Description Sets or returns the binary data string to be used for the LIN trigger.



Note Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.

Related Commands :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZe

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:VALue {<string>|?}

Parameter/ <string> Return parameter The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".

String contents:

x = don't care

1 = binary 1

0 = binary 0

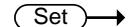
Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZe 1

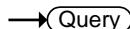
:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:VALue "01010X1X"

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:VALue?

>01010X1X

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE

 Set

 Query

Description	Sets or returns the error type be used for the LIN trigger.	
Syntax	:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE {SYNC PARity CHECKsum ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	SYNC	Sets the LIN error type to SYNC.
	PARity	Sets the LIN error type to parity.
	CHECKsum	Sets the LIN error type to checksum.

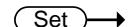
Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE?

>SYNC

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE CHECKSUM

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE?

>CHECKSUM

 Set

 Query

:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALue

Description Sets or returns the identifier string to be used for the LIN trigger.

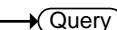
 Note

Only applicable when the condition is set to ID or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALue {<string>|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". String contents: x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
--------------------------------	----------	--

Example :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION ID
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALUe "00X1X01X"
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALUe?
 >01100X1X01X
 :TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce

**:TRIGger:BUS:B1:PARallel:VALUe**

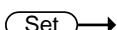
Description Sets or returns the binary data string to be used for a Parallel trigger.

Syntax :TRIGger:BUS:B1:PARallel:VALUe {string}
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:PARallel:VALUe?

Related Commands :BUS1:PARallel:WIDth

Parameter	<code><string></code>	String contents: x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
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Example :BUS1:PARallel:WIDth 8
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:PARallel:VALUe "1X1X0101"
 :TRIGger:BUS:B1:PARallel:VALUe?
 >1X1X0101

**:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce**

Description Sets or returns which digital channel is used as the clock source for the logic trigger. If none are selected, a pattern trigger will have to be used.

Syntax :TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce {NONE | D0 |
 D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 |
 D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	None	No clock source selected. A pattern trigger will have to be set.
	D0~D15	Sets one of the digital channels as the clock source.

Example :TRIG:LOG:INP:CLOCK:SOUR D0
 :TRIG:LOG:INP:CLOCK:SOUR?
 >D0

:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:EDGe



Description Sets the polarity of the clock source.

Syntax :TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:EDGe {RISe | FALL | EITher}

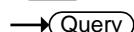
Related
Commands :TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce

Parameter	RISe	Sets the clock source on the rising edge.
	FALL	Sets the clock source on the falling edge.
	EITher	Sets the clock source to either rising or falling edge.

Example :TRIG:LOG:INP:CLOCK:EDG RIS



:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION



Description Sets or queries the logical combination of the digital channels for the logic trigger.

Syntax :TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION{AND | NAND | NOR | OR | ?}

Related
Commands :TRIGger:LOGic:PATTERn:INPut:D<x>

Parameter/ Return parameter	AND	Sets the logic combination to AND.
	NAND	Sets the logic combination to NAND.
	NOR	Sets the logic combination to NOR.

	OR	Sets the logic combination to OR.
Example	:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION? >AND :TRIGGER:LOGIC:FUNCTION NAND	Sets the logic combination of the digital channels to NAND.
:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern → Query		
Description		Queries the conditions used for generating a logic pattern trigger in terms of input pattern, pattern trigger time and conditions.
Syntax	:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern?	
Example		:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern? >:TRIGGER:LOGIC:PATTERN:INPUT:D0 HIGH; D1 X; D2 X; D3 X; D4 X; D5 X; D6 X; D7 X; D8 X; D9 X; D10 X; D11 X; D12 X; D13 X; D14 X; D15 X; :TRIGGER:LOGIC:PATTERN:WHEN TRUE; :TRIGGER:LOGIC:PATTERN:DELTATIME 1.000e-08;
:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:INPut:D<x> Set → Query		
Description		Sets or returns the logic level for the selected digital channel.
Syntax	:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:INPut:D<x> {HIGH LOW X ?}	
Related Commands	:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x> HIGH LOW X	Digital channel number 0~15. Sets to logical high state. Sets to logical low state. Sets to “don’t care” state.

Example :TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:INPut:D0?
>HIGH

 Set
→  Query

:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime

Description Sets or returns the pattern trigger delta time value.

Syntax :TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime {<NR3> | ?}

Related :TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:WHEn
Commands

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR3>	Pattern trigger time value in seconds 1e-9 (1 ns) to 10.0e0 (10 s).
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Example :TRIG:LOG:PAT:DELT 8.960e-05
:TRIG:LOG:PAT:DELT?
>8.960e-05

 Set
→  Query

:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:WHEn

Description Sets or returns the pattern logic condition on which to trigger the oscilloscope.

Syntax :TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:WHEn {TRUE | FALSE |
LESSthan | MOREthan | EQUAL | UNEQual | ?}

Related :TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime
Commands

Parameter/ Return parameter	TRUE	Triggers when the defined input pattern is met.
	FALSE	Triggers when the defined input pattern is not met.
	LESSthan	Triggers when the defined input pattern is met during a time lower than the defined delta time.
	MOREthan	Triggers when the defined input pattern is met during a time greater than the defined delta time.

EQUAL	Triggers when the defined input pattern is met during a time equal to the defined delta time.
UNEQual	Triggers when the defined input pattern is met during a time other than the defined delta time.

Example :TRIG:LOG:PAT:DELT FALSE
 :TRIG:LOG:PAT:DELT?
 >FALSE

System Commands

:SYSTem:LOCK	186
:SYSTem:ERRor	186

:SYSTem:LOCK

Set →
→ Query

Description	Turns the panel lock on off.	
Syntax	:SYSTem:LOCK {OFF ON ?}	
Parameter	OFF	System lock off
	ON	System lock on
Return parameter	Returns the status of the panel lock (ON, OFF).	

Example :SYSTem:LOCK ON

Turns the panel lock on.

Set →
→ Query

:SYSTem:ERRor

Description	Queries the error queue. See the appendix on page 423 for details.	
Syntax	:SYSTem:ERRor?	
Return parameter	Returns the last message in the error queue.	
Example	:SYSTem:ERRor? +0, "No error."	

Save/Recall Commands

:RECALL:SETUp	187
:RECALL:WAVEform	187
:SAVe:IMAGe	188
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:SAVe:SETUp.....	189
:SAVe:WAVEform	190
:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat	191

:RECALL:SETUp

Set →

Description	Recalls setup settings from memory or USB.	
Syntax	:RECALL:SETUp {S1~S20 <file path>"Disk:/xxx.SET","USB:/xxx.SET")}	
Parameter	S1~S20	Recall Set1~Set20
	<file path>	Recall a file from the DSO internal files system or from a USB flash drive.
Example	:RECALL:SETUp S1 Recalls setup setting S1 from memory. :RECALL:SETUp "Disk:/DS0001.SET" Recall the setup setting DS0001.SET from the internal memory.	

:RECALL:WAVEform

Set →

Description	Recalls a waveform from wave1~wave20 or from file to REF1~4.
 Note	Detail CSV files cannot be recalled.

Syntax	:RECALL:WAVEform {W<n> <file path> ("Disk:/xxx.LSF", "USB:/xxx.LSF")},REF<X>	
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Parameter	n	1~20 (Wave1~wave20)
	<file page>	Filename in file path. Example: "Disk:/xxx.LSF", "USB:/xxx.LSF", "Disk:/xxx.CSV", "USB:/xxx.CSV"
	<X>	1, 2, 3, 4 (REF1, REF2, REF3, REF4)

Example	:RECALL:WAVEform W1, REF1 Recalls the waveform stored in Wave1 to reference 1.	
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:SAVe:IMAGe		
Description	Saves a screen image to the assigned file path with a specified filename.	
Syntax	:SAVe:IMAGe {<file path> ("Disk:/xxx.PNG", "USB:/xxx.BMP")}	
Related commands	:SAVe:IMAGe:FILEFormat :SAVe:IMAGe:INKSaver	
Parameter	xxx.PNG or xxx.BMP	File name (8 characters max)

Example	:SAVe:IMAGe "Disk:/pic1.PNG" Saves a screen image named pic1.png to the root directory (Disk:/) of the scope. :SAVe:IMAGe "USB:/pic1.BMP" Saves a screen image named pic1.bmp to the root directory of the external USB flash disk.	
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:SAVe:IMAGe:FILEFormat		 
Description	Sets the file format for image.	
Syntax	:SAVe:IMAGe:FILEFormat {PNG BMP ?}	

Related commands	:SAVe:IMAGe :SAVe:IMAGe:INKSaver
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Parameter	PNG	Sets the file format to PNG
	BMP	Sets the file format to BMP

Return parameter	Returns the file format (PNG, BMP).
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Example	:SAVe:IMAGe:FILEFormat PNG Sets the image file format to PNG.
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:SAVe:IMAGe:INKSaver Set →

→ Query

Description	Turns Ink Saver on or off.	
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Syntax	:SAVe:IMAGe:INKSaver {OFF ON ?}	
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Related commands	:SAVe:IMAGe :SAVe:IMAGe:FILEFormat	
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Parameter	OFF	Turns Inksaver off.
	ON	Turns Inksaver on.

Return parameter	Returns Ink Saver status (ON, OFF).	
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Example	:SAVe:IMAGe:INKSaver ON Turns Ink Saver on.	
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:SAVe:SETUp Set →

Description	Saves the current setup to internal memory (Set1~Set20) or the designated file path.	
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Syntax	:SAVe:SETUp {<file path> ("Disk:/xxx.SET", "USB:/xxx.SET") S1~S20}	
--------	--	--

Parameter	S1~S20	Saves the setup to Set1~Set20
	File path	Saves the setup to disk to the specified file path.

Example	:SAVe:SETUp S1 Saves the current setup to Set1 in internal memory. :SAVe:SETUp “Disk:/DS0001.SET” Saves the current setup to DS0001.SET in the root directory of the internal memory.
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:SAVe:WAVEform

Description	Saves a waveform to internal memory or to a designated file path.										
Related commands	:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat										
Syntax	:SAVe:WAVEform {CH1~REF4, REF<X>} {CH1~REF4, W1~W20} {CH1~ALL, file path}										
Parameter	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>CH1~REF4</td> <td>CH1~CH4, Math, D0~D15, REF1~4</td> </tr> <tr> <td><X></td> <td>1,2,3,4 (REF1, REF2, REF3, REF4)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>W1~W20</td> <td>Wave1~Wave20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ALL</td> <td>All the displayed waveforms on screen.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>File path</td> <td>Saves the waveform(s) to disk or USB to the specified file path. (LSF or CSV, but note that detail CSV can't be recalled to the scope.)</td> </tr> </table>	CH1~REF4	CH1~CH4, Math, D0~D15, REF1~4	<X>	1,2,3,4 (REF1, REF2, REF3, REF4)	W1~W20	Wave1~Wave20	ALL	All the displayed waveforms on screen.	File path	Saves the waveform(s) to disk or USB to the specified file path. (LSF or CSV, but note that detail CSV can't be recalled to the scope.)
CH1~REF4	CH1~CH4, Math, D0~D15, REF1~4										
<X>	1,2,3,4 (REF1, REF2, REF3, REF4)										
W1~W20	Wave1~Wave20										
ALL	All the displayed waveforms on screen.										
File path	Saves the waveform(s) to disk or USB to the specified file path. (LSF or CSV, but note that detail CSV can't be recalled to the scope.)										
Example 1	:SAVe:WAVEform CH1, REF2 Saves the channel1 waveform to REF2.										
Example 2	:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat LSF :SAVe:WAVEform ALL, “Disk:/ALL001” Sets the file format to LSF. A folder named “ALL001” is created and saves all displayed waveforms to the “ALL001” directory in the LSF format.										

Example 3	:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat FCSV :SAVe:WAVEform ALL, "Disk:/ALL002" Sets the file format to FCSV(fast CSV format). It then saves the all channel's waveforms to the root directory (Disk:/) of the internal flash disk in the CSV format (with the filename ALL002.CSV).
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Example 4	:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat LSF :SAVe:WAVEform CH2, "Disk:/DS0003.LSF" Save the channel 2's waveform to the root directory (Disk:/) of the internal flash disk in the LSF format with DS0003.LSF as the filename.
-----------	---

:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat Set → → Query

Description	Sets the waveform savefile format.	
Syntax	:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat {LSF DCSV FCSV ?}	
Parameter	LSF	Sets the file format to the GDS-3000A/2000EX's internal file format, LSF. (xxx.LSF)(no support LA)
	DCSV	Sets the file format to detail CSV. (xxx.CSV)
	FCSV	Sets the file format to fast CSV. (xxx.CSV)

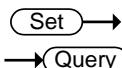
Return parameter Returns the file format (LSF, DCSV, FCSV).

Example	:SAVe:WAVEform:FILEFormat LSF Sets the file format to LSF.
---------	---

Ethernet Commands

:ETHERnet:DHCPC	192
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:ETHERnet:DHCPC



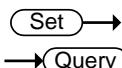
Description Sets or queries the DHCP settings.

Syntax :ETHERnet:DHCPC { OFF | ON | ? }

Parameter	ON	Turns DHCP on.
	OFF	Turns DHCP off.

Example :ETHERnet:DHCPC ON

Turns DHCP on.



:ETHERnet:IPADDress

Description Sets or queries ETHERnet IP address.

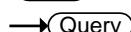
Syntax :ETHERnet:IPADDress{string}
:ETHERnet:IPADDress?

Parameter	string	IP number
-----------	--------	-----------

Example :ETHERnet:IPADDress "172.16.5.245"

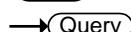
:ETHERnet:IPADDress?
172.16.5.245.

:ETHERnet:DNS:IPADDress

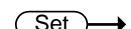



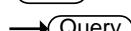
Description	Sets or queries ETHERnet DNS IP address.	
Syntax	:ETHERnet:DNS:IPADDress {string } :ETHERnet:DNS:IPADDress?	
Parameter	string	IP number
Example	:ETHERnet:DNS:IPADDress "172.16.1.251" :ETHERnet:DNS:IPADDress? 172.16.1.251	

:ETHERnet:DOMAINname

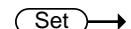



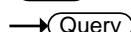
Description	Sets or queries ETHERnet domain name.	
Syntax	:ETHERnet:DOMAINname {string} :ETHERnet:DOMAINname?	
Parameter	string	IP number
Example	:ETHERnet:DOMAINname "GW01" :ETHERnet:DOMAINname? GW01	

:ETHERnet:ENET:ADDRess?


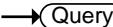


Description	Queries ETHERnet MAC address.	
Syntax	:ETHERnet:ENET:ADDRess?	
Example	:ETHERnet:ENET:ADDRess? 01:02:03:04	

:ETHERnet:GATEWay:IPADDress




Description	Sets or queries ETHERnet Gateway IP.	
-------------	--------------------------------------	--

Syntax	:ETHERnet:GATEWay:IPADDress{string} :ETHERnet:GATEWay:IPADDress?	
Parameter	string	IP number
Example	:ETHERnet:GATEWay:IPADDress "172.16.0.252" .ETHERnet:GATEWay:IPADDress? 172.16.0.252	
:ETHERnet:NAME	 	
Description	Sets or queries ETHERnet Name.	
Syntax	:ETHERnet:NAME {string} :ETHERnet:NAME?	
Parameter	string	Instrument name
Example	:ETHERnet:NAME "GDS3000A" .ETHERnet:NAME? GDS3000A	
:ETHERnet:PASSWord	 	
Description	Sets or queries ETHERnet Password.	
Syntax	ETHERnet:PASSWord {string} :ETHERnet:PASSWord?	
Parameter	string	Password
Example	:ETHERnet:PASSWord "GW1234" .ETHERnet:PASSWord? GW1234	
:ETHERnet:SUBNETMask	 	
Description	Sets or queries ETHERnet Subnet mask.	

Syntax	ETHERnet:SUBNETMask {string} :ETHERnet:SUBNETMask?	
Parameter	string	Mask IP number
Example	:ETHERnet:SUBNETMask "255.255.126.0" :ETHERnet:SUBNETMask? 255.255.126.0	

Time Command

:DATe



Description Sets the system date and time.

Syntax :DATe {<string>}

Parameter <string> "YYYYMMDDhhmmss"
Where:
YYYY: year
MM: month
DD: day
hh: hour
mm: minute
ss: second

Example :DATe "20210802142830"

Sets the time and date as:

Year: 2021, Month: 08, Day: 02, Hour: 14 (2PM),
Minute: 28, Second: 30.

Bus Decode Commands

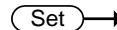
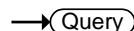
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:BUS1 → Query

Description Returns the supported BUS types.**Syntax** :BUS1?**Return Parameter** Returns the supported bus types.**Example** BUS1?

I2C, SPI, UART, CAN, LIN, Paralle

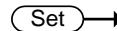
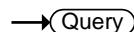
 → Set**:BUS1:STATE** → Query

Description Sets or queries the state of the bus.**Syntax** :BUS1:STATE { OFF | ON | ? }**Related commands** :BUS1:TYPe

Parameter/Return parameter	OFF	Turns the bus off.
	ON	Turns the bus on.

Example :BUS1:STATE ON

Turns the bus on.

 → Set**:BUS1:TYPe** → Query

Description Sets or queries the type of bus.

Syntax	:BUS1:TYPe { UART I2C SPI PARallel CAN LIN ? }	
--------	--	--

Related commands	:BUS1:STATE	
------------------	-------------	--

Parameter/Return parameter	UART	Sets the bus to UART mode.
	I2C	Sets the bus to I ² C mode.
	SPI	Sets the bus to SPI mode.
	PARallel	Sets the bus to parallel mode.
	CAN	Sets the bus to CAN mode.
	LIN	Sets the bus to LIN mode.

Example	:BUS1:TYPe SPI	
---------	----------------	--

Sets the bus to SPI mode.



:BUS1:INPut

Description	Sets or returns the bus source.	
-------------	---------------------------------	--

Syntax	:BUS1:INPut {ANALog DIGital ?}	
--------	------------------------------------	--

Parameter/Return parameter	ANALog	Sets the bus source as analog inputs.
	DIGital	Sets the bus source as digital inputs.

Example1	:BUS1:INPut?	
----------	--------------	--

>ANALOG



:BUS1:I2C:ADDRes:RWINclude

Description	Sets or queries whether the read/write bit is included in the I ² C address.	
-------------	---	--

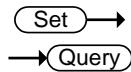
Syntax	:BUS1:I2C:ADDRes:RWINclude { OFF ON ? }	
--------	---	--

Related commands	:BUS1:STATE	
------------------	-------------	--

Parameter	OFF	The R/W bit is not included.
	ON	The R/W bit is included.

Return parameter	0	The R/W bit is not included.
	1	The R/W bit is included.

Example :BUS1:I2C:ADDResS:RWINClude ON
Includes the R/W bit in the I²C address.



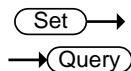
:BUS1:I2C:SCLK:SOURce

Description Sets or queries which channel is used for the I²C SCLK source.

Syntax :BUS1:I2C:SCLK:SOURce { CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels 1 ~ 4.
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0~D15

Example :BUS1:I2C:SCLK:SOURce CH1
Sets channel 1 as the SCLK source.



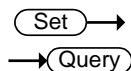
:BUS1:I2C:SDA:SOURce

Description Sets or queries which channel is used for the I²C SDA source.

Syntax :BUS1:I2C:SDA:SOURce{CH1| CH2| CH3| CH4| D0| D1| D2| D3| D4| D5| D6| D7| D8| D9| D10| D11| D12| D13| D14| D15| ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels 1 ~ 4.
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0~D15

Example :BUS1:I2C:SDA:SOURce CH1
Sets channel 1 as the SDA source.



:BUS1:PARallel:BIT<x>:SOURce

Description Sets or returns the parallel bit source for B1.

Syntax **BUS1:PARallel:BIT<x>:SOURce {D0| D1| D2| D3| D4| D5| D6| D7| D8| D9| D10| D11| D12| D13| D14| D15}**
BUS1:PARallel:BIT<x>:SOURce?

Parameter/Return parameter <x> the bit number
 D0 to D15 Set the bit source B<x>

 Set

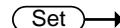
 Query

:BUS1:PARallel:CLOCK:EDGE

Description Sets or returns the parallel clock edge for bus1

Syntax **BUS1:PARallel:CLOCK:EDGE{RISe| FALL| EITher| OFF}**
BUS1:PARallel:CLOCK:EDGE?

Parameter EITher Set either edge as the clock edge.
 RISe Set the rising edge as the clock edge.
 FALL Set the falling edge as the clock edge.
 OFF Turn off the clock edge.

 Set

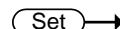
 Query

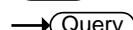
:BUS1:PARallel:CLOCK:SOURce

Description Sets or returns the Parallel bus1

Syntax **BUS1:PARallel:CLOCK:SOURce{D0| D1| D2| D3| D4| D5| D6| D7| D8| D9| D10| D11| D12| D13| D14| D15}**
BUS1:PARallel:CLOCK:SOURce?

Parameter D0 to D15 Set the clock source

 Set

 Query

:BUS1:PARallel:WIDth

Description Sets or returns the number of bits used for the width of the Parallel bus1.

Syntax **:BUS1:PARallel:WIDth <NR1>**
:BUS1:PARallel:WIDth?

Parameter <NR1> The number of bits.

:BUS1:UART:BITRate**Set****Query****Description** Sets or queries the UART bit rate.**Syntax** :BUS1:UART:BITRate {<NR1> | ? }**Parameter/Return parameter** <NR1> UART bit rate in bps**Example** :BUS1:UART:BITRate?

>2400

:BUS1:UART:BITRate 50

:BUS1:UART:BITRate?

>50

Set**Query****:BUS1:UART:DATABits****Description** Sets or queries the number UART data for bus 1.**Syntax** :BUS1:UART:DATABits { 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | ? }**Parameter/Return parameter** 5 5 data bits in the UART frame.

6 6 data bits in the UART frame.

7 7 data bits in the UART frame.

8 8 data bits in the UART frame.

Example :BUS1:UART:DATABits 7

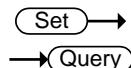
Sets the UART frame to 7 bits.

Set**Query****:BUS1:UART:PARIty****Description** Sets or queries the UART bus parity.**Syntax** :BUS1:UART:PARIty { <NR1> | ? }**Parameter/Return parameter** <NR1> 0: None

1: Odd parity

2: Even parity

Example :BUS1:UART:PARity 1
Sets the parity to odd.



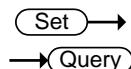
:BUS1:UART:PACKET

Description Sets or queries the UART packet setting.

Syntax :BUS1:UART:PACKEt {<NR1> | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	<NR1>	0: Off
		1: On

Example :BUS1:UART:PACKEt 1
Turns UART packets on.



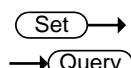
:BUS1:UART:POLARity

Description Sets or returns the UART polarity.

Syntax :BUS1:UART: POLARity {NORMAl|INVerted}
:BUS1:UART: POLARity?

Parameter	NORMAl	Sets normal UART polarity.
	INVerted	Sets inverted UART polarity.

Example :BUS1:UART:POLARity NORMAl
:BUS1:UART:POLARity?
NORMAL



:BUS1:UART:EOFPAcket

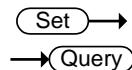
Description Sets or queries the EOF character for the UART packet setting.

Syntax :BUS1:UART:EOFPAcket <NR1>

Parameter/Return parameter	<NR1>	0: NULL
		1: LF (line feed)
		2: CR (carriage return)

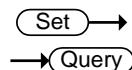
	3: SP (space character)
	4: FF

Example :BUS1:UART:EOFPAcket 2
Sets the OEF character to CR.



Description	Sets or queries which channel is used for the UART Tx source.	
Syntax	:BUS1:UART:TX:SOURce { OFF CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12 D13 D14 D15 ? }	
Parameter/Return parameter	OFF	Off, no Tx source
	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels CH1 to CH4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15

Example :BUS1:UART:TX:SOURce CH1
Sets channel 1 as the Tx source.



Description	Sets or queries which channel is used for the UART Rx source.	
Syntax	:BUS1:UART:RX:SOURce { OFF CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12 D13 D14 D15 ? }	
Parameter/Return parameter	OFF	Off, no Rx source
	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels CH1 to CH4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15

Example :BUS1:UART:RX:SOURce CH1
Sets channel 1 as the Rx source.

:BUS1:SPI:SCLK:POLARity**Set** →→ **Query**

Description Sets or queries the polarity of the SCLK line for the SPI bus.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:SCLK:POLARity { FALL | RISE | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	FALL	Sets the polarity to falling edge.
	RISE	Sets the polarity to rising edge.

Example :BUS1:SPI:SCLK:POLARity FALL

Sets the polarity to falling edge.

:BUS1:SPI:SS:POLARity**Set** →→ **Query**

Description Sets or queries the polarity of the SS line for the SPI bus.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:SS:POLARity { LOW | HIGH | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	LOW	Active low polarity
	HIGH	Active high polarity

Example :BUS1:SPI:SS:POLARity LOW

Sets the SS line to active low.

:BUS1:SPI:WORDSize**Set** →→ **Query**

Description Sets the number of bits per word for the SPI bus.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:WORDSize {<NR1> | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	<NR1>	Bits per word (4~32)
-----------------------------------	-------	----------------------

Example :BUS1:SPI:WORDSize 4

Sets the word size to 4 bits per word.

:BUS1:SPI:BITOrder**Set****Query**

Description Sets or queries the bit order for the SPI bus.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:BITOrder {<NR1> | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	<NR1>	0: MSB bit first 1: LSB bit first
-----------------------------------	-------	--------------------------------------

Example :BUS1:SPI:BITOrder?

0

The bit order is currently set as MSB bit first.

:BUS1:SPI:SCLK:SOURce**Set****Query**

Description Sets or queries which channel is used for the SPI SCLK source.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:SCLK:SOURce { CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels CH1 to CH4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15

Example :BUS1:SPI:SCLK:SOURce CH1

Sets channel 1 as the SPI SCLK source.

:BUS1:SPI:SS:SOURce**Set****Query**

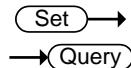
Description Sets or queries which channel is used for the SPI SS source.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:SS:SOURce { CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels CH1 to CH4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15

Example :BUS1:SPI:SS:SOURce CH1

Sets channel 1 as the SPI SS source.



:BUS1:SPI:MOStI:SOURce

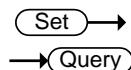
Description Sets or queries which channel is used for the SPI MOSI source.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:MOStI:SOURce { OFF | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels CH1 to CH4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15
	OFF	No MOSI source.

Example :BUS1:SPI:MOStI:SOURce CH1

Sets channel 1 as the SPI MOSI source.



:BUS1:SPI:MISO:SOURce

Description Sets or queries which channel is used for the SPI MISO source.

Syntax :BUS1:SPI:MISO:SOURce { OFF | CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Analog channels CH1 to CH4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15
	OFF	No MISO source.

Example :BUS1:SPI:MISO:SOURce CH1

Sets channel CH1 as the SPI MISO source.

:BUS1:DISPlay:FORMAT**Set****Query**

Description Sets or queries the display format for the bus, either binary or hexadecimal.

Syntax :BUS1:DISPlay:FORMAT { BINary | HEXadecimal | ASCII | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	BINary	Binary format
	HEXadecimal	Hexadecimal format

Example :BUS1:DISPlay:FORMAT BINary
Sets the display format to binary.

:LISTer:DATA**Query**

Description Returns the Event Table data as a binary block data.

Syntax :LISTer:DATA?

Return Parameter Returns the event table as binary block data. The binary block data contains comma separated data with new lines at the end of each row.

:BUS1:CAN:SOURce**Set****Query**

Description Sets or returns the CAN input source.

Syntax :BUS1:CAN:SOURce { CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 ~ CH4	Analog channel source
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15

Example :BUS1:CAN:SOURCE?
>CH1

Returns the CAN source.

:BUS1:CAN:PROBe

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or returns the signal type of the CAN bus.	
Syntax	:BUS1:CAN:PROBe {CANH CANL TX RX ? }	
Parameter/Return parameter	CANH	CAN-High
	CANL	CAN-Low
	TX	Transmit
	RX	Receive
Example	<pre>:BUS1:CAN:PROBe? >CANH</pre> <pre>:BUS1:CAN:PROBe CANL</pre> <pre>:BUS1:CAN:PROBe? >CANL</pre>	

:BUS1:CAN:SAMPLEpoint

 Query

Description	Returns the sample point of the CAN bus.
Syntax	:BUS1:CAN:SAMPLEpoint?
Return Parameter	Returns the sample point of the CAN bus as a percentage of the bit time.
Example	<pre>:BUS1:CAN:SAMPLEpoint? 50</pre> <p>Returns the sample point as a percentage.</p>

:BUS1:CAN:BITRate

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or returns the bit rate of the CAN bus.
Syntax	:BUS1:CAN:BITRate {RATE10K RATE20K RATE50K RATE125K RATE250K RATE500K RATE800K RATE1M <NR1> ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	RATE10K	10 kbps
	RATE20K	20 kbps
	RATE50K	50 kbps
	RATE125K	125 kbps
	RATE250K	250 kbps
	RATE500K	500 kbps
	RATE800K	800 kbps
	RATE1M	1 Mbps
	<NR1>	CAN bit rate in bps

Example :BUS1:CAN:BITRate?
 >1000000
 :BUS1:CAN:BITRate rate800k
 :BUS1:CAN:BITRate?
 >800000
 :BUS1:CAN:BITRate 25000
 :BUS1:CAN:BITRate?
 >25000

:BUS1:LIN:BITRate

Description Sets or returns the bit rate of the LIN bus.

Syntax :BUS1:LIN:BITRate {<NR1> | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter <NR1> LIN bit rate in bps.

Example :BUS1:LIN:BITRate 9600
 Sets the LIN bit rate to 9600bps.

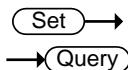
:BUS1:LIN:IDFORmat

Description Sets or returns the LIN ID format.

Syntax :BUS1:LIN:IDFORmat {NOPARity|PARIty|?}

Parameter/Return parameter	NOPARity	Don't include parity bits with Id.
	PARity	Include parity bits with Id.

Example :BUS1:LIN:IDFORmat?
NOPARTY
Returns the ID format.



:BUS1:LIN:POLARity

Description	Sets or returns the LIN polarity.	
Syntax	:BUS1:LIN:POLARity {NORMAL INVerted ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	NORMAL	Normal LIN polarity
	INVerted	Inverted LIN polarity

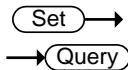
Example :BUS1:LIN:POLARity?
NORMAL
Returns the LIN polarity.

:BUS1:LIN:SAMPLEpoint



Description	Returns the sample point.
Syntax	:BUS1:LIN:SAMPLEpoint?
Return Parameter	Returns the sample point of the LIN bus as a percentage.

Example :BUS1:LIN:SAMPLEpoint?
50
Returns the sample point as a percentage.



:BUS1:LIN:SOURce

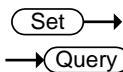
Description	Sets or returns the LIN data source.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Syntax :BUS1:LIN:SOURce {CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 | D0 |
D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 | D11 |
D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 ~ CH4 D0 to D15	Analog channel source Digital channels D0 to D15
----------------------------	------------------------	---

Example :BUS1:LIN:SOURCE?
>CH1

Returns the LIN source.



:BUS1:LIN:STANDARD

Description Sets or returns the LIN standard.

Syntax :BUS1:LIN:STANDARD {V1X|V2X|BOTH|?}

Parameter/Return parameter	V1X	Lin standard version 1.x
	V2X	Lin standard version 2.x
	BOTH	Both standards

Example :BUS1:LIN:STANDARD?
>BOTH

Returns the LIN standard.

Mark Commands

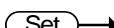
:MARK	213
:MARK:CREATE	213
:MARK:DELEte	214

:MARK



Description	Move to next or previous event mark.	
Syntax	:MARK { NEXT PREVIOUS }	
Related commands	:MARK:CREATE :MARK:DELEte	
Parameter	NEXT	Move to next mark
	PREVIOUS	Move to previous mark
Example	:MARK NEXT Moves to the next event mark.	

:MARK:CREATE



Description	Creates a mark on the waveform at the current position or creates a mark for all the events for the current waveform.	
Syntax	:MARK:CREATE { CURRent ALL }	
Related commands	:MARK :MARK:DELEte	
Parameter	CURRent	Creates a mark at the current position
	ALL	Creates a mark for all the events.
Example	:MARK:CREATE CURRent Creates a mark at the current position.	

:MARK:DELEte

Description Deletes the current mark or all the marks on a waveform.

Syntax :MARK:DELEte { CURRent | ALL }

Related commands :MARK
 :MARK:CREATE

Parameter	CURRent	Deletes the current mark
	ALL	Deletes all the marks

Example :MARK:DELEte CURRent
 Deletes the current mark.

Mask Commands

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:MASK:USER:LOAD	220
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:MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:HITSPERSEGment<x>.....	228
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:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:FTESTNUMber	229
:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TIMe.....	229
:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:HITSPERSEGment<x>.....	229

:MASK:STATe

 Set
 Query

Description Sets the mask state to on or off. Or returns the mask state.

Syntax :MASK:STATe {ON|OFF}
:MASK:STATe?

Parameter	ON	Turn the mask function on.
	OFF	Turn the mask function off.

Example :MASK:STATe ON
Turn mask on.

:MASK:SOURce

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the compared source.

Syntax :MASK:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4}
:MASK:SOURce?

Parameter CH1~CH4: Channel 1 to Channel 4.

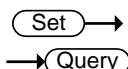
Example :MASK:SOURce CH1
Set the compared source as channel 1.

:MASK:VIOLation

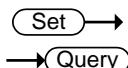
 Set
 Query

Description Set or returns actions for the mask violations.

Syntax	:MASK:VIOLation {STOP CONTinue} :MASK:VIOLation?	
Parameter	STOP	The waveform will be frozen.
	CONTinue	Ignore the violation.
Example	:MASK:VIOLation STOP Sets the violation action to stop.	

**:MASK:VIOLation:SAVe**

Description	Turns on/off the function of saving violation images. Or returns the state of saving violation images function.	
Syntax	:MASK:VIOLation:SAVe {ON OFF} :MASK:VIOLation:SAVe?	
Parameter	ON	Turns on this function.
	OFF	Turns off this function.
Example	:MASK:VIOLation:SAVe ON Turns the function of saving violation images on.	

**:MASK:AUTo**

Description	Creates a mask fast in according to the reference source. Or returns the setting of the mask.	
Syntax	:MASK:AUTo {<Xmask>,<Ymask>} :MASK:AUTo?	
Parameter	<Xmask>	Sets the horizontal range for the mask.
	<Ymask>	Sets the vertical range for the mask.
Example	:MASK:AUTo 0.2,1.2 Sets the range of mask as {0.2,1.2} and creates a mask.	

:MASK:AUTO:SOURce**Set** →→ **Query****Description** Sets or returns the reference source for the mask.**Syntax** :MASK:AUTO:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4}

:MASK:AUTO:SOURce?

Parameter CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to Channel 4.**Example** :MASK:AUTO:SOURce CH1

Sets the reference source for the mask as channel 1.

:MASK:AUTO:UNITS**Set** →→ **Query****Description** Sets or returns the units for auto created mask.**Syntax** :MASK:AUTO:UNITS {DIVisions|CURRent}

:MASK:AUTO:UNITS?

Parameter DIVisions Divisions units.

CURRent Current units.

Example :MASK:AUTO:UNITS DIVisions

Sets the units for auto created mask as divisions units.

:MASK:USER:UNITS**Set** →→ **Query****Description** Sets or returns the units for the customized mask.**Syntax** :MASK:USER:UNITS {DIVisions|CURRent}

:MASK:USER:UNITS?

Parameter DIVisions Divisions units.

CURRent Current units.

Example	:MASK:USER:UNITs DIVIsions Sets the units for the customized mask as divisions units.	
	 Set → →  Query	
Description	Sets or returns the coordinates for the customized mask.	
Syntax	:MASK:USER:AREa<x1>:POINT<x2> {<XMASK>,<YMASK>} :MASK:USER:AREa<x1>:POINT<x2>?	
Parameter	<x1>	Number of the customized mask. <x1>:1~8.
	<x2>	Number of the points set up the mask area. <x2>:1~10.
	<XMASK>	Horizontal coordinates.<NRF>
	<YMASK>	Vertical coordinates.<NRF>
Example	:MASK:USER:AREa1:POINT1 2,2 Sets point 1 as (2,2) in area 1.	
	 Set → →  Query	
Description	Sets or returns the state of the point in the mask area.	
Syntax	:MASK:USER:AREa<x1>:POINT<x2>:STATe {ON OFF} :MASK:USER:AREa<x1>:POINT<x2>:STATe?	
Parameter	AREa<x1>	Number of the customized mask. <x1>:1~8.
	POINT<x2>	Number of the points set up the mask area. <x2>:1~10.
	ON	Enable the point in the mask area.
	OFF	Disable the point in the mask area.

Example :MASK:USER:AREa1:POINT1:STATe ON

Set the state of the point 1 in area 1 to ON.

:MASK:USER:SAVe

 Set →

Description Saves a customized mask to the assigned file path with a specified filename.

Syntax :MASK:USER:SAVe <file path>
("Disk:/xxx.MSK","USB:/xxx.MSK")}

Parameter xxx.MSK **Filename**.

Example :MASK:USER:SAVe "Disk:/mask1.MSK"

Saves a customized mask named mask1.MSK to root directory (Disk:/) of the scope.

:MASK:USER:LOAD

 Set →

Description Loads a customized mask from the assigned file path with a specified filename.

Syntax :MASK:USER:LOAD <file path>
("Disk:/xxx.MSK","USB:/xxx.MSK")}

Parameter xxx.MSK **Filename**

Example :MASK:USER:LOAD "Disk:/mask1.MSK"

Loads a customized mask named mask1.MSK from root directory (Disk:/) of the scope.

:MASK:USER:CREATE

 Set →

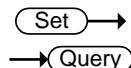
Description Create or removes the customized mask.

Syntax :MASK:USER:CREATE {ON|OFF}

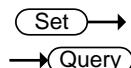
Parameter ON Creates the mask.

OFF Removes the mask.

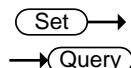
Example :MASK:USER:CREATE ON
Create a customized mask.

**:MASK:RATIO**

Description	Resets the mask violation ratio.	
Syntax	:MASK:RATio {RESET} :MASK:RATio?	
Parameter	RESET	Reset
Example	:MASK:RATio RESET Resets the ratio.	

**:MASK:VIOLation:THREshold**

Description	Sets or queries the violation threshold for mask.	
Syntax	:MASK:VIOLation:THREshold {<NR1> INFInite} :MASK:VIOLation:THREshold?	
Parameter	<NR1>	Sets the violation threshold. Range:1~1000000
	INFInite	Sets violation threshold as infinite.
Example	:MASK:VIOLation:THREshold 1000 :MASK:VIOLation:THREshold? 1000	

**:MASK:STOPAFter**

Description	Sets or queries the mask test stop after waveform or time violation.	
Syntax	:MASK:STOPAFter {WAVEform TIME} :MASK:STOPAFter?	
Parameter	WAVEform	Sets the mask test stop after waveform violation.

	TIME	Sets the mask test stop after time violation.
Example	:MASK:STOPAFTER TIME :MASK:STOPAFTER? TIME	 
	:MASK:STOPAFTER:WAVEFORM	 
Description	Sets or queries the numbers of waveform for stop test.	
Syntax	:MASK:STOPAFTER:WAVEFORM {<NR1> INFINITE} :MASK:STOPAFTER:WAVEFORM?	
Parameter	<NR1>	Sets the numbers of waveform for stop test. Range:1~1000000
	INFINITE	Sets the numbers of waveform for stop test as infinite.
Example	:MASK:STOPAFTER:WAVEFORM 20000 :MASK:STOPAFTER:WAVEFORM? 20000	 
	:MASK:STOPAFTER:TIME	 
Description	Sets or queries the numbers of time for stop test.	
Syntax	:MASK:STOPAFTER:TIME{<NR1> INFINITE} :MASK:STOPAFTER:TIME?	
Parameter	<NR1>	Sets the numbers of time for stop test. Range:1~1000000
	INFINITE	Sets the numbers of time for stop test as infinite.
Example	:MASK:STOPAFTER:TIME 20000 :MASK:STOPAFTER:TIME? 20000	

:MASK:FAILACTION:STOPACQuisition**Set** →→ **Query**

Description	Sets or queries the state of action, stop the test when test fail.	
Syntax	:MASK:FAILACTION:STOPACQuisition {ON OFF} :MASK:FAILACTION:STOPACQuisition?	
Parameter	ON	Turns on the fail action: stop acquisition.
	OFF	Turns off the fail action: stop acquisition.
Example	:MASK:FAILACTION:STOPACQuisition ON :MASK:FAILACTION:STOPACQuisition? ON	
:MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEIMAge		Set → → Query
Description	Sets or queries the state of action, saving the screen image when test fail.	
Syntax	:MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEIMAge {ON OFF} :MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEIMAge?	
Parameter	ON	Turns on the fail action: saving the screen image.
	OFF	Turns off the fail action: saving the screen image.
Example	:MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEIMAge ON :MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEIMAge? ON	
:MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEWAVEform		Set → → Query
Description	Sets or queries the state of action, saving the waveform file when test fail.	

Syntax :MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEWAVform {ON|OFF}

:MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEWAVform?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the fail action: saving the waveform file.
	OFF	Turns off the fail action: saving the waveform file.

Example :MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEWAVform ON

:MASK:FAILACTION:SAVEWAVform?

ON

 Set →

:MASK:FAILACTION:HARDCopy

→  Query

Description Sets or queries the state of action, hardcopy when test fail.

Syntax :MASK:FAILACTION:HARDCopy {ON|OFF}

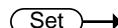
:MASK:FAILACTION:HARDCopy?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the fail action:hardcopy.
	OFF	Turns off the fail action:hardcopy.

Example :MASK:FAILACTION:HARDCopy ON

:MASK:FAILACTION:HARDCopy?

ON

 Set →

:MASK:FAILACTION:GONogo

→  Query

Description Sets or queries the state of action, output a signal from Go/NoGo port when test fail.

Syntax :MASK:FAILACTION:GONogo {ON|OFF}

:MASK:FAILACTION:GONogo?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the fail action:output a signal from Go/NoGo port.
	OFF	Turns off the fail action:output a signal from Go/NoGo port.

Example :MASK:FAILACTION:GONogo ON
 :MASK:FAILACTION:GONogo?
 ON

 →


:MASK:COMPLETEACTION:GONogo

Description Sets or queries the state of action, output a signal from Go/NoGo port when test complete.

Syntax :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:GONogo {ON|OFF}
 :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:GONogo?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the complete action:output a signal from Go/NoGo port.
	OFF	Turns off the complete action:output a signal from Go/NoGo port.

Example :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:GONogo ON
 :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:GONogo?
 ON

 →


:MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTREpeat

Description Sets or queries the state of action, repeat the test when test complete.

Syntax :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTREpeat {ON|OFF}
 :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTREpeat?

Parameter	ON	Turns on the complete action:repeat the test.
	OFF	Turns off the complete action:repeat the test.

Example :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTREpeat ON
 :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTREpeat?
 ON

:MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTDelay Set Query**Description** Sets or queries the delay time of test repeat.**Syntax** :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTDelay {<NRF>}

:MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTDelay?

Parameter <NRF> Sets the times of delay. Range:0~200(sec)**Example** :MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTDelay 5

:MASK:COMPLETEACTION:TESTDelay?

5.0

 Set Query**:MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay****Description** Sets or queries the display state of mask results menu.**Syntax** :MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay {ON|OFF}

:MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay?

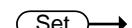
Parameter ON Turns on the mask results menu.

OFF Turns off the mask results menu.

Example :MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay ON

:MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay?

ON

 Set Query**:MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay:DETail****Description** Sets or queries the display state of mask detail results menu.**Syntax** :MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay:DETail {ON|OFF}

:MASK:RESUltS:DISPlay:DETail?

Parameter ON Turns on the mask detail results menu.

OFF Turns off the mask detail results menu.

Example :MASK:RESUlt:DISPlay:DETail ON
 :MASK:RESUlt:DISPlay:DETail?
 ON

:MASK:RESULTS:CURRENT:STATUS→ **Query**

Description	Queries the current status of mask test.	
Syntax	:MASK:RESUlt:CURRENT:STATUS?	
Parameter	OFF	Mask test is off.
	Running (Failing)	Mask test is running, and the test is failed.
	Running (Passing)	Mask test is running, and the test is passed.
	Failed	Mask test stopped, and the test is failed.
	Passed	Mask test stopped, and the test is passed.
	Delay	Mask test stopped, and waiting for repeat test.

Example :MASK:RESUlt:CURRENT:STATUS?
 Passed

:MASK:RESULTS:CURRENT:WAVEform→ **Query**

Description	Queries the current numbers of tested waveforms.	
Syntax	:MASK:RESUlt:CURRENT:WAVEform?	
Example	:MASK:RESUlt:CURRENT:WAVEform? 638	

:MASK:RESULTS:CURRENT:VIOLation→ **Query**

Description	Queries the current numbers of violations.
-------------	--

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:VIOLation?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:VIOLation?

176

:MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:TIME

→ **Query**

Description Queries the current elapsed time(sec).

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:TIME?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:TIME?

5

:MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:HITSPERSEGment<x>

→ **Query**

Description Queries the current detailed results of hits per segment mask.

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:HITSPERSEGment<x>?

Parameter <x> 1~8

Example :MASK:RESUltS:CURREnt:HITSPERSEGment2?

255

:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:WAVEform

→ **Query**

Description Queries the total numbers of tested waveforms.

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:WAVEform?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:WAVEform?

1256

:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:VIOLation

→ **Query**

Description Queries the total numbers of violations.

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:VIOLation?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:VIOLation?

562

:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TESTNUMber

→Query

Description Queries the total numbers of completed mask test.

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TESTNUMber?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TESTNUMber?

10

:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:FTESTNUMber

→Query

Description Queries the total numbers of failed mask test.

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:FTESTNUMber?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:FTESTNUMber?

3

:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TIME

→Query

Description Queries the total elapsed time(sec).

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TIME?

Example :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:TIME?

150

:MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:HITSPERSEGment<x>

→Query

Description Queries the total detailed results of hits per segment mask.

Syntax :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:HITSPERSEGment<x>?

Parameter <x> 1~8

Example :MASK:RESUltS:TOTal:HITSPERSEGment1?

36

FRA Commands

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:FRA:RUN

Set →

→ Query

Description Runs the FRA function or returns the FRA state.

Syntax :FRA:RUN

:FRA:RUN?

Example :FRA:RUN
FRA starts.

:FRA:STOP

Set →

→ Query

Description Stops the FRA function or returns the FRA state.

Syntax :FRA:STOP

:FRA:STOP?

Example :FRA:STOP

FRA stops.

:FRA:SOURce:INPut

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the input source for FRA.

Syntax :FRA:SOURce:INPut {CH1~CH4}

:FRA:SOURce:INPut?

Parameter CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to Channel 4

Example :FRA:SOURce:INPut CH1

Set the input source as channel 1.

:FRA:SOURce:OUTPut

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the output source for FRA.

Syntax :FRA:SOURce:OUTPut {CH1~CH4}

:FRA:SOURce:OUTPut?

Parameter CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to Channel 4

Example :FRA:SOURce:OUTPut CH2

Set the input source as channel 2.

:FRA:FREQuency:STARt Set Query

Description Sets or returns the start frequency for FRA.

Syntax :FRA:FREQuency:STARt {<NRf>}

:FRA:FREQuency:STARt?

Parameter <NRf> Sets the frequency to use.
(Range:20Hz~25MHz)

Example :FRA:FREQuency:STARt 100

Sets the start frequency as 100Hz.

:FRA:FREQuency:STOP Set Query

Description Sets or returns the stop frequency for FRA.

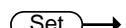
Syntax :FRA:FREQuency:STOP {<NRf>}

:FRA:FREQuency:STOP?

Parameter <NRf> Sets the frequency to use.
(Range:20Hz~25MHz)

Example :FRA:FREQuency:STOP 500

Sets the start frequency as 500Hz.

:FRA:AWG:LOAD Set Query

Description Sets or returns the impedance for load.

Syntax :FRA:AWG:LOAD {FIFTy|HIGHZ}

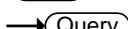
:FRA:AWG:LOAD?

Parameter FIFTy 50 ohm

HIGHZ High impedance

Example :FRA:AWG:LOAD HIGHZ

Sets the load as high impedance.

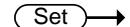
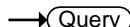
 Set Query**:FRA:AWG:AMPlitude**

Description Sets or returns the amplitude for FRA.
When amplitude profile is on, sets or returns the amplitude for the selected frequency.

Syntax :FRA:AWG:AMPlitude {<NRF>,[<range>]}
:FRA:AWG:AMPlitude? [<range>]

Parameter	<NRF> Sets the amplitude to user.(Load=FIFTY, Range:0.01Vpp~2.5Vpp; Load=HIGHZ, Range:0.02Vpp~5Vpp) <range> The selected frequency. {F20hz F100hz F1Khz F10Khz F100Khz F1Mhz F10Mhz F25Mhz} F20hz: Frequency range >20Hz (The default <range>). F100hz: Frequency range >100Hz. F1Khz: Frequency range >1kHz. F10Khz: Frequency range >10kHz. F100Khz: Frequency range >100kHz. F1Mhz: Frequency range >1MHz. F10Mhz: Frequency range >10MHz. F25Mhz: Frequency range 25MHz.
------------------	---

Example :FRA:AWG:AMPlitude 0.2
Sets the amplitude as 0.2Vpp.
:FRA:AWG:AMPlitude 0.5,F100HZ
:FRA:AWG:AMPlitude? F100HZ
0.5

:FRA:POINT Set Query

Description Sets or returns the number of processing points in a decade.

Syntax :FRA:POINT {<NR1>}

:FRA:POINT?

Parameter <NR1> The number of points in a decade.
(Range:10, 15, 30, 45, 90)

Example :FRA:POINT 15

Sets the number of processing points as 15 in a decade.

:FRA:SAVE Set

Description Saves the FRA result.

Syntax :FRA:SAVE

Example :FRA:SAVE

Saves the result to default file.

:FRA:RECALL Set

Description Recalls the FRA result from memory or USB.

Syntax :FRA:RECALL {<file path>
("Disk:/xxx.FRD","USB:/xxx.FRD")}

Parameter xxx.FRD Filename

Example :FRA:RECALL "Disk:/FRA1.FRD"

Recalls a FRA result named FRA1.FRD from root directory (Disk:/) of the scope.

:FRA:DATA

Description Shows the detailed information of FRA settings and results.

Syntax :FRA:DATA?

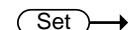
Example :FRA:DATA?
Shows the FRA result's detail.

:FRA:SAVETOCSV 

Description Saves the FRA result as a CSV file.

Syntax :FRA:SAVETOCSV

Example :FRA: SAVETOCSV
Saves results as CSV file.

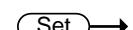
 **:FRA:AWG:AMPLITUDE:PROFILE**

Description Sets or returns the state of amplitude profile.

Syntax :FRA:AWG:AMPLITUDE:PROFILE {ON|OFF}
:FRA:AWG:AMPLITUDE:PROFILE?

Parameter ON Turn on the profile.
OFF Turn off the profile.

Example :FRA:AWG:AMPLITUDE:PROFILE ON
:FRA:AWG:AMPLITUDE:PROFILE?
ON

 **:FRA:AWG:AMPLITUDE:INTERPOLATION**

Description Sets or returns the state of linear interpolation for the selected frequency.

Syntax	:FRA:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation {ON OFF,[<range>]} :FRA:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation? [<range>]
Parameter	<p>ON Turn off the interpolation.</p> <p>OFF Turn off the interpolation.</p> <p><range> The selected frequency. {F20hz F100hz F1Khz F10Khz F100Khz F1Mhz F10Mhz F25Mhz}</p> <p>F20hz: Frequency range >20Hz(The default <range>).</p> <p>F100hz: Frequency range >100Hz.</p> <p>F1Khz: Frequency range >1kHz.</p> <p>F10Khz: Frequency range >10kHz.</p> <p>F100Khz: Frequency range >100kHz.</p> <p>F1Mhz: Frequency range >1MHz.</p> <p>F10Mhz: Frequency range >10MHz.</p> <p>F25Mhz: Frequency range 25MHz.</p>

Example :FRA:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation ON,F100HZ
:FRA:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation? F100HZ
ON

:FRA:DATA:GMARgin→  Query

Description Returns the gain margin of FRA results.

Syntax :FRA:DATA:GMARgin?

:FRA:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency→  Query

Description Returns the gain margin frequency of FRA results.

Syntax :FRA:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency?

:FRA:DATA:PMARgin

Description Returns the phase margin of FRA results.

Syntax :FRA:DATA:PMARgin?

:FRA:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency

Description Returns the phase margin frequency of FRA results.

Syntax :FRA:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency?

:FRA:STATe

Description Query or turn on/off the FRA function.

Syntax :FRA:STATe {ON|OFF}

:FRA:STATe?

Parameter	ON	Turn on the FRA. (No work when PWR function running)
	OFF	Turn off the FRA.

Example :FRA:STATe ON

:FRA:STATe?

ON

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:SEARCH:COPY**Set** →

Description Copies the search settings to the trigger settings or copies the trigger settings to the search settings.

Syntax :SEARCH:COPY {SEARCHtotrigger|TRIGgertosearch}

Parameter SEARCHtotrigger Copy the search setting to the trigger settings.

TRIGgertosearch Copy the trigger settings to the search settings.

Example :SEARCH:COPY SEARCHtotrigger

Copies the search settings to the trigger settings.

Set →**:SEARCH:STATE**→ **Query**

Description Sets or queries whether the Search function is on or off.

Syntax :SEARCH:STATE { OFF | ON | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter OFF Turn the Search function on.

ON Turn the Search function off.

Example :SEARCH:STATE ON

Turn Search on.

:SEARCH:TOTAL→ **Query**

Description Returns the total number of events found from the search function.

Syntax :SEARCH:TOTAL?

Return parameter <NR1> Number of events.

Example :SEARCH:TOTAL?

5

:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe
 →


Description	Sets or queries the search trigger type.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe { EDGe PULSEWidth RUNT RISEFall FFTPeak LOGic BUS ? }	
Parameter/Return parameter	EDGe	Edge trigger
	PULSEWidth	Pulse width trigger
	RUNT	Runt trigger
	RISEFall	Rise and Fall trigger
	FFTPeak	FFT Peak trigger
	LOGic	Logic trigger
	BUS	Bus trigger

:SEARCH:TRIGger:EDGE

Sets the search trigger to the edge type.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:SOURce
 →


Description	Sets or queries the search trigger source.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:SOURce {CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 D0 D1 D2 D3 D4 D5 D6 D7 D8 D9 D10 D11 D12 D13 D14 D15 ? }	
Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 to CH4	Channel 1 to Channel 4
	D0 to D15	Digital channels D0 to D15

:SEARCH:TRIGger:SOURce CH1

Sets the search trigger source as CH1.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:EDGE:SLOP
 →


Description	Sets or queries the search trigger slope.
-------------	---

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:EDGe:SLOP { RISe | FALL | EITher
| ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe

Parameter	RISe	Rising slope
	FALL	Falling slope
	EITher	Either rising or falling slope

Return parameter Returns the trigger slope.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:EDGe:SLOP FALL

Sets the search trigger slope to falling.

 Set →

→  Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel

Description Sets or queries the search trigger level.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel {TTL | ECL| SETTO50 |
<NRf> | ?}

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe

Parameter	<NRf>	Trigger level value
	TTL	Sets the search trigger level to TTL.
	ECL	Sets the search trigger level to ECL.
	SETTO50	Sets the search trigger level to the User level (50% by default).

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the trigger.

Example1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel TTL

Sets the search trigger level to TTL.

Example2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel 3.30E-1

Sets the search trigger level to 330mV/mA.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:HLEVel

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or queries the high level search trigger.	
 Note	Applicable for Rise and Fall/Pulse Runt search triggers.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:HLEVel { <NRf> ?}	
Related commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE	
Parameter	<NRf>	High level value.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the high level search trigger.
Example	:SEARCH:TRIGger:HLEVel 3.30E-1 Sets the high level search trigger to 330mV/mA.	

:SEARCH:TRIGger:LLEVel

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or queries the low level search trigger.	
Note	Applicable for Rise and Fall/Pulse Runt triggers.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LLEVel { <NRf> ?}	
Related commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE	
Parameter	<NRf>	Low level value.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the low level.
Example	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LLEVel -3.30E-3 Sets the low level search trigger to 330mV/mA.	

:SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSEWidth:POLarity

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or queries the pulse width search trigger polarity.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSEWidth:POLarity {POSitive NEGative ?}	

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe

Parameter	POSitive	Positive polarity
	NEGative	Negative polarity

Return parameter Returns the pulse width polarity.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSEWidth:POLarity POSitive
Sets the pulse width polarity to positive.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:POLarity

Description Sets or queries the Pulse Runt search trigger polarity.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:POLarity {POSitive |
NEGative | EITher | ?}

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe

Parameter	POSitive	Positive polarity
	NEGative	Negative polarity
	EITher	Positive or negative polarity

Return parameter Returns the pulse runt search trigger polarity.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:POLarity POSitive
Sets the Pulse Runt search trigger polarity to positive.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:SLOP

Description Sets or queries the slope of the Rise and Fall search trigger.

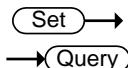
Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:SLOP { RISE | FALL |
EITher | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPe

Parameter	RISe	Rising slope
	FALL	Falling slope
	EITher	Either rising or falling slope

Return parameter Returns the rise & fall slope.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall :SLOP RISe
Sets the Rise & Fall search trigger slope to rising.



:SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn

Description Sets or queries the pulse width search trigger conditions.

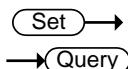
Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn {MOREthan | LESSthan | EQual | UNEQual | ?}

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE
:SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:TIME

Parameter	MOREthan	>
	LESSthan	<
	EQual	=
	UNEQual	≠

Return parameter Returns the pulse width search trigger conditions.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn UNEQual
Sets the pulse width search trigger conditions to not equal to (#).



:SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:TIME

Description Sets or queries the pulse width search trigger time.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:TIME {<NRf> | ?}

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE
:SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:WHEn

Parameter	<NRf>	Pulse width time (4ns~10s)
-----------	-------	----------------------------

Return parameter <NR3> Returns the pulse width time in seconds.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:PULSe:TIME 4.00E-5

Sets the pulse width search trigger to 40.0us.

 Set

 Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn

Description Sets or queries the pulse runt search trigger conditions.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn {MOREthan | LESSthan | EQUAL | UNEQual | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE
:SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME

Parameter	MOREthan	>
	LESSthan	<
	Equal	=
	UNEQual	≠

Return parameter Returns the pulse runt search trigger conditions.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn UNEQual

Sets the pulse runt search trigger condition to unequal (#).

 Set

 Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME

Description Sets or queries the pulse runt search trigger time.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME {<NRf> | ? }

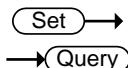
Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE
:SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:WHEn

Parameter <NRf> Pulse runt time (4nS to 10S)

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the runt time in seconds.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:RUNT:TIME 4.00E-5

Sets the pulse runt time to 40.0uS.



:SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn

Description Sets or queries the rise and fall search trigger conditions.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn {MOREthan | LESSthan | EQual | UNEQual |? }

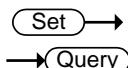
Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE
:SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME

Parameter	MOREthan	>
	LESSthan	<
	Equal	=
	UNEQual	≠

Return parameter Returns the rise and fall search trigger condition.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn UNEQual

Sets the rise and fall search trigger condition to unequal (≠).



:SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME

Description Sets or queries the rise and fall time.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME {<NRf> |? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE
:SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:WHEn

Parameter <NRf> Rise and Fall time (4nS to 10S)

Return Parameter <NR3> Returns the rise and fall time in seconds.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:RISEFall:TIME 4.00E-5

Sets the trigger rise and fall time to 40.0us.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:TYPe

Description	Returns the current bus type.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:TYPe?	
Return parameter	12C	I2C mode
	SPI	SPI mode
	UART	UART mode
	CAN	CAN mode
	LIN	LIN mode
	PARallel	Parallel mode

Example **:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:TYPe?**
 UART

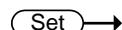
**:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION**

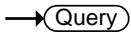
Description	Sets or queries the I ² C search trigger conditions.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION {STARt STOP REPEATstart ACKMISS ADDRess DATA ADDRANDDATA ? }	
Parameter	STARt	Set Start as the I ² C search trigger condition.
	STOP	Set Stop as the I ² C search trigger condition.
	REPEATstart	Set Repeat of Start as the I ² C search trigger condition.
	ACKMISS	Set Missing Acknowledgement as the I ² C search trigger condition.
	ADDRess	Set Address as the I ² C search trigger condition.

	DATA	Set Data as the I ² C search trigger condition.
	ADDRANDDATA	Set Address and Data as the I ² C search trigger condition.

Return parameter Returns the I²C bus search trigger condition.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION ADDRess
Set Address as the I²C search trigger condition.

 Set →

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE →  Query

Description Sets or queries the I²C addressing mode (7 or 10 bits) for the search trigger.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE
{ADDR7 | ADDR10 | ? }

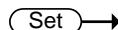
Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION

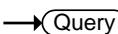
Parameter	ADDR7	7 bit addressing
	ADDR10	10 bit addressing

Return Parameter	0	7 bit addressing
	1	10 bit addressing

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE?
0

The addressing mode is current set to 7 bits.

 Set →

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:TYPE →  Query

Description Sets the I²C bus address type, or queries what the setting is for the search trigger.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:TYPE
{GENeralcall | STARtbyte | HSmode | EEPROM | CBUS | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition

Parameter	GENeralcall	Set a general call address (0000 000 0).
	STARtbyte	Set a start byte address. (0000 000 1)
	HSmode	Set a high-speed mode address. (0000 1xx x)
	EEPROM	Set an EEPROM address. (1010 xxx x)
	CBUS	Set a CBUS address. (0000 001 x)

Return Parameter Returns the address type

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:TYPe?
CBUS

Set →

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue → Query

Description Sets or queries the I²C bus address value when the I²C search trigger is set to trigger on Address or Address/Data.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue
{<string> | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE

Parameter	<string>	7/10 characters, must be enclosed in double quotes "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
-----------	----------	--

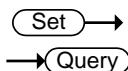
Return Parameter Returns the address value in binary.

Example 1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:MODE
ADDR7
:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue
"xxx0101"

Sets the address to XXX0101

Example 2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:VALue?
XXX0101

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess
:DIRection



Description Sets or queries the address bit as read write or don't care for the search function.

 Note This setting only applies when the I²C search trigger is set to trigger on Address or Address/Data

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:DIRection
{ READ | WRITE | NOCARE | ? }

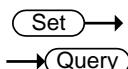
Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDITION

Parameter	READ	Set read as the data direction.
	WRITE	Set write as the data direction.
	NOCARE	Set either as the data direction.

Return Parameter Returns the direction (READ, WRITE, NOCARE).

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:ADDRess:DIRection
READ
Sets the direction to READ.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE



Description Sets or queries the data size in bytes for the I²C bus.

Note This setting only applies when the I²C search trigger is set to trigger on Data or Address/Data

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE {<NR1> | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:CONDition

Parameter <NR1> Number of data bytes (1 to 5).

Return parameter <NR1> Returns the number of bytes.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE 3

Sets the number of bytes to 3.

 Set →

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue  → Query

Description Sets or queries the triggering data value for the I²C bus when the I²C search trigger is set to trigger on Data or Address/Data.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue {<string> | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE

Parameter <string> The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
x = don't care
1 = binary 1
0 = binary 0

Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example 1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:SIZE 1

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue
"1x1x0101"

Sets the value to XXX0101

Example 2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:I2C:DATa:VALue?

1X1X0101

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition Set → Query

Description	Sets or queries the UART search triggering condition.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition { RXSTArt RXDATA RXENDPacket TXSTArt TXDATA TXENDPacket TXPARItyerr RXPARItyerr ? }	
Parameter	RXSTArt	Set search trigger on the RX Start Bit.
	RXDATA	Set search trigger on RX Data.
	RXENDPacket	Set search trigger on the RX End of Packet condition.
	RXPARItyerr	Set search trigger on RX Parity error condition.
	TXSTArt	Set search trigger on the TX Start Bit.
	TXDATA	Set search trigger on TX Data.
	TXENDPacket	Set search trigger on the TX End of Packet condition.
	TXPARItyerr	Set search trigger on TX Parity error condition.
Return Parameter	Returns the search triggering condition.	

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition TXDATA
Sets the UART bus to trigger on Tx Data for the search function.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:SIZe Set → Query

Description	Sets or queries the number of bytes for UART data.	
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 Note	This setting only applies when the UART search trigger is set to trigger on Rx Data	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:SIZE {<NR1> ?}	
Related commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDITION	
Parameter	<NR1>	Number of bytes (1 to 10).
Return parameter	<NR1>	Returns the number of bytes.
Example	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:SIZE 5 Sets the number of bytes to 5.	
:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:VALUe		Set → Query
Description	Sets or queries the search triggering data value for the UART bus when the bus is set to trigger on Rx Data.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:VALUe {<string> ? }	
Related commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:SIZE	
Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
Return Parameter	Returns the data value.	
Example1	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDITION RXDATA :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:SIZE 1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATA:VALUe "1x1x0101" Sets the value to 1x1x0101	

Example 2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:RX:DATa:VALue?
 1X1X0101

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE →  

Description Sets or queries the number of bytes for UART data.

 Note This setting only applies when the UART search trigger is set to trigger on Tx Data

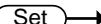
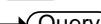
Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE
{<NR1> | ?}

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDITION

Parameter <NR1> Number of bytes (1 to 10).

Return parameter <NR1> Returns the number of bytes.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE 5
Sets the number of bytes to 5.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue →  

Description Sets or queries the search triggering data value for the UART bus when the bus is set to trigger on Tx Data.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue
{<string> | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE

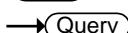
Parameter <string> The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".

x = don't care
1 = binary 1
0 = binary 0

Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example 1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:CONDition TXDATA
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:SIZE 1
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue
 "1x1x0101"
 Sets the value to 1x1x0101

Example 2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:UART:TX:DATa:VALue?
 1X1X0101

 Set →
 Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition

Description Sets or queries the SPI search triggering condition.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition {SS |
 MISO | MOSI | MISOMOSI | ? }

Parameter	SS	Set to trigger on the Slave Selection condition.
	MISO	Set to trigger on the Master-In Slave-Out condition.
	MOSI	Set to trigger on the Master-Out Slave-In condition.
	MISOMOSI	Set to trigger on the Master-In Slave-Out and Master-Out Slave-In conditions.

Return Parameter Returns the triggering condition.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition MISO
 Sets the SPI bus to trigger on MISO.

 Set →
 Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZE

Description Sets or queries the number of words for SPI data for the search function.

 Note This setting only applies when the SPI search trigger is set to trigger on MISO, MOSI or MISOMOSI

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe {<NR1> | ?}

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition

Parameter <NR1> Number of words (1 to 32).

Return parameter <NR1> Returns the number of words.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe 10
Sets the number of words to 10.

 Set →

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue →  Query

Description Sets or queries the search triggering data value for the SPI bus when the bus is set to trigger on MISO or MISO/MOSI.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue
{<string> | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe

Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
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Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example 1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition MISO

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe 2

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue
"1x1x0101"

Sets the value to 1x1x0101

Example 2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MISO:VALue?

1X1X0101

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOStI:VALUe →

Description Sets or queries the search triggering data value for the SPI bus when the bus is set to trigger on MOSI or MISO/MOSI.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOStI:VALUe
 {<string> | ? }

Related commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe

Parameter	<string>	The number of characters in the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
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Return Parameter Returns the data value.

Example1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:CONDition MOSI
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:SIZe 2
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOStI:VALUe
 “1x1x0101”
 Sets the value to 1x1x0101

Example2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:SPI:DATa:MOStI:VALUe?
 1X1X0101

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition →

Description Sets or returns the CAN search trigger condition.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition
 {SOF|FRAMEmode|IDentifier|DATA|IDANDDATA|EOF|
 ACKMISS|STUFFERR|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	SOF	Sets search to trigger on a start of frame
	FRAMEtype	Sets search to trigger on the type of frame
	Identifier	Sets search to trigger on a matching identifier
	DATA	Sets search to trigger on matching data
	IDANDDATA	Sets search to trigger on matching identifier and data field
	EOF	Sets search to trigger on the end of frame
	ACKMISS	Sets search to trigger on a missing acknowledge
	STUFFERR	Sets search to trigger on a bit stuffing error

Example1 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition SOF
Triggers search on a start of frame.

Example2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDition?
>SOF

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:FRAMEmode  

Description Sets or returns the frame type for the CAN FRAMEmode search trigger.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:FRAMEmode
{DATA|REMote|ERRor|OVERLoad|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	DATA	Sets the frame type to data frame
	REMote	Sets the frame type to remote frame
	ERRor	Sets the frame type to error frame
	OVERLoad	Sets the frame type to overload

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:FRAMEmode DATA
Sets the frame type to DATA.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE →

Description Sets or returns the CAN identifier mode for the bus.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE
{STANDARD|EXTended|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	STANDARD	Standard addressing mode
	EXTended	Extended addressing mode

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE?
>STANDARD

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE
EXTENDED

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE?
>EXTENDED

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALue →

Description Sets or returns the identifier string used for the CAN search trigger.

Note Only applicable when the search trigger condition is set to ID or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALue
{<string>|?}

Related Commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
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String contents:

x = don't care

1 = binary 1

0 = binary 0

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:CONDITION ID
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:MODE STANDARD
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALUe "01100X1X01X"
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:VALUe?
 >01100X1X01X

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier
 :DIRection

 Set

 Query

Description Sets or queries the address bit as read, write or don't care.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRection
 {READ|WRITE|NOCARE|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	READ	Sets read as the data direction
	WRITE	Sets write as the data direction
	NOCARE	Sets either as the data direction

Example2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRection?
 >WRITE
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRection
 READ
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:IDentifier:DIRection?
 >READ

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier  

Description	Sets or returns the CAN data qualifier. Note: Only applicable when the search triggering condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier {LESSthan MOREthan EQUAL UNEQual LESSEQual MOREEQual ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	LESSthan	Sets search to trigger when the data is less than the qualifier value.
	MOREthan	Sets search to trigger when the data is greater than the qualifier value.
	EQUAL	Sets search to trigger when the data is equal to the qualifier value.
	UNEQual	Sets search to trigger when the data is not equal to the qualifier value.
	LESSEQual	Sets search to trigger when the data is less than or equal to the qualifier value.
	MOREEQual	Sets search to trigger when the data is more than or equal to the qualifier value.
Example	<pre>:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier? >EQUAL :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier MOREthan :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:QUALifier? >MORETHAN</pre>	

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the length of the data string in bytes for the CAN search trigger.

 Note Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE
 {<NR1>}?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	1~8 (bytes)
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Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE?

>1

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE 2

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE?

>2

 Set
 Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:VALue

Description Sets or returns the binary data string to be used for the CAN search trigger.

Related Commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:SIZE

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATa:VALue
 {<string>}?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". String contents: x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
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Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:SIZE 1
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:VALue
 "01010X1X"
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:CAN:DATA:VALue?
 >01010X1X

 Set →
 → Query

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION

Description	Sets or returns the LIN search trigger condition.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION {SYNCField IDentifier DATA IDANDDATA WAKEup SLEEP ERRor ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	SYNCField IDentifier DATA IDANDDATA WAKEup SLEEP ERRor	Sets the LIN search trigger condition to the sync field. Sets the LIN search trigger condition to identifier field. Sets the LIN search trigger condition to the data field. Sets the LIN search trigger condition to identifier and data field Sets the LIN search trigger condition to wake up. Sets the LIN search trigger condition to sleep. Sets the LIN search trigger condition to error.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION?
 >IDANDDATA
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION DATA
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION?
 >DATA

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:QUALifier → Set → Query

Description	Sets or returns the LIN data qualifier.	
⚠ Note	Only applicable when the search trigger condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:QUALifier {LESSthan MOREthan EQUAL UNEQual LESSEQual M OREEQQual ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	LESSthan	Sets search to trigger when the data is less than the qualifier value.
	MOREthan	Sets search to trigger when the data is greater than the qualifier value.
	EQUAL	Sets search to trigger when the data is equal to the qualifier value.
	UNEQual	Sets search to trigger when the data is not equal to the qualifier value.
	LESSEQual	Sets search to trigger when the data is less than or equal to the qualifier value.
	MOREEQQual	Sets search to trigger when the data is more than or equal to the qualifier value.
Example	<pre>:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:QUALifier? >EQUAL</pre> <pre>:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:QUALifier MOREthan</pre> <pre>:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:QUALifier? >MORETHAN</pre>	

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE
 →


Description	Sets or returns the length of the data string in bytes for the LIN search trigger. Note: Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.
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Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE {<NR1>}?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	1~8 (bytes)
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Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE?

```
>1
:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE 2
:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE?
>2
```

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:VALue
 →

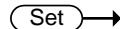

Description	Sets or returns the binary data string to be used for the LIN search trigger.
-------------	---

 Note Only applicable when the condition is set to DATA or IDANDDATA.

**Related
Commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:SIZE****Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATA:VALue {<string>}?**

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string". String contents: x = don't care 1 = binary 1 0 = binary 0
--------------------------------	----------	--

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:SIZE 1
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:VALue
 "01010X1X"
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:DATa:VALue?
 >01010X1X

**:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE**

Description Sets or returns the error type to be used for the LIN search trigger.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE
 {SYNC|PARity|CHECKsum|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	SYNC	Sets the LIN error type to SYNC.
	PARity	Sets the LIN error type to parity.
	CHECKsum	Sets the LIN error type to checksum.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE?
 >SYNC
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE CHECKSUM
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:ERRTYPE?
 >CHECKSUM

**:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALue**

Description Sets or returns the identifier string to be used for the LIN search trigger.

 Note Only applicable when the condition is set to ID or IDANDDATA.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALue
 {<string>|?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	The size of the string depends on the data size setting. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
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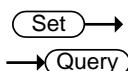
String contents:

x = don't care

1 = binary 1

0 = binary 0

Example	<pre>:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:CONDITION ID :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALue "00X1X01X" :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:B1:LIN:IDentifier:VALue? >01100X1X01X</pre>
---------	--



:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod

Description	Sets or returns the FFT peak method type.
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Related Commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE :SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod:MPEak :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel
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Syntax	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod {MPEak LEVel ?}	
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Parameter/ Return parameter	MPEak	Sets the peak method to the Max Peak type.
	LEVel	Sets the peak methods to the Level type.

Example	<pre>:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod LEVel :SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod? >LEVEL :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel? >1.000E+00 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel 2 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LEVel? >2.000E+00</pre>
---------	---

:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD:MPEak

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets the active peak number (1 ~ 10) or return the frequency of the active peak number.	
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Related Commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE :SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD	
------------------	--	--

Syntax	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD:MPEak {<NR1> ?}	
--------	--	--

Parameter	<NR1>	Active peak number.
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Return parameter	<NR3>	Frequency of the active peak.
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Example	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD MPEak	
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```
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD?
>MPEAK
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD:MPEak?
>1.000E+00
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD:MPEak 2
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHOD:MPEak?
>2.000E+00
```

Set →
→ Query

:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SINFO

Description	Sets or returns the State Info to "Mark" or "Peak".	
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Related Commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:TYPE	
------------------	----------------------	--

Syntax	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SINFO {MARK PEAK ?}	
--------	---	--

Parameter/	MARK	Sets the State Info to Mark.
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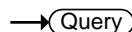
Return parameter	PEAK	Sets the State Info to Peak.
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Example	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SINFO?	
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```
>PEAK
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SINFO mark
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SINFO?
>MARK
```

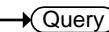
:SEARCH:FFTPeak:LIST Query

Description	Returns the data of the search event table.
Syntax	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:LIST?
Example	<pre>:SEARCH:FFTPeak:LIST? No.,Frequency,Value; 1,1.000E+04,-6.400E+00; 2,2.750E+06,-7.360E+01; 3,2.830E+06,-7.280E+01; 4,2.910E+06,-7.200E+01; 5,3.020E+06,-7.120E+01; 6,3.170E+06,-7.040E+01; 7,5.550E+06,-8.240E+01; 8,5.640E+06,-8.160E+01; 9,5.740E+06,-8.080E+01; 10,5.900E+06,-8.000E+01;</pre>

 Set Query**:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SOURce**

Description	Sets or returns the fft peak source.	
Related Commands	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod :SEARCH:FFTPeak:METHod:MPeak :SEARCH:FFTPeak:SINFO :SEARCH:FFTPeak:LIST	
	When in SA Mode, the SA source affects the operation object of the above command.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:FFTPeak:SOURce {SA1 SA2} :SEARCH:FFTPeak:SOURce?	
Parameter	SA1	Sets the fft peak source as SA1.
	SA2	Sets the fft peak source as SA2.

Example :SEARCH:FFTPeak: SOURce SA2
 :SEARCH:FFTPeak: SOURce?
 SA2

:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce →  

Description Sets or returns the channel to use as the clock source.

 Note When the clock source selects NONE, it will become pattern trigger.

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce
 {NONE|D0|D1|D2|D3|D4|D5|D6|D7|D8|D9|D10|D11|
 D12|D13|D14|D15}
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce?

Parameter	NONE	Set a Pattern trigger
	D0~D15	Set the digital input channel source.

:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:EDGe →  

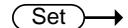
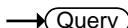
Description Sets the polarity of the clock channel.

Related Commands :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce

Syntax :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:EDGe
 {RISe|FALL|EITher}
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:EDGe?

Parameter	RISe	Rising slope
	FALL	Falling slope
	EITher	Either slope

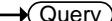
Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:SOURce D0
 :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:INPut:CLOCK:EDGe FALL

 Set Query**:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION**

Description	Sets or queries the logical combination of the input channels for logic trigger search.		
Related Commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTERn:INPut:D<X>		
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION {AND NAND NOR OR} SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION?		
Parameter	AND	Sets the AND mode of define logic.	
	NAND	Sets the NAND mode of define logic.	
	NOR	Sets the NOR mode of define logic.	
	OR	Sets the OR mode of define logic.	
Example	SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION? AND SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:FUNCTION NAND Sets the NAND mode of define logic.		

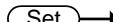
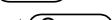
:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTERn Query

Description	Returns the conditions used for generating an A logic pattern trigger search, with respect to the defined input pattern, and identifies the time that the selected pattern may be true and still generate the trigger search.
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTERn?
Example	:SEARCH:TRIGGER:LOGIC:PATTERM:INPUT:D0 X;D1 X;D2 X;D3 X;D4 X;D5 X;D6 X;D7 X;D8 X;D9 X;D10 X;D11 X;D12 X;D13 X;D14 X;D15 X;:SEARCH :TRIGGER:LOGIC:PATTERM:WHEN TRUE;; SEARCH:TRIGGER:LOGIC:PATTERM:DELTATIME 1.000e-08;

:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:INPut:D<x>  

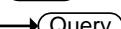
Description	Sets or returns the logic trigger search input for the specified digital channel.	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:INPut:D<x> {HIGH LOW X} :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:INPut:D<x>?	
Parameter	<x>	It indicates the channel number.
	HIGH	Set the logic high state.
	LOW	Set the logic low state.
	X	Set a “don’t care” state.

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:INPut:D0?
X

:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime  

Description	Sets or returns the pattern trigger search delta time value.	
Related Commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:WHEn	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime <NR3> :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime?	
Parameter	<NR3>	It indicates a floating point value with exponent that sets the pattern trigger search time value. A range of 1E-9 (1 ns) to 10.0E0 (10s).

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime 8.960e-05
:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATTern:DELTatime?
8.960e-05

 Set Query**:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:WHEn**

Description	Sets or returns the pattern logic condition on which to trigger search the oscilloscope.	
Related Commands	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:DELTatime	
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:WHEn {TRUE FALSE LESSthan MOREthan EQUAL UNEQUAL} :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:WHEn?	
Parameter	TRUE	Set true mode.
	FALSE	Set false mode.
	LESSTHAN	Set less than mode(Is True < time period(set in :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:DELTatime)).
	MORETHAN	Set more than mode(Is True > time period(set in :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:DELTatime)).
	EQUAL	Set equal mode(Is True = time period(set in :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:DELTatime)).
	UNEQUAL	Set unequal mode(Is True ≠ time period(set in :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:DELTatime)).

Example	:SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:WHEn FALSE :SEARCH:TRIGger:LOGic:PATtern:WHEn? FALSE
---------	--

:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:TYPE Query

Description	Returns the current bus trigger search type as I ² C, SPI, UART or PARALLEL .
Syntax	:SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:TYPE?

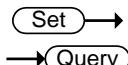
Parameter	I2C	I ² C mode
	SPI	SPI mode
	UART	UART mode
	PARALLEL	Parallel mode

Example :SEARCH:TRIGger:BUS:TYPe?
 UART

Label Commands

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:SET<X>:LABEL	284

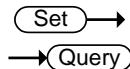
:CHANnel<X>:LABEL



Description	Sets or returns the file label for the selected channel.	
Syntax	:CHANnel<X>:LABEL {<string> ?}	
Related commands	:CHANnel<X>:LABEL:DISPlay	
Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	<string>	The string must be no more than 8 characters and only contain alphanumeric characters in addition to period, dash and underscore characters. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
Return parameter	<string>	Returns the label for the selected channel. No return indicates that there has not been a file label assigned for the selected channel.

Example1 :CHANnel1:LABEL "CH1_lab"
Sets the channel 1 label as "CH1_lab".

Example2 :CHANnel1:LABEL?
CH1_lab



:CHANnel<X>:LABEL:DISPlay

Description Turns the label on/off for the selected channel or returns its status.

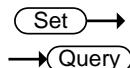
Syntax :CHANnel<X>:LABEL:DISPlay { OFF | ON | ? }

Related commands :CHANnel<X>:LABEL

Parameter	<X>	Channel 1, 2, 3, 4
	OFF	Turns the file label off for the selected channel.
	ON	Turns the file label on for the selected channel.

Return parameter Returns the status of the file label for the selected channel (ON, OFF).

Example :CHANnel1:LABEL "CH1"
:CHANnel1:LABEL:DISPlay ON
:CHANnel1:LABEL:DISPlay?
ON
Sets the channel 1 label to "CH1" and then turns the label display on. The query return shows that the label is on.



:REF<X>:LABEL

Description Sets or returns the file label for the selected reference waveform.

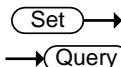
Syntax :REF<X>:LABEL {<string> | ?}

Related commands	:REF<X>:LABel:DISPlay	
Parameter	<X> <string>	REF 1, 2, 3, 4 The string must be no more than 8 characters and only contain alphanumeric characters in addition to period, dash and underscore characters. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
Return parameter	<string>	Returns the label for the selected reference waveform. No return indicates that there has not been a file label assigned for the selected reference waveform.
Example1	:REF1:LABel "REF1_lab" Sets the REF1 label as "REF1_lab".	
Example2	:REF1:LABel? REF1_lab	
:REF<X>:LABel:DISPLAY		 
Description	Turns the label on/off for the selected reference waveform or returns its status.	
Syntax	:REF<X>:LABel:DISPLAY { OFF ON ? }	
Related commands	:REF<X>:LABel	
Parameter	<X> OFF ON	Reference waveform 1, 2, 3, 4 Turns the file label off for the selected reference waveform. Turns the file label on for the selected reference waveform.
Return parameter	Returns the status of the file label for the selected reference waveform (ON, OFF).	

Example

```
:REF1:LABEL "REF1"
:REF1:LABEL:DISPLAY ON
:REF1:LABEL:DISPLAY?
ON
```

Sets the label for reference waveform 1 to "REF1" and then turns the label display on. The query return shows that the label is on.

**:BUS1:LABEL**

Description	Sets or returns the file label for the bus.	
Syntax	:BUS1:LABEL {<string> ?}	
Related commands	:BUS1:LABEL:DISPLAY	
Parameter	<string>	The string must be no more than 8 characters and only contain alphanumeric characters in addition to period, dash and underscore characters. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
Return parameter	<string>	Returns the label for the bus. No return indicates that there has not been a file label assigned for bus.

Example1

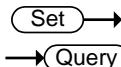
```
:BUS1:LABEL "Bus"
```

Sets the bus label as "Bus".

Example2

```
:BUS1:LABEL?
```

Bus

**:BUS1:LABEL:DISPLAY**

Description	Turns the label on/off for the bus or returns its status.
Syntax	:BUS1:LABEL:DISPLAY { OFF ON ? }

Related commands	:BUS1:LABEL :D<x>:LABEL :D<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY :DIGITAL:ANALOG:A<x>:LABEL :DIGITAL:ANALOG:A<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY	
Parameter	OFF	Turns the file label off for the bus.
	ON	Turns the file label on for the bus.
Return parameter	Returns the status of the file label for the bus (ON, OFF).	
Example	:BUS1:LABEL "Bus" :BUS1:LABEL:DISPLAY ON :BUS1:LABEL:DISPLAY? ON Sets the label for the bus to "Bus" and then turns the label display on. The query return shows that the label is on.	
:D<x>:LABEL		 → → 
Description	Sets or returns the waveform label for digital channels.	
Syntax	:D<x>:LABEL {<string> ?}	
Related commands	:D<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY	
Parameter	<x> <string>	Digital channel number D0~D15 The string must be no more than 8 characters and only contain alphanumeric characters in addition to period, dash and underscore characters. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".

Return parameter	<code><string></code>	Returns the label for the bus. No return indicates that there has not been a file label assigned for bus.
------------------	-----------------------------	---

Example :D1:LABEL "D1"
Sets the digital channel 1 label as "D1".

 Set →→  Query**:D<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY**

Description Turns the label on/off for the selected digital channel or returns its status.

Syntax :D<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY { OFF | ON | ? }

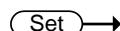
Related commands

Parameter OFF Turns the file label off for the selected digital channel.

ON Turns the file label on for the selected digital channel.

Return parameter Returns the status of the file label for the digital channel (ON, OFF).

Example :D1:LABEL "D1"
:D1:LABEL?
>D1
:D1:LABEL:DISPLAY ON
D1:LABEL:DISPLAY?
ON
Sets the label for the D1 channel to "D1" and then turns the label display on. The query return shows that the label is on.

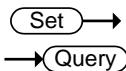
 Set →→  Query**:DIGITAL:ANALOG:A<x>:LABEL**

Description Sets or returns the label for analog waveforms.

Syntax :DIGITAL:ANALOG:A<x>:LABEL {<string> | ?}

Related commands	:DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY	
Parameter	<x>	Analog waveform number (1~2).
	<string>	The string must be no more than 8 characters and only contain alphanumeric characters in addition to period, dash and underscore characters. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
Return parameter	<string>	Returns the label for the bus. No return indicates that there has not been a file label assigned for bus.
Example	<pre>:DIG:ANA:A1:LAB "A1"</pre> <p>Sets the analog waveform 1 label as "A1".</p>	
<pre>:DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY</pre>		 →  →
Description	Turns the label on/off for the analog waveform or returns its status.	
Syntax	:DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:LABEL:DISPLAY {OFF ON ?}	
Related commands	:DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:LABEL	
Parameter	OFF	Turns the file label off for the analog waveform.
	ON	Turns the file label on for the analog waveform.
Return parameter	Returns the status of the file label for the analog waveform (ON, OFF).	
Example	<pre>:DIGital:ANALog:A1:LABEL "A1"</pre> <pre>:DIGital:ANALog:A1:LABEL:DISPLAY ON</pre> <pre>:DIGital:ANALog:A1:LABEL:DISPLAY?</pre> <pre>ON</pre> <p>Sets the label for the analog waveform to "A1"</p>	

and then turns the label display on. The query return shows that the label is on.



:SET<X>:LABEL

Description Sets or returns the file label for the selected setup.

Syntax :SET<X>:LABEL {<string> | ?}

Related commands :SET<X>:LABEL:DISPLAY

Parameter	<X> <string>	Setup number 1 to 20 The string must be no more than 8 characters and only contain alphanumeric characters in addition to period, dash and underscore characters. The string must be enclosed in double quotes, "string".
Return parameter	<string>	Returns the label for the selected setup. No return indicates that there has not been a file label assigned for the selected setup.

Example1 :SET1:LABEL "SET1_lab"

Sets the label for setup 1 as "SET1_lab".

Example2 :SET1:LABEL?

SET1_lab

Segment Commands

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:SEGMENTS:STATE

 
Set →
→ Query

Description	Turns the segmented memory function on/off or queries its state.
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:STATE {OFF ON ? }
Related commands	:RUN :STOP

Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF ON	Turns the segmented memory off. Turns the segmented memory on.
--------------------------------	-----------	---

Example1 :SEGMENTS:STATE ON

Turns segmented memory on.

 Set →

→  Query

:SEGMENTS:CURRENT

Description Sets or queries the current segment. The total number of segments depends on the record length.

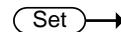
Syntax :SEGMENTS:CURRENT
{SETTOMIN|SETTOMAX|<NR1>|?}

Related commands :SEGMENTS:STATE
:SEGMENTS:TOTALNUM

Parameter/ Return parameter	SETTOMIN SETTOMAX <NR1>	Current segment = min segment Current segment = max segment 1~29000
--------------------------------	-------------------------------	---

Example1 :SEGMENTS:CURRENT 10

Sets the current segment to segment number 10.

 Set →

→  Query

:SEGMENTS:TOTALNUM

Description Sets or queries the total number of segments for the segmented memory function. The total number of segments depends on the record length.

Syntax :SEGMENTS:TOTALNUM
{SETTOMIN|SETTOMAX|<NR1>|?}

Related commands :SEGMENTS:STATE
:SEGMENTS:CURRENT

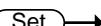
Parameter/ Return parameter	SETTOMIN SETTOMAX	Sets to the minimum number Sets to the maximum number
--------------------------------	----------------------	--

<NR1>	1~29000
-------	---------

Example1	:SEGMENTS:TOTalnum SETTOMAX Sets the number of segments to max number (29000).
----------	---

:SEGMENTS:TIME

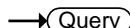

Description	Returns the time of the current segment in relation to the first segment.
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:TIME?
Related commands	:SEGMENTS:STATE :SEGMENTS:CURRENT
Return parameter	The segment time as <NR3>.
Example	:SEGMENTS:TIME? >8.040E-03 Returns the segment time.



:SEGMENTS:DISPALL

Description	Sets or queries whether all the segments are displayed on the screen.	
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:DISPALL {OFF ON ?}	
Related commands	:SEGMENTS:STATE :SEGMENTS:CURRENT	
Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF	Turns the display all function off.
	ON	Turns the display all function on.
Example1	:SEGMENTS:DISPALL ON Turns the display all function on.	

:SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE

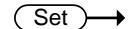
 Set Query

Description	Sets or queries the measurement mode.	
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE {OFF PLOT TABLE ?}	
Related commands	:MEASurement:MEAS<x>	
Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF	Disables the automatic measurement function for the segments measurement.
	PLOT	Sets the measurement mode to Statistics.
	TABLE	Sets the measurement mode to a measurement list.

Example :SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE?
>PLOT

Returns the measurement mode as Statistics.

:SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SOURce

 Set Query

Description	Sets or queries the statistics source.	
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SOURce {<NR1> ? }	
Related commands	:SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:DIVide :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SElect :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:RESults	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	1~8 (Automatic measurement item 1~8)

Example1 :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SOURce 1

Sets the source as auto measurement item 1.

:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:DIVide

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or queries the number of bins for the statistics function.	
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:DIVide {<NR1> ? }	
Related commands	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:SOURce :SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:SElect	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	1~20
Example1	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:DIVide 5 Sets the number of bins to 5 for the statistics function.	

:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:SElect

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or queries which bin to view the statics of.	
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:SElect {<NR1> ? }	
Related commands	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:SOURce :SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:DIVide	
Parameter	<NR1>	1~20 (cannot exceed the number of bins)
Return parameter	Return the bin number as <NR3>.	
Example1	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:SElect 5 Set to bin number 5.	

:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:RESULTS

 Query

Description	Returns the results of the currently selected bin for the statistics measurement.
 Note	At least one automatic measurement must be turned on.
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:PLOT:RESULTS?

Related commands	:SEGMENTS:STATE :SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE PLOT :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SOURce :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:DIVide :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SESelect
------------------	---

Return parameter	Returns the statistics measurements as a string.
------------------	--

Example	:SEGMENTS:STATE ON STOP :SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE PLOT :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SOURce 1 :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:DIVide 10 :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:SElect 1 :SEGMENTS:MEASure:PLOT:RESults? > MAX,1.000kHz;MIN,1.000kHz;MEAN,1.000kHz; Bin Statistics,1 of 10;Percent,10.00%;Count,1; Measured,10;Unmeasured,0;Bin Range, 1.000kHz-1.000kHz; Plots the results for automatic measurement #1, bin 1 of 10.
---------	--

Set →

→ Query

:SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:SOURce

Description	Sets or queries the source of the measurement list.
-------------	---

Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:SOURce {CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 ? }
--------	---

Related commands	:SEGMENTS:MEASure:MODE :SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:SElect :SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:LIST
------------------	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel 1 to 4
--------------------------------	---------	----------------

Example1	:SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:SOURce CH1 Sets the source to CH1.
----------	---

 Set Query**:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:TABLE:SELect**

Description	Sets or queries a segment to view in the measurement table.
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:TABLE:SELect {<NR1> ? }
Related commands	:SEGMENTS:TOTalnum
Parameter	<NR1> 1~29000
Return parameter	Returns the number of segments as <NR3>.
Example	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:TABLE:SELect 10 Select segment number 10.

:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:TABLE:LIST Query

Description	Returns the measurement results of each segment in the block data.
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:TABLE:LIST?
Return parameter	Returns the measurements results as a block data for each segment.
Example	:SEGMENTS:MEASURE:TABLE:LIST? >"GW-INSTEK, GDS-3654A, serial number PXXXXXX, version V1.37", Segment Summary : CH1, Seg., Pk-Pk (V), Pk-Pk (V), 1, 8.00m, 8.00m, 2, 8.00m, 8.00m, 3, 8.00m, 8.00m, 4, 8.00m, 8.00m, 5, 8.00m, 8.00m, 6, 8.00m, 8.00m, 7, 8.00m, 8.00m, 8, 8.00m, 8.00m, 9, 12.0m, 12.0m, 10, 8.00m, 8.00m,

:SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:SAVE

Description Saves the list of segment automatic measurement results.

Syntax :SEGMENTS:MEASure:TABLE:SAVE

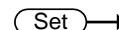
:SEGMENTS:SAVE

Description Saves the segments.

Syntax :SEGMENTS:SAVE

Related Commands :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SOURce
 :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:STARt
 :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:END

Example :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SOURce CH1
 :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:STARt 1
 :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:END 10
 :SEGMENTS:SAVE



:SEGMENTS:SAVe:SOURce

Description Sets or queries the source segment waveform to save.

Syntax :SEGMENTS:SAVe:SOURce {CH1 | CH2 | CH3 | CH4 |
D0 | D1 | D2 | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 | D8 | D9 | D10 |
D11 | D12 | D13 | D14 | D15 | ? }

Parameter/ CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to 4.

Return parameter D0~D15 Digital channels D0~D15

Example :SEGMENTS:SAVe:SOURce CH1
 >Sets the source to CH1.

:SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:STARt
 →


Description	Sets or queries the starting segment to save from. The number of possible segments depends on the record length.
-------------	---

Syntax	:SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:STARt {SETTOMIN SETTOMAX <NR1> ? }
--------	---

Related commands	:SEGMENTS:TOTalnum
------------------	--------------------

Parameter/ Return parameter	SETTOMIN	Sets the starting segment to min segment.
	SETTOMAX	Sets the starting segment to the max segment.
	<NR1>	Sets the segment to 1~29000

Example	:SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:STARt 2 Sets the starting segment to segment number 2.
---------	---

:SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:END
 →


Description	Sets or queries the ending segment to save from. The number of possible segments depends on the record length.
-------------	---

Syntax	:SEGMENTS:SAVE:SELect:END {SETTOMIN SETTOMAX <NR1> ? }
--------	--

Related commands	:SEGMENTS:TOTalnum
------------------	--------------------

Parameter/ Return parameter	SETTOMIN	Sets the starting segment to min segment.
	SETTOMAX	Sets the starting segment to the max segment.
	<NR1>	Sets the segment to 1~29000.

Return parameter	<NR3>	Returns the ending segment as NR3.
------------------	-------	------------------------------------

Example :SEGMENTS:SAVE:SElect:END 10

Sets the ending segment to segment number 10.

 Set →

:SEGMENTS:MASK:STATE

→  Query

Description Sets or queries the state of segment mask.



Note It could not set on when the mask hasn't create.

Syntax :SEGMENTS:MASK:STATe {ON | OFF}

:SEGMENTS:MASK:STATe?

Parameter ON Turn on the segment mask.

OFF Turn off the segment mask.

Example :SEGMENTS:MASK:STATe ON

:SEGMENTS:MASK:STATe?

ON

 Set →

:SEGMENTS:MASK:SOURce

→  Query

Description Sets or queries the reference source of segment mask.

Syntax :SEGMENTS:MASK:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4}

:SEGMENTS:MASK:SOURce?

Parameter CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to Channel 4

Example SEGMENTS:MASK:SOURce CH1

:SEGMENTS:MASK:SOURce?

CH1

 Set →

:SEGMENTS:MASK:CREATE

→  Query

Description Creates a segment mask fastly in according to the reference source or returns the setting of the mask.

Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MASK:CREATE {<Xmask>,<Ymask>} :SEGMENTS:MASK:CREATE?	
Parameter	<Xmask>	Sets the horizontal range for the mask.
	<Ymask>	Sets the vertical range for the mask.
Example	:SEGMENTS:MASK:CREATE 0.1,0.2 Sets the range of mask as {0.1,0.2} and creates a mask.	

Set →
→ Query

:SEGMENTS:MASK:UNITS

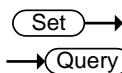
Description	Sets or queries the units of segment mask.	
Syntax	:SEGMENTS:MASK:UNITS {DIVisions CURRent} :SEGMENTS:MASK:UNITS?	
Parameter	DIVisions	Divisions units
	CURRent	Current units
Example	:SEGMENTS:MASK:UNITS CURRent :SEGMENTS:MASK:UNITS? CURRent	

DVM Commands

The DVM commands are only available when the optional DVM software is installed.

:DVM:STATE	296
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:DVM:STATE



Description Sets or queries the DVM state to on or off.

Syntax :DVM:STATE {OFF | ON | ?}

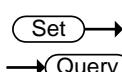
Related commands :DVM:SOURce
:DVM:MODe

Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF	Turns the DVM off.
	ON	Turns the DVM on.

Example :DVM:STATE ON

Turns the DVM state on.

:DVM:SOURce



Description Sets or queries the source of the DVM.

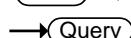
Syntax :DVM:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4|?}

Related commands :DVM:STATE
:DVM:MODe

Parameter/ Return parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel 1 to 4.
--------------------------------	---------	-----------------

Example :DVM:SOURce CH1

Sets the DVM source to channel 1.

:DVM:MODE
 →


Description	Sets or queries the DVM mode.	
Syntax	:DVM:MODE {ACRMS DC DCRMS DUTY FREQUENCY ?}	
Related commands	:DVM:SOURce :DVM:STATE	
Parameter/ Return parameter	ACRMS Sets the mode to AC RMS DC Sets the mode to DC DCRMS Sets the mode to DC RMS DUTY Sets the mode to AC Duty FREQUENCY Sets the mode to AC frequency	
Example	:DVM:MODE DUTY	Sets the DVM mode to DUTY.

:DVM:VALue


Description	Returns the measurement value of the selected mode.
Syntax	:DVM:VALue?
Related commands	:DVM:SOURce :DVM:STATE :DVM:MODE
Return parameter	Returns the measurement value as <NR3>.
Example	:DVM:VALue? >8.410E-04 Returns the measurement.

Go_NoGo Commands

The GoNoGo APP must first be launched (or use the command, “:GONogo:SCRipt”) before any of the Go_NoGo or Template commands can be used.

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:GONogo:CLEar



Description Clears the Go/NoGo counter.

Syntax :GONogo:CLEar

:GONogo:EXECute



Description Enables or disables the Go/NoGo function or queries its state.

Syntax :GONogo:EXECute {OFF|ON|?}

Parameter/	OFF	Disabled
Return Parameter	ON	Enabled

Example :GONogo:EXECute OFF
Turns Go/NoGo off.

:GONogo:FUNCtion



Description Initializes the Go/NoGo APP. This must be run after the Go/NoGo APP has been started.

Syntax :GONogo:FUNCtion

:GONogo:NGCount



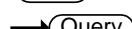
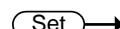
Description Returns the Go/NoGo counter.

Syntax :GONogo:NGCount{?}

Return parameter Returns a string in the following format “number of violations,total tests”

Example :GONogo:NGCount?
> 3,25

Indicates that 3 violations occurred over 25 tests.



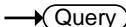
:GONogo:NGDefine

Description Sets the Go/NoGo “When” conditions.

Syntax :GONogo:NGDefine {EXITs|ENTers|?}

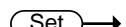
Parameter/	EXITs	Sets the NoGo condition to when the input signal exceeds the limit boundary.
Return Parameter	ENTers	Sets the NoGo condition to when the input signal stays within the limit boundary.

Example :GONogo:NGDefine EXITs
Sets the Go/NoGo condition to EXITs.

:GONogo:SOURce Set Query

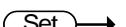
Description Sets the source for the Go/NoGo signal.**Syntax** :GONogo:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4|?}**Parameter/** CH1~CH4**Return Parameter****Example** :GONogo:SOURce CH1

Sets the source to CH1.

:GONogo:VIOLation Set Query

Description Sets or returns actions for the Go/NoGo violations.**Syntax** :GONogo:VIOLation {STOP | CONTinue | ?}**Parameter/** STOP The waveform will be frozen.**Return Parameter** CONTINUE Ignore the violation.**Example** :GONogo:VIOLation STOP

Sets violation action to STOP.

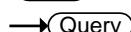
:GONogo:SCRipt Set

Description Activates/Deactivates the Go/NoGo APP or queries its state.**Syntax** :GONogo:SCRipt {OFF | ON | ?}**Parameter/** ON Turns Go/NoGo APP on.**Return Parameter** OFF Turns the Go/NoGo APP off.**Example** :GONogo:SCRipt?

>ON

The Go/NoGo script is on.

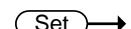
:TEMPlate:MODE



Description	Sets or returns the Go/NoGo template mode.	
Syntax	:TEMPlate:MODE {MAXimum MINimum AUTO ?}	
Parameter/ Return Parameter	MAXimum	Maximum template
	MINimum	Minimum template
	AUTO	Auto template

Example :TEMPlate:MODE AUTO

Sets the template mode to AUTO.

:TEMPlate:MAXimum



Description	Defines or queries which waveform memory (REF1 or W1~W20) is set to the maximum template.	
Syntax	:TEMPlate:MAXimum {REF1 W1~W20 ?}	
Parameter/ Return Parameter	REF1	Reference one
	W1~W20	Waveform memory 1 to 20
Example	:TEMPlate:MAXimum REF1 Saves the maximum template to REF1.	

:TEMPlate:MINimum



Description	Defines or queries which waveform memory (REF1 or W1~W20) is set to the minimum template.	
Syntax	:TEMPlate:MINimum {REF2 W1~W20 ?}	
Parameter/ Return Parameter	REF2	Reference one
	W1~W20	Waveform memory 1 to 20

Example :TEMPlate:MINimum REF2

Saves the minimum template to REF2.

 Set →

:TEMPlate:POSIon:MAXimum

→  Query

Description Sets or queries the position of the maximum template.

Syntax :TEMPlate:POSIon:MAXimum {<NR2>|?}

Parameter <NR2> Desired template position (-12.0 ~ +12.0 divisions)

Return parameter Returns the position in the following format:
“<NR2>Div”

Example :TEMPlate:POSIon:MAXimum 3.00

Sets the maximum template position to 3.00 divisions.

 Set →

:TEMPlate:POSIon:MINimum

→ 

Description Sets or queries the position of the minimum template.

Syntax :TEMPlate:POSIon:MINimum {<NR2>|?}

Parameter <NR2> Desired template position (-12.0 ~ +12.0 divisions)

Return parameter Returns the position in the following format:
“<NR2>Div”

Example :TEMPlate:POSIon:MINimum 3.00

Sets the minimum template position to 3.00 divisions.

:TEMPlate:SAVe:MAXimum

 Set →

Description Saves the maximum template.

Syntax :TEMPlate:SAVe:MAXimum

:TEMPlate:SAVe:MINimum**Set** →**Description** Saves the maximum template.**Syntax** :TEMPlate:SAVe:MINimum**Set** →
→ **Query****:TEMPlate:TOLerance****Description** Sets or queries the tolerance as a percentage.**Syntax** :TEMPlate:TOLerance {<NR2>|?}**Parameter/** <NR2> The auto tolerance range (0.4% ~ 40%)
Return Parameter**Example** :TEMPlate:TOLerance 10

Sets the tolerance to 10%.

:TEMPlate:SAVe:AUTo**Set** →**Description** Saves the AUTO template (maximum and minimum templates).**Syntax** :TEMPlate:SAVe:AUTo

AWG Commands

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:AWG:UTIL**Set** →

Description	Reset all of the AWG settings to the default.	
Syntax	:AWG:UTIL{PRESet}	
Parameter	PRESet	Set the AWG settings to default.
Example	:AWG:UTIL PRESet	

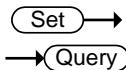
:AWG:UTIL:AMPCpl

Set → Query

Description	Set or return the state of amplitude couple.	
Syntax	:AWG:UTIL:AMPCpl{ON OFF}	
	:AWG:UTIL:AMPCpl?	

Parameter	ON	Turn on the amplitude couple.
	OFF	Turn off the amplitude couple.

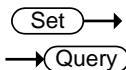
Example :AWG:UTIL:AMPCpl ON
 :AWG:UTIL:AMPCpl?
 >ON



:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl

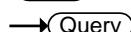
Description	Set or return the type of frequency couple.	
Syntax	:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl {OFF OFFSet RATio} :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl?	
Parameter	OFF	Turn off the Frequency Couple.
	OFFSet	The frequency of Gen. 1 and Gen. 2 are coupled by offset.
	RATio	The frequency of Gen. 1 and Gen. 2 are coupled by ratio.

Example :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl RATio
 :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl?
 >RATIO



:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:OFFSet

Description	Set or return the frequency offset between Gen. 1 and Gen. 2 for frequency couple	
Syntax	:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:OFFSet{<NRf>} :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:OFFSet?	
Parameter	<NRf>	Value of offset.
Example	:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:OFFSet 50 :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:OFFSet? >5.00000e+01	

:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:RATio
 →


Description Set or return the frequency ratio between Gen. 1 and Gen. 2 for frequency couple.

Syntax :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:RATio{<NRf>}
:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:RATio?

Parameter <NRf> Value of ratio.

Example :AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:RATio 2.5
:AWG:UTIL:FREQCpl:RATio?
>2.50000e+00

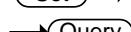
:AWG:UTIL:TRACKing
 →


Description Set or return the state of AWG tracking.

Syntax :AWG:UTIL:TRACKing{ON|OFF}
:AWG:UTIL:TRACKing?

Parameter ON Turn on the AWG tracking.
OFF Turn off the AWG tracking.

Example :AWG:UTIL:TRACKing ON
:AWG:UTIL:TRACKing?
>ON

:AWG<x>:AMPlitude
 →


Description Sets or returns the waveform amplitude.

Syntax :AWG<x>:AMPlitude {<NRf> | ?}

Related command :AWG<x>:OUTPut:LOAD:IMPEDance

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter	<code><NRF></code>	Amplitude in Volts. (50Ω impedance 0.1~2.5V) (High Z impedance 0.2~5V)
------------------	--------------------------	--

Example :AWG1:AMP 1
 :AWG1:AMPLitude?
 1.00000e+00

:AWG<x>:FREQuency

Description Sets or returns the waveform frequency.

Syntax :AWG<x>:FREQuency {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<code><x></code>	Channel number 1~2.
	<code><NRF></code>	Frequency in Hertz.

Example :AWG1:FREQ 2000
 :AWG1:FREQuency?
 2.00000e+03

:AWG<x>:FUNCTION

Description Sets or returns the type of waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:FUNCTION {ARBitrary | SINE | SQUAre | PULSe | RAMP | DC | NOISe | SINC | GAUssian | LORENTz | EXPRise | EXPFall | HAVERSINe | CARDiac | ?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<code><x></code>	Channel number 1~2.
	ARBitrary	Arbitrary waveform
	SINE	Sine waveform
	SQUAre	Square waveform
	PULSe	Pulse waveform
	RAMP	Ramp waveform
	DC	DC waveform

NOISe	Noise waveform
SINC	Sinc waveform
GAUSSian	Gaussian waveform
LORENTz	Lorentz waveform
EXPRIse	Exponential rise waveform
EXPFall	Exponential fall waveform
HAVERSINe	Haversine waveform
CARDIac	Cardiac waveform

Example :AWG1:FUNC?
 >SINE

 Set →
→  Query

:AWG<x>:OFFSet

Description Sets or returns the waveform offset.

Syntax :AWG<x>:OFFSet {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Offset in Volts.

Example :AWG1:OFFSet?
 0.00000e+00
 :AWG1:OFFSet 1
 :AWG1:OFFSet?
 1.00000e+00

 Set →
→  Query

:AWG<x>:OUTPut:LOAD:IMPEDance

Description Sets or returns the output termination

Syntax :AWG<x>:OUTPut:LOAD:IMPEDance {FIFTy | HIGHZ
| ?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2
	FIFTy	50 Ohm output termination

	HIGHZ	High Z output termination
Example	:AWG1:OUTP:LOA:IMPED HIGHZ	Sets the output termination of channel 1 to high impedance.
		Set → → Query
	:AWG<x>:OUTPut:STATE	
Description	Sets or returns the channel output state.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:OUTPut:STATE {OFF ON ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2
	OFF	Turns the channel output off
	ON	Turns the channel output on
Example	:AWG1:OUTP:STATE OFF Turns the channel 1 output off.	
		Set → → Query
	:AWG<x>:PHAsE	
Description	Sets or returns the channel phase.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:PHAsE {<NRF> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRF>	Phase in degree -180~180°
Example	:AWG1:PHA 45 Sets the channel 1 phase to 45°.	
		Set → → Query
	:AWG<x>:PULSe:DUTYcycle	
Description	Sets or returns the pulse duty cycle.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:PULSe:DUTYcycle {<NRF> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRF>	Duty cycle in percentage 0.2~99.8%

Example	:AWG1:PULS:DUTY 50	 
	Sets the channel 1 pulse duty cycle to 50%.	

Description	Sets or returns the ramp symmetry.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:RAMP:SYMMetry {<NRf> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Symmetry of the ramp waveform 0~100%

Example	:AWG1:RAMP:SYM 15	
	Sets the channel 1 ramp symmetry to 15%.	

Description	Sets or returns the modulation state.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:SATE {OFF ON ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	OFF	Sets the modulation to off.
	ON	Sets the modulation to on.

Example	:AWG1:MOD:STATE ON	
	Turns the modulation on for channel 1.	

Description	Sets or returns the type of modulation.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>MODulation:TYPE {AM FM FSK ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	AM	Sets a AM modulation.
	FM	Sets a FM modulation.
	FSK	Sets a FSK modulation.

Example :AWG1:MOD:TYPE AM

Sets a AM modulation for channel 1.

:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:DEPth

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the AM modulation depth.

Syntax :AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:DEPth {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter <NRf> AM depth in percentage 0~120%.

Example :AWG1:MOD:AM:DEP?

>1.20000e+02

:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:FREQ

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the AM modulation frequency.

Syntax :AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:FREQ {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter <NRf> AM frequency in Hertz.

Example :AWG1:MOD:AM:FREQ 1000

Sets the AM frequency to 1kHz.

:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:SHApe

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the shape of the AM modulation.

Syntax :AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:SHApe {SINE | SQuare | PULSe | RAMP | NOISe | ?}

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter SINE Sine wave shape.

SQuare Square wave shape.

PULSe Pulse wave shape.

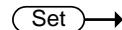
RAMP Ramp wave shape.

	NOISe	Noise wave shape.
Example	:AWG1:MOD:AM:SHA RAMP Sets a ramp shape to the AM modulating waveform.	
		(Set) → → (Query)
:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:PHAsE		(Set) → → (Query)
Description	Sets or returns the phase of the AM modulation (sine wave shape only).	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:PHAsE {<NRf> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Phase in degree -180~180°.
Example	:AWG1:MOD:AM:PHA? >-1.80000e+02	
		(Set) → → (Query)
:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:DUTYcycle		(Set) → → (Query)
Description	Sets or returns the duty cycle of the AM modulation (pulse wave shape only).	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:DUTYcycle {<NRf> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Duty cycle in percentage 2~98%.
Example	:AWG1:MOD:AM:DUTY 50 Sets the duty cycle of the AM modulating waveform to 50%.	
		(Set) → → (Query)
:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:SYMmetry		(Set) → → (Query)
Description	Sets or returns the symmetry of the AM modulation (ramp wave shape only).	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:SYMmetry {<NRf> ?}	

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x> <NRf>	Channel number 1~2. Symmetry in percentage 0~100%.
--------------------------------	--------------	---

Example :AWG1:MOD:AM:SYM 50

Sets the symmetry of the AM modulating waveform to 50%.

 Set

 Query

:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:RATE

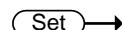
Description	Sets or returns the rate of the AM modulation (noise wave shape only).	
-------------	--	--

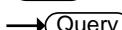
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:AM:RATE {RATE10M RATE5M RATE1M RATE500K RATE100K RATE50K RATE10K RATE5K RATE1K ?}	
--------	--	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	RATE10M	10MHz noise rate.
	RATE5M	5MHz noise rate.
	RATE1M	1MHz noise rate.
	RATE500K	500kHz noise rate.
	RATE100K	100kHz noise rate.
	RATE50K	50kHz noise rate.
	RATE10K	10kHz noise rate.
	RATE5K	5kHz noise rate.
	RATE1K	1kHz noise rate.

Example :AWG1:MOD:AM:RATE RATE5K

Sets the noise rate of the AM modulating waveform to 5kHz.

 Set

 Query

:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:DEV

Description	Sets or returns the deviation of the FM modulation.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:DEV {<NRf> ?}	
--------	---------------------------------------	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Frequency deviation in Hertz.

Example	:AWG1:MOD:FM:DEV? >2.000000000e+02	
---------	---------------------------------------	--

(Set) →
→ (Query)

:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:FREQ

Description	Sets or returns the frequency of the FM modulation.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:FREQ {<NRf> ?}	
--------	--	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Frequency in Hertz.

Example	:AWG1:MOD:FM:FREQ 1000 Sets the frequency of the FM modulating waveform to 1kHz.	
---------	---	--

(Set) →
→ (Query)

:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:SHApe

Description	Sets or returns the shape of the FM modulation.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:SHApe {SINE SQUare PULSe RAMP NOISe ?}	
--------	--	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	SINE	Sine wave shape.
	SQUare	Square wave shape.
	PULSe	Pulse wave shape.
	RAMP	Ramp wave shape.
	NOISe	Noise wave shape.

Example	:AWG1:MOD:FM:SHA SINE Sets a sine shape to the FM modulation.	
---------	--	--

Set**Query****:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:PHAse**

Description Sets or returns the phase of the FM modulation (sine wave shape only).

Syntax :AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:PHAse {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter <NRf> Phase in degree -180~180°.

Example :AWG1:MOD:FM:PHA 90

Sets a 90° phase to the FM modulating waveform.

Set**Query****:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:DUTYcycle**

Description Sets or returns the duty cycle of the FM modulation (pulse shape wave only).

Syntax :AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:DUTYcycle {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter <NRf> Duty cycle in percentage 1~99%.

Example :AWG1:MOD:FM:DUTY 50

Sets the duty cycle of the FM modulating waveform to 50%.

Set**Query****:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:SYMMetry**

Description Sets or returns the symmetry of the FM modulation (ramp shape wave only).

Syntax :AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:SYMMetry {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/ <x> Channel number 1~2.

Return parameter <NRf> Symmetry in percentage 0~100%.

Example :AWG1:MOD:FM:SYM 50

Sets the symmetry of the FM modulating waveform to 50%.

:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:RATE
 →
 →

Description	Sets or returns the noise rate of the FM modulation (noise shape wave only).	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:FM:RATE {RATE10M RATE5M RATE1M RATE500K RATE100K RATE50K RATE10K RATE5K RATE1K ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	RATE10M	10MHz noise rate.
	RATE5M	5MHz noise rate.
	RATE1M	1MHz noise rate.
	RATE500K	500kHz noise rate.
	RATE100K	100kHz noise rate.
	RATE50K	50kHz noise rate.
	RATE10K	10kHz noise rate.
	RATE5K	5kHz noise rate.
	RATE1K	1kHz noise rate.

Example :AWG1:MOD:FM:RATE RATE5K

Sets the noise rate of the FM modulating waveform to 5kHz.

:AWG<x>:MODulation:FSK:FREQ
 →
 →

Description	Sets or returns the hop frequency of the FSK modulation.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:FSK:FREQ {<NRf> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Frequency in Hertz.
Example	:AWG1:MOD:FSK:FREQ 2000000	
	Sets the FSK hop frequency to 2MHz.	

:AWG<x>:MODulation:FSK:RATE

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the FSK modulation rate.
-------------	--

Syntax	:AWG<x>:MODulation:FSK:RATE {<NRf> ?}
--------	---

Parameter/	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
------------	-----	---------------------

Return parameter	<NRf>	Frequency in Hertz.
------------------	-------	---------------------

Example	:AWG1:MOD:FSK:RATE 100000
---------	---------------------------

Sets the FSK rate to 100kHz.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:STATE

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the Sweep mode state.
-------------	---------------------------------------

Syntax	:AWG<x>:SWEep:STATE {OFF ON ?}
--------	------------------------------------

Parameter/	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
------------	-----	---------------------

Return parameter	OFF	Sets the sweep mode to off.
------------------	-----	-----------------------------

	ON	Sets the sweep mode to on.
--	----	----------------------------

Example	:AWG1:SWE:STATE ON
---------	--------------------

Turns the sweep mode to on for channel 1.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:TYPe

Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the sweep mode type.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Syntax	:AWG<x>:SWEep:TYPe {LINEAR LOG ?}
--------	---------------------------------------

Parameter/	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
------------	-----	---------------------

Return parameter	LINEAR	Sets the sweep mode to linear.
------------------	--------	--------------------------------

	LOG	Sets the sweep mode to logarithmic.
--	-----	-------------------------------------

Example	:AWG1:SWE:TYP LIN
---------	-------------------

Sets the sweep mode to linear for channel 1.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:START

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the start frequency of the sweep mode.

Syntax :AWG<x>:SWEep:START {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/
Return parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

<NRf> Start frequency in Hertz.

Example :AWG1:SWE:START 1000

Sets the sweep mode start frequency to 1kHz.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:STOP

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the stop frequency of the sweep mode.

Syntax :AWG<x>:SWEep:STOP {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/
Return parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

<NRf> Stop frequency in Hertz.

Example :AWG1:SWE:STOP 500000

Sets the sweep mode stop frequency to 500kHz.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:TIME

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the sweep time.

Syntax :AWG<x>:SWEep:TIME {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/
Return parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

<NRf> Sweep time in seconds.

Example :AWG1:SWE:TIM 6.500e-01

Sets the sweep time to 650ms.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:SPAN

 Set
 Query

Description Alternatively to setting the start and stop frequencies, the span and center frequency can be set.

Syntax :AWG<x>:SWEep:SPAN {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter/
Return parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

Parameter/
Return parameter <NRf> Span of the sweep in Hertz.

Example :AWG1:SWE:SPAN 1100

Sets the span of the sweep to 1.1kHz.

:AWG<x>:SWEep:CENTER

 Set
 Query

Description Alternatively to setting the start and stop frequencies, the span and center frequency can be set.

Syntax :AWG<x>:SWEep:CENTER {<NRf> | ?}

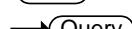
Parameter/
Return parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

Parameter/
Return parameter <NRf> Center frequency of the sweep in Hertz.

Example :AWG1:SWE:CENT 550

Sets the center frequency of the sweep to 550Hz.

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:NUMPoint

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the number of points of an arbitrary waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:NUMPoint { <NR1> | ?}

Parameter/
Return parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

Parameter/
Return parameter <NR1> Number of points

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:NUMP 1500

Sets 1500 points for the arbitrary waveform.

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:FUNCTION

Set →

Description	Sets the inbuilt waveform of the arbitrary waveform.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:FUNCTION { SINE SQUare PULSe RAMP NOISe}	
Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	SINE	Sine wave shape.
	SQUare	Square wave shape.
	PULSe	Pulse wave shape.
	RAMP	Ramp wave shape.
	NOISe	Noise wave shape.

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:FUNCTION RAMP

Sets a ramp shape to the arbitrary waveform.

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:SAVe:WAVEform

Set →

Description	Saves an arbitrary waveform.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:SAVe:WAVEform {ARB1 ARB2 ARB3 ARB4 <file path>}	
Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	ARB1~4	Saves the arbitrary waveform to one of the internal memory slots.
	<file path>	Saves the arbitrary waveform to disk or USB to the specified file path. Exemple: "Disk:/xxx.UAW" "USB:/xxx.UAW"

Example :AWG1:ARB:SAVE:WAVE ARB2

Saves the arbitrary waveform to ARB2.

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:LOAD:WAVEform

 Set →

Description Loads an arbitrary waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:LOAD:WAVEform { ARB1| ARB2 | ARB3 | ARB4 | <file path>}

Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	ARB1~4	Loads the arbitrary waveform from one of the internal memory slots.
	<file path>	Loads the arbitrary waveform from disk or USB at the specified file path. Exemple: "Disk:/xxx.UAW" "USB:/xxx.UAW"

Example :AWG1:ARB:LOA:WAVE ARB2

Loads the arbitrary waveform from ARB2.

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:COPY

 Set →

Description Copies a segment of an arbitrary waveform to a specific point.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:COPY {<STARt> , <LENGth> , <PASTe>}

Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<STARt>	NR1, point at which the segment to copy starts.
	<LENGth>	NR1, length of the segment to copy.
	<PASTe>	NR1, point at which the segment is to be copied.

Example	:AWG1:ARB:EDIT:COPY 5,100,106 Copies a segment of 100 points starting from point 5 of an arbitrary waveform and paste it to point 106 of this arbitrary waveform.
---------	--

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:CLEar

Set →

Description	Deletes a segment of an arbitrary waveform	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:CLEar { ALL <START> , <LENGth> }	
Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	ALL	Deletes the entire arbitrary waveform.
	<START>	NR1, point at which the segment to delete starts.
	<LENGth>	NR1, length of the segment to delete.

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:CLE ALL

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:LINE

Set →

Description	Creates a line on an arbitrary waveform.	
Syntax	:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:LINE {<address1> , <data1> , address2> , <data2> }	
Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<address1>	NR1, the point at which the line starts.
	<data1>	NRf, the value at the starting point.
	<address2>	NR1, the point at which the line ends.
	<data2>	NRf, the value at the ending point.

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:LIN 40,0.05,100,0.1

Creates a line between point 40 at value 0.05 and point 100 at value 0.01.

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:SCALe



Description Sets the vertical scale of the arbitrary waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:SCALe {<NRf>}

Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NRf>	Scale 0.1~ 10

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:SCAL 5.5

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:POINT



Description Edits a single point on an arbitrary waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:POINT {<address1> , <data1>}

Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<address1>	NR1, the point to be edited.
	<data1>	NRf, the value of that point.

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:POIN 20,0.2

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:POINT:ADD



Description Adds the edited point to the arbitrary waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:POINT:ADD {<NR1>}

Parameter	<x>	Channel number 1~2.
	<NR1>	The point to be added.

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:POIN:ADD 20

:AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:POINT:DELEte

Set →

Description Adds the edited point to the arbitrary waveform.

Syntax :AWG<x>:ARBitrary:EDIT:POINT:DELEte {<NR1>}

Parameter <x> Channel number 1~2.

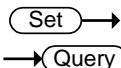
 <NR1> The point to be deleted.

Example :AWG1:ARB:EDIT:POIN:DELE 20

Data Logging Commands

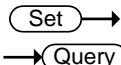
:DATALOG:STATE	326
:DATALOG:SOURce	326
:DATALOG:SAVe	327
:DATALOG:INTerval	327
:DATALOG:DURation	328

:DATALOG:STATE



Description	Sets or queries the state of the data logging app.	
Syntax	:DATALOG:STATE {OFF ON ?}	
Related commands	:DATALOG:SOURce :DATALOG:SAVe :DATALOG:INTerval :DATALOG:DURation	
Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF ON	Turns the data logging off. Turns the data logging on.
Example	:DATALOG:STATE ON Turns the data logging app on.	

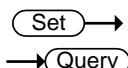
:DATALOG:SOURce



Description	Sets or queries the data logging source channel.	
Syntax	:DATALOG:SOURce { CH1~CH4 D0~D15 all ? }	
Related commands	:DATALOG:STATE :DATALOG:SAVe :DATALOG:INTerval :DATALOG:DURation	

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1 ~CH4 D0~D15 all	Channel 1, 2, 3 or 4 Digital channels D0~D15 All displayed channels.
----------------------------	---------------------------	--

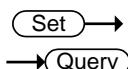
Example :DATALOG:SOURce CH1
Sets the source to CH1.



:DATALOG:SAVE

Description	Sets or queries the save format as image or waveform.	
Syntax	:DATALOG:SAVE {IMAGe WAVEform ?}	
Related commands	:DATALOG:STATE :DATALOG:SOURce :DATALOG:INTerval :DATALOG:DURation	
Parameter/Return parameter	IMAGe Save as images. WAVEform Save as waveforms.	

Example :DATALOG:SAVE WAVEform
Sets the save format to waveform.



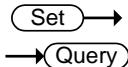
:DATALOG:INTerval

Description	Sets or queries the interval time between each recording.	
Syntax	:DATALOG:INTerval <NRF> :DATALOG:INTerval?	
Related commands	:DATALOG:STATE :DATALOG:SOURce :DATALOG:SAVE :DATALOG:DURation	

Parameter	<NRF>	Discrete time intervals in seconds:
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Example :DATALOG:INT 2

Sets the interval time to 2 seconds.



:DATALOG:DURation

Description Sets or queries the duration time of each recording.

Syntax :DATALOG:DURation <NRF>

:DATALOG:DURation?

Related :DATALOG:STATE

commands :DATALOG:SOURce

:DATALOG:SAVe

:DATALOG:INTerval

Parameter	<NRF>	Discrete recording time in seconds.
-----------	-------	-------------------------------------

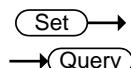
Example :DATALOG:DUR 5

Sets the recording time to 5 seconds.

Remote Disk Commands

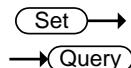
:REMOTEDisk:IPADDress	329
:REMOTEDisk:PATHName	329
:REMOTEDisk:USERName	329
:REMOTEDisk:PASSWord	330
:REMOTEDisk:MOUNT.....	330
:REMOTEDisk:AUTOMount.....	331

:REMOTEDisk:IPADDress



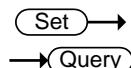
Description	Sets or returns the IP address of remote disk.	
Syntax	:REMOTEDisk:IPADDress {<string> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	IP address enclosed in double quotes. Eg., 172.16.20.255
Example	:REMOTEDisk:IPADDress "172.16.20.255" Sets the remote disk IP address as 172.16.20.255.	

:REMOTEDisk:PATHName



Description	Sets or returns the file path of the remote disk.	
Syntax	:REMOTEDisk:PATHName {<string> ?}	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<string>	File path in enclosed in double quotes eg., "remote_disk"
Example	:REMOTEDisk:PATHName "remote_disk" Sets the file path to c:/remote_disk.	

:REMOTEDisk:USERName



Description	Sets or queries the account username for the remote disk.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:REMOTEDisk:USERName {<string> ? }	
--------	--------------------------------------	--

Parameter/Return parameter	<string>	User name enclosed in double quotes eg., "User_Name".
----------------------------	----------	---

Example	:REMOTEDisk:USERName "User_Name"	
---------	----------------------------------	--

Sets the account name as User_Name.

:REMOTEDisk:PASSWord

Description	Sets or queries the account password for the remote disk.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:REMOTEDisk:PASSWord {<string> ? }	
--------	--------------------------------------	--

Parameter/Return parameter	<string>	Username password enclosed in double quotes eg., "Password".
----------------------------	----------	--

Example	:REMOTEDisk:PASSWord "Password"	
---------	---------------------------------	--

Sets the account password as Password.

:REMOTEDisk: MOUNT

Description	Turns remote disk on/off or queries its state.	
-------------	--	--

Syntax	:REMOTEDisk: MOUNT { OFF ON ? }	
--------	-------------------------------------	--

Parameter/Return parameter	OFF	Unmount remote disk
	ON	Mount remote disk

Example	:REMOTEDisk:IPADDress "172.16.5.154"	
---------	--------------------------------------	--

:REMOTEDisk:PATHName "remote_disk"

:REMOTEDisk:USERName "guest"

:REMOTEDisk:PASSWord "password"

:REMOTEDisk: MOUNT ON

Sets the remote disk parameters and mounts the remote disk.

:REMOTEDisk:AUTOMount**Set** →→ **Query**

Description Turns automount on/off or queries its state. The remote disk must be configured beforehand.

Syntax :REMOTEDisk:AUTOMount { OFF | ON | ? }

Parameter/Return parameter OFF Don't mount the remote disk at start up.
 ON Automatically mount the remote disk on start up.

Example :REMOTEDisk:AUTOMount ON
 Turns the automount function on.

Spectrum Analyzer Commands

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:SA:STATE

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the state of the spectrum analyzer.

Syntax :SA:STATE {OFF|ON}

:SA:STATE?

Parameter	OFF	Disable this function.
	ON	Enable this function.

Example SA:STATE ON
 SA:STATE? ON

:SA:LIST

 Query

Description Returns the data of the spectrum analyzer peak table.

Syntax :SA:LIST?

Example SA:LIST?
 NO., Frequency, Value;
 1, 1.482E+07, -7.680E+01;
 2, 2.790E+07, -7.600E+01;
 3, 3.670E+07, -7.600E+01;

:SA:MEMory

 Query

Description Returns the data in acquisition memory for the spectrum analyzer function as a header + raw data.

Syntax :SA:MEMory?

Related Commands :SA:MEMory:SOURce

Return parameter <string> <waveform block data> Returns acquisition settings followed by raw waveform block data.
 <string>

Returns the spectrum analyzer settings .

Format:

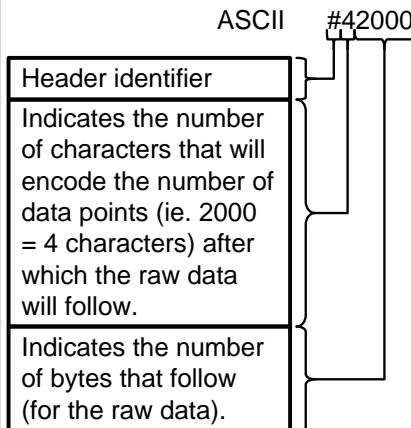
parameter(1),setting(1);parameter(2),setting(2)...parameter(n),setting(n);Waveform Data;

<waveform block data>

Header followed by the raw waveform data.

Format:

Header: The header (in ASCII) encodes the number of bytes for the header followed by the number of data points in bytes for the raw data.



Raw Data:

Each two bytes (in hex) encodes the vertical data of a data point. The data is signed hex data (2's complement, -32768 ~ 32767).

Waveform Raw Data Example:
Header raw data.....

Hex:

23 34 32 30 30 30 00 1C 00 1B 00 1A 00

1A 00 1B

ASCII/Decimal:

#42000 28 27 26 26

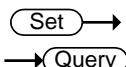
The actual value of a data point can be calculated with the following formula:

(Decimal value of hex data / AD Factor) * vertical scale.

Note: AD Factor is fixed as 25. The vertical scale is returned with the acquisition settings that precede the raw data.

For example if the raw data for a point is 001C (=28 decimal) then,
 $(28/25) \times 0.5 = 0.56V$

Example	<pre>:SA:MEMory?</pre> <p>Format,2.0E;Firmware,V1.28;Time,24-Apr-17 15:54:49;Memory Length,1.000E+03;Source,CH1;Probe Ratio,1.000E+00;Vertical Unit,dB;Vertical Position,3.000E+00;Vertical Scale,2.000E+01;Horizontal Unit,Hz;Horizontal Scale,1.000E+04;Sampling Period,1.000E+02;Center Frequency,2.300E+03;Span,1.000E+05;FREQUENCY,N ORM,Waveform Data;</p> <p>#42000 follows waveform block data in hex</p>
---------	---



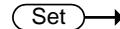
:SA:MEMory:SOURce

Description	Sets or returns the source of the waveform data
Syntax	<pre>:SA:MEMory:SOURce {NORMal AVErage MAXHold MINHold}</pre> <pre>:SA:MEMory:SOURce?</pre>

Parameter/Return parameter	NORMal	Normal data
	AVERage	Average data
	MAXHold	Maxhold data
	MINHold	Minhold data

Example :SA:MEMORY:SOURce AVE

Sets the memory source to average data.

 Set

 Query

:SA:SOURce

Description Sets or returns the source of the spectrum analyzer

Syntax :SA:SOURce {CH1 | CH2| CH3 | CH4}
:SA:SOURce?

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1	Channel one
	CH2e	Chnanel two
	CH3	Channel three
	CH4	Channel four

Example :SA:SOURce CH2

Sets the source of spectrum analyzer to channel two.

 Set

:SA<x>:SPECTRUMTrace

Description Resets all spectrum traces.

Syntax SA<x>:SPECTRUMTrace {RESET}

Parameter	RESET	Reset the trace
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA1:SPECTRUMTrace RESET

Reset the trace one of spectrum analyzer.

:SA<x>:NORMAl



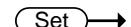
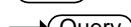
Description Sets or returns the frequency domain Normal trace display on or off in the frequency domain graticule.

Syntax :SA<x>:NORMAl {ON|OFF}
:SA<x>:NORMAl?

Parameter/Return parameter	ON	Turns the normal trace display on.
	OFF	Turns the normal trace display off.
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:NORMAl ON

Sets the normal trace one display on.

:SA<x>:MAXHold



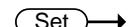
Description Sets or returns the frequency domain Max Hold trace display on or off in the frequency domain graticule.

Syntax :SA<x>:MAXHold {ON|OFF}
:SA<x>:MAXHold?

Parameter/Return parameter	ON	Turns the Max Hold trace display on.
	OFF	Turns the Max Hold trace display off.
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:MAXHold OFF

Sets the Max Hold trace one display off.

:SA<x>:MINHold



Description Sets or returns the frequency domain Min Hold trace display on or off in the frequency domain graticule.

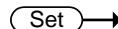
Syntax : SA<x>:MINHold {ON|OFF}

: SA<x>:MINHold?

Parameter/Return parameter	ON	Turns the Min Hold trace display on.
	OFF	Turns the Min Hold trace display off.
	<x>	1~2

Example : SA<2>:MINHold OFF

Sets the Min Hold trace two display off.

 Set →

→  Query

Description Sets or returns the frequency domain Average trace display on or off in the frequency domain graticule.

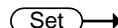
Syntax : SA<x>:AVErage {ON|OFF}

: SA<x>: AVErage?

Parameter/Return parameter	ON	Turns the Average trace display on.
	OFF	Turns the Average trace display off.
	<x>	1~2

Example : SA<1>: AVErage ON

Sets the Average trace one display on.

 Set →

→  Query

Description Sets or returns the number of acquisitions to be used when creating the Average frequency domain trace.

Syntax : SA<x>:AVErage:NUMAVg {<NR1>}

: SA<x>:AVErage:NUMAVg?

Parameter/Return parameter <NR1> The range is 2 – 256, in exponential increments.

<x> 1~2

Example :SA<1>:AVErage:NUMAVg 128
Sets the Average number of trace one to 128.

 Set →
→ 

:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MODE

Description	Sets or returns the detection within the oscilloscope occurs automatically or manually.	
Syntax	:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MODE {AUTo MANual} :SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MODE?	
Related commands	:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MAXHold,:SA:DETECTIonmethod:MINHold :SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:NORMAl,:SA:DETECTIonmethod:AVErage	
Parameter/Return parameter	AUTo	Automatically mode
	MANual	Manually mode
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:DETECTIonmethod:MODE AUTo
Sets the detection mode of trace one to automatic.

 Set →
→ 

:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MAXHold

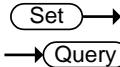
Description	Sets or returns the detection method of max Hold frequency domain trace.	
Syntax	:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MAXHold {PLUSpeak MINUSpeak SAMPLE AVErage} :SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MAXHold?	
Parameter/Return parameter	PLUSpeak	Sets the detection method to plus peak.
	MINUpeak	Sets the detection method to minus peak.
	SAMPLE	Sets the detection method to sample.
	AVErage	Sets the detection method to average.

<x>

1~2

Example :SA<1>:DETECTIonmethod:MAXHold AVErage

Sets the detection method of trace one to average.



:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MINHold

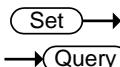
Description Sets or returns the detection method of min Hold frequency domain trace.

Syntax :SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MINHold
{PLUSpeak|MINUSpeak|SAMPLE|AVErage}
:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:MINHold?

Parameter/Return parameter	PLUSpeak	Sets the detection method to plus peak.
	MINUpeak	Sets the detection method to minus peak.
	SAMPLE	Sets the detection method to sample.
	AVErage	Sets the detection method to average.
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<2>:DETECTIonmethod:MINHold AVErage

Sets the detection method of trace two to average.



:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:NORMAl

Description Sets or returns the detection method of normal frequency domain trace.

Syntax :SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:NORMAl
{PLUSpeak|MINUSpeak|SAMPLE|AVErage}
:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:NORMAl?

Parameter/Return parameter	PLUSpeak	Sets the detection method to plus peak.
	MINUpeak	Sets the detection method to minus peak.

SAMple	Sets the detection method to sample.
AVErage	Sets the detection method to average.
<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:DETECTIonmethod:NORMAl AVErage
Sets the detection method of trace one to average.

 →
→ 

:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:AVErage

Description Sets or returns the detection method of average frequency domain trace.

Syntax :SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:AVErage
{PLUSpeak|MINUSpeak|SAMPLE|AVErage}
:SA<x>:DETECTIonmethod:AVErage?

Parameter/Return parameter	PLUSpeak	Sets the detection method to plus peak.
	MINUpeak	Sets the detection method to minus peak.
	SAMPLE	Sets the detection method to sample.
	AVErage	Sets the detection method to average.
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:DETECTIonmethod:AVErage AVErage
Sets the detection method of trace one to average.

 →
→ 

:SA<x>:FREQuency

Description Sets or returns the frequency (or center frequency) of the acquisition system.

Syntax :SA<x>:FREQuency {<NRf>|CENTER}
:SA<x>:FREQuency?

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	Sets the frequency by user.
	CENTER	Sets the frequency to center.

	1~2
--	-----

Example SA<1>:FREQuency 3.0E+06

Sets the center frequency of trace one to 3 MHz.

 Set
 Query

:SA<x>:SPAN

Description Sets or returns the span frequency setting.

Syntax :SA<x>:SPAN <NRf>

:SA<x>:SPAN?

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	Sets the span frequency by user.
----------------------------	-------	----------------------------------

Example SA<1>:SPAN 25E+06

Sets the span frequency of trace one to 25 MHz.

 Set
 Query

:SA<x>:START

Description Sets or returns the start frequency setting.

Syntax :SA<x>:START <NRf>

:SA<x>:START?

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	Sets the start frequency by user.
	<x>	1~2

Example SA<1>:START -9.5E+06

Sets the start frequency of trace one to -9.5 MHz.

 Set
 Query

:SA<x>:STOP

Description Sets or returns the stop frequency setting.

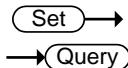
Syntax :SA<x>:STOP <NRf>

:SA<x>:STOP?

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	Sets the stop frequency by user.
	<x>	1~2

Example SA<1>:START 100E+06
 Sets the stop frequency of trace one to 100MHz.

:SA<x>:RBW:MODE



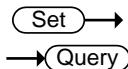
Description Sets or returns the resolution bandwidth (RBW) mode, either automatic or manual.

Syntax :SA<x>:RBW:MODE {AUTO|MANUAL}
 :SA<x>:RBW:MODE?

Parameter/Return parameter	AUTO	Automatically mode.
	MANUAL	Manually mode.
	<x>	1~2

Example SA<1>:RBW:MODE AUTO
 Sets the mode of trace one to automatic.

:SA<x>:RBW



Description Sets or returns the resolution bandwidth (RBW) when the RBW mode has been set to MANUAL (using the command SA:RBW:MODE).

Syntax :SA<x>:RBW <NRf>
 :SA<x>:RBW?

Related commands SA<x>:RBW:MODE

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	Sets the RBW by user.
	<x>	1~2

Example Sets SA<1>:RBW 2.0E+04
 Query SA<1>:RBW?
 Return 1.825017e+04
 If the RBW set to 20kHz, the query will return the nearest value (1.825017e+04).

:SA<x>:SPANRbwRatio

 Set

 Query

Description Sets or returns the resolution bandwidth (RBW) when the RBW mode has been set to AUTO (using the command SA<x>:RBW:MODE).

Syntax :SA<x>:SPANRbwRatio
 {RATIO1K|RATIO2K|RATIO5K|RATIO10K|RATIO20K|RATIO50K|RATIO100K|RATIO200K|<NRf>}
 :SA<x>:SPANRbwRatio?

Related commands SA<x>:RBW:MODE

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRf>	Sets the RBW by user.
	RATIO1K	1000 : 1
	RATIO2K	2000 : 1
	RATIO5K	5000 : 1
	RATIO10K	10000 : 1
	RATIO20K	20000 : 1
	RATIO50K	50000 : 1
	RATIO100K	100000 : 1
	RATIO200K	200000 : 1
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:SPANRbwRatio RATIO2K

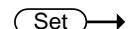
Sets the ratio of trace one to 2000:1.

Sets :SA<1>:SPANRbwRatio 2000

Query :SA<1>:SPANRbwRatio?

Return RATIO2K

:SA<x>:WINDOW

 Set

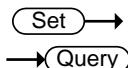
 Query

Description Sets or returns the windowing function, which is only used for traces.

Syntax	:SA<x>:WINDOW {RECTangular HAMming HANning BLAckman}	
	:SA<x>:WINDOW?	

Parameter/ Return parameter	RECTangular	Sets to Rectangular window
	HAMming	Sets to Hamming window
	HANning	Sets to Hanning window
	BLAckman	Sets to Blackman window
	<x>	1~2

Example	:SA<1>:WINDOW HANning	
	Sets to the hanning window for the trace one.	

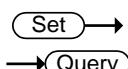


Description	Sets or returns the vertical units.	
-------------	-------------------------------------	--

Syntax	:SA<x>:UNIIts {DBV LINEAR DBM}	
	:SA<x>:UNIIts?	

Parameter/ Return parameter	DBV	Sets to DBV unit
	LINEAR	Sets to Linear unit
	DBM	Sets to DBM unit
	<x>	1~2

Example	:SA<1>:UNIIts DBM	
	Sets the unit of trace one to DBM unit.	



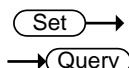
Description	Sets or returns the overall vertical scale.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:SA<x>:SCAle <NRf>	
	:SA<x>:SCAle?	

Related commands	:SA<x>:UNIIts	
---------------------	---------------	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRF>	Vertical scale, the value may vary which depends on the unit selected.
		dBM and dBV :
		1, 2, 5, 10, 20 (dB)
		Linear:
		2m, 5m, 10m, 20m, 50m, 100m, 200m, 500m, 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1k (V)
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:SCALe 2
Sets the scale of trace one to 2.



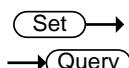
:SA:POSIon

Description Sets or returns the overall vertical position.

Syntax :SA<x>:POSIon <NRF>
 :SA<x>:POSIon?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NRF>	Vertical position range: +/-12
	<x>	1~2

Example :SA<1>:POSIon 3
Sets the vertical position of trace one to 3.



:SA<x>:INPut

Description Sets or returns the input state of the spectrum analyzers.

Syntax :SA<x>:INPut {OFF|ON}
 :SA<x>:INPut?

Parameter	ON	Turn off the SA<x> input.
	OFF	Turn on the SA<x> input.
	<x>	1~2

Example SA2:INPut ON
 SA2:INPut?
 ON

:SA:SPECTrogram:NUMSLICEs? →Query

Description Query the total number of slice in spectrogram.

Syntax :SA:SPECTrogram:NUMSLICEs?

Example SA:SPECTrogram:NUMSLICEs?
 57

Set →

→Query

:SA<x>:SPECTrogram:SLICESELect

Description Set or query the selected slice in spectrogram.

Syntax :SA<x>:SPECTrogram:SLICESELect <NR1>

:SA<x>:SPECTrogram:SLICESELect?

Parameter	<NR1>	The number of slice. Range:0 ~ -197
	<x>	1~2

Example SA2:SPECTrogram:SLICESELect -20
 SA2:SPECTrogram:SLICESELect?
 -20

Set →

→Query

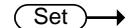
:SA<x>:SPECTrogram:SLICETIME? →Query

Description Query the timestamp of selected slice.

Syntax :SA<x>:SPECTrogram:SLICETIME?

Parameter	<x>	1~2
-----------	-----	-----

Example SA1:SPECTrogram:SLICETIME?

:SA:SPECTrogram:STATe Set Query

Description	Set or query the state of spectrogram display.	
Syntax	:SA:SPECTrogram:STATe {OFF ON} :SA:SPECTrogram:STATe?	
Parameter	OFF	Turn off the spectrogram display.
	ON	Turn on the spectrogram display.
Example	:SA:SPECTrogram:STATe ON :SA:SPECTrogram:STATe?	

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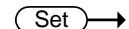
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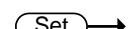
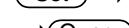
:POWER:TYPE

 Set Query

Description	Selects or returns the selected power analysis function.	
Syntax	:POWER:TYPE {NONE QUALITY SWLoss HARMonics RIPPLE INRUSHcurrent MODulation SOA TRANSient EFFiciency BHCurve CLResponse PSRR TONOff ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	QUALity	Power quality function
	HARMonics	Harmonics function
	RIPPLE	Ripple function
	INRUSHcurrent	Inrush current function
	SWLoss	Switching loss function
	MODulation	Modulation function
	SOA	Safe operation area function
	TRANSient	Transient function
	EFFiciency	Efficiency function
	BHCurve	B-H curve function
	CLResponse	Close loop response function
	PSRR	PSRR function
	TONOff	Turn ON/Off function

Example	:POWER:TYPE QUALity	
	Sets the power analysis function to power quality.	

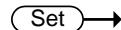
:POWER:CURRENT:SOURce

 Set Query

Description	Sets or queries the current source.	
Syntax	:POWER:CURRENT:SOURce {CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel of the current source.

Example :POWER:CURRent:SOURce CH1

Sets the current source to CH1.

 Set

:POWER:VOLTage:SOURce

 Query

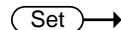
Description Sets or queries the voltage source.

Syntax :POWER:VOLTage:SOURce {CH1|CH2|CH3|CH4 |?}

Parameter/Return parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel of the voltage source.
----------------------------	---------	--------------------------------

Example :POWER:VOLTage:SOURce CH2

Sets the voltage source to CH2.

 Set

:POWER:HARMonics:STANDARD

 Query

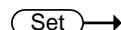
Description Sets the harmonics standard to none or to IEC standards.

Syntax :POWER:HARMonics:STANDARD {NONE|IEC |?}

Parameter/Return parameter	NONE	No harmonics standard.
	IEC	IEC standards

Example :POWER:HARMonics:STANDARD NONE

Sets the harmonics standard to none.

 Set

:POWER:HARMonics:NR_HARMonics

 Query

Description Sets the number of harmonics when the harmonic standard is set to none.

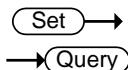
Note Only applicable if Standard is set to None.

Syntax :POWER:HARMonics:NR_HARMonics {<NR3> | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	20~400
	<NR3>	

Example :POWER:HARMONICS:NR_HARMONICS 20

Sets the number of harmonics to 20.



:POWER:HARMONICS:SOURCe

Description Sets or queries the harmonics source when the harmonic standard is set to none.

Note Only CURRent is supported when the standard is set to IEC.

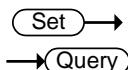
Syntax :POWER:HARMONICS:SOURCe {VOLTage|CURRent|?}

Parameter/Return parameter VOLTage Voltage source.

CURRent Current source.

Example :POWER:HARMONICS:SOURCe VOLTage

Sets the harmonics source as the voltage source.



:POWER:HARMONICS:FREQRef

Description Sets or queries the harmonics reference when the harmonic standard is set to none.

Syntax :POWER:HARMONICS:FREQRef {VOLTage | CURRent | HARMsOURce | FIXEDFREQuency | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter VOLTage Voltage source.

CURRent Current source.

HARMsOURce Harmonic source.

FIXEDFREQuency A fixed frequency value. The frequency is set by the FREQRef:FIXEDFREQValue command.

Example :POWER:HARMONICS:FREQRef VOLTage

Sets the harmonics reference as the voltage source.

:POWer:HARMonics:FREQRef:FIXEDFREQValue → Set → Query

Description Sets or queries the fixed frequency value for the :POWer:HARMonics:FREQRef command.

Note This command is only applicable when the Standard is set to None and the frequency reference is set to Fixed.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:FREQRef:FIXEDFREQValue {<NR3> | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf> <NR3>	(10Hz to 400Hz)
----------------------------	----------------	-----------------

Example :POWer:HARMonics:FREQRef:FIXEDFREQValue
1.0E+1

Sets the fixed frequency to 10Hz.

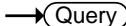
:POWer:HARMonics:DISPlay:SElect → Set → Query

Description Sets or queries the whether the odd, even or all the harmonics are displayed in the results. This command is only applicable when the harmonic standard is set to none.

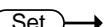
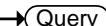
Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:DISPlay:SElect {ODD | EVEN | ALL | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	ODD	Display only odd harmonics
	EVEN	Display only even harmonics
	ALL	Display all the harmonics

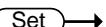
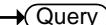
Example :POWer:HARMonics:DISPlay:SElect ODD
Display only the odd harmonics.



:POWer:HARMonics:DISPlay:TYPe

Description	Sets or queries the whether the results are displayed as a graph or as a table.	
Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:DISPlay:TYPe {GRAph TABLE ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	GRAph	Display as graph
	TABLE	Display as table
Example	:POWer:HARMonics:DISPlay:TYPe GRAph Display results in a graph.	

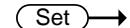


:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:LINEFREQuency

Description	Sets or queries the line frequency when the harmonics standard is set to IEC.	
Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:LINEFREQuency {<NR3>(50,60) ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	<NR3>	50 or 60.
Example	:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:LINEFREQuency 5.0e+1 Sets the line frequency to 50Hz.	



:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:OBSPERiod

Description	Sets or queries the “observation period” in seconds when the harmonics standard is set to IEC.	
Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:OBSPERiod {<NR3>(0.2~150) ?}	
Parameter/Return parameter	<NRF> <NR3>	0.2~150 seconds.
Example	:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:OBSPERiod 1.5E+2 Sets the observation period to 150 seconds.	

:POWER:HARMonics:IEC:CLAss



Description Sets or queries the IEC device class.

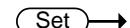
Syntax :POWER:HARMonics:IEC:CLAss {A|B|C1|C2|C3|D|?}

Parameter/Return parameter	A	Class A	B	Class B
	C1	Class C (table1)	C2	Class C (table2)
	C3	Class C (table3)	D	Class D

Example :POWER:HARMonics:IEC:CLAss B

Sets the device class to B.

:POWER:HARMonics:IEC:POWERFACtor



Description Sets or queries the power factor when the class is set to C. This is only applicable when the harmonics standard is set to IEC.

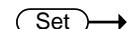
Syntax :POWER:HARMonics:IEC:POWERFACtor {<NR3> | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	0.00~1.00
	<NR3>	

Example :POWER:HARMonics:IEC:POWERFACtor 5.1E-1

Sets the power factor to 0.51.

:POWER:HARMonics:IEC:FUNDamental



Description Sets or queries the class C current. This is only applicable when the harmonics standard is set to IEC

Syntax :POWER:HARMonics:IEC:FUNDamental {<NR3> | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	<NR3>	0.1A ~ 16A

Example :POWER:HARMonics:IEC:FUNDamental 1.5E+0

Sets the class C current to 1.5A.

:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:INPUTPOWeR

Set →
→ **Query**

Description Sets or queries the class C3/D input power. This is only applicable when the harmonics standard is set to IEC

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:IEC:INPUTPOWeR {<NR3> | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	<NRf>	0~600Watts. (10W steps)
	<NR3>	

Example :POWer:HARMonics:IEC:INPUTPOWeR 1.0E+2
Sets the class C3/D input power to 100W.

:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:FILter

Set →
→ **Query**

Description Turns the IEC harmonics filter on/off.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:IEC:FILter {OFF | ON | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	OFF	Filter off
	ON	Filter on

Example :POWer:HARMonics:IEC:FILter ON
Turn the IEC harmonic filter on.

:POWer:HARMonics:IEC:GROUPing

Set →
→ **Query**

Description Turns the IEC grouping on/off.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:IEC:GROUPing {OFF | ON | ?}

Parameter/Return parameter	OFF	Grouping off
	ON	Grouping on

Example :POWer:HARMonics:IEC:GROUPing ON
Turn grouping on.

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-400>
:REQuency?

→ **Query**

Description Returns the frequency at the specified harmonic.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-400>
 :FREQuency?

Parameter <1-400> <NR1> Harmonic number.

Return parameter <NR3> Unit = Hz.

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR20:FREQuency?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:ECMAX? → **Query**

Description Returns the “Max all Windows” result when the harmonics standard is set to IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:IECMAX?

Parameter <1-40> <NR1> Harmonic number.

Return parameter <NR3> Unit = A.

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR2:IECMAX?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:LIMit? → **Query**

Description Returns the “Limit” result when the harmonics standard is set to IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:LIMit?

Parameter <1-40> <NR1> Harmonic number.

Return parameter <NR3> For device class C2, Unit = %.
 All other device classes, Unit = A.

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR1:LIMit?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR<1-400>:HASe? →(Query)

Description	Returns the “Phase” (°) result when the harmonics standard is set to none.	
Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR<1-400>:PHASe?	
Parameter	<1-400>	<NR1> Harmonic number.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Unit = °.
Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR20:PHASe?	

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR<1-400>:RMS
:ABSolute? →(Query)

Description	Returns the absolute “RMS” result.	
Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR1:RMS:ABSolute?	
Parameter	<1-400>	<NR1> Harmonic number.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Unit = V.
Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR20:RMS:ABSolute?	

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR<1-400>:RMS
:PERCent? →(Query)

Description	Returns the “Mag%” result.	
Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR<1-400>:RMS :PERCent?	
Parameter	<1-400>	<NR1> Harmonic number.
Return parameter	<NR3>	Unit = %.
Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR20:RMS:PERCent?	

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:TEST
:IEC:CLASSALIMit?

→(Query)

Description Returns the class A “limit” result when the testing standard is set to IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:TEST:IEC
:CLASSALIMit?

Parameter	<1-40>	<NR1> Harmonic number.
Return parameter	PASS	Passed limit testing
	FAIL	Failed limit testing
	N/A	N/A - device class is not A.

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR1:TEST:IEC
:CLASSALIMit?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:TEST
:IEC:NORMAL?

→(Query)

Description Returns the “limit” result for all device classes excluding class A. Only applicable for IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:TEST:IEC
:NORMAL?

Parameter	<1-40>	<NR1> Harmonic number.
Return parameter	PASS	Passed limit testing
	FAIL	Failed limit testing

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR1:TEST:IEC
:NORMAL?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:HAR<1-40>:TEST
:IEC:POHCLIMit?

→(Query)

Description Returns the “POHC Limit” result for all device classes when the standard is set to IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR<1-40>:TEST:IEC
:POHCLIMit?

Parameter	<1-40>	<NR1> Harmonic number.
Return parameter	PASS	Passed limit testing
	FAIL	Failed limit testing
	NA	Not applicable

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESults:HAR1:TEST:IEC
:POHCLIMit?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC:FUNDamental? → 

Description Returns the current level of the fundamental frequency. Only applicable with IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC:FUNDamental?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit = A

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC:FUNDamental?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC

:HARM3ALTernate? → 

Description Returns the limit test result of the IEC harmonic test for the 3rd harmonic.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC:HARM3ALTernate?

Return parameter	PASS	Passed limit testing
	FAIL	Failed limit testing
	NA	Not applicable

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC:HARM3ALTernate?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC
:HARM5ALTernate?

→(Query)

Description Returns the limit test result of the IEC harmonic test for the 3rd harmonic.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:HARM5ALTernate?

Return parameter	PASS	Passed limit testing
	FAIL	Failed limit testing
	NA	Not applicable

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:HARM5ALTernate?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POHC

→(Query)

Description Returns the POHC measurement when the standard is set to IEC.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POHC?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit = A

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POHC?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POWer

→(Query)

Description Returns the input power for IEC device class C3.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POWer?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit = W

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POWer?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POWERFactor

→(Query)

Description Returns the power factor for IEC device classes C1, C2 and C3.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:IEC:POWERFactor?

Return parameter	<NR3>	0~1
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Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:IEC:POWERFactor?
---------	---

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:PASSFail?	→Query
------------------------------------	--------

Description	Returns the overall pass/fail result. Only applicable to when the standard is set to IEC.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:PASSFail?
--------	------------------------------------

Return parameter	PASS	Passed limit testing
	FAIL	Failed limit testing
	NA	Not applicable

Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:PASSFail?
---------	------------------------------------

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:RMS?	→Query
-------------------------------	--------

Description	Returns the RMS value of the source.
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Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:RMS?
--------	-------------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	Unit = A
------------------	-------	----------

Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:RMS?
---------	-------------------------------

:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:THDF?	→Query
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Description	Returns the THDF as a percentage. THDF is the ratio of total harmonic distortion to the RMS value of the fundamental component of the source.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:THDF?
--------	--------------------------------

Return parameter	<NR3>	%
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Example	:POWer:HARMonics:RESults:THDF?
---------	--------------------------------

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:THDR?

Description Returns the THDF as a percentage. THDF is the ratio of total harmonic distortion to the RMS value of the source.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:THDR?

Return parameter <NR3> %

Example :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:THDR?

:POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:SAVe 

Description Saves the harmonic results to USB. See the operation chapter for save details.

Syntax :POWer:HARMonics:RESUltS:SAVe

:POWer:GATing 

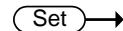
Description Sets the measurement gating area.

Syntax :POWer:GATing {OFF | SCREen | CURSor | ?}

Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF	Turn gating off.
	SCREen	Set the measurement gating to the screen width.
	CURSor	Set the measurement gating to between the cursors.

Example :POWer:GATing SCREen

Sets the measurement gating to the screen area.

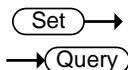
:POWer:QUALity:DISPlay 

Description Sets the measurement display for the power quality measurements.

Syntax	:POWer:QUALity:DISPlay {OFF NORMAl INRUsH BALLast ALL ?}	
--------	---	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF	Off
	NORMAl	Normal power quality measurements
	INRUsH	Inrush current related measurements
	BALLast	Ballast related measurements
	ALL	All power quality measurements

Example	:POWer:QUALity:DISPlay NORMAl Sets the measurement display to "normal".	
---------	--	--



:POWer:QUALity:FREQREference

Description	Sets the frequency reference as the voltage or current source.	
-------------	--	--

Syntax	:POWer:QUALity:FREQREference {VOLTage CURREnt ?}	
--------	--	--

Parameter/ Return parameter	VOLTage	Voltage source.
	CURREnt	Current source.

Example	:POWer:QUALity:FREQREference? >VOLTAGE	
---------	---	--

:POWer:QUALity:VMAX?



Description	Returns the "VMAX".	
-------------	---------------------	--

Syntax	:POWer:QUALity:VMAX?	
--------	----------------------	--

Return parameter	<NR3>	V
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Example	:POWer:QUALity:VMAX? >1.5E+0	
---------	---------------------------------	--

:POWer:QUALity:VMIN?

Description Returns the “VMIN”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:VMIN?

Return parameter <NR3> V

Example :POWer:QUALity:VMIN?

>0.5E-1

:POWer:QUALity:IMAX?

Description Returns the “IMAX”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:IMAX?

Return parameter <NR3> A

Example :POWer:QUALity:IMAX?

>2.0E-2

:POWer:QUALity:IMIN?

Description Returns the “IMIN”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:IMIN?

Return parameter <NR3> A

Example :POWer:QUALity:IMIN?

>0.5E-2

:POWer:QUALity:DCVOLTage?

Description Returns the “DC Voltage”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:DCVOLTage?

Return parameter <NR3> A

Example :POWER:QUALITY:DCVOLTage?
 >1.11E-2

:POWER:QUALITY:DCCURRental? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the "DC Current".

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:DCCURRental?

Return parameter <NR3> A

Example :POWER:QUALITY:DCCURRental?
 >1.5E-3

:POWER:QUALITY:VCRESTfactor? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the "V Crest Factor".

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:VCRESTfactor?

Return parameter <NR3>

Example :POWER:QUALITY:VCRESTfactor?
 >1.41E+0

:POWER:QUALITY:ICRESTfactor? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the "I Crest Factor".

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:ICRESTfactor?

Return parameter <NR3>

Example :POWER:QUALITY:ICRESTfactor?
 >3.06E+0

:POWER:QUALITY:IMPedance? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the "Impedance".

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:IMPedance?

Return parameter	<NR3>	Ω
------------------	-------	---

Example :POWER:QUALITY:IMPedance?

:POWER:QUALITY:RESistance?

→Query

Description Returns the “Resistance”.

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:RESistance?

Return parameter	<NR3>	Ω
------------------	-------	---

Example :POWER:QUALITY:RESistance?

:POWER:QUALITY:REACTance?

→Query

Description Returns the “Reactance”.

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:REACTance?

Return parameter	<NR3>	VAR
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Example :POWER:QUALITY:REACTance?

:POWER:QUALITY:APPpwr?

→Query

Description Returns the “Apparent Power”.

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:APPpwr?

Return parameter	<NR3>	Units = VA
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Example :POWER:QUALITY:APPpwr?

>3.7E+1

:POWER:QUALITY:FREQuency?

→Query

Description Returns the “Frequency” of the input.

Syntax :POWER:QUALITY:FREQuency?

Return parameter	<NR3>	Hz
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Example :POWER:QUALITY:FREQuency?

>6.007E+1

:POWer:QUALity:ICRESTfactor?

Description Returns the current “Crest factor”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:ICRESTfactor?

Return parameter <NR3>

Example :POWer:QUALity:ICRESTfactor?

>1.41E+0

:POWer:QUALity:IRMS?

Description Returns the “I RMS”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:IRMS?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit=A

Example :POWer:QUALity:IRMS?

>3.52E-2

:POWer:QUALity:PHASEangle?

Description Returns the “Phase Angle”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:PHASEangle?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit=°

Example :POWer:QUALity:PHASEangle?

>5.75E+1

:POWer:QUALity:POWERFACTOr?

Description Returns the “Power Factor”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:POWERFACTOr?

Return parameter <NR3> 0~1

Example :POWer:QUALity:POWERFACTOr?

>0.54E0

:POWer:QUALity:REACTpwr?

Description Returns the “Reactive Power”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:REACTpwr?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit =VAR

Example :POWer:QUALity:REACTpwr?

>3.12E1

:POWer:QUALity:TRUEpwr?

Description Returns the “True Power”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:TRUEpwr?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit =W

Example :POWer:QUALity:TRUEpwr?

>1.98E+1

:POWer:QUALity:VRMS?

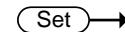
Description Returns the “V RMS”.

Syntax :POWer:QUALity:VRMS?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit =V

Example :POWer:QUALity:VRMS?

>1.04E+2

:POWer:RIPPLE

Description Performs a vertical autoset.

 Note Only supported when the Ripple menu is turned on.

Syntax :POWer:RIPPLE {VERTAUTOSet}

Parameter VERTAUTOSet

Example :POWER:RIPPLE VERTAUTOset

:POWER:RIPPLE:RESults:AMPlitude?

→ **Query**

Description Returns the “Noise” amplitude.

Syntax :POWER:RIPPLE:RESults:AMPlitude?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit =A or V

Example :POWER:RIPPLE:RESults:AMPlitude?
 >1.15E+1

:POWER:RIPPLE:RESults:REALamplitude?

→ **Query**

Description Returns the “Ripple” amplitude.

Syntax :POWER:RIPPLE:RESults:REALamplitude?

Return parameter <NR3> Unit =A or V

Example :POWER:RIPPLE:RESults:REALamplitude?
 >9.25E+1

Set →

:POWER:RIPPLE:SOURce

→ **Query**

Description Sets or queries the ripple source.

Syntax :POWER:RIPPLE:SOURce {VOLTage | CURRent | ?}



Note Only supported when the Ripple menu is turned on.

Parameter/ VOLTage Voltage source

Return Parameter CURRent Current source

Example :POWER:RIPPLE:SOURce VOLTage

:POWER:INRUschcurrent:RESults:FIRStpeak?

→ **Query**

Description Returns the “First Peak” inrush current.

Syntax :POWER:INRUsch:RESults:FIRStpeak?

Return parameter	<NR3>	Unit =A
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Example :POWer:INRUsHcurrent:RESUltS:FIRStpeak?
 >2.44E+1

:POWer:INRUsHcurrent:RESUltS:SECondpeak? →Query

Description	Returns the “Second Peak” inrush current.	
-------------	---	--

Syntax	:POWer:INRUsH:RESUltS:SECondpeak?	
--------	-----------------------------------	--

Return parameter	<NR3>	Unit =A
------------------	-------	---------

Example :POWer:INRUsH:RESUltS:SECondpeak?
 >-2.36E+1

Set →

→Query

:POWer:MODulation:SOURce

Description	Set or query the modulation source.	
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Syntax	:POWer:MODulation:SOURce {VOLTage CURRent} :POWer:MODulation:SOURce?	
--------	---	--

Parameter	VOLTage	Set modulation source as voltage.
	CURRent	Set modulation source as current.

Example :POWer:MODulation:SOURce Voltage
 :POWer:MODulation:SOURce?

Set →

→Query

:POWer:MODulation:TYPE

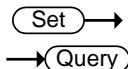
Description	Set or query the modulation type.	
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Syntax	:POWer:MODulation:TYPE {PWlDth NWlDth PERiod PDUTy NDUTy FREQuency}POWer:MODulation:TYPE ?	
--------	---	--

Parameter	PWlDth	Set type as +width.
	NWlDth	Set type as -width.
	PERiod	Set type as period.

PDUty	Set type as +duty.
NDUty	Set type as -duty.
FREQuency	Set type as frequency.

Example :POWER:MODulation:TYPe PWlDth
 :POWER:MODulation:TYPe?



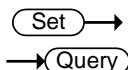
:POWER:REFLevel:PERCent:MID

Description Set or query the mid reference levels by percent.

Syntax :POWER:REFLevel:PERCent:MID <NRF>
 :POWER:REFLevel:PERCent:MID?

Parameter <NRF> 0-100%

Example :POWER:REFLevel:PERCent:MID 50
 :POWER:REFLevel:PERCent:MID?



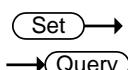
:POWER:SOA:AXESTYPe

Description Set or return the axes type.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:AXESTYPe {LOG|LINear}
 :POWER:SOA:AXESTYPe?

Parameter LOG Set axes type as log.
 LINear Set axes type as linear.

Example :POWER:SOA:AXESTYPe LINear
 :POWER:SOA:AXESTYPe?



:POWER:SOA:LINear:XMAX

Description Sets or returns the linear max x axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LINear:XMAX <NRF>
 :POWER:SOA:LINear:XMAX?

Parameter	<NRF>	-9e+3 ~ 10e+3. The value can't set lower than min x axis.
-----------	-------	---

Example :POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMAX 5.5E3
 :POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMAX?

Set →

→ Query

:POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMIN

Description Sets or returns the linear min x axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMIN <NRF>
 :POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMIN?

Parameter	<NRF>	-10e+3 ~ 9e+3. The value can't set higher than max x axis.
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Example :POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMIN -2E-2
 :POWER:SOA:LINEar:XMIN?

Set →

→ Query

:POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMAX

Description Sets or returns the linear max y axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMAX <NRF>
 :POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMAX?

Parameter	<NRF>	-9e+3 ~ 10e+3. The value can't set lower than min y axis.
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Example :POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMAX 8
 :POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMAX?

Set →

→ Query

:POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMIN

Description Sets or returns the linear min y axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMIN <NRF>
 :POWER:SOA:LINEar:YMIN?

Parameter	<NRF>	-10e+3 ~ 9e+3. The value can't set higher than max y axis.
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Example :POWER:SOA:LINear:YMIN 0.5

:POWER:SOA:LINear:YMIN?

 Set →

:POWER:SOA:LOG:XMAX

→  Query

Description Sets or returns the log max x axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LOG:XMAX <NRF>

:POWER:SOA:LOG:XMAX?

Parameter <NRF> 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000

Example :POWER:SOA:LOG:XMAX 1000

:POWER:SOA:LOG:XMAX?

 Set →

:POWER:SOA:LOG:XMIN

→  Query

Description Sets or returns the log min x axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LOG:XMIN <NRF>

:POWER:SOA:LOG:XMIN?

Parameter <NRF> 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000

Example :POWER:SOA:LOG:XMIN 0.1

:POWER:SOA:LOG:XMIN?

 Set →

:POWER:SOA:LOG:YMAX

→  Query

Description Sets or returns the log max y axis.

Syntax :POWER:SOA:LOG:YMAX <NRF>

:POWER:SOA:LOG:YMAX?

Parameter <NRF> 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000

Example :POWER:SOA:LOG:YMAX 100

:POWER:SOA:LOG:YMAX?

:POWer:SOA:LOG:YMIN →
→ 

Description Sets or returns the log min y axis.**Syntax** :POWer:SOA:LOG:YMIN <NRF>

:POWer:SOA:LOG:YMIN?

Parameter <NRF> 0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100, 1000, 10000**Example** :POWer:SOA:LOG:YMIN 0.001

:POWer:SOA:LOG:YMIN?

:POWer:SOA:MASK:TYPe →
→ 

Description Sets or returns the mask type in SOA.**Syntax** :POWer:SOA:MASK:TYPe {LIMits|POINT}

:POWer:SOA:MASK:TYPe?

Parameter LIMits Set mask type as limits.

POINT Set mask type as points.

Example :POWer:SOA:MASK:TYPe LIMits

:POWer:SOA:MASK:TYPe?

:POWer:SOA:MASK:NUMPt →
→ 

Description Sets or returns the number of points for the SOA mask.**Syntax** :POWer:SOA:MASK:NUMPt <NR>

:POWer:SOA:MASK:NUMPt?

Parameter <NR> 2~10**Example** :POWer:SOA:MASK:NUMPt 6

:POWer:SOA:MASK:NUMPt?

:POWer:SOA:MASK:POINT<x>

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or returns the point's coordinate for the mask.	
Syntax	:POWer:SOA:MASK:POINT<x> {<XMASK> <YMASK>} :POWer:SOA:MASK:POINT<x>?	
Parameter	<XMASK>	Set x coordinate of the point.
	<YMASK>	Set y coordinate of the point.Range: -10k ~ 10k
	<x>	Point 1~10

Example	:POWer:SOA:MASK:POINT2 50,30 :POWer:SOA:MASK:POINT2?
---------	---

:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXVoltage

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or returns the max voltage for mask's limit.	
Syntax	:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXVoltage <NRF> :POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXVoltage?	
Parameter	<NRF>	1m~10k
Example	:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXVoltage 100 :POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXVoltage?	

:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXCURRent

 Set
 Query

Description	Sets or returns the max current for mask's limit.	
Syntax	:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXCURRent <NRF> :POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXCURRent?	
Parameter	<NRF>	1m~10k
Example	:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXCURRent 100 :POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXCURRent?	

:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXPower

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the max power for mask's limit.

Syntax :POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXPower <NRF>

:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXPower?

Parameter <NRF> 1m~10k. The value can't set higher than (max voltage)*(max current).

Example :POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXPower 50

:POWer:SOA:MASK:MAXPower?

:POWer:SOA:MASK:STOPOnviol

 Set
 Query

Description Sets or returns the state of stop on violation.

Syntax :POWer:SOA:MASK:STOPOnviol {OFF|ON}

:POWer:SOA:MASK:STOPOnviol?

Parameter ON Stop on violation.

OFF Continue on violation.

Example :POWer:SOA:MASK:STOPOnviol ON

:POWer:SOA:MASK:STOPOnviol?

:POWer:SOA:RESults:FAILures?

 Query

Description Returns the values of waveforms acquired.

Syntax :POWer:SOA:RESults:FAILures?

Example :POWer:SOA:RESults:FAILures?

:POWer:SOA:RESults:NUMACq?

 Query

Description Returns the values of failing samples.

Syntax :POWer:SOA:RESults:NUMACq?

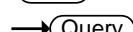
Example :POWer:SOA:RESults: NUMACq?

:POWer:SOA:MASK:RESUltS:STATe?


Description Returns the mask test state.

Syntax :POWer:SOA:MASK:RESUltS:STATe?

Example :POWer:SOA:MASK:RESUltS:STATe?



:POWer:SWLoss:CONDICALCtype

Description Sets or returns the type of conduction calculation.

Syntax :POWer:SWLoss:CONDICALCtype {VOLTage|RDSon|VCEsat}

:POWer:SWLoss:CONDICALCtype?

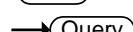
Parameter VOLTage Set the type as voltage waveform.

RDSon Set the type as RDS(sat)(Best for FJT/IGBT).

VCEsat Set the type as VCE(sat)

Example :POWer:SWLoss:CONDICALCtype RDSon

:POWer:SWLoss:CONDICALCtype?



:POWer:SWLoss:DISPLAY

Description Sets or returns the type of switching loss measure display.

Syntax :POWer:SWLoss:DISPLAY {ALL|ENERgy|POWER}

:POWer:SWLoss:DISPLAY?

Parameter ALL Display all results.

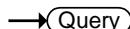
ENERgy Display results of energy loss.

POWER Display results of power loss.

Example :POWer:SWLoss:DISPLAY POWER

:POWer:SWLoss:DISPLAY?

:POWer:SWLoss:GATing

 Set Query

Description	Sets or returns the swiching loss gating.
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Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:GATing {OFF SCREen CURSor} :POWer:SWLoss:GATing?
--------	---

Parameter	OFF Full record SCREen Gating set to screen width CURSor Gating between cursors
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Example	:POWer:SWLoss:GATing SCREen :POWer:SWLoss:GATing?
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:POWer:SWLoss:RDSon

 Set Query

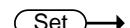
Description	Sets or returns the value of RDS(on).
-------------	---------------------------------------

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:RDSon <NRF> :POWer:SWLoss:RDSon?
--------	---

Parameter	<NRF> Sets the value of RDS(on). Range:0 ~ 100 ohm.
-----------	---

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:RDSon 0.25 :POWer:SWLoss:RDSon?
---------	--

:POWer:SWLoss:VCEsat

 Set Query

Description	Sets or returns the value of VCE(sat).
-------------	--

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:VCEsat <NRF> :POWer:SWLoss:VCEsat?
--------	---

Parameter	<NRF> Sets the value of VCE(sat). Range:0 ~100 V.
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Example	:POWer:SWLoss:VCEsat 0.56 :POWer:SWLoss:VCEsat?
---------	--

:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:MID Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the mid reference levels by percent.
-------------	--

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:Mid <NRF> :POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:Mid?
--------	---

Parameter	<NRF> 0 ~100%
-----------	---------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:Mid 40 :POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:Mid?
---------	--

:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:CURREnt Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the current levels by percent.
-------------	--

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:CURREnt <NRF> :POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:CURREnt?
--------	---

Parameter	<NRF> 0 ~100%
-----------	---------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:CURREnt 35.5 :POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:CURREnt
---------	---

:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:VOLTage Set →
→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the voltage levels by percent.
-------------	--

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:VOLTage <NRF> :POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:VOLTage?
--------	---

Parameter	<NRF> 0 ~100%
-----------	---------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:VOLTage 65.5 :POWer:SWLoss:REFLevel:PERCent:VOLTage
---------	---

:POWer:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MAX? → Query

Description	Returns the max conduction of energy loss.
-------------	--

Syntax :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MAX?

Example :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MAX?

:POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MEAN? → **Query**

Description Returns the mean conduction of energy loss.

Syntax :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MEAN?

Example :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MEAN?

:POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MIN? → **Query**

Description Returns the min. conduction of energy loss.

Syntax :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MIN?

Example :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:ENERgy:MIN?

:POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MAX? → **Query**

Description Returns the max conduction of power loss.

Syntax :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MAX?

Example :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MAX?

:POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MEAN? → **Query**

Description Returns the mean conduction of power loss.

Syntax :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MEAN?

Example :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MEAN?

:POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MIN? → **Query**

Description Returns the min. conduction of power loss.

Syntax :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MIN?

Example :POWER:SWLoss:CONDUction:POWer:MIN?

:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MAX?

Description	Returns the max Toff of energy loss.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MAX?
--------	--------------------------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MAX?
---------	--------------------------------

:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MEAN?

Description	Returns the mean Toff of energy loss.
-------------	---------------------------------------

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MEAN?
--------	---------------------------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MEAN?
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:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MIN?

Description	Returns the min. Toff of energy loss.
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Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MIN?
--------	--------------------------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:ENERgy:MIN?
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:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWER:MAX?

Description	Returns the max Toff of power loss.
-------------	-------------------------------------

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWER:MAX?
--------	-------------------------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWER:MAX?
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:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWER:MEAN?

Description	Returns the mean Toff of power loss.
-------------	--------------------------------------

Syntax	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWER:MEAN?
--------	--------------------------------

Example	:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWER:MEAN?
---------	--------------------------------

:POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWer:MIN?→ **Query**

Description Returns the min. Toff of power loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWer:MIN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TOFF:POWer:MIN?**:POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MAX?**→ **Query**

Description Returns the max Ton of energy loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MAX?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MAX?**:POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MEAN?**→ **Query**

Description Returns the mean Ton of energy loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MEAN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MEAN?**:POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MIN?**→ **Query**

Description Returns the min. Ton of energy loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MIN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:ENERgy:MIN?**:POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MAX?**→ **Query**

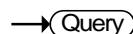
Description Returns the max Ton of power loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MAX?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MAX?

:POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MEAN?

Description Returns the mean Ton of power loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MEAN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MEAN?**:POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MIN?**

Description Returns the min. Ton of power loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MIN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TON:POWer:MIN?**:POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MAX?**

Description Returns the max. total value of energy loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MAX?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MAX?**:POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MEAN?**

Description Returns the mean total value of energy loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MEAN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MEAN?**:POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MIN?**

Description Returns the min. total value of energy loss.**Syntax** :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MIN?**Example** :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:ENERgy:MIN?

:POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MAX?

Description Returns the max total value of power loss.

Syntax :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MAX?

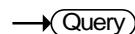
Example :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MAX?

:POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MEAN?

Description Returns the mean total value of power loss.

Syntax :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MEAN?

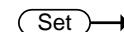
Example :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MEAN?

:POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MIN?

Description Returns the min. total value of power loss.

Syntax :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MIN?

Example :POWer:SWLoss:TOTal:POWer:MIN?

**:POWer:TRANSient:DURation**

Description Sets or returns the value duration.

Syntax :POWer:TRANSient:DURation <NRF>

:POWer:TRANSient:DURation?

Parameter <NRF> 10n ~ 1000

Example :POWer:TRANSient:DURation 2e-3

:POWer:TRANSient:DURation?

**:POWer:TRANSient:OVERShoot**

Description Sets or returns the value of overshoot.

Syntax	:POWer:TRANSient:OVERShoot <NRF> :POWer:TRANSient:OVERShoot?
Parameter	<NRF> 0.1 ~ 100(%)
Example	:POWer:TRANSient:OVERShoot 25.5 :POWer:TRANSient:OVERShoot?
	Set → → Query
	:POWer:TRANSient:STEADYVout
Description	Sets or returns the value of steady Vout.
Syntax	:POWer:TRANSient:STEADYVout <NRF> :POWer:TRANSient:STEADYVout?
Parameter	<NRF> 0.01 ~ 100(V)
Example	:POWer:TRANSient:STEADYVout 2.2 :POWer:TRANSient:STEADYVout?
	Set → → Query
	:POWer:TRANSient:LOWCurrent
Description	Sets or returns the value of low current.
Syntax	:POWer:TRANSient:LOWCurrent <NRF> :POWer:TRANSient:LOWCurrent?
Parameter	<NRF> 0.01 ~ 100(A)
Example	:POWer:TRANSient:LOWCurrent 0.06 :POWer:TRANSient:LOWCurrent?
	Set → → Query
	:POWer:TRANSient:HIGHCurrent
Description	Sets or returns the value of high current.
Syntax	:POWer:TRANSient:HIGHCurrent <NRF> :POWer:TRANSient:HIGHCurrent?
Parameter	<NRF> 0.01 ~ 100(A)

Example :POWER:TRANSient:HIGHCurrent 0.08
 :POWER:TRANSient:HIGHCurrent?

:POWER:TRANSient:RESUltS:VALUe?

Description Returns the result of transient test.

Syntax :POWER:TRANSient:RESUltS:VALUe?

Example :POWER:TRANSient:RESUltS:VALUe?

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:MODe

Description Sets or returns the state of efficiency statistics.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:MODe {OFF|ON}

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:MODe?

Parameter OFF Turn off the statistics.

 ON Turn on the statistics.

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:MODe ON

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:MODe?

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:WEighting

Description Sets or returns the weighting(mean & std dev samples) of efficiency statistics.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:WEighting <NR1>

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:WEighting?

Parameter <NR1> 2 ~ 1000

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:WEighting 625

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics:WEighting?

:POWER:EFFiciency:STATIstics

Description Resets the efficiency statistics.

Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:STATIstics {RESET}	
Parameter	RESET	Reset the statistics.
Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:STATIstics RESET	

:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:VALUe? → **Query**

Description	Returns the value of input power.
Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:VALUe?
Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:VALUe?

:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MEAN? → **Query**

Description	Returns the mean value of input power.
Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MEAN?
Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MEAN?

:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MINImum? → **Query**

Description	Returns the minimum value of input power.
Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MINImum?
Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MINImum?

:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MAXimum? → **Query**

Description	Returns the maximum value of input power.
Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MAXimum?
Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:MAXimum?

:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:STDdev? → **Query**

Description	Returns the std dev value of input power.
Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWer:STDdev?

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:INPUTPOWER:STDdev?

:POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:VALue? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the value of output power.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:VALue?

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:VALue?

:POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MEAN? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the mean value of output power.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MEAN?

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MEAN?

:POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MINImum? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the minimum value of output power.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MINImum?

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MINImum?

:POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MAXimum? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the maximum value of output power.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MAXimum?

Example :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:MAXimum?

:POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:STDdev? → [Query](#)

Description Returns the std dev value of output power.

Syntax :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:STDdev?

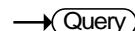
Example :POWER:EFFiciency:OUTPUTPOWER:STDdev?

:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:VALue?

Description	Returns the value of efficiency test results.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:VALue?
--------	----------------------------------

Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:VALue?
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:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MEAN?

Description	Returns the mean value of efficiency test results.
-------------	--

Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MEAN?
--------	---------------------------------

Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MEAN?
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:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MINImum?

Description	Returns the minimum value of efficiency test results.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MINImum?
--------	------------------------------------

Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MINImum?
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:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MAXimum?

Description	Returns the maximum value of efficiency test results.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MAXimum?
--------	------------------------------------

Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:MAXimum?
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:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:STDdev?

Description	Returns the std dev value of efficiency test results.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:STDdev?
--------	-----------------------------------

Example	:POWer:EFFiciency:RESults:STDdev?
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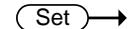
:POWer:BHCurve:WINDings Set Query

Description Set or query the value of windings**Syntax** :POWer:BHCurve:WINDings <NR1>

:POWer:BHCurve:WINDings?

Parameter <NR1> Value of windings. Range:1 ~ 1M**Example** :POWer:BHCurve:WINDings 80

:POWer:BHCurve:WINDings?

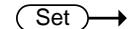
:POWer:BHCurve:CROSECArea Set Query

Description Set or query the value of cross section area.**Syntax** :POWer:BHCurve:CROSECArea <NRF>

:POWer:BHCurve:CROSECArea?

Parameter <NRF> Value of cross section area.
Range:1n ~ 1M.**Example** :POWer:BHCurve:CROSECArea 0.35

:POWer:BHCurve:CROSECArea?

:POWer:BHCurve:MAGNLength Set Query

Description Set or query the value of magnetic length.**Syntax** :POWer:BHCurve:MAGNLength <NRF>

:POWer:BHCurve:MAGNLength?

Parameter <NRF> Set the magnetic length. Range:1m ~ 100**Example** :POWer:BHCurve:MAGNLength 20.5

:POWer:BHCurve:MAGNLength?

:POWER:BHCurve:B:POSIon →
→ 

Description	Set or query the B curve position.
Syntax	:POWER:BHCurve:B:POSIon <NRF> :POWER:BHCurve:B:POSIon?
Parameter	<NRF> Set the B curve position. Range:-12.0 ~ 12.0
Example	:POWER:BHCurve:B:POSIon 6 :POWER:BHCurve:B:POSIon?

:POWER:BHCurve:B:SCAlE →
→ 

Description	Set or query the B curve scale.
Syntax	:POWER:BHCurve:B:SCAlE <NRF> :POWER:BHCurve:B:SCAlE?
Parameter	<NRF> Set the B curve scale.
Example	:POWER:BHCurve:B:SCAlE 2 :POWER:BHCurve:B:SCAlE?

:POWER:BHCurve:H:POSIon →
→ 

Description	Set or query the H curve position.
Syntax	:POWER:BHCurve:H:POSIon <NRF> :POWER:BHCurve:H:POSIon?
Parameter	<NRF> Set or query the H curve position
Example	:POWER:BHCurve:H:POSIon 20.5 :POWER:BHCurve:H:POSIon?

:POWER:BHCurve:H:SCAlE →
→ 

Description	Set or query the H curve scale.
-------------	---------------------------------

Syntax :POWer:BHCurve:H:SCALe <NRF>

:POWer:BHCurve:H:SCALe?

Parameter <NRF> Set the H curve scale.

Example :POWer:BHCurve:H:SCALe 10

:POWer:BHCurve:H:SCALe?

 Set
→  Query

:POWer:TONOff:TEST

Description Sets or returns the type of turn on/off test.

Syntax :POWer:TONOff:TEST {TOFF|TON}

:POWer:TONOff:TEST?

Parameter TOFF Set the test off.

TON Set the test on.

Example :POWer:TONOff:TEST TON

:POWer:TONOff:TEST?

 Set
→  Query

:POWer:TONOff:SETup:DURation

Description Sets or returns the duration of turn on/off test.

Syntax :POWer:TONOff:SETup:DURation{USER|2|1|0.5}

:POWer:TONOff:SETup:DURation?

Parameter USER Set duration to user define value.

2 Set duration to 2sec.

1 Set duration to 1sec.

0.5 Set duration to 0.5sec

Example :POWer:TONOff:SETup:DURation 2

:POWer:TONOff:SETup:DURation?

:POWer:TONOff:SETup:APPlY

 Set

Description Apply the turn on/off test setup.

Syntax :POWer:TONOff:SETup:APPlY

Example :POWer:TONOff:SETup:APPlY

:POWer:TONOff:SETup:SAVESetup

 →

Description Save the turn on/off test setup.

Syntax :POWer:TONOff:SETup:SAVESetup

Example :POWer:TONOff:SETup:SAVESetup

 →

:POWer:TONOff:DISPlay

→ 

Description Sets or returns the type of turn on/off measure dispaly.

Syntax :POWer:TONOff:DISPlay {OFF|TDElAy|RTIMe?}

:POWer:TONOff:DISPlay?

Parameter OFF Turn off measure display.

TDElAy Display turn on/off delay measure.

RTIMe Display rise time measure.

Example :POWer:TONOff:DISPlay 2

:POWer:TONOff:DISPlay?

 →

:POWer:SHOrt:DISPlay

→ 

Description Sets or returns the state of short test display.

Syntax :POWer:SHOrt:DISPlay {OFF|ON}

:POWer:SHOrt:DISPlay?

Parameter OFF Set the display off.

ON Set the display on.

Example :POWer:SHOrt:DISPlay ON

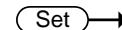
:POWer:SHOrt:DISPlay?

:POWer:SHOrt:APPlY

Description Apply the setup of short test.

Syntax :POWer:SHOrt:APPlY

Example :POWer:SHOrt:APPlY

:POWer:OCP:DISPlay

Description Sets or returns the state of OCP test display.

Syntax :POWer:OCP:DISPlay {OFF|ON}

 :POWer:OCP:DISPlay?

Parameter OFF Set the display off.

 ON Set the display on.

Example :POWer:OCP:DISPlay ON

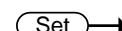
 :POWer:OCP:DISPlay?

:POWer:OCP:APPlY

Description Apply the setup of OCP test.

Syntax :POWer:OCP:APPlY

Example :POWer:OCP:APPlY

:POWer:PSRR:RUN

Description Runs the PSRR function or returns the PSRR state.

Syntax :POWer:PSRR:RUN

 :POWer:PSRR:RUN?

Example :POWer:PSRR:RUN

:POWer:PSRR:STOP

 Set →

 Query →

Description	Stops the PSRR function or returns the PSRR state.
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Syntax	:POWer:PSRR:STOP
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	:POWer:PSRR:STOP?
--	-------------------

Example	:POWer:PSRR:STOP
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 Set →

 Query →

:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:INPut

Description	Sets or returns the input source for PSRR.
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Syntax	:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:INPut {CH1~CH4}
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	:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:INPut?
--	---------------------------

Parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel 1 to Channel 4
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Example	:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:INPut CH1
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	Set the input source as channel 1.
--	------------------------------------

 Set →

 Query →

:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:OUTPut

Description	Sets or returns the output source for PSRR.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:OUTPut {CH1~CH4}
--------	-------------------------------------

	:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:OUTPut?
--	----------------------------

Parameter	CH1~CH4	Channel 1 to Channel 4
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Example	:POWer:PSRR:SOURce:OUTPut CH2
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	Set the output source as channel 2.
--	-------------------------------------

 Set →

 Query →

:POWer:PSRR:FREQuency:STARt

Description	Sets or returns the start frequency for PSRR.
-------------	---

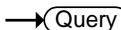
Syntax	:POWer:PSRR:FREQuency:STARt {<NRf>}
--------	-------------------------------------

	:POWer:PSRR:FREQuency:STARt?
--	------------------------------

Parameter	<NRF>	Sets the frequency to use. (Range:20Hz~25MHz)
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Example	:POWER:PSRR:FREQuency:STARt 100 Sets the start frequency as 100Hz.
---------	---



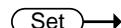
:POWER:PSRR:FREQuency:STOP	 
----------------------------	---

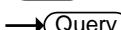
Description	Sets or returns the stop frequency for PSRR.
-------------	--

Syntax	:POWER:PSRR:FREQuency:STOP {<NRF>} :POWER:PSRR:FREQuency:STOP?
--------	---

Parameter	<NRF>	Sets the frequency to use. (Range:20Hz~25MHz)
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Example	:POWER:PSRR:FREQuency:STOP 500 Sets the stop frequency as 500Hz.
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:POWER:PSRR:AWG:LOAD	 
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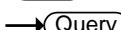
Description	Sets or returns the impedance for load.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWER:PSRR:AWG:LOAD {FIFTy HIGHZ} :POWER:PSRR:AWG:LOAD?
--------	---

Parameter	FIFTy	50 ohm
	HIGHZ	High impedance

Example	:POWER:PSRR:AWG:LOAD HIGHZ Sets the load as high impedance.
---------	--



:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude	 
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Description	Sets or returns the amplitude for PSRR. When amplitude profile is on, sets or returns the amplitude for the selected frequency.
-------------	---

Syntax	:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude {<NRF>,[<range>]} :POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude? [<range>]
--------	---

Parameter	<NRf>	Sets the amplitude to use.(Load=FIFTY, Range:0.01Vpp~2.5Vpp; Load=HIGHZ, Range:0.02Vpp~5Vpp)
	<range>	The selected frequency {F20hz F100hz F1Khz F10Khz F100Khz F1Mhz F10Mhz F25Mhz}
	F20hz	Frequency range >20Hz (The default <range>) The selected frequency. {F20hz F100hz F1Khz F10Khz F100Khz F1Mhz F10Mhz F25Mhz}
		F20hz: Frequency range >20Hz (The default <range>). F100hz: Frequency range >100Hz. F1Khz: Frequency range >1kHz. F10Khz: Frequency range >10kHz. F100Khz: Frequency range >100kHz. F1Mhz: Frequency range >1MHz. F10Mhz: Frequency range >10MHz. F25Mhz: Frequency range 25MHz.

Example	:POWer:PSRR:AWG:AMplitude 0.2 Sets the amplitude as 0.2Vpp. :POWer:PSRR:AWG:AMplitude 0.5,F100HZ :POWer:PSRR:AWG:AMplitude? F100HZ 0.5
---------	--

:POWer:PSRR:POINT Set →

→ Query

Description	Sets or returns the number of processing points in a decade.
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Syntax	:POWer:PSRR:POINT {<NR1>} :POWer:PSRR:POINT?
--------	---

Parameter	<NR1>	The number of points in a decade.(Range:10, 15, 30, 45, 90)
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Example :POWER:PSRR:POINT 15

Sets the number of processing points as 15 in a decade.

:POWER:PSRR:SAVE

 Set →

Description Saves the PSRR result.

Syntax :POWER:PSRR:SAVE

Example :POWER:PSRR:SAVE

Saves the result to default file.

:POWER:PSRR:RECALL

 Set →

Description Recalls the PSRR result from memory or USB.

Syntax :POWER:PSRR:RECALL {<file path>
("Disk:/xxx.FRД","USB:/xxx.FRД")}

Parameter xxx.FRД **Filename**

Example :POWER:PSRR:RECALL "Disk:/PSR0001.FRД"

Recalls a PSRR result named PSR0001.FRД from root directory (Disk:/) of the scope.

:POWER:PSRR:DATA

→  Query

Description Shows the detailed information of PSRR settings and results.

Syntax :POWER:PSRR:DATA?

Example :POWER:PSRR:DATA?

Shows the PSRR result's detail.

:POWER:PSRR:SAVETOCsv**Set** →**Description** Saves the PSRR result as a CSV file.**Syntax** :POWER:PSRR:SAVETOCsv**Example** :POWER:PSRR:SAVETOCsv

Saves results as CSV file.

Set →**:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:PROFile****Set** →**Query****Description** Sets or returns the state of amplitude profile.**Syntax** :POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:PROFile {ON|OFF}

:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:PROFile?

Parameter ON Turn on the profile.

OFF Turn off the profile.

Example :POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:PROFile ON

:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:PROFile?

ON

Set →**:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:INTERPolation****Set** →**Query****Description** Sets or returns the state of linear interpolation for the selected frequency.**Syntax** :POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:INTERPolation {ON|OFF,[<range>]}:POWER:PSRR:AWG:AMPLitude:INTERPolation?
[<range>]**Parameter** ON Turn on the interpolation.

OFF Turn off the interpolation.

<range> The selected frequency
{F20hz | F100hz | F1Khz | F10Khz
| F100Khz | F1Mhz | F10Mhz | F25Mhz}

F20hz: Frequency range >20Hz (The default <range>).
F100hz: Frequency range >100Hz.
F1Khz: Frequency range >1kHz.
F10Khz: Frequency range >10kHz.
F100Khz: Frequency range >100kHz.
F1Mhz: Frequency range >1MHz.
F10Mhz: Frequency range >10MHz.
F25Mhz: Frequency range 25MHz.

Example :POWer:PSRR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation
ON,F100HZ
:POWer:PSRR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation?
F100HZ
ON

:POWer:PSRR:DATA:GMARgin →Query

Description Returns the gain margin of PSRR results.

Syntax :POWer:PSRR:DATA:GMARgin?

Example :POWer:PSRR:DATA:GMARgin?

:POWer:PSRR:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency →Query

Description Returns the gain margin frequency of PSRR results.

Syntax :POWer:PSRR:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency?

Example :POWer:PSRR:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency?

:POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin →Query

Description Returns the phase margin of PSRR results.

Syntax :POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin?

Example :POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin?

:POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency →(Query)

Description Returns the phase margin frequency of PSRR results.

Syntax :POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency?

Example :POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency?

(Set) →

→(Query)

:POWer:CLR:RUN

Description Runs the control loop response function or returns the control loop response state.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:RUN

:POWer:CLR:RUN?

Example :POWer:CLR:RUN

(Set) →

→(Query)

:POWer:CLR:STOP

Description Stops the control loop response function or returns the control loop response state.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:STOP

:POWer:CLR:STOP?

Example :POWer:CLR:STOP

(Set) →

→(Query)

:POWer:CLR:SOURce:INPut

Description Sets or returns the input source for CLR.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:SOURce:INPut {CH1~CH4}

:POWer:CLR:SOURce:INPut?

Parameter CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to Channel 4

Example :POWer:CLR:SOURce:INPut CH1

Set the input source as channel 1.

:POWer:CLR:SOURce:OUTPut

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the output source for CLR.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:SOURce:OUTPut {CH1~CH4}

:POWer:CLR:SOURce:OUTPut?

Parameter CH1~CH4 Channel 1 to Channel 4

Example :POWer:CLR:SOURce:OUTPut CH2

Set the output source as channel 2.

:POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STARt

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the start frequency for CLR.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STARt {<NRf>}

:POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STARt?

Parameter <NRf> Sets the frequency to use.
(Range:20Hz~25MHz)

Example :POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STARt 100

Set the start frequency as 100Hz.

:POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STOP

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the stop frequency for CLR.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STOP {<NRf>}

:POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STOP?

Parameter <NRf> Sets the frequency to use.
(Range:20Hz~25MHz)

Example :POWer:CLR:FREQuency:STOP 500

Set the stop frequency as 500Hz.

:POWER:CLR:AWG:LOAD

Set →
→ **Query**

Description	Sets or returns the impedance for load.	
Syntax	:POWER:CLR:AWG:LOAD {FIFTy HIGHZ} :POWER:CLR:AWG:LOAD?	
Parameter	FIFTy	50 ohm
	HIGHZ	High impedance
Example	:POWER:CLR:AWG:LOAD HIGHZ Sets the load as high impedance.	

:POWER:CLR:AWG:AMPLITUDE

Set →
→ **Query**

Description	Sets or returns the amplitude for CLR. When amplitude profile is on, sets or returns the amplitude for the selected frequency.	
Syntax	:POWER:CLR:AWG:AMPLITUDE {<NRf>,[<range>]} :POWER:CLR:AWG:AMPLITUDE? [<range>]	
Parameter	<NRf>	Sets the amplitude to use.(Load=FIFTY, Range:0.01Vpp~2.5Vpp; Load=HIGHZ, Range:0.02Vpp~5Vpp)
	<range>	The selected frequency {F20hz F100hz F1Khz F10Khz F100Khz F1Mhz F10Mhz F25Mhz} F20hz: Frequency range >20Hz (The default <range>). F100hz: Frequency range >100Hz. F1Khz: Frequency range >1kHz. F10Khz: Frequency range >10kHz. F100Khz: Frequency range >100kHz. F1Mhz: Frequency range >1MHz. F10Mhz: Frequency range >10MHz. F25Mhz: Frequency range 25MHz.

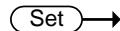
Example :POWER:CLR:AWG:AMPLitude 0.2

Sets the amplitude as 0.2Vpp.

:POWER:PSRR:CLR:AMPLitude 0.5,F100HZ

:POWER:PSRR:CLR:AMPLitude? F100HZ

0.5

 Set

 Query

:POWER:CLR:POINT

Description Sets or returns the number of processing points in a decade.

Syntax :POWER:CLR:POINT {<NR1>}

:POWER:CLR:POINT?

Parameter <NR1> The number of points in a decade.(Range:10, 15, 30, 45, 90)

Example :POWER:CLR:POINT 15

Sets the number of processing points as 15 in a decade.

:POWER:CLR:SAVE

 Set

Description Saves the CLR result.

Syntax :POWER:CLR:SAVE

Example :POWER:CLR:SAVE

Saves the result to default file.

:POWER:CLR:RECALL

 Set

Description Recalls the CLR result from memory or USB.

Syntax :POWER:PSRR:RECALL {<file path>}
("Disk:/xxx.FRD", "USB:/xxx.FRD")

Parameter xxx.FRD Filename

Example :POWer:CLR:RECALL "Disk:/LOP0002.FRД"

Recalls a CLR result named LOP0002.FRД from root directory (Disk:/) of the scope.

:POWer:CLR:DATA

→ **Query**

Description Shows the detailed information of CLR settings and results.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:DATA?

Example :POWer:CLR:DATA?

Shows the LCR result's detail.

:POWer:CLR:SAVETOCsv

Set →

Description Saves the CLR result as a CSV file.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:SAVETOCsv

Example :POWer:CLR:SAVETOCsv

Saves results as CSV file.

Set →

:POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:PROFile

→ **Query**

Description Sets or returns the state of amplitude profile.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:PROFile {ON|OFF}

:POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:PROFile?

Parameter ON Turn on the profile.

OFF Turn off the profile.

Example :POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:PROFile ON

:POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:PROFile?

ON

:POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation

 →

→ 

Description Sets or returns the state of linear interpolation for the selected frequency.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation

{ON|OFF,[<range>]}

:POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation?

[<range>]

Parameter ON Turn on the interpolation.

OFF Turn off the interpolation.

<range> The selected frequency
{F20hz | F100hz | F1Khz | F10Khz |
F100Khz | F1Mhz | F10Mhz | F25Mhz}

F20hz: Frequency range >20Hz (The default <range>).

F100hz: Frequency range >100Hz.

F1Khz: Frequency range >1kHz.

F10Khz: Frequency range >10kHz.

F100Khz: Frequency range >100kHz.

F1Mhz: Frequency range >1MHz.

F10Mhz: Frequency range >10MHz.

F25Mhz: Frequency range 25MHz.

Example :POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation

ON,F100HZ

:POWer:CLR:AWG:AMPlitude:INTERPolation?

F100HZ

ON

:POWer:CLResponse:DATA:GMARgin

→ 

Description Returns the gain margin of CLR results.

Syntax :POWer:CLResponse:DATA:GMARgin?

Example :POWer: CLResponse:DATA:GMARgin?

:POWer:CLResponse:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency → [Query](#)

Description Returns the gain margin frequency of CLR results.

Syntax :POWer:CLResponse:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency?

Example :POWer:CLResponse:DATA:GMARgin:FREQuency?

:POWer:CLResponse:DATA:PMARgin → [Query](#)

Description Returns the phase margin of CLR results.

Syntax :POWer:CLResponse:DATA:PMARgin?

Example :POWer:CLResponse:DATA:PMARgin?

:POWer:PSRR:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency → [Query](#)

Description Returns the phase margin frequency of CLR results.

Syntax :POWer:CLR:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency?

Example :POWer:CLR:DATA:PMARgin:FREQuency?

USB Delay Command

:USBDelay

Set →

→ Query

Description Sets or returns the USB delay function for the PC connection which Windows 10 installed

Syntax :USBDelay {OFF|ON}

:USBDelay?

Parameter/	<ON>	Turns on the USB delay function
------------	------	---------------------------------

Return parameter	<OFF>	Turns off the USB delay function
------------------	-------	----------------------------------

Example :USBDelay ON

Turns on the USB delay function when the scope connected with window 10 installed PC.

Digital Commands

:D<x>:DISPlay	415
:D<x>:POSIon	415
:DISPlay:DIGItal:HEight	416
:DIGItal:GROUP<x>:THreshold	416
:DIGItal:ANALog:A<x>:DISPlay	417
:DIGItal:ANALog:A<x>:RATio	417
:DIGItal:ANALog:A<x>:POSIon	418
:D<x>:MEMory	418
:DIGItal:MEMory	420

:D<x>:DISPlay

Description Turns a digital channel <x> on/off or returns its status.

Syntax :D<x>:DISPlay {OFF | ON | ?}

Parameter / OFF Turns off a digital channel

Return parameter ON Turns on a digital channel

D<x> Digital channel number D0 ~ D15

Example :D0:DISP OFF

:D<x>:POSIon

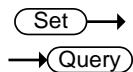
Description Sets or returns the position level for digital channel <x>.

Syntax :D<x>:POSIon {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter / D<x> Digital channel number D0 ~ D15

Return parameter <NRF> Vertical scale position

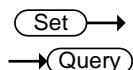
Example :D0:POS ?
>1.87 DIV
:D0:POS 0



:DISPlay:DIGItal:HEIght

Description	Sets or returns the number of available digital waveform position slots.	
Syntax	:DISPlay:DIGItal:HEIght {SMALL MEDIUM LARge ?}	
Parameter / Return parameter	SMALL	Sets the height to small mode (digital channels: 16 max)
	MEDIUM	Sets the height to medium mode (digital channels: 16 max)
	LARge	Sets the height to large mode (digital channels: 8 max)

Example :DIS:DIG:HEI ?
>LARGE
:DIS:DIG:HEI SMA

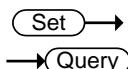


:DIGItal:GROUP<x>:THreshold

Description	Sets or returns the digital threshold for a group.	
Syntax	:DIGItal:GROUP<x> {ECL TTL PECL CMOS5 CMOS3 CMOS2 <NR3> ?}	
Parameter / Return parameter	ECL	Sets the threshold to a preset ECL high level (-1.3V)
	TTL	Sets the threshold to a preset TTL high level (1.4V)
	PECL	Sets the threshold to a preset PECL high level (3.7V)
	CMOS5	Sets the threshold to a preset CMOS5 (5.0V) high level (2.5V)

CMOS3	Sets the threshold to a preset CMOS3 (3.3V) high level (1.65V)
CMOS2	Sets the threshold to a preset CMOS2 (2.5V) high level (1.25V)
<NR3>	Sets the threshold to a preset ECL high level (-1.3V)
GROUP<x>	Group number 1~4 (16 channels) or 1~2 (8 channels) GROUP1: digital channels D0~D3 GROUP2: digital channels D4~D7 GROUP3: digital channels D8~D11 GROUP4: digital channels D12~D15

Example :DIG:GROUP1:THR ?
 >-1.300e+00
 :DIG:GROUP1:THR TTL



:DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:DISPlay

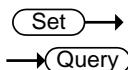


Description Turns the analog waveform <x> on/off or returns its status.

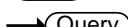
Syntax :DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:DISPlay {OFF | ON | ?}

Parameter / Return parameter	OFF	Turns off the analog waveform
	ON	Turns on the analog waveform
	A<x>	Analog waveform number 1~2

Example :DIG:ANA:A1:DISP OFF



:DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:RATio



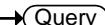
Description Sets or returns the analog waveform vertical scale ratio.

Syntax :DIGital:ANALog:A<x>:RATio {<NRF> | ?}

Parameter / Return parameter	<NRf> A<x>	Vertical scale ratio (0.1, 0.2, ...1). Analog waveform number 1~2
---------------------------------	---------------	--

Example :DIG:ANA:A1:RAT 0.1

 Set →

 Query →

:DIGital:ANAlog:A<x>:POSIon

Description Sets or returns the analog waveform vertical scale position.

Syntax :DIGItal:ANAlog:A<x>:POSIon {<NRf> | ?}

Parameter / Return parameter	<NRf> A<x>	Vertical scale position (0, 0.1, 0.2, ...8). Analog waveform number 1~2
---------------------------------	---------------	--

Example :DIG:ANA:A1:POS 4.5

:D<x>:MEMory

 Query →

Description Returns the data in acquisition memory for the selected digital channel.

Syntax :D<x>:MEMory?

Related commands :ACQuire:RECOndlength
:HEADer

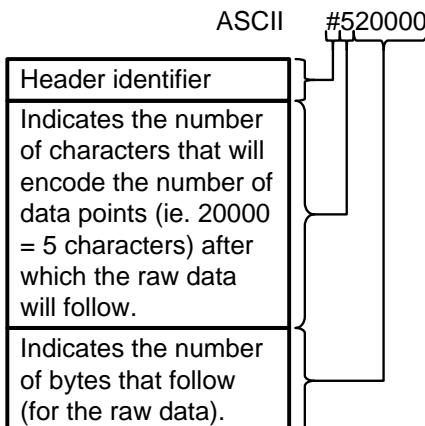
Parameter	D<x>	Digital channel number D0 ~ D15
Return parameter		Returns acquisition settings followed by raw waveform block data. <string> Returns the acquisition settings for the selected digital channel. Format: parameter(1),setting(1);parameter(2), setting(2)...parameter(n),setting(n); Waveform Data;

<waveform
block data>

<waveform block data>
Header followed by the raw
waveform data.

Format:

Header: The header (in ASCII)
encodes the number of bytes for the
header followed by the number of
data points in bytes for the raw data.



Raw Data:

Each two bytes (in hex) encodes the logical level (0 or 1) of a data point of the digital channel, i.e. logical 0 is 0x0000 and logical 1 is 0x0001.

Waveform Raw Data Example:

Header [raw data](#).....

Hex:

35 32 30 30 30 30 30 00 00 00 00 00 00
00 01 00 01

ASCII/Decimal:

[#520000](#) 0000000101

The raw data contains 20000 bytes (=10000 points); point 1 is logical 0, point 2 is logical 0, point 3 is logical

0, point 4 is logical 1, point 5 is logical 1, etc...

Example	<pre>:D1:MEM? FORMAT,2.0A;Display,1;Memory Length,10000;IntpDistance,0; Trigger Address,0; Threshold Used,1.400E+00;Source,D1;Vertical Units,V; Label1,;Firmware,V1.25b10; Horizontal Units,S;Horizontal Scale,1.000E-04; Horizontal Position,0.000E+00;Horizontal Mode,Main;SincET Mode,Real Time; Sampling Period,1.000E-07;Time, 22-Sep-16 19:42:28; Waveform Data; #520000.....follows waveform block data.....</pre>
---------	---

:DIGItal:MEMory

→ **Query**

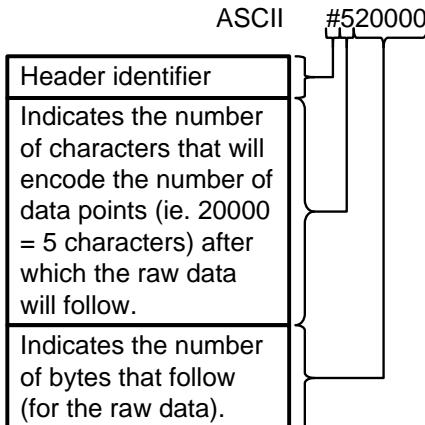
Description	Returns the data in acquisition memory for all the digital channels.
-------------	--

Syntax	:DIGItal:MEMory?
--------	------------------

Related commands	:ACQuire:RECOndlength :HEADer
------------------	----------------------------------

Return parameter		Returns acquisition settings followed by raw waveform block data.
	<string>	<string> Returns the acquisition settings for all the digital channels. Format: parameter(1),setting(1);parameter(2), setting(2)...parameter(n),setting(n); Waveform Data;

<waveform block data>
 Header followed by the raw waveform data.
 Format:
 Header: The header (in ASCII) encodes the number of bytes for the header followed by the number of data points in bytes for the raw data.



Raw Data:

The sixteen bits composing each consecutive two bytes encode the logical level (0 or 1) of all the digital channels for one data point. For a given two bytes, the least significant bit is channel 0 and the most significant bit is channel 15.

Waveform Raw Data Example:

Header raw data.....

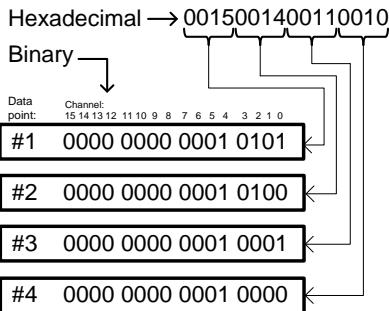
Hex:

35 32 30 30 30 30 30 00 15 00 14 00 11
 00 10

ASCII/Decimal:

#520000 raw data

The raw data contains 20000 bytes (=10000 points) with the following logical level for each channels per data point:



Example

:DIG:MEM?
Format,2.0E;Display,1111111111111111;Memory
Length,10000;IntpDistance,0;Trigger
Address,0;Threshold12_15,1.40V;Threshold8_11,1.40
V;Threshold4_7,1.40V;Threshold0_3,1.40V;Vertical
Units,V;Label15,;Label14,;Label13,;Label12,;Label11,;L
abel10,;Label9,;Label8,;Label7,;Label6,;Label5,;Label4,
;Label3,;Label2,;Label1,;Label0,;Firmware,V1.25b10;H
orizontal Units,S;Horizontal Scale,1.000E-
04;Horizontal Position,0.000E+00;Horizontal
Mode,Main;SincET Mode,Real Time;Sampling
Period,1.000E-07;Time,22-Sep-16 10:44:28;
Waveform Data;
#520000.....follows waveform block
data.....

APPENDIX

Error messages

Description	The following error messages may be returned from the :SYSTem:ERRor? query. For details see page 186.
List of error messages	<p>Error number, "Error Description"</p> <p>+0, "No error."</p> <p>-100, "Command error"</p> <p>-101, "Invalid character"</p> <p>-102, "Syntax error"</p> <p>-103, "Invalid separator"</p> <p>-104, "Data type error"</p> <p>-105, "GET not allowed"</p> <p>-108, "Parameter not allowed"</p> <p>-109, "Missing parameter"</p> <p>-110, "Command header error"</p> <p>-111, "Header separator error"</p> <p>-112, "Program mnemonic too long"</p> <p>-113, "Undefined header"</p> <p>-114, "Header suffix out of range"</p> <p>-115, "Unexpected number of parameters"</p> <p>-120, "Numeric data error"</p> <p>-121, "Invalid character in number"</p> <p>-123, "Exponent too large"</p> <p>-124, "Too many digits"</p> <p>-128, "Numeric data not allowed"</p> <p>-130, "Suffix error"</p> <p>-131, "Invalid suffix"</p> <p>-134, "Suffix too long"</p> <p>-138, "Suffix not allowed"</p>

- 140, "Character data error"
- 141, "Invalid character data"
- 144, "Character data too long"
- 148, "Character data not allowed"
- 150, "String data error"
- 151, "Invalid string data"
- 158, "String data not allowed"
- 160, "Block data error"
- 161, "Invalid block data"
- 168, "Block data not allowed"
- 170, "Expression error"
- 171, "Invalid expression"
- 178, "Expression data not allowed"
- 180, "Macro error"
- 181, "Invalid outside macro definition"
- 183, "Invalid inside macro definition"
- 184, "Macro parameter error"

- 200, "Execution error"
- 201, "Invalid while in local"
- 202, "Settings lost due to rtl"
- 203, "Command protected"
- 210, "Trigger error"
- 211, "Trigger ignored"
- 212, "Arm ignored"
- 213, "Init ignored"
- 214, "Trigger deadlock"
- 215, "Arm deadlock"
- 220, "Parameter error"
- 221, "Settings conflict"
- 222, "Data out of range"
- 223, "Too much data"
- 224, "Illegal parameter value"
- 225, "Out of memory"
- 226, "Lists not same length"
- 230, "Data corrupt or stale"
- 231, "Data questionable"
- 232, "Invalid format"
- 233, "Invalid version"
- 240, "Hardware error"

- 241, "Hardware missing"
- 250, "Mass storage error"
- 251, "Missing mass storage"
- 252, "Missing media"
- 253, "Corrupt media"
- 254, "Media full"
- 255, "Directory full"
- 256, "File name not found"
- 257, "File name error"
- 258, "Media protected"
- 260, "Expression error"
- 261, "Math error in expression"
- 270, "Macro error"
- 271, "Macro syntax error"
- 272, "Macro execution error"
- 273, "Illegal macro label"
- 274, "Macro parameter error"
- 275, "Macro definition too long"
- 276, "Macro recursion error"
- 277, "Macro redefinition not allowed"
- 278, "Macro header not found"
- 280, "Program error"
- 281, "Cannot create program"
- 282, "Illegal program name"
- 283, "Illegal variable name"
- 284, "Program currently running"
- 285, "Program syntax error"
- 286, "Program runtime error"
- 290, "Memory use error"
- 291, "Out of memory"
- 292, "Referenced name does not exist"
- 293, "Referenced name already exists"
- 294, "Incompatible type"

- 300, "Device-specific error"
- 310, "System error"
- 311, "Memory error"
- 312, "PUD memory lost"
- 313, "Calibration memory lost"
- 314, "Save/recall memory lost"

- 315, "Configuration memory lost"
- 320, "Storage fault"
- 321, "Out of memory"
- 330, "Self-test failed"
- 340, "Calibration failed"
- 350, "Queue overflow"
- 360, "Communication error"
- 361, "Parity error in program message"
- 362, "Framing error in program message"
- 363, "Input buffer overrun"
- 365, "Time out error"

- 400, "Query error"
- 410, "Query INTERRUPTED"
- 420, "Query UNTERMINATED"
- 430, "Query DEADLOCKED"
- 440, "Query UNTERMINATED after indefinite response"

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