Multi-Range DC Power Supply

PSB-2000 series

User Manual





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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These symbols may appear in the manual or on the instrument.

WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the PSB or to other properties.
<u>/</u>	DANGER High Voltage
<u>À</u>	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
<u>_</u>	Earth (ground) Terminal
X	Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline	Do not place any heavy object on the unit.Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the unit.
	• Do not discharge static electricity to the unit.
	• Do not block the cooling fan opening.
	• Do not perform measurements on circuits that are directly connected to mains power.
	• Do not disassemble the PSB unless you are qualified.
Power Supply	 AC Input voltage range: 100Vac to 240Vac, 1300VA Max
	• Frequency: 50Hz/60Hz
	• To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.
Cleaning the power supply	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning the oscilloscope.
	• Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid into the oscilloscope.
	• Do not use chemicals containing harsh products such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.
Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)
	• Relative Humidity: 30% to 80% (no dew or condensation)
	• Altitude: < 2000m
	• Temperature: 0°C to 40°C

Storage	•	Location: Indoor
environment	•	Relative Humidity: 30% to 70% (no dew or conensation)
	•	Temperature: -20°C to 70°C

GETTING STARTED

The PSB series are variable output, highperformance, regulated, switching DC power supplies. They incorporate a high-frequency current suppression circuit and accept input voltages rated from AC100V to 240V without the need to switch inputs. The offer a wide voltage and current range within their maximum rated power envelope. They also have a variable constant power function. They have standard features such as voltage and current settings, an output on/off switch, monitor outputs and other functions via external connectors. The chasis is smaller overall than traditional power supplies to reduce the total work area. The dual channel model and the booster unit extend the series to cover a wider range of applications. The PSB series are also able to execute sequence programs that are written using the optional interface boards.

The interface boards also allow you to control the PSB series remotely from a PC using GPIB (optional), RS232C or USB (Starndard).

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PSB 2000 Series Overview

Series line up

Product name	Voltage range	Current range	Power range
PSB-2400H	0V to 800V	0A to 3A	0W to 400W
PSB-2800H	0V to 800V	0A to 6A	0W to 800W
PSB-2400L	0V to 80V	0A to 40A	10W to 400W
PSB-2800L	0V to 80V	0A to 80A	10W to 800W
PSB-2400L2 (Dual channel type)	0V to 80V ×2CH	0A to 40A ×2CH	10W to 400W ×2CH
PSB-2800LS (Booster unit)	0V to 80V	0A to 80A	10W to 800W

G^WINSTEK



Main Features

Multi-Range Output	Capable of a wide-range of voltage and current settings within the rated power envelope.
Constant-Power Control	Provides constant-power (CP) control in addition to constant-voltage (CV) and constant-current (CC) controls.
Power Factor Correction Circuit	A built-in power factor correction circuit ensures compatibility to a wide AC input voltage range from AC100V to 240V without the need to use a switch. It also suppresses harmonic current.
Rotatable Front Panel Controls	The front panel can be rotated by 90 degrees to allow the unit to be operated horizontally or vertically.
Output Off Timer Function	Turns the output off automatically after a preset amount of time has elapsed. This can be used to prevent the output from being left on inadvertently or to prevent over-charging.
Sequence (SEQ) Function	The Sequence function executes data read from a PC through one of the interface boards PSB-001 (optional) and PSB-002 (standard). There are two operation modes for the sequence function: Manual mode (for step by step execution) and automatic mode (for automatic execution of up to 99 steps and 999 cycles).
Protective Functions	The power supplies have a number of protection functions. OVP, OCP and OHP. OVP and OCP protection can be set on the front panel.
Preset Functions (Three Settings)	Pressing a preset key directly selects a preset setting, which is set in advance.

Single Unit Control of Parallel/Series Operation	The PSB-L series uses a single power supply unit (acting as the master unit) to control all connected slave units for series or parallel operation. In parallel, up to 4 units can be controlled (including the master) to increase the total power. In series, a maximum of 2 units (including the master) can be used.	
External Control Function	The external control function allows external voltage and restistance-based control, voltage and current monitoring, output on/off control, alarm output and CV/CC status output.	
Interface Boards	There are two interface boards for remote control.PSB-001 (optional): GPIB and local bus board.	
	• PSB-002 (standard): RS-232C, USB and local bus board.	
	Note also that one of these interface boards must be used to program sequences for the PSB-L series. See page 84 for further details.	
Dual Channel Model (PSB-2400L2)	Equipped with two 400W output channels for a wide variety of applications.	
Delay (DLY) Function: (PSB-2400L2 Only)	The delay function introduces a switching delay between channel 1 and 2. The delay function can set a rising delay (the time to turn on) and a falling delay (the time to turn off).	
Tracking Function: (PSB-2400L2 Only)	The channel 2 setting is made equal to that of channel 1 when the tracking function is activated. Thereafter, both channels change synchronously.	

Accessories

Model Number	Description		
PSB-001	GPIB Control Board. Includes GRJ-1101 modular cables. For further details, see page 103.		
PSB-002	RS-232C/USB Control Board. Includes GRJ-1101 modular cables. For further details, see page 104.		
PSB-003	Parallel Connection Kit for Horizontal Installation.	PSB-007 Joint Kit	
	Kit includes: PSB-007 Joint kit, Horizontal bus bar x2, PSB-005 x1.		
		Horizontal Bus Bar	
		PSB-005	
PSB-004	Parallel Connection Kit for Vertical Installation.	PSB-007 Joint Kit	
	Kit includes: PSB-007 Joint kit, Verical bus bar x2, PSB- 005 x1.		

		Vertical Bus Bar
		PSB-005
PSB-005	Parallel Connection Signal Cable	
PSB-006	Serial Connection Signal Cable	
PSB-007	Joint Kit:	
	Includes 4 joining plates, 4X M3x6 screws, 2X M3x8 screws.	
PSB-008	RS-232C Cable	
GRJ-1101	Modular Cables: 500mm 6P6C RJ11 (local bus cables)	

Standard Accessories

Model Number	Description
	User Manual CD x 1
	AC power cable x 1
	Screws for output terminals on rear panel
	Protection covers for output terminals on rear panel
	Protection caps for output terminals on the front panel
	External control connector (26-pin)
	GND cable
PSB-002	RS-232C/USB Control Board. Includes GRJ-1101 modular cables. Fro further details, see page 104

Appearance





Front Panel (PSB-2800LS)



ltem		Description	
1	Front grill	This is a ventilation grill for for cooling the internal circuits. It is detachable and has a dust filter inside. Clean the filter periodically. See page 152.	
2	Rubber feet	Detachable. If the unit is mounted in a rack and the feet are not needed, they may be removed.	
3	POWER ON/OFF switch	Depress the switch to the (I) position to turn on the power supply unit. Press it again to turn off the unit.	
4	Front output terminals	Output is supplied through these terminals. The maximum current is 3A(2400H) or 6A(2800H), 40A(2400L, 2400L2), 80A(2800L, 2800LS). The 40A/80A models use screw-type terminals. The 3A/6A models use European-type jack terminals.	

Panel Operation Unit

Тур	e	Description			
5	Address no., Step no.,	Normal operation	Sequence	Menu	Tracking
	cycle no., Menu no.	Not displayed.	Number of steps or cycles is displayed.	Menu No. is displayed.	"Ab" is displayed.
6	Channel LEDs		the selected of the tracking		
7	Current LED (7-segment)	Normal operation	Sequence	Menu	Alarm
	((Current or power is displayed.	Step No. is displayed.	Set item is displayed.	OVP, OCP, HARD or OHP is

The "W" LED on the right of the 7-segment LED is lit in the power display state.

displayed.

8	Voltage LED	Normal	Sequence	Menu	Alarm
	(7-segment)	operation Voltage or power is displayed.	operation Cycle No. is displayed.	Set parameter is displayed.	OVP, OCP, HARD or OHP is displayed.
		The "W" LE is lit in the p	0	it of the 7-seg state.	
9	Function LEDs	These LEDs display the On/Off state of the OFF TIMER, DELAY or Hi Ω functions. The LED is lit green when the corresponding function is activated.			
10	ESC/DISP key (ESC / DISP)	Changes the channel display, sequence operation display (i.e., step No. and cycle No.), remaining time for the off-timer and other displays. When the menu is displayed, pressing it exits the function selection mode and returns to the normal mode.			
11	OUTPUT key (red) (<mark>OUTPUT</mark>)	This key turns on or off the output. The LED is lit when the output is turned on.			
12	CH1 and CH2 keys (red, green, orange)	2	correspondin	the channel og LED indica	1
	(CH1, CH2) Green: CV mod		′ mode.		
		Red: CC mode.			
		Orange: CP mode.			
			only. The PS	re only avail B-2400L and	

13	Rotary encoder	Used to select the functions and change the values.	
14	V key (green) (☑)	Used for setting the voltage. Press the key and rotate the encoder to change the set value. If the \blacksquare key is pressed while holding the $\boxed{\blacksquare}$ key, both LEDs are lit and the Current LED enters the power display mode.	
15	A key (green) (A)	Used for setting the current. Press the key and rotate the encoder to change the set value. If the \boxed{M} key is pressed while holding the \boxed{A} key, both LEDs are lit and the Voltage LED enters the power display mode.	
16	PRESET 1 key (green) (PRESET 1)	Reads out data stored in PRESET 1. Serves as a start/pause key () in the sequence mode.	
17	PRESET 2 key (green) (PRESET 2)	Reads out data stored in PRESET 2. Serves as a back key (\checkmark) to a skip to previous step number in the sequence mode.	
18	PRESET 3 key (green) (PRESET 3)	Reads out data stored in PRESET 3. Serves as a forward key (>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	
19	MENU key (MENU)	Used for setting and selecting various functions.	

20	ENTER/ CHECK Key	Alternates the operation (and display) between the output value and the set value.
	(ENTER)/	 When the output is on, every press of the ENTER/ CHECK key alternates the display between the output value and set value. When the Ø key is lit → The voltage setting is enabled. When the Ø key is lit → The current setting is enabled. When the Ø and Ø keys are lit → the power setting is enabled.
		When the menu is displayed, press this key to validate functions and values in the menu.
21	FAST/LOCK (3s)/LOCAL key(FAST)	Changes the resolution of the voltage, current or power settings, locks panel operation, or switches the remote mode into the local mode. The color of the LED indicates the current status. FAST (green): The setting resolution is 1V, 1A or 100W. LOCK (3s) (red): Operations on the front panel are disabled. REMOTE (orange): Lit during communication through the optional interface boards.
22	ROTATE key	The operating panel of the PSB-2000 series can be rotated 90 degrees so that the unit can be used in the horizontal or vertical position. Hold the encoder and rotate the panel operation unit while holding the key.



Rear Panel (PSB-2400L/PSB-2800L)





Rear Panel (PSB-2800LS) 26 27 28 29 31 30 o CH 1 -10 0 0 0 MAX 400W MAX DC 80V MAX DC 40A 0 **▲**J1 ▲J2 Ο \cap 0 \mathbf{O} ~ 100V-240V 50Hz / 60Hz 650 VA MAX 0 0 MADE IN TAIWAN AC INPUT 0 0 \bigcirc •_____ O ____

Des	Description			
Interface the optional PSB-001 board for the G board slot The product is supplied with the US		The optional interface board slot is used to install the optional PSB-001 board for the GPIB interface. The product is supplied with the USB/RS-232C option as standard.		
24	J3 external control connector	The external control connector is used to control or monitor a number of different parameters using external components. The pin assignment of this connector can be found on page 26(40A models) 30(3A/6A models).		
25	Sensing terminals	The sensing terminals are used to change the sensing point. These terminals are short-circuited before shipment to select internal sensing.		
26	Rear output terminals	The Output of the PSB-2000 series power supply unit is also output through these terminals. The type of rear panel output terminal varies depending on the model. The PSB-2400H and PSB-2800H use pin terminals and the PSB-L models use crimp style voltages designed to accommodate higher current.		
		For the PSB-2400L2 (dual channel model), the channel 1 terminal block is in the upper part (CH1) and the channel 2 terminal block is in the lower part (CH2) of the rear panel when the unit is viewed from the back. On each terminal block, the positive (+) terminal is on the left and the negative (-) terminal is on the right when the unit is viewed from the back. Connect either output terminal to the screw marked with the ground signal $//_{-/}$ if it needs to be grounded with the chassis.		

27	J1 control signal input connector	This connector is used for parallel and serial control for master/slave operation. The optional frame link cables must be used with this connector.
28	J2 control signal output connector	This connector is used for parallel and serial control for master/slave operation. The optional framelink cables must be used with this connector.
29	Exhaust Grill	Air taken into the unit from the front is blown out through this grill. Leave a gap of a least 30cm or more behind the rear panel for good ventilation. If there is an object obstructing the rear panel, the temperature inside the power supply unit may rise excessively.
30	⊥_ Functional ground terminal	The unit can be grounded using this terminal
31	AC INPUT	Connect the AC power cable supplied with the unit with this plug receptacle and supply AC power to the unit.

Pin assignment of the J3 External Control Connector (PSB-2400L, 2800L, 2400L2, 2800LS)

Pin No.	Signal name	Function
1	CH2 STATUS COM (COM for 2, 3 & 4)	COM for pins 2, 3 and 4.
2	CH2 ALARM OUT	Open collector output. When the alarm is output for channel 2 then this pin is pulled low.
3	CH2 EXT CC STATUS OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when channel 2 is in CC mode.
4	CH2 EXT CV STATUS OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when channel 2 is in CV mode.
5	CH2 EXT CV CONTROL IN	Constant-voltage control input pin for channel 2.
		In the external voltage control mode, an external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the output voltage from 0V to the rated output voltage. In the external resistance control mode, an external resistance of $0k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output voltage from 0V to the rated output voltage.

6	CH2 EXT CC CONTROL IN	Constant-current control input pin for channel 2.
		In the external voltage control mode, an external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the ouput current from 0A to the rated output current. In the external resistance control mode, an external resistance of $0k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output current from 0A to the rated output current.
7	CH2 COM	COM pin for channel 2. Connected to the negative output terminal of channel 2.
8	CH2 EXT V MON OUT	Output voltage monitor pin for channel 2. Outputs a voltage of approximately 0V to 10V to represent 0V to the rated output voltage.
9	CH2 EXT A MON OUT	Output current monitor pin for channel 2. Outputs a voltage of approximately 0V to 10V to represent 0A to the rated output current.
10	CH2 COM	COM pin for channel 2. Connected with the negative output terminal of channel 2.
11	CH2 EXT ALARM IN	Causes the alarm state to be triggered when short-circuited with the CH2 COM pin.
12	CH2 EXT OUTPUT IN	This pin turns the CH2 output on when it is shorted to the CH2 COM pin.

13	CH2 COM	COM pin for channel 2. Connected with the negative output terminal of channel 2.
14	CH1 EXT CV CONTROL IN	Constant-voltage control input pin for the channel 1.
		In the external voltage control mode, an external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the output voltage from 0V to the rated output voltage. In the external resistance control mode, an external resistance of $0k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output voltage from 0V to the rated output voltage.
15	CH1 EXT CC CONTROL IN	Constant-current control input pin for channel 1.
		In the external voltage control mode, an external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the ouput current from 0A to the rated output current. In the external resistance control mode, an external resistance of $0k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output current from 0A to the rated output current.
16	СНІ СОМ	COM pin for channel 1. Connected with the negative output terminal of channel 1.
17	CH1 EXT V MON OUT	Output voltage monitor pin for channel 1. Outputs approx. 0V to 10V to represent 0V to the rated output voltage.

18	CH1 EXT A MON OUT	Output current monitor pin for channel 1. Outputs approx. 0V to 10V to represent 0 to the rated output current.
19	СНІ СОМ	COM pin for channel 1. Connected with the negative output terminal of channel 1.
20	CH1 EXT ALARM IN	Causes the alarm state to be triggered when short-circuited with the CH1 COM pin.
21	CH1 EXT OUTPUT IN	Turns on the CH1 output when short- circuited with the CH1 COM pin.
22	СНІ СОМ	COM pin for channel 1. Connected with the negative output terminal of channel 1.
23	CH1 EXT CV STATUS OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when channel 1 is in CV mode.
24	CH1 EXT CC STATUS OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when channel 1 is in CC mode.
25	CH1 ALARM OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when channel 1 is in the alarm mode.
26	CH1 STATUS COM (COM of 23, 24 & 25)	COM for pins 23, 24 and 25.

Pin assignment of J3 external control connector (PSB-2400H, 2800H)

Pin No.	Signal name	Function
13	NC	
14	EXT CV CONTROL IN	Constant-voltage control input pin. In the external voltage control mode, an external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the output voltage from
		0V to 800V. In the external resistance control mode, an external resistance of $0k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output voltage from 0V to 800V.
15	EXT CC CONTROL	Constant-current control input pin.
		In external voltage control mode, an external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the output current from 0A to 3A (2400H) or 6A (2800H).
		In the external resistance control mode, an external resistance of $0k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output current from 0A to 3A (2400H) or 6A (2800H).
16	СОМ	COM Connected with the negative output terminal.

17	EXT V MON OUT	Output voltage monitor pin. Outputs approx. 0V to 10V to represent the output voltage from 0V to 800V.
18	EXT A MON OUT	Output current monitor pin Outputs approx. 0V to 10V to represent the outuput current from 0A to 3A (2400H) or 6A (2800H).
19	СОМ	COM Connected with the negative output terminal.
20	EXT ALARM IN	Trigger the alarm state when short- circuited with the COM pin.
21	EXT OUTPUT IN	Turns on the output when short- circuited with the COM pin.
22	СОМ	COM Connected with the negative output terminal.
23	EXT CV STATUS OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when the channel is in CV mode.
24	EXT CC STATUS OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when the channel is in CC mode.
25	ALARM OUT	Open collector output. Set to the low level when the channel is in the alarm mode.
26	STATUS COM	COM for pins 23, 24 and 25.

OPERATION

This chapter describes the start up procedures and the preparation that is necessary before operating the DC power supply.

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Introduction

Connecting the AC Power Cable

•	Use the AC power cable supplied with the
	product.

• Make sure that the power source is shut off.

• Plug the connector of the AC power cable into the AC INPUT receptacle on the rear panel.

Connecting the Load to the Output Terminals

Introduction	Use cables with a rated voltage that exceeds the grounding voltage (500V) for the load.
	The front output terminals and rear output terminals are electrically connected internally. When the front output terminals are used, the rear output terminals are also active. Put the protective covers supplied with the product on the rear output terminals to avoid electrocution.
	Make sure that the load is only connected when the POWER switch is off.
	To connect a load, use cables that have a large enough current capacity for the rated output and current in order to prevent a fire.
	The current capacity of the cables should be higher still if the cables are twisted to reduce noise or to avoid malfunctioning.
Be careful of the temperature!



Connecting to the Rear Output Terminals (PSB-2400L, 2800L, 2400L2, 2800LS)

Procedure	1. Remove the AC cable from the AC INPUT.		
	2. Connect crimped lug terminals to the ends of the load cables. Tighten the lug terminals firmly using the nuts supplied with the power supply.		
	The rear output terminals have M6 holes and M3 (tapped) holes. Be sure to use the M6 holes to connect the load. Noise at the load end may be reduced by twisting the load cables or connecting a film capacitor (several µF, low-impedance, high-frequency) and an electrolytic capacitor (several hundred µF) to the load end.		
Fig. Connection with Rear Output Terminals	Terminal block		

Note Note	Connect the cables using the bolts supplied with the power supply as shown above. If different bolts are used, they may contact the protective cover or interfere with the protective cover. The lug terminals must be on the outside of the output terminals.
	 Connect the positive or negative output terminal to the GND screw with the <i>r</i>→<i>r</i> symbol using the GND cable supplied with the product as the necessity requires.
Note	The negative potential of the external voltage control pin is the same as that of the negative output terminal. If the power supply unit is grounded at the positive terminal and the power source for external control is grounded at the negative terminal, the load cables for external voltage control will short-circuit the output of the power supply unit, which could damage the unit. In this situation, make sure the external voltage control source is floating with respect to the output terminals.
Fig. Positive	



4. Sandwich the output terminals and the load cables from above and below with the rear output terminal protective covers, as shown below. Drive the screw into the protective covers at the center.

Fig. Attaching Rear Output Terminal Protective Covers





Make sure that the protection covers are always attached to the terminals even when they are not being used.

The front and rear output terminals are electrically connected internally. Touching a terminal that is not protected may induce an electric shock.

The rear output terminals have M6 holes and M3 (tapped) holes. Be sure to use the M6 holes to connect the load. Noise at the load end may be reduced by twisting the load cables or connecting a film capacitor (high-frequency, low-impedance (several μ F) and an electrolytic capacitor (several hundred μ F) to the load end.

5. Cut the shaded parts shown below with cutting pliers or the like to connect the power supplies in series or in parallel or to ground the output.



Connection with the Rear Output Terminals (PSB-2400H, 2800H)

Procedure	Remove the AC cable from the AC INPUT.	
	2. Insert the load line and then use a flathead screwdriver or similar tool to firmly secure it.	
	3. If necessary, use the supplied output ground cable and screw to establish a positive or negative ground connection to the output ground terminal ($\perp \frac{1}{2}$ mark).	
	Noise at the load end may be reduced by twisting the cables to the load or connecting a film capacitor (low impedance, high-frequency, several μ F) and an electrolytic capacitor (several hundred μ F) to the load end.	



The negative potential of the external voltage control is the same as that of the negative output terminal. If the power supply unit is grounded at the positive terminal and the power source for external control is grounded at the negative terminal, the load cables for external voltage control will short-circuit the output of the power supply unit, which could damage the unit. In this situation, make sure the external voltage control source is floating with respect to the output terminals.

Fig. Positive Grounding Connection

Note





The front and rear output terminals are electrically connected internally. Terminals that are NOT in use still carry output voltage.

Be careful not to touch the terminals. Failure to heed this warning may result in electric shock.

Connection with the Front Output Terminals (PSB-2400L, 2800L, 2400L2, 2800LS)

Procedure 1. Turn on the unit using the POWER switch.

- 2. Connect crimped lug terminals to the ends of the load cables. Fix the load cables firmly to eliminate loose connections from the front output terminals and load cables.
- 3. If current is output through the rear output terminals, cover the front output terminals with the protective caps for safety.



- The power supply unit may output a maximum of 40A through the front output terminals. Do not use pin plugs or banana plugs for outputting large current in order to avoid overheating due to contact resistance. Use lug terminals that meet the output current rating and connect them firmly to the front output terminals.
 - For safety, NEVER output power through both the front and rear output terminals.

Assembling and Connecting the Front Output Terminal Plugs (PSB-2400H, 2800H)

Procedure	1.	Insert the cable (load line) into the plug.
-----------	----	---

- 2. Use a 1.5 mm hex key to fasten the 2 screws.
- 3. Insert the cover into the plug and make sure it hooks into place (completion image).
- 4. Turn the power switch off from the unit.
- 5. Insert the above-mentioned plug into the front output terminal.
- 6. When current is drawn from the rear output terminals, the plug must be removed from the front output terminal.



Fig. Assembly diagram of the front output terminal plug

CAUTION For safety, never output power through both the front and rear output terminals.

Operation Ranges (PSB-2400L, 2800L, 2400L2, 2800LS)

In	troduction	The PSB-2000 series power supply units offer wider voltage and current range settings, within the rated power envelope, than our traditional models.	
•	Voltage setti	ing range: 0V to 80V	(All models)
•	Current sett	ing range: 0A to 40A	(PSB-2400L & PSB-2400L2)

Current setting range. OA to 40A	(F3D-2400L & F3D-2400L2)
0A to 80A	(PSB-2800L & PSB-2800LS)
Power setting range: 10W to 400W	(PSB-2400L & PSB-2400L2)

10W to 800W

Output voltage



Fig. PSB-2400L/L2 Operation Range



Fig. PSB-2800L/LS Operation range

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Operation Ranges (PSB-2400H, 2800H)

- Voltage setting range: 0V to 800V (All models)
- Current setting range: 0A to 3A (PSB-2400H)
 - 0A to 6A (PSB-2800H)
- Power setting range: 0W to 400W (PSB-2400H)

0W to 800W





(PSB-2800H)

Fig. Operation Range of PSB-2400H

Operation Range of PSB-2800H

Various Settings

Turning the Power On

Introduction	First, press the POWER switch to turn on the
	power. The power supply unit will show the
	startup screen (firmware version and models) for
	several seconds and then displays the last-used
	settings.



The unit saves the last-used settings automatically when the power supply source is cut off or the POWER switch is shut off.



version 1.00



The last-used settings are displayed

How to Set the Voltage

Procedure 1. Make sure that the v key is lit green. If not, press the v key to turn it on.

2. Set the voltage level with the encoder wheel.

Note Check which channel is selected before setting the voltage on the PSB-2400L2 in order not to change the set value of the other channel.

How to Set the Current

Procedure	1. Make sure that the \mathbf{A} key is lit green. I	f not,
	press the A key to turn it on.	
	V W A	
	$\bigcirc \bot \bigcirc$	

2. Set the current with the encoder wheel.

How to Set Power

Procedure

 Make sure that both the M and A keys are lit. If not, press the M and A keys to turn them on. (Both keys need to be lit when setting the power.)



If the A key is pressed while keeping the V key depressed, the Current LED display can be used to enter the power setting. (The "A" indicator will turn turn off and the "W" indicator will turn on, indicating that the setting has changed from current to power.) See the figure below, "Voltage and Power".

If the \boxed{M} key is pressed while keeping the \boxed{A} key depressed, the Voltage LED display can be used to enter the power setting. (The "V" indicator will turn turn off and the "W" indicator will turn on, indicating that the setting has changed from voltage to power.) See the figure below, "Current and Power".

2. Set the power with the encoder wheel.				
Fig. Power Display	Voltage and Power: 80V and 400W			
How to Turn t	How to Turn the Output On			
Output Methods	 Turning the output on or off using the OUTPUT key. 			
	• Turning the output on or off using the CH1 or CH2 key (PSB-2400L2 only).			
	• Turning the output on or off using the external control function.			
Note	If the output is quickly turned off then on, then it is possible that the voltage will not discharge normally. Please allow the output to be off for a least 1 second before turning the ouput on again.			
Procedure	 Turning the output on or off using the OUTPUT key. 			
	Press the OUTPUT key to turn the output on or off. The Output is on while this key is lit. On the PSB-2400L2, pressing the OUTPUT key turns on or off the outputs for channel 1 and channel 2 simultaneously, but only if the CH1 CH2 keys have been pressed beforehand to select channel 1 or B.			

	 Turning the output on or off using the CH1 CH2 key. (PSB-2400L2 only) The CH1 and CH2 keys are independent of each other, and it is possible to turn the output on through channel 1 or B by pressing the CH1 or CH2 key to select the corresponding channel. However, the output is disabled unless the OUTPUT key is lit. 	
∕Î Note		.2, if neither the CH1 nor CH2 key is y will not go on even if it is pressed. <i>v</i> ided.)
Fig. Output by Pressing OUTPUT key	OUTPUT * ON/O OFF CH1 CH2 CH1 CH2 Press CH1 and CH2 to make them light up. (The output is still off)	OUTPUT * ON/• OFF CH1 CH2 Press Output to output.

How to Display the Setting Value When the Output is On

Output methods	The power supply unit displays the output value when the output is on. Press the ENTER / CHECK key when the output is on to switch the display to the setting value.		
Procedure	Every press of the ENTER / CHECK key toggles the display between the setting mode and output mode.		
	When the output is on and the mode has been switched to the setting mode, the \mathbf{A} or \mathbf{V} key blinks, indicating that the setting value is being displayed.		
Note Note	The setting value is changed if the encoder wheel is rotated in the setting mode. The output value is changed if the encoder is rotated in the output mode. Do not touch the encoder to check the setting values.		
	$\rightarrow \qquad \begin{array}{c} \hline \\ \hline $		
Output value	Press CHECK:	Press CHECK:	

Set value

Output value

How to Rotate the Display Panel 90 Degrees for Vertical Installation

The display panel on the PSB-2000 series can be rotated 90 degrees so that the unit can be operated comfortably in either the horizontal or vertical orientations. Hold the encoder wheel and rotate the orientation of the panel while pressing the ROTATE key below the encoder wheel. Keep turning the panel until a "click" sound is heard. This indicates that the panel is now locked in place.

set value may change due to the rotation of the encoder wheel.	CAUTION	, 0
---	----------------	-----

Fig. Rotating Display Panel



Horizontal installation

Vertical installation by rotating the display panel

How to Disable Panel Operations (Key Lock Function)

Operation	It is possible to disable the front panel keys by pressing the FAST/LOCK(3s)/LOCAL key on the left of the encoder. Hold this key for three or more seconds to lock the panel keys. The keys are locked when the LED beside the key turns red. To cancel the key lock function, hold the FAST/LOCK(3s)/LOCAL key for 3 or more
	seconds.



This key serves as the FAST, LOCK (3s), and LOCAL keys. When putting the power supply into the locked state, it will also automatically cancel the FAST mode setting (if set) and restore the power supply to the SLOW mode.

In the key-locked state, the OUTPUT key is still functional so that the output can be turned off for safety reasons.

Menu Key Functions

Introduction	• Every press of the MENU key changes the menu numbers:
	PSB-2400L, 2800L, 2800LS: MENU Option "01" to "07". PSB-2400L2: MENU Option "01" to "09". PSB-2400H, 2800H: MENU Option "01" to "06".
	 Press the ESC/DISP key to return from the MENU settings to the normal settings.
	• To deactivate a function, select the corresponding setting again from the menu and deactivate it.
Operation Overview	• MENU key: Cycles through the menu options.
Overview	 ENTER / CHECK key: Validates numeric values and items.
	• ESC / DISP key: Exits from the menu settings and returns to the normal settings.
	• Encoder wheel: Selects numeric values and items.

The diagram below can be used as a reference for the menu operations in the following pages:

Voltage LED
Current LED
2 digit LED for displaying the number of cycles, step No., and menu No.

- General Setting1.Press the MENU key until an intended functionProcedurenumber is displayed.
 - 2. Press the **ENTER**/ **CHECK** key to validate the function. Proceed to setting of the next item.
 - 3. Set a numeric value or item with the encoder, and press the **ENTER**/ **CHECK** key to validate it.
 - 4. When all intended items have been set, press the **ESC**/ **DISP** key to return to the normal state.



Set values are only validated after the ENTER / CHECK key is pressed.

Be sure to check that the value is set properly after setting it.

Some functions may not be settable as some functions cannot be used together. See the table below for details.

Set function	Functions that cannot be set or used simultaneously		
Preset	Sequence External(voltage/resistance)		
OVP/OCP	-		
Hi- Ω (PSB-L Series Only)	-		
Off timer	Sequence Delay External (On/Off)		

Sequence	Preset Off timer External (voltage/resistance) External (On/Off) Delay Tracking		
External (voltage/resistance)	Preset Tracking		
External (On/Off)	Off timer Delay		
Delay (PSB-L Series Only)	Sequence Off timer		
Tracking (PSB-L Series Only)	Sequence External (voltage/resistance) External (On/Off)		

Preset Function

Menu Item: 01 (All Models)

- Introduction
 This function saves settings to one of the three

 PRESET keys. The settings shown below may be
 preset. Note that any other settings/values may

 not be saved.
 Set voltage

 Set voltage
 Set current

 Set power
 Set the voltage/current/power settings that

 Procedure
 1. Set the voltage/current/power settings that

 2. Press the MENU key until menu number "01" is displayed.

 Image: Image and the setting of the settin
 - 3. Press the **ENTER**/ **CHECK** key. All the PRESET keys blink green.
 - 4. Press the PRESET key that you want to assign

the current settings to. The PRESET key that you press will be lit a solid green to indicate that the save was successful.

5. Press the **ESC**/ **DISP** key to return to normal operation.

CAUTION Once the **MENU** key is pressed to activate the preset function, you can no longer set the voltage, current and power. Set the intended values before activating the preset function.

OVP/OCP function

Menu Item: 02 (All Models)

Introduction	OVP: (Over Voltage Protection)
	The OVP function turns off the output when the
	output voltage of the PSB-2000 series exceeds
	the preset OVP value.

Model	Setting Range	Resolution
PSB-2400L PSB-2800L PSB-2400L2 PSB-2800LS	1.0V to 84.0V	0.1V
PSB-2400H PSB-2800H	10.0V to 840.0V	1V

• OCP: (Over Current Protection) The OCP function turns off the output when the output current of the PSB-2000 series exceeds the preset OCP value.

Model	Setting Range	Resolution*
PSB-2400L PSB-2400L2	1.0A to 42.0A	0.1A
PSB-2800L	1.0A to 84.0A	0.1A

		PSB-2400H	0.1A to 3.15A	
		PSB-2800H *The resolution parallel/serial of specifications for	operation. Plea	ent for
Procedure	1.			nu number "02" is
	2.	the OVP and C	OCP setting dis VP and OCP set	to toggle between plays. On the PSB- ttings for channel annel 2 next.
		OVP setting	v м g	OCP setting

OVP and OCP setting of channel 1

OVP and OCP setting of channel 2

- 3. When the intended protection function is displayed (OVP or OCP), rotate the encoder wheel to set the OVP or OCP level.
- 4. Press the **ENTER**/ **CHECK** key to comfirm. The setting is now complete.
- 5. Press the **ESC**/ **DISP** key to return to the normal operation.

Hi- Ω - Function

Menu Item: 03 (PSB-L Series Only)

Introduction The PSB-2000 series power supplies have filter capacitors connected to the output. The PSB-L power supplies also have a bleeder circuit to discharge these capacitors to a safe level when the output is turned off. When the Hi- Ω function is activated, the bleeder circuit is deactivated. This allows you to omit reverse-current preventing diodes that are necessary for charging batteries or capacitors when a bleeder circuit is active.

When the Hi- Ω function is activated, the internal filter capacitors can remain charged even after the power has been turned off and thus can be quite dangerous. As a safety measure, the bleeder circuits are programmed to turn back on after a predeterminded amount of time (5 ~ 30 minutes) after the output has been turned off.

1. Press the **MENU** key until menu number "03" is displayed.



2. Press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key to enter the Hi- Ω function setting mode. Select ON or OFF with the encoder wheel. The Hi- Ω function is set to OFF by default.

Procedure

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3. Press the **ENTER / CHECK** key to confirm the setting.

The Hi- Ω LED in the center of the panel turns on.

- O OFF TIMER
- O DELAY
- Hi-Ω
- 4. Next, set the time limit for when the bleeder circuits are turned back on with the encoder wheel.

Setting range: 5~30 minutes. Setting resolution: 5 minute steps.

Press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key to confirm the setting.



Example: Timer set for 20 minutes.

5. Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key to quit the setting mode and return to normal operation.

 Δ CAUTION When the Hi- Ω function is activated, the output terminals of the power supply unit keep on carrying voltage even after the output is turned off. The Hi- Ω LED will blink when Hi- Ω function is still active as the internal capacitors remain charged. Voltages as high as 80V may remain at the terminals when the output is turned off. Such a state is very dangerous. To avoid accidents, isolate the output terminals from the load cables completely with a relay or switch.

Off Timer Function

Menu Item: 04(PSB-L Series), 03(PSB-H Series)

Introduction	This function turns the output off automatically after
	a set amount of time. The timer can be set in ten
	minute steps to a maximum of 99 hours, 50 minutes.

Procedure 1. Press the **MENU** key until menu number "04" is displayed(PSB-L) or "03(PSB-H series)

- Press the ENTER / CHECK key to enter the Off Timer settings.
- 3. Select ON or OFF with the encoder wheel. The Off Timer is turned off by default.



4. Press the **ENTER / CHECK** key to confirm the setting.

The OFF TIMER LED in the center of the panel will turn on when the timer is active.

- OFF TIMER
- O DELAY
- **Ο** Hi-Ω
- 5. Next, set the timer time with the encoder wheel.

Press the **ENTER / CHECK** key to confirm the setting.

The timer may be set in steps of ten minutes to a maximum of 99 hours and 50 minutes. The OFF TIMER LED will blink when the remaining time is less than five minutes.

The remaining time for the off-timer may be checked by pressing the ESC/DISP key while the off-timer is running. (On the PSB-2400L2, pressing the ESC/DISP key toggles the display in the following order: CH1 settings, CH2 settings, and then the remaining time of the offtimer.)



Example: Off Timer set to ten minutes

6. Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key to quit the setting menu and return to normal operation.

Sequence Function

Menu Item: 05(PSB-L), 04(PSB-H)

Introduction	This function executes sequence programs. Please note that sequence programs can only be created when one of the interface boards (PSB-001 or PSB- 002) are installed. Without an interface board installed, the sequence function is not available. Please see the PSB_Sequence_203 usermanual or the GW Instek website for more information on how to program sequences.
	The following describes how to view steps in a previously-create sequence and screen shots of the PSB_Sequence_203 application that creates the sequences.

Note Note	The PSB series cannot edit or create sequences.
Fig. Repeating Steps 20 to 22 Three Times, Beginning with Step 20	Program contents
	Step No. 20 21 22 20 21 22 20 21 22
	Cycle No. 1 2 3
AUTION	If the output is active at the end of the program as shown in the figure above, the power supply output will remain at the level of the last step even after the completion of the sequence operation. (I.e., the output stays active.) The last step number must be set to OFF for the the output to be turned off at the end of a sequence. The sequence operation will end prematurely if the OUTPUT key pressed when a sequence is running. Note however, that the output will remain active at the level of the last step that was executed when the
Procedure	OUTPUT key was pressed. 1. Press the MENU key until menu number "05" (PSB-L) or "4" (PSB-H) is displayed.
	2. Press the ENTER / CHECK key to enter the sequence operation settings. Select ON or OFF with the encoder wheel. By default the

sequence function is turned off.

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3. Press the ENTER / CHECK key to confirm the setting.

The SEQUENCE LED below the PRESET key turns on.



4. Next, set the Start Step number with the encoder wheel. Press the **ENTER / CHECK** key to confirm.

The setting range is from 0 to 99.



Example: The Start Step is set to No. "00".

5. Set the End Step number with the encoder wheel.

Press the **ENTER / CHECK** key to confirm. The setting range is from 0 to 99.



Example: The End Step is set to step No. "99".

6. Set the number of times to repeat the steps above with the encoder wheel. Press the **ENTER / CHECK** key to confirm. Setting the sequence function is now complete. The "---" setting repeats the steps infinitely. The setting range is from 1 to 999 or " - " (infinite).

Example: Repeat the selected steps 999 times.

 Press the ESC / DISP key to quit the Sequence settings and enter the sequence operation mode.

External Control (External Voltage, External Resistance)

Menu Item: 06(PSB-L), 05(PSB-H)

Constant-Voltage (CV) Control Using External Voltage

This function allows you to control the voltage of the PSB-2000 series power supply unit by applying an external voltage to the unit. An external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the output voltage from ~0V to the rated output voltage.

• Constant-Current (CC) Control Using External Voltage

This function allows you to control the current of the PSB-2000 series power supply unit by applying external voltage to the unit. An external voltage of 0V to 10V can be used to control the output current from ~0A to the rated output current.

 Constant-Voltage (CV) Control Using External Resistance

	This function allows you to control the voltage of the PSB-2000 series power supply unit by connecting an external resistance to the unit. An external resistance of 0Ω to $10k\Omega$ can be used to control the output voltage from ~0V to the rated output voltage.
	 Constant-Current (CC) Control Using External Resistance This function allows you to control the current of the PSB-2000 series power supply unit by connecting an external resistance to the unit. An external resistance of 0Ω to 10kΩ can be used to control the output current from ~0A to the rated output current.
	The PSB-2000 series power supply unit is incapable of simultaneous external voltage and external resistance control. For example: Using an external voltage for CV control and external resistance for CC control is not supported.
Procedure	1. Press the MENU key until menu number "06"(PSB-L) or "05"(PSB-H) is displayed.

2. Press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key to enter the external control settings. Use the encoder wheel to select external voltage or external resistance, and press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key. By default the External Control is turned off.

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3. Select the external control mode with the encoder wheel.

The modes are listed below:

CV= Constant voltage

CC= Constant current

IN = Control from the front panel or remotely from a PC.

OUT= Control using the external control.





Controlling constant voltage Controlling constant voltage from the front panel using external control





Controlling constant current Controlling constant current from the front panel using external control

- Finally, press the ENTER / CHECK key to validate the settings. Setting the control mode is now complete.
- 5. Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key to quit the setting mode and return to normal operation.

External Control Output On/Off

Menu Item: 07(PSB-L, 06(PSB-H)

Introduction The PSB series can use external control to turn the output on or off by shorting (output on) or opening certain pins (output off) on the external control connector.

> Use this function to choose whether to use external control or the OUTPUT key to turn on the output.

1. Press the **MENU** key until menu number Procedure "07" (PSB-L) or "06" (PSB-H) is displayed.

 \Box

- 2. Press the ENTER / CHECK key to enter the external output On/Off control setting mode.
- 3. Select On or Off with the encoder wheel, and press the **ENTER / CHECK** key again to confirm the settings. The external output on/off setting is now complete. The output control modes are shown below:

IN= The output is controlled with the OUTPUT key.

OUT= The output is controlled with external contacts.





OUTPUT key control

External Control

4. Press the **ESC**/ **DISP** key to quit the settings and return to normal operation.

Delay Function

Menu Item: 08 (PSB-L2)

Introduction The delay function is available on the dual channel model (PSB-2400L2) only. It adds a rise and fall delay time to the output of channel 2 for a specified amount of time (in seconds) from a reference point (output of channel 1). The rise delay time refers to the delay time for turning the output on. The fall delay time refers to the delay time refers to the delay time for turning the output off.



- Procedure 1. Press the **MENU** key until menu number "08" is displayed.
 - 2. Press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key to enter the delay function settings. Select On or Off with the encoder wheel. By default the delay setting is turned off.

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3. Press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key to confirm the setting.

The DELAY LED in the center of the panel turns on.

- O OFF TIMER
- DELAY
- Ο Hi-Ω
- 4. Set the rise delay time with the encoder wheel. When a positive time is set, the output of channel 2 is delayed with respect to channel 1. On the contrary, when a negative time is set, the output of channel 2 leads that of channel 1. The delay time can be set in the range of -9.99 seconds to +10.00 seconds in steps 10 ms.





The output of channel 2 is turned on 9.99 seconds earlier

The output of channel 2 is turned on 10.00 seconds later.

5. Set the fall delay time with the encoder wheel, and press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key. The delay function setting is now complete.





The channel 2 output is turned off 9.99 seconds earlier

The channel 2 output is turned off 10.00 seconds later.

6. Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key to quit the delay settings and return to normal operation.

Tracking Function

Menu Item: 09 (PSB-L2)

Introduction The tracking function is available on the dual channel model (PSB-2400L2) only. When the tracking function is turned on, the output of channel 2 is made to match the output of channel 1, thus channel 2 can be said to "track" channel 1. This effectively means that the values of both channels change simultaneously.



- Press the MENU key until the menu number "09" is displayed.
 - 2. Press the **ENTER** / **CHECK** key to enter the tracking function setting mode. Select On or Off with the encoder wheel. By default the tracking function is turned off.
 - Press the ENTER / CHECK key to confirm the setting.
 Both the CH1 and CH2 LEDs on the right of the channel LED turn on.
 - 4. Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key to quit the setting menu and return to normal operation. "Ab" is

Procedure

displayed on the MENU LED when the tracking function is activated.



Example: Tracking function is activated.

Master-slave function

Menu Item: 10

The master-slave function allows the PSB series to operate in parallel or series (PSB-L only). For series operation a maximum of 2 PSB-L units can be used. For parallel operation, a maximum of 4 (PSB-L) units or 2 units (PSB-H) units can be used. Note that for series operation, the same PSB-L models types must be used.
For a slave unit that is connected in series, only the output voltages are displayed when the output is on.
No panel operations can be performed on the slave units. Only the Off Timer, Sequence and External Control function settings are initialized on the slave units.
For parallel connections "" is displayed on the display for slave units. The monitor values are displayed on the master unit.
The Hi- Ω function is not available for master-slave operation.

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4. Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key to exit the settings and return to normal operation.

Voltage Sense

Description	The PSB-2000 series power supply units have an output voltage remote sensing function. This function eliminates influences of voltage drops between the power supply unit and load, which is caused by the contact resistance or the resistance of the load cable conductors. Voltage sense compensates for a voltage of up to 1V on a single terminal.	
	When the voltage sense function is used, the voltage at the front or rear terminals of the power supply unit must not exceed the rated voltage.	
	If the load cables are long, the inductance and the capacity of the load cables may cause oscillation. To avoid oscillation, connect an electrolytic capacitor of a several hundred to several thousand µF to the load terminals.	
Procedure	1. Make sure that the POWER switch is off before making any connections.	
	2. Disconnect the wire that shorts the + and +S terminals or - and -S terminals on the four-terminal block on the left of the output terminals on the rear panel (this will need to be done for both channels on the PSB-2400L2).	
	3. Connect the positive sensing terminal (+S) to the positive side of the load and the negative sensing terminal (-S) to the negative side of the load, as shown below. If the sensing wires are disconnected, control will become unstable and a voltage greater than the set voltage could be applied to the load. Connect the sensing wires firmly.	

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External Control Functions

Description	The following connectors are supplied with the power supply for external control.
Procedure	1. XG5M-2635-N (manufactured by OMRON Corporation) (For all PSB-2000 series)
	This section describes how to assemble the external control connector

Assembling the XG5M-2635-N Connector

Procedure	1.	Remove the contacts from the housing. Each contact can be easily removed by pulling it out while using a pin to hold down its catch. The contacts can also be removed using the XY2E-0001 removal tool (manufactured by OMRON Corporation).
	2.	After connecting a wire to each contact, insert the contacts into the connector. When inserting the contacts into the connector, ensure that the catch of each contact is firmly latched to the connector. When connecting a wire to each contact, use the XY2B-7006 crimping tool (manufactured by OMRON Corporation). Applicable wire: Twisted wire AWG28 or 26 Outer diameter φ1.1 to 1.3 mm
	~	

3. Mount semi-covers on both sides of the connector.

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Fig. Assembling the External Control Connector (XG5M-2635-N)





The 26-pin connector for external control: XG5M-2635-N (OMRON Corporation) Each contact can be easily removed by pulling it out while using a pin to hold down its catch.

The XY2E-0001 contact removal tool (manufactured by OMRON Corporation), can also be used to remove the contacts.

Applicable wire: Twisted wire AWG28 or 26 Outer diameter φ 1.1 to 1.3 mm

Mount the semi-covers on both sides of the connector. Here is a view of the completed assembly (20 pins shown)

Output Voltage Monitor and Output Current Monitor

Introduction It is possible to monitor the output voltage and output current of the PSB-2000 series power supply unit using the J3 external control connector. This section describes how to monitor the output voltage and output current of the dual channel model (PSB-2400L2). The single channel models operate in the same manner as the description for the CH1 outputs.

	The internal impedance of the voltage and current monitoring circuits are approximately $1k\Omega$. Be careful not draw over 1mA through the monitoring circuits.
Procedure	 Voltage monitor CH1: Pins 17 and 16 (COM), CH2: Pins 8 and 7 (COM)
	 Current monitor CH1: Pins 18 and 16 (COM), CH2: Pins 9 and 7 (COM)
Fig. Monitor Output Pins	$EXT CONT (J3)$ $2 \longrightarrow 0 \longrightarrow $
	Output voltage FS Output current FS Monitor Voltage Voltage Voltage

Constant-Voltage (CV) Control with External Voltage or Resistance

Introduction	The output voltage can be controlled by an external voltage or resistance through the J3 external connection (EXT CONT) on the rear panel if external control is selected.
CAUTION	The negative side of the external voltage is connected with the negative output terminal of the power supply unit. Have the external voltage source floating to avoid accidents or malfunctions. If the external resistor is disconnected for some reason when operating in the external control mode, an excessively-high voltage could be applied to the output. This occurs as a disconnected resistor appears as an open circuit, which in turn is interpreted as a resistance of $10k\Omega$ If fixed resistances are used, use shorting-type switches to switch between the fixed resistances to avoid open circuits. The pins used for external voltage control or for external resistance control are the same. Check with control method is selected (external voltage or external resistance), before connecting the pins.
	External Resistance and External Voltage Control Pins for voltage control:
	CH1: Pins 14 and 16 (COM) CH2: Pins 5 and 7 (COM)

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Constant-Current (CC) Control with External Voltage or Resistance

Introduction The current output can be controlled using an external voltage or external resistance through the connector J3 (EXT CONT) on the rear panel if external control is selected.

External Resistance and External Voltage Control Pins for current control:

CH1: Pins 15 and 16 (COM) CH2: Pins 6 and 7 (COM)



Output ON/OFF with External Contacts

Introduction	The output can be turned on or off using external contact switches if the external control function is activated.		
	External Control Pins for Output ON/OFF control:		
	CH1: Pins 21 and 22 (COM) CH2: Pins 12 and 13 (COM) Short: OUTPUT ON Open: OUTPUT OFF		
Fig. Output ON/OFF Pins with External Contacts	EXT CONT (J3) 2 000000000000000000000000000000000000		
	EXT CONT (J3) 2 000000000000000000000000000000000000		

Alarm Function using External Contacts

Introduction An external contact switch can force the PSB-L into the alarm state. When in the alarm state, the output is turned off and "HARD" is displayed on the LED display. Remove the input power or turn off the power from the POWER switch to cancel the alarm state.

External Control Pins to activate the alarm state:

CH1: Pins 20 and 22 (COM) CH2: Pins 11 and 13 (COM)



Status Signals (CV, CC & ALARM)

Introduction
 Constant-Voltage (CV) Status Signal

This status signal goes low when the PSB-2000 series power supply unit enters the constant-voltage (CV) status.

• Constant-Current (CC) Status Signal

This status signal goes low when the PSB-2000

series power supply unit enters the constantcurrent (CC) status.

• Alarm Status Signal

This status signal goes low when the PSB-2000 series power supply unit enters the alarm status.

Status Signal Characterist

(SHARP PC	3H7 photocoupler)			
Item Symbol Max. rating Unit			Unit	
Output Collector-emitter voltage		Vceo	66	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	Veco	6	V
	Collector current	lc	50	mA
	Collector loss	Pc	150	m₩
	Γotal allowable loss	Рт	170	m₩
Isolation voltage BVs 2500 Vrms				
CH1: (Constant-voltage (CV)status: Pi	ns 23 and 26 (CO	M)	
(Constant-current (CC)status: Pi	ins 24 and 26 (CO	M)	
Alarm status: Pins 25 and 26 (COM)				
CH2: 0	Constant-voltage (CV) status: P	ins 4 and 1 (COM)	
(Constant-current (CC) status: P	Pins 3 and 1 (CON	1)	
Alarm status: Pins 2 and 1 (COM)				





Select and use proper voltage or resistance so that the open collector current does not exceed 1mA.

Using the Sequence Function

Description	how to execute a supply when equi- board. The PSB_ create a program interface board. on page 59 for de	uence Function" (page 59) shows a sequence program on the power uipped with the optional interface Sequence_203 software is used to a in advance via the optional See the Sequence Function section etails. The PSB_Sequence_203 downloaded at the GW Instek
Procedure		ence program through the rd. See page 59
		equence function as shown in the action menu on page 59.
	PRESET key(s Each PRESET function of th key are differ	key has two functions. The PRESET keys and the DUTPUT rent when used in the sequence red to when they are in the
	Below is a description of the function of each of the preset keys and the OUTPUT key when in the sequence mode.	
	Normal Mode	Sequence Mode
		Starts or pauses the sequence
	PRESET 1	program. (►/૫)
	PRESET 2	Skips to the previous step number. ((
	PRESET3	Skips to the next step number in the sequence. ((when paused)

	OUTPUT	Ends the sequence operation.
CAUTION	operation. Use the PRESET 1 operation. Even if and the "• SEQL operation will not is pressed. Function will work normally LED" is lit. If the OUTPUT key running, the sequence	loes not the start sequence () () key to start the sequence the sequence function is activated DENCE LED" is lit, the sequence start unless the PRESET () () key ons other than the preset function a even when the "• SEQUENCE is pressed when a sequence is ence operation finishes. Note that the operation is different from turning the normal operating mode.
Display 1 in se	different from differences ar DISP key is pr operation, the Voltage LED displayed on DISP key agai display.	→ Number
	5. During a sequence a seque	uence operation, the "• LED" below

SEQUENCE LED" below the **PRESET** key blinks, indicating that sequence operation is being executed. To stop the sequence operation partway, press the **OUTPUT** key or deactivate the sequence function as shown in the Section "Sequence Function" (page 59).

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Display in Alarm Status

Description When the PSB-2000 series power supply unit enters an alarm state or if the alarm state is manually set using the external control connector (see page 81), an alarm code is shown on the display. The alarm code will indicate what type of alarm has been triggered. When an alarm occurs, the power supply unit turns off the output and stays in the alarm state. When a protection function (excluding OVP and OCP, see page 54) is triggered, all operations (panel operation, etc.) are disabled and the power supply unit stops operation.

Press the **ESC** / **DISP** key for one second to reset the OVP or OCP alarm (see page 54). Reset the power from the AC input source or from the POWER switch to reset the protection functions.

(1) OVP alarm This alarm code is displayed if the output voltage exceeds the preset OVP value.



(2) OCP alarm This alarm code is displayed if the output current exceeds the preset OCP value.



(3) OHP alarm The OHP alarm is displayed if the temperature at an internal detection point exceeds a set temperature. The OHP alarm that is displayed differs from model to model, as shown below. For example, on the 2400L2, an OHP alarm is displayed for each channel.



(4) HARD alarm The HARD alarm is displayed in the following conditions:

Cause	Description
Over-Voltage (OVP)	The output is turned off if the voltage exceeds 110% of the rated output voltage.
Over-Current (OCP)	The output is turned off if the current exceeds 110% of the rated output current.
Alarm using external contacts ALARM	An alarm is caused when the External Alarm Input Pins on the external control connector are shorted. For details, see page 81. PSB-L Only.

Frame Link Controlled Parallel Operation (excluding PSB-2400L2)

Description The PSB Series power supply units are capable of frame link controlled parallel operation of up to four units (PSB-L), or up to 2 units (PSB-H) including the master unit. When performing parallel operation using master units, the master and slave units should be set properly in advance, see the Master-slave function chapter on page 69.

Connect the master and slave units with the optional parallel signal cables, PSB-005. The parallel connection kit for horizontal installation, PSB-003 or the parallel connection kit for vertical installation, PSB-004 can also be used to physically connect the units together. The joint kit, PSB-007, is included with the PSB-003 and PSB-004 connection kits. Use these kits as the necessity requires.

The sum of the master unit current and slave unit current is displayed on the master unit. See the specifications on page 164 for the displayed items and setting resolution for parallel operation.

Output depends on the master unit. When the OUTPUT key of the master unit is pressed, the outputs of the slave units are turned on automatically.



The PSB-2400L2 is not capable of parallel operation.

CAUTION	Improper wiring or settings may cause failures. Recheck the settings before starting frame control operation.
	If the load cables of a slave unit are disconnected, excessive voltage is applied to the slave unit instantaneously and a "HArd" alarm occurs. Check if the cables are connected properly. Repair improper connections. The master unit displays the total current. If the actual value is remarkably different from the set current and/or output current, improper power may possibly be set in the setting shown in the Master- slave function chapter on page 69. Recheck the set power.

When using frame link-controlled parallel operation, the current indicated on the master unit may fluctuate due to the influence of the load wire resistance. In such cases, use the optional connection kit, PSB-003 (Horizontal Installation Connection Kit), PSB-004 (Vertical Installation Connection Kit) or a low-impedance-load wire.

Use the PSB-2400L as the master unit when controlling the PSB-2400L and PSB-2800L using the the frame link control method.



Frame Link Controlled Series Operation (excluding PSB-2400L2, PSB-H series)

Description The PSB-L series power supply (exlcluding the PSB-2400L2) units are capable of frame link controlled series operation of up to two units, including the master unit. When performing series operation using master units, the slave unit should be set properly in advance, see the Master-slave function chapter on page 69.

> Output depends on the master unit. When the OUTPUT key on the master unit is pressed, the output of the slave unit is turned on automatically. Connect the master and slave unit with the optional PSB-006 cable.



Improper wiring or setting may cause failures.

Recheck the setting before starting frame link control operation.



Power Extension using PSB-2800LS (Parallel Connection Only)

Description The PSB-2800LS (booster unit) is especially designed to boost the power capacity when used in parallel. It is possible to increase the output up to a maximum of 3200W when used in parallel with a PSB-2800L as the master unit).



How to use the PSB-2800LS

Description The PSB-2800LS is not equipped with a power switch. The PSB-2800LS relies on a master unit to turn it on when it is connected in parallel. As soon as the master unit is turned on any connected PSB-2800LS power supply is also turned on (see page 69 for details).

> In other words, the PSB-2800LS cannot be used alone. So before using the PSB-2800LS, check to make sure that the AC power cable, signal cables and load wires are connected properly. Improper wiring or settings may cause problems.



Using the PSB-007 Extension kits

Description	The PSB-007 extension kits allow master units to be physically connected to slave units. The extension kits can be used horizontally or vertically.	
	The PSB-2800LS cannot be used for series operation.	

How to Connect the Units Vertically

Steps	1.	Remove the rubber feet from the bottom of unit A. (Keep the removed rubber feet and screws with care not to lose them.)
	2.	Fix the joint kit (PSB-007) to the top panel of unit B with the flat countersunk head screws supplied with the kit. (Four positions)
	3.	Place the units as shown in the figure below so that the prongs from the PSB-007 joint kit on the unit B are inserted in the holes in unit A (revealed from under the rubber feet that were removed).
	4.	Slide unit A and fix the rear panel to the brackets on the joint kit (PSB-007) firmly with the screw with washer supplied with the kit. (Two positions)



How to Connect the Units Horizontally

Steps	1.	Remove the rubber feet from the side of unit B. (Keep the removed rubber feet and screws with care not to lose them.)
	2.	Fix the joint kit (PSB-007) to the side of the unit A with the flat countersunk head screws supplied with the kit. (Four positions)
	3.	Place the units as shown in the figure below so that the prongs from the joint kit on unit A are inserted in the holes in unit B (revealed from under the rubber feet that were removed).
	4.	Slide unit B, and fix the rear panel to the brackets of the joint kit (PSB-004) firmly with the screw with washer supplied with the kit. (Two positions)



Connection for Horizontal Installation

Bus Bar Connection



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Remote Control

Description	The PSB-2000 series power supplies can be controlled from a PC or sequencer when one of the interface boards is installed. Two types of interface boards are available: PSB-001 (GPIB) for optional and PSB-002 (RS-232C and USB) for standard. A maximum of ten units to be connected together with the local bus connection, with one unit as a master unit. The master unit is then connected to a PC through GPIB, RS-232C or USB. Any connected units may be controlled as slave units.
	In this chapter, the terms "master unit" and "slave unit" are the same terms as used in the Power Extension section (page 90), however, in this chapter they have different meanings. Please, do not confuse them. It is impossible to install one of the optional interface boards in the PSB-2800LS.
	If you need to install or remove the interface boards, please refer to the instruction manual supplied with the interface boards. For safety, make sure the power is off before installing the interface board.

Interface Connectors



Fig. Diagram of the Interface Boards

PSB-001 Specifications (optional)

GPIB	
Specifications	Conforms to IEEE488-1978.
Interface functions	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PR0, DC1, DT0, C0, & E1
Address setting	1 to 30
Delimiter	LF, EOI, & LF + EOI
Listener function	Output conditions of controlled power supply units may be set.
Talker function	Output conditions and setting conditions of controlled power supply units may be detected.
Service request function	Occurrence of alarms and errors and presence or absence of responses are reported.
Q'ty of connectable units	Maximum of 14 units are connectable with a single GP-IB card.

Local bus	
Specifications	Conforms to RS-485 Standards. Proprietary protocol.
Max. cable length	10 [m]
Connector type	RJ-11 (6-pin modular)
	Pin 2 (D+), pin 3 (D-)
Applicable cable	Modular cable: GRJ-1101 (500mm 6P6C RJ11)
Q'ty of connectable units	A maximum of 10 units can be connected in a
	daisy chain configuration.
Terminator	The terminator is built-in. It may be turned on or
	off with a jumper pin.
Q'ty of ports	2 ports, non-directional

PSB-002 Specifications (standard)

RS-232C		
Specifications	Conforms to the RS-232C Standards.	
Data transmission speed	57600[bps]	
Data bit	Data: 8 [bits], stop bit: 1 [bit], parity: none	
Max. cable length	10[m]	
Connector type	D-sub, 9-pin, plug	
Applicable cable	Mass-marketed interlink cable (Socket 9-pin to socket 9-pin)	
Q'ty of connectable units	One-to-one connection only	

USB	
Specifications	Conforms to the USB Standards, Revision .2.0. Full speed: 12 [Mbps]
Connector type	USB series B
Data transmission speed	9600[bps]
Device class	USB CDC/ACM Class.
Vendor code	2184
Product code	0031
Power supply	Self-powered only
Q'ty of connectable units	Maximum of 127 units are connectable through USB hubs.

Local bus	
Specifications	Conforms to the RS-485 Standards. Proprietary protocol.
Max. cable length	10 [m]
Connector type	RJ-11 (6-pin modular) Pin 2 (D+), pin 3 (D-)
Applicable cable	Modular cable: GRJ-1101 (500mm 6P6C RJ11)
Q'ty of connectable units	Maximum of 10 units are connectable through daisy chain connection.
Terminator	Built-in. May be turned on/off with jumper pin.
Q'ty of ports	2 ports, non-directional



The PSB-001 and PSB-002 interface boards have the same local bus for connecting slave units, which may be equipped with either type of interface board.

Connection Methods

Description The following shows an example of connecting several PSB-2000 series power supply units through the local bus.



When connecting units together using the local bus connection, any of the local bus ports on the interface board can be used as the input or output.

Use the shortest modular cables possible to connect each unit. Terminate the start and end of the daisychain-connected units by shorting CN2 jumper pins on the interface boards with the shorting connectors¹. Disconnect the shorting connectors from all the other interface boards ². Using the example figure above, "Local Bus Connection", the CN2 jumpers on System Addresses 2 and 3 should be removed.

¹ The interface board is short-circuited with the jumper pin before shipment.

² Keep the disconnected connectors. Do not discard them.

Connection Cables

• Use the proprietary modular cables for the local bus connection (GRJ-1101).

- Use standard GPIB cables for the GPIB connections.
- Use USB cables (applicable for Full Speed USB or greater) for the USB connections.
- Use interlink cables for the RS-232C connection. The pin assignment is as shown below. Note that normal crossover cables may not be used.

	Personal computer				PSB-002	
Fig. RS-232C Cable Connection	D-Sub 9 pin socket	2	RxD	<->	3	D-Sub 9 pin socket
		3	TxD	<->	2	
		4	DTR	<->	6	
		5	GND	<->	5	
		6	DSR	<->	4	
		7	RTS	<->	8	
		8	CTS	<->	7	
		FG		<->	FG	
Address Setting

Description	The interface has two addresses: Personal
	Computer Address, and System Address. The type
	of address that is used depends on whether the unit
	is the master connected to a PC or a slave unit
	connected over the local bus. If the System Address
	is set to 1, then that unit is designated as the master
	unit. A Personal Computer Address can then be
	assigned to the master unit as well. Each slave unit
	should be assigned a System Address when
	connected to a master unit.

The System Address of the unit directly connected to the PC must be 1.

The system is not guaranteed to operate if several slave units connected to the master unit have the same System Address.

Do not assign the same address to several slave units.

Address	Range	Remark
System	1 to 30	Address 1 is used for the master unit.
Address		Other addresses are for the slave units. The
		slave units connected to the master unit must
		have different System Addresses.
Personal	1 to 30	The Personal Computer Address may be set only
Computer		when the System Address is set to 1. For the
Address		optional GPIB interface, it is the GPIB address.
(GPIB		For the RS232 and USB interfaces, no Personal
address)		Computer Address is used.

Procedure 1. Turn on the unit while holding the A key to set the System Address and/or Personal Computer Address. The model name and version data are displayed first, and then the interface type is displayed. After this, the System Address may be set ¹. "Sy.Ad" is displayed on the Voltage LED, and the address is displayed on the Current LED. Rotate the encoder to select the System Address, and press the ENTER / CHECK key to confirm.

A unit whose System Address is set other than 1 will return to normal operation.

¹Keep the A key depressed until "Sy.Ad" is displayed.



System Address 1

 If the System Address is set to 1, "PC.Ad" is displayed on the Voltage LED, indicating that a Personal Computer Address can be set. Rotate the encoder to select the Personal Computer Address, and press the ENTER / CHECK key to confirm.

The unit will return to normal operation.



Personal Computer Address 4

3. The unit saves the System Address and Personal Computer Address in non-volitile memory. The System Address and Personal Computer Address will remain saved even if the power to the unit is turned off.



Use the PSB-002 interface board in the master unit when the USB interface needs to be used.

Using the Interface Boards

Using the GPIB interface

- All GPIB operations have been tested using a NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS GPIB controller and sample programs. All interface cards conforming to the IEEE488 standard should be compatible with the PSB-001 interface board. However, compatibility cannot be assured.
 - The PSB-001 accepts the following delimiters: LF (0×0A), EOI, and LF (0×0A) + EOI. It sends a response using LF (0×0A) + EOI only.
 - When using the local bus through GPIB, control must be returned to the master unit after transferring commands to the slave units ². Unless control has been returned to the master unit, the GPIB controller on the PC may fail to recognize the interface board properly.
 - The Personal Computer Address may be set only when the System Address is set to 1. The Personal Computer Address is used to represent the GPIB address.

² Send ADDR1.

Using the USB interface

Description	• You may use the USB port of your Personal computer for communication through the USB interface. Microsoft Windows 98SE, 2000, XP to Windows 8* may be used.			
	• To use the USB interface, it is necessary to install the device driver.			
	• This driver may fail to work properly if the host PC is in the suspend mode or sleep mode. The driver may not run at its full performance if the screen saver or another application is running.			
	USB hubs are easily affected by external noise, which may cause errors. When using USB hubs try to self- powered hubs so that the connection is not affected by noise.			
Installing the USB driver in Windows 8	*To install the USB driver in Windows 8, you must first disable "Device driver signature enforcement".			
	Use the following steps to disable device driver signature enforcement:			
	Go to the Charms bar \rightarrow Click on Settings \rightarrow Click on Power \rightarrow Hold the SHIFT key and click Restart \rightarrow Click Troubleshoot \rightarrow Advanced Options \rightarrow Startup Settings \rightarrow Restart \rightarrow Select 7) Disable driver signature enforcement. \rightarrow The PC will now restart.			
	After the PC restarts, it will now be possible to install the USB driver on Windows 8.			

Using the RS-232C Interface

• The serial port on a PC or sequencer can be used for communication through the RS232C interface. The interface uses CTS-RTS for flow control. Please note that with this type of communication, if the flow control fails to work properly, some characters may be lost, which may result in a malfunction or error.

Using the Local Bus

- The communication timeout time between the PC and master unit should be longer when the local bus is used. The communication time is influenced by the cable length. Check it and determine the time-out value.
 - Remember that when connecting units together using the local bus connection, any of the local bus ports on the interface board can be used as the input or output.



A General Description About Communication

When you are going to control several PSB 2000 Series power supply units from a PC, the electrical potential of the frame of the power supply units must be equal to that of the PC frame. If those potentials are different, you may receive electric shocks or the PC may get damaged.

USB (USB CDC) Function Check

- Description Requirement: Firmware version
 - PSB Configure: Make sure the PSB-002 (RS-232C and USB) has installed.
 - PC Enviroment: Windows XP/Windows 7/Window 10, USB port, USB 2.0 High Speed Cable



Steps	1.	Install the NI-VISA from the webite below. https://www.ni.com/en- us/support/downloads/drivers/download.ni- visa.html
	2.	Connect the USB Cable from PSB-2000 Series to PC. (For Windows 10 user, skip step 2 through 7)



3. Select a new driver



4. Specify the PSB-2000 driver location. The driver can be downloaded from the GW website. https://www.gwinstek.com/englobal/products/downloadSeriesDownNew/6 804/1354



5. Click on **Next** button. Wait until get below message



6. Click on **Continue to install** button. Wait for the system configuration.



7. Click on **Finish** button to complete the system configuration.



8. Click the **Device Manager** to check if the driver is properly installed.



9. Boot the NI-Mearsurement and Automation Explorer(MAX) program.

-St Distri	ibuteu System Manager 6.0	Ι.	
🔇 🥸 Meas	urement & Automation		!
- 🔜 NI LA	icense Man位置: C:\Program Files\Natio	nal I	nstruments\MAX
C			

10. From the configuration panel, access to the **Serial & Parallel** item.

S My System	😏 Create New Port	止 🚺 Save All Ports 📄 Go To Resonate		y? Hade Help
Dets Neighborhood	Resource Name	Interface Name	Setting	Back -
😑 7 Devices and Interfaces	JCOM1	ASRL1 (COM1 - 通訊連接埠)	9600, 8N1	
# TNI5002 "PHI2::4-INSTR"	COM5	ASRL5 (COM5 - PSB 2000)	9600, 8N1	What do
. Network Devices	JLPT1	ASRL10 (LPT1 - 印表機連接埠)	N/A	you want
 PXI PXI System (Unidentified) 	II-			to do?
😑 🚽 Serial & Parallel				▶ View and
🖵 COM1				edit
🐺 COM5				properties or baud
				rates for my
+ 📲 Scoles				serial ports
+ Software	11			Save
+ m IVI Drivers	11			pending changes
	1			

11. Click on **COM5** to set the PSB2000 port.



12. Click on **Configuration** button to open VISA Test Panel.

ASRL5-INSTR		
Configuration 😡 Input/Output 🎡 Advanced NI I/O Trace	Help	
Serial Settings Flow Control Settings 1/0 Settings View Attributes — Data Prane Settings —	Return Data No Error	×
Baud Rate Data Bits Stop Bits Parity 9400 0 9 1 9 Finne 9		
-Buffer Operations		
Transmit Buffer Receive Buffer 0 0 Set Stee Set Stee Rush Buffer Flush Buffer		
nuan ourrer nuan ourrer		×

13. Click on the Input/Output button.

ASRL5-INSTR	
Configuration 📮 Input/Output 🎡 Advanced NIJO Trace	
Basic (JO	Return Data
Select or Enter Command Bytes to Read	
Write Query Read Read Status Byte Clear	
Vew mixed ASCIL/hexadecimal	
 Clear Buffer	

14. Select *IDN? \n to test

SRL5-INSTR	
Configuration 📕 Input/Output 💭 Advanced NI I/O Trace	
Basic NO Select or Draw Command Bytes to Read	Return Data Write Operation (*IDN?(n) No Error
Write Query Read Read Status Byte Clear Were mixed ASCII(hexadecimal * 1: Write Operation (*IDN?u) *	
r wine operation ("Livera)	
Gree Differ	

15. Read the result

ASRL5-INSTR		3.9			
Configuration	Input/Output	Advanced			MATIONAL INSTRUMENTS
Basic I/O					
Basic I/O				Return Data Read Oper-	
Select or Enter Command	Bytes to Read			No Error	ison
*IDN2(n	1024				
Write Query	Read	Read Status Byte	Clear		
Write Query	Read	Read Status byte	Clear		
	View mixed A	SCIL/hexadecimal			
GW.PSB-2400L2 w					
Gw,rSB-2400L2 m			-		
			1.1		
			-		
,			Clear Buffer		
		-	uea currer		

Communication Commands

- Every communication command consists of general alphanumeric characters and symbols and a header, which is the abbreviation of a function. Parameters can be either an integer (NR1) or a floating point number with decimal places (NR2). Parameters following the tenth character are ignored. Decimal places are rounded off according to the actual setting resolution. Responses contain no header. Only parameters are sent as responses.
 - LF (0×0A) is used as the delimiter, which indicates the end_of_data. Multple commands consisting of several continuous commands are not applicable to the PSB 2000 Series power supply units. Thus, commands must be separated with delimiters. If delimiters are used, the interface unit automatically controls the flow of communication. Commands and queries are accepted whether they are written in capital letters or lowercase letters.
 - Use the address command ":ADDR" to specify a System Address of a slave unit when communicating with a slave unit on the local bus from the PC. Since address 1 has been set by default, the System Address of the master unit is to be specified.
 - Commands that are only applicable to the dual channel model (PSB-2400L2) will cause an error if they are used with a single channel model. If a command is to used for either channel, ":A" or ":B" should be added to the command to specify which channel the command applies to. (:A

represents CH1, :B represents CH2)

• An error occurs if a command causing a conflicting operation is sent while the sequence, tracking or external control function is working.

Command List

Category	Set item	Command	Query	Page	Function
	Output voltage setting	:VOLT	:VOLT?	44	121
	OVP setting	:VOLT:PROT	:VOLT:PROT?	54	122
Output	Output current setting	:CURR	:CURR?	45	122
Setting	OCP setting	:CURR:PROT	:CURR:PROT?	54	123
	Output power setting	:POW	:POW?	45	124
	Output ON/OFF	:OUTP	:OUTP?	46	125
	Hi-Ω ON/OFF	:CONF:HIZ	:CONF:HIZ?	56	126
·	Hi- Ω time setting	:CONF:HIZ:HOLD	:CONF:HIZ:HOLD?	56	126
Function	Display switch	:CONF:DISP	:CONF:DISP?	44	127
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Output Voltage Setting (:VOLT)

This command sets or inquires about the output voltage.

Setting	:VOLT <value></value>
	Sets the output voltage of a single channel model.
	:VOLT:A <value></value>
	Sets the output voltage of CH1.
	:VOLT:B <value></value>
	Sets the output voltage of CH2.
	The <value> range is from 0.00 to 82.00 (PSB-L), 0.0 to</value>
	820.0 (PSH-H).
	Two decimal places are valid.
Application	:VOLT 10.10
example	Sets the output voltage of a single channel model to
	10.10V.
Query	:VOLT?
	Inquires about the set output voltage of a single channel
	model.
	:VOLT:A?
	Inquires about the set output voltage of CH1.
	:VOLT:B?
	Inquires about the set output voltage of CH2.
Response	
example	Indicates that the set output voltage is 10.10V.
Remark	When the tracking mode is on, setting CH1 will affect
	CH2. Setting CH2 in the tracking mode will cause an
	execution error.

OVP Setting (:VOLT:PROT)

This command sets or inquires about the OVP (over-voltage protection) value.

1 /	
Setting	:VOLT:PROT <value></value>
	Sets the OVP value of a single channel model.
	:VOLT:PROT:A <value></value>
	Sets the OVP value of CH1.
	:VOLT:PROT:B <value></value>
	Sets the OVP value of CH2.
	The <value> range is from 1.00 to 84.00(PSB-L), 10.0 to</value>
	840.0(PSB-H).
	Two decimal places are valid.
Application	:VOLT: PROT 10.10
example	Sets the OVP value of a single channel model to 10.10V.
Query	:VOLT:PROT?
	Inquires about the set OVP value of a single channel
	model.
	:VOLT:PROT:A?
	Inquires about the set OVP value of CH1.
	:VOLT:PROT:B?
	Inquires about the set OVP value of CH2.
Response	10.10
example	Indicates that the set OVP value is 10.10V.
Remark	None

Output current setting (:CURR)

This command sets or inquires about the output current.

Setting	:CURR <value></value>
_	Sets the output current of a single channel model.
	:CURR:A <value></value>
	Sets the output current of CH1.
	:CURR:B <value></value>
	Sets the output current of CH2.

Application	The <value> range for single-unit operation is as shown below: PSB-2400L & PSB-2400L2: 0.00 to 41.00 PSB-2800L: 0.00 to 82.00 PSB-2400H: 0.00 to 3.07 PSB-2800H: 0.00 to 6.15 Two decimal places are valid. The setting range changes when the power supplies are used in parallel. Resolution in parallel operation: 100mA Setting range: 0.0 to (total current x 1.025) :CURR 10 10</value>
Application example	Sets the output current of a single channel model to 10.104.
Query	:CURR? Inquires about the set output current of a single channel model. :CURR:A? Inquires about the set output current of CH1. :CURR:B? Inquires about the set output current of CH2.
Response example	10.10 Indicates that the set output current is 10.10A.
Remark	When the tracking mode is on, setting CH1 will affect CH2. Setting CH2 in the tracking mode will cause an execution error.

OCP setting (:CURR:PROT)

This command sets or inquires about the OCP (over-current protection) value.

Setting	:CURR:PROT <value> Sets the OCP value of a single channel model. :CURR:PROT:A <value> Sets the OCP value of CH1. :CURR:PROT:B <value> Sets the OCB value of CH2</value></value></value>
	Sets the OCP value of CH2.

Application	The <value> range in single-unit operation is as shown below: PSB-2400L & PSB-2400L2: 1.00 to 42.00 PSB-2800L: 1.00 to 84.00 PSB-2400H: 0.10 to 3.15 PSB-2800H: 0.10 to 6.30 Two decimal places are valid. The setting range changes when the power supplies are used in parallel. Resolution in parallel operation: 100mA Setting range: 0.0 to (total current x 1.05) :CURP.PROT 10.10</value>
Application example	Sets the OCP value of a single channel model to 10.10A.
Query	:CURR:PROT? Inquires about the set OCP value of a single channel model. :CURR:PROT:A? Inquires about the set OCP value of CH1. :CURR:PROT:B? Inquires about the set OCP value of CH2.
Response	10.10
example	Indicates that the set OCP value is 10.10A.
Remark	When the tracking mode is on, setting CH1 will affect CH2. Setting CH2 in the tracking mode will cause an execution error.

Output power setting (:POW)

This command sets or inquires about the output power.

	1 1
Setting	:POW <value></value>
	Sets the output power of a single channel model.
	:POW:A <value></value>
	Sets the output power of CH1.
	:POW:B <value></value>
	Sets the output power of CH2.
	The <value> range in single-unit operation is as shown</value>
	below:
	PSB-2400L, PSB-2400L2, PSB-2400H: 10 to 410
	PSB-2800L, PSB-2800H: 10 to 820
	Integers are valid.
	The setting range changes when the power supplies are
	used in parallel.
	Setting range: 0.0 to (total power x 1.025)
Application	:POW 100
example	Sets the output power of a single channel model to 100W.
Query	:POW?

	Inquires about the set output power of a single channel model. :POW:A? Inquires about the set output power of CH1. :POW:B? Inquires about the set output power of CH2.
Response	100
example	Indicates that the set output power is 100W.
Remark	When the tracking mode is on, setting CH1 will affect
	CH2. Setting CH2 in the tracking mode will cause an
	execution error.

OUTPUT ON/OFF (:OUTP)

This command turns on or off output.

C	
Setting	:OUTP <value></value>
	Sets the output of a single channel model.
	:OUTP:A <value></value>
	Sets the output of CH1.
	:OUTP:B <value></value>
	Sets the output of CH2.
	The relationship between <value> and On/Off is as</value>
	shown below:
	1: Output On, 0: Output Off
	On the dual channel model, :OUTP selects the OUTPUT.
	The output is activated only after <value> is set to 1.</value>
Application	:OUTP 1
example	Activates output.
Query	:OUTP?
	Inquires about the output setting of a single channel
	model.
	:OUTP:A?
	Inquires about the output setting of CH1.
	:OUTP:B?
	Inquires about the output setting of CH2.
Response	1
example	Indicates that the output is activated. The return values
	of the query have the same meaning as the setting
	<value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an execution error if the output is
	externally controlled.
	Sending the :OUTP command causes a command error
	when both channels of the dual channel model are
	deactivated.
	•

$Hi-\Omega ON/OFF(:CONF:HIZ)$

This command turns on or off the Hi- Ω function. Only applicable to the PSB-L series only.

	5
Setting	:CONF:HIZ <value></value>
	<value> is as shown below:</value>
	1: Hi-Ω On
	0: Hi-Ω Off
Application	:CONF:HIZ 1
example	Activates the Hi- Ω function.
Query	:CONF:HIZ?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	1
example	Indicates that the Hi- Ω function is working. The return
	values of the query have the same function as the setting
	<value>.</value>
Remark	None

Hi- Ω Time Setting (:CONF:HIZ:HOLD)

This command sets the Hi- Ω function holding time in minutes. This function only applies to the PSB-L series.

J 11	
Setting	:CONF:HIZ:HOLD <value></value>
	<value> is set in 5 steps between 5 and 30. Any value not</value>
	ending with 0 or 5 is rounded off.
Application	:CONF:HIZ:HOLD20
example	Sets the Hi- Ω holding time to 20 minutes.
Query	:CONF:HIZ:HOLD?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	5
example	Indicates that the Hi- Ω holding time is five minutes. The
	return values of the query have the same function as the
	setting <value>.</value>
Remark	None

Display Switching (:CONF:DISP)

This command switches the voltage, current and power display modes.

Setting	:CONF:DISP <value> <value> is as shown below: 1: CH1 voltage + current display 2: CH1 voltage + power display 3: CH1 power + current display 4: CH2 voltage + current display 5: CH2 voltage + power display 6: CH2 power + current display 7: Sequence or Off Timer display For a single channel model, use the values 1 to 3 or 7 to specify a display mode.</value></value>
Application example	:CONF:DISP 1 Selects the voltage + current display mode.
Query	:CONF:DISP? Inquires about the display setting.
Response example	1 Indicates that the voltage + current display mode is selected. The return values of the query have the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	A value between 4 and 6 causes an error if it is set for a single channel model (single channel models don't have CH2). The value of 7 causes an error unless the Off Timer or sequence function (Pause, RUN) is turned on.

Tracking ON/OFF (:CONF:TRAC)

This command turns on or off the tracking function. Applicable for the PSB-2400L2 only.

Setting	:CONF:TRAC <value></value>
_	<value> is as shown below:</value>
	0: Off
	1: On
Application	:CONF:TRAC 1
example	Activates the tracking function.
Query	:CONF:TRAC?
	Inquires about the setting status.
Response	1

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example	Indicates that the tracking function is working. The query return has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error if it is set for a single channel model or if a sequence operation is running.

External Control Setting (:EXT:MOD)

This command sets the external control mode.

Setting	:EXT:MOD <value> <value> is as shown below: 0: Settings are controlled from the front panel or via remote control. 1: External voltage control 2: External resistance control</value></value>
Application	:EXT:MOD 1
example	Selects the external voltage control.
Query	:EXT:MOD?
	Inquires about the setting status.
Response	1
example	Indicates that external voltage control has been enabled.
	The query return has the same meaning as the setting
	<value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error if a sequence operation is
	running.

External Control of the Voltage Output ON/OFF (:EXT:VOLT)

This command chooses whether the external control is used to control the output voltage or if the front panel controls are used to control the output voltage.

Setting	:EXT:VOLT <value></value>
	Activates or deactivates external control of the output voltage of a single channel model.
	:EXT:VOLT:A <value></value>
	Activates or deactivates external control of the output voltage of CH1.
	:EXT:VOLT:B <value></value>
	Activates or deactivates external control of the voltage output of CH2.

	<value> is as shown below: 0: Deactivates external control of the voltage output (Allows the voltage output to be controlled from the front panel or from remote control). 1: Activates external control of the voltage output.</value>
Application	:EXT:VOLT 1
example	Selects external control of the voltage output.
Query	:EXT:VOLT?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	1
example	Indicates that external control of the voltage output is enabled. The query return value has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is running.

External Control of the Current Output ON/OFF (:EXT:CURR)

This command chooses whether the external control is used to control the output current or if the front panel controls are used to control the output current.

Setting	:EXT:CURR <value> Activates or deactivates external control of the output current of a single channel model. :EXT:CURR:A <value> Activates or deactivates external control of the output current of CH1. :EXT:CURR:B <value> Activates or deactivates external control of the output current of CH2. <value> is as shown below: 0: Deactivates external control of the output current (Allows the current output to be controlled with the front panel controls or via remote control). 1: Activates external control of the current output.</value></value></value></value>
Application example	:EXT:CURR 1 Selects the external control of the current output.
Query	:EXT:CURR? Inquires about the setting.
Response example	1 Indicates that external control of the current output is enabled. The query return value has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error during sequence operation (RUN).

Output switching (:EXT:OUTP)

This command selects output On/Off with external contacts.

Setting	:EXT:OUTP <value></value>
	<value> is as shown below: 0: Control from the panel or through communication 1: Output On/Off with external contacts</value>
Application	:EXT:OUTP 1
example	Selects output On/Off with external contacts.
Query	:EXT:OUTP?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	1
example	Indicates that output On/Off with external contacts is
	working. The query return value has the same meaning
	as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.

Off Timer ON/OFF (:TIMER:MOD)

This command activates or deactivates the Off Timer.

Setting	:TIMER:MOD <value> <value> is as shown below: 0: Deactivates the Off Timer. 1: Activates the Off Timer.</value></value>
Application	:TIMER:MOD 1
example	Activates the Off Timer.
Query	:TIMER:MOD?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	1
example	Indicates that the Off Timer is activated. The query return value has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.

Off Timer Value Setting (:TIMER:SET)

This command sets or inquires what the value of the Off Timer setting is.

:TIMER:SET <value></value>
The <value> range is between 0.1 and 99.5. Specify the</value>
hour in the integer part and the minutes in the first
decimal place (in units of 10 minutes).
:TIMER:SET 10.3
Set the Off Timer value to 10 hours and 30 minutes.
:TIMER:SET?
Inquires about the setting.
15.2
Indicates that the Off Timer value is set to 15 hours and
20 minutes.
This command causes an error if the sequence function is
running.
It also causes an error if a value between 6 and 9 is set in
the first decimal place (I.e, a value of greater the 60
minutes).

Delay Function ON/OFF (:DELAY:MOD)

This command activates or deactivates the delay function. This function only applies to the PSB-2400L2.

:DELAY:MOD <value></value>
<value> is as shown below:</value>
0: Deactivates the delay function. (Normal)
1: Activates the delay function.
:DELAY:MOD 1
Activates the delay function.
:DELAY:MOD?
Inquires about the setting.
1
Indicates that the delay function is working. The query
return value has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
This command causes an error if the sequence function is
running.

Delay Rise Time Setting (:DELAY:RISE)

This command sets or inquires about the delay time for turning on the output. This function only applies to the PSB-2400L2.

	·
Setting	:DELAY:RISE <value></value>
	The <value> range is from -9.99 to +10.00 seconds.</value>
Application	:DELAY:RISE 0.3
example	Sets the delay time for turning on the output to 0.3
	seconds.
Query	:DELAY:RISE?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	0.3
example	Indicates that the delay time for turning on the output is
	set to 0.3 seconds.
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.

Delay Fall Time Setting (:DELAY:FALL)

This command sets or inquires about the delay time for turning off output.

Setting	:DELAY:FALL <value></value>
_	The <value> range is from -9.99 to +10.00 seconds.</value>
Application	:DELAY:FALL 0.3
example	Sets the delay time for turning off output to 0.3 second.
Query	:DELAY:FALL?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	0.3
example	Indicates that the delay time for turning off output is set
•	to 0.3 seconds.
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.

Monitor Inquiry (:MEAS?)

This command inquires about the monitored data. In response, the voltage, current, power and CV/CC/CP status are returned, in that order.

Setting	None
Query	:MEAS? Inquires about the monitored data of the single channel model. :MEAS:A? Inquires about the monitored data of CH1. :MEAS:B? Inquires about the monitored data of CH2.
Response example	20.00,5.00,100,0 Indicates that the output values are 20.00V, 5.00A and 100W and the CV function is working. The voltage, current, power and status are returned in this order. The status of the protection functions are: 0 (CV), 1 (CC) or 2 (CP).
Remark	None

Preset Recall (:PRES:CALL)

This command recalls and inquires about preset data.

Setting	:PRES:CALL <value> <value> is as shown below: 0: Cancels preset. 1: Calls PRESET 1 data.</value></value>
	2: Calls PRESET 2 data. 3: Calls PRESET 3 data.
Application example	:PRES:CALL1 Recalls the set values stored in PRESET 1.
Query	:PRES:CALL? Inquires about the setting.
Response example	I Indicates that PRESET 1 is selected. The query return value has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is running.

Preset Saving (:PRES:SAVE)

This command saves the current set values (voltage, current and power) in PRESET memory.

1 /	
Setting	:PRES:SAVE <value></value>
_	<value> is as shown below:</value>
	1: Saves the current set value in PRESET 1.
	2: Saves the current set value in PRESET 2.
	3: Saves the current set value in PRESET 3.
Application	:PRES:SAVE1
example	Saves the current set values in PRESET 1.
Query	None
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.

Sequence Mode Setting (:SEQ:MOD)

This command controls a sequence operation. It can start, stop or pause a sequence.

1 1	
Setting	:SEQ:MOD <value></value>
	<value> is as shown below:</value>
	0: Stops sequence operation.
	1: Pause sequence operation – Waits for start.
	2: Runs sequence operation (Executes sequence).
Application	:SEQ:MOD 2
example	Runs the sequence.
Query	:SEQ:MOD?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	2
example	Indicates that sequence operation is being executed. This
	command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.
Remark	None

Sequence Jump Setting (:SEQ:STEP)

This command jumps to a specified step in the sequence operation.

Setting	:SEQ:STEP <value></value>
	The <value> range is from 0 to 99. This command can only be executed when a sequence is paused.</value>
Application	:SEQ:STEP 2
example	Jumps to step 2.
Query	:SEQ:STEP?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	2,1
example	Indicates that step 2 is selected and the repetition
	frequency is 1 (looped one time).
Remark	This command causes an error if the sequence function is
	running.

Sequence Start Step Setting (:SEQ:START)

This command specifies which step to start from when running a sequence.

Setting	:SEQ:START <value></value>
	The <value> range is from 0 to 99.</value>
Application	:SEQ:START2
example	Sets the sequence to start from step no. 2.
Query	:SEQ:START?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	2
example	Indicates that the sequence starts from step 2.
Remark	None

Sequencer End Step Setting (:SEQ:END)

This command	l specifies w	hich step to end	the sequence on.
	1	-	1

Setting	:SEQ:END <value></value>
_	The <value> range is from 0 to 99.</value>
Application	:SEQ:END2
example	Sets the sequence to end at step no. 2.
Query	:SEQ:END?

	Inquires about the setting.
Response	2
example	Indicates that the sequence ends at step no. 2.
Remark	None

Sequence Repetition Frequency Setting (:SEQ:CYCL)

This command specifies the number of times the sequence is looped(repetition frequence).

Setting	:SEQ:YCL <value> The <value> range is from 0 to 999. When set to 0, the sequence is repeated endlessly (infinite loops).</value></value>
Application	:SEQ:CYCL 2
example	Sets the sequence to loop 2 times.
Query	:SEQ:CYCL?
	Inquires about the setting.
Response	2
example	Indicates that the sequence is looped twice.
Remark	None

Sequence Data Transfer (:SEQ:DOWNLOAD)

This command transfers the sequence set data.

	1
Setting	:SEQ:DOWNLOAD <value></value>
_	<value> represents 1609-byte binary sequence set data.</value>
Application	:SE:DOWNLOAD#6001600 LF
example	Transfers an 8-byte header for the binary data, 1600-bytes
-	of actual data, and a 1 byte for the delimiter (total: 1609
	bytes).
Query	:SEQ:DOWNLOAD?
	Requests the sequence data.
Response	#6001600LF
example	1609-byte sequence set data are returned.
Remark	PSB_Sequence_203 software is available.
	Use it for setting ¹

¹ The application software for sequence operation may be downloaded from the GW Instek website.

Model Inquiry (*IDN?)

This command returns the company name, model name, serial number and version number.

Setting	None. Query only.
Query	*IDN? The company name, model name, serial number and version are returned in this order.
Response example	GW Instek,PSB-2400L,0,1.00/1.00

Standard Event Status Register Inquiry (*ESR?)

The function of this command is described in the "Standard Event Status Register" in the following section.

Standard Event Status Enable Register Setting (*ESE)

The function of this command is described in "Standard Event Status Enable register" in the following section.

Status Byte Inquiry (*STB?)

The function of this command is described in "Status Byte Register" in the following section.

SRQ (Service Request) Register Setting (*SRE)

The function of this command is described in "Service Request Register" in the following section.

Buffer Clear (*CLS)

This command clears the buffers.

Setting	*CLS	
	Clears the send buffer, receive buffer, local bus buffer,	
	command execution buffer, status byte and event register.	
Query	None	

Communication Reset (*RST)

This command clears the communication status.

Setting	*RST	
	Clears the send buffer, receive buffer, local bus buffer,	
	command execution buffer, status byte and event register.	
	Clears the ESE register and SRE register and also clears	
	the talker and listener settings.	
Query	None	

Command Completion (*OPC)

This command sets bit 0 of the standard event status register (ESR) when all current overlapped commands have been processed.

Setting	*OPC	
	Sets bit 0 of the ESR when all current overlapped	
	commands are complete. A SRQ is generated depending	
	on the status of the ESE register and SRE register.	
Query	*OPC?	
	The value "1" is returned when all current commands are	
	completed.	

Wait for Completion (*WAI)

This command waits for command completion.

Setting	*WAI Prevents new commands/queries from being executed until all outstanding overlapped commands have completed.
Query	None

Local Address Setting (:ADDR)

This command specifies the address of a slave unit on the local bus.

Setting	:ADDR <value> The <value> range is from 1 to 30. Specifies the address of a slave on the local bus to be controlled. This command causes no error even if an out- of-range System Address is specified.</value></value>
Application example	:ADDR3 Sets the System Address of the power supply (slave) to 3. :ADDR1 Sets the System Address of the power supply to 1. A System Address of 1 means that the unit is also set as a master unit.
Query	None
Remark	The default setting is 1 (master unit). Reset <value> to 1 after completion of communication with the local bus.</value>

Remote/Local Setting (:REMOTE)

This command sets or inquires about the remote/local status.

Setting	:REMOTE <value></value>	
	<value> is as shown below:</value>	
	0: Local status (Normal manual operation)	
	1: Remote status	
	2: Local lockout remote status (Cannot return to the local	
	status through key operation.)	

Application example	:REMOTE0 Sets the unit to local status.
Query	:REMOTE?
Response example	1 Indicates that the unit is in the remote status. The query return value has the same meaning as the setting <value>.</value>
Remark	If this query is sent when the unit is in the local status, a response is made after the unit enters the remote status. Thus, 1 is returned.

Registers

Introduction The PSB power supply unit has registers that conform to the status reporting specified in IEEE488.2.



Status Byte Register	(STB, SRE)
----------------------	------------

Bit	Data	ltem	Description	Initial STB value	Initial SRE value
7	128	0	Unused.	0	0
6	64	SRQ RQS MSS	Service request Message summary 0 0		0
5	32	ESB	Standard event summary	0	0
4	16	MAV	Output message available	0	0
3	8	0	Unused.	0	0
2	4	0	Unused.	0	0
1	2	LERR	Local bus error	0	0
0	1	тмо	Local bus Time out	0	0

Summary

Each bit is masked when it is set to "0". (0 is the default setting.) A bit is not longer masked when it is set to 1. Unused bits are set to "0".

ltem	Description		
SRQ RQS MSS	The MSS bit is the summary bit for the status byte register. The MSS bit is set to 1 when the Boolean AND of the bits in the status byte register and the bits in the service request enable register equals 1. The RQS bit is set to 1 when the MSS bit changes from 0 to 1. The RQS bit is cleared when the MSS bit is cleared or serial polling is used.		
ESB	Indicates that an event occurs in the standard event status register.		
MAV	Indicates that there is a message in the output queue.		
*SRE?	Sets or inquires about the service request enable register.		
	Setting command	*SRE <value></value>	
		The <value> range is from 0 to 255.</value>	
	Application example	*SRE 48	
		Enables the MAV and ESB bits since the value of 48 (\rightarrow 00110000 in binary) sets bit 4(MAV) and 5(ESB).	
-------	-------------------------	--	
	Query command	*SRE?	
	Response example	48	
		The masking value set with this	
		command remains valid until the	
		setting is changed or the power is	
		turned off. All bits are masked (0) when	
		the power is turned on, regardless of	
		the previous setting.	
*STB?	Returns the status byte	register and MSS.	
	Catting as many a	None.	
	Setting command	Query only.	
	Query command	*STB?	
	Response example	32	
		The bits set with the *SRE command	
		are only returned in decimal. The status	
		byte register is not cleared even if a	
		query is made using this command.	

Standard Event Register (ESR, ESE)

Introduction The standard event register is controlled with the *ESE, *ESE? and *ESR? commands/queries.

Bit	Data	ltem	Description	Initial ESR value	Initial ESE value
7	128	PON	Power On flag	1 (Power ON)	0
6	64	-	Unused.	0	0
5	32	CME	Command error	0	0
4	16	EXE	Execution error	0	0
3	8	ALM	Alarm occurrence	0	0
2	4	-	Unused.	0	0
1	2	-	Unused.	0	0
0	1	OPC	Operation complete	0	0

Item	Description			
*ESE	Sets or inquires about the standard event status enable register.			
	Setting command	*ESE <value></value>		
		The <value> range is from 0 to 255.</value>		
	Application example	*ESE 48		
		Enables the CME (bit 5) and EXE (bit 4)		
		of the Event Status register.		
	Query command	*ESE?		
	Response example	48		
	The masking set with this command			
		remains valid until the setting is		
		changed or power is turned off. All bits		
		are masked (0) when power is turned		
		on, regardless of the previous setting.		
*ESR?	Inquires about the Standard Event Status register.			
	Setting command	None.		
		Query only.		
	Query command	*ESR?		
	Response example	32		
		Bit 5 is set indicating that a command		
		error has occured.		
		The ESR is cleared after reading the		
		value.		

Function of the Status Byte Register

Introduction If some event occurs and some bits of the status byte register are set to 1, bit 6 is set to 1 and a service request (SRQ) is issued. Four status bits shown below may possibly be the causes of an SRQ in the PSB 2000 series power supply unit.

> If an execution error occurs, bit 4 of the standard event status register (ESR) is set to 1. When the bolean AND of the bits in the ESR and the ESE equals 1, bit 5 (ESB) of the status byte register is set to 1. If bit 5 of the service request enable register

(SRE) is set 1 at this time, bit 6 (MSS) of the status byte register is set to 1 and a service request (SRQ) is generated.

Bit 5	ESB	Standard event status register summary
Bit 4	MAV	Message available
Bit 1	LERR	Local bus execution error
Bit 0	ТМО	Local bus time-out

An SRQ is issued through the GPIB interface only.

Reading Data from the Status Byte Register and Clearing the Status Byte Register

Introduction	The content of the status byte register may be read out from the controller in the following two ways:
	• Executing the the *STB? query. When the *STB? query is executed the status of the MSS bit is returned. No bits of the status byte are cleared after reading it.
	• Serial polling. When serial polling is executed, the status of the RQS bit (bit 6) is returned. The RQS bit is only cleared after reading it. It is impossible to read the MSS bit. It is impossible to clear the status byte register directly; to clear the status byte register, you must first clear the associated event registers that cause the bits of the status byte register to be set.
	• When ESB occurs. When an inquiry is made with the *ESR? query, the data from the standard event register are

read and all the bits are cleared.

- When the *CLS command is received. When receiving the *CLS command, the PSB 2000 series power supply unit clears the standard event register and the status byte register.
- When MAV occurs. The MAV bit is cleared when all the data is read out from the output queue.

The output queue is not cleared by the *CLS command. When the event register and MAV are cleared completely, MSS in bit 6 is also cleared.

Clear and Reset Statuses

Introduction	It is possible to cause clearing or resetting in the PSB 2000 Series power supply unit by issuing commands or executing specific operations.
IFC (Interface clear)	Responses to the universal command, IFC, are as shown below:
	• The specified talker or listener status is cleared.
	• The GPIB buffer, output queue and input queued commands command remain unchanged.
	• The SRQ remains unchanged.
	• The remote status and LLO (local lock out) setting remain unchanged.
	• Panel setting remains unchanged.

DCL SDC (Device clear)	Responses to the universal command, DCL, and the address command, SDC, are as shown below:
	• The GPIB buffer, output queue and input queued commands are cleared.
	• The interface status (specified talker or listener status) is cleared.
	• The SRQ and status byte register are cleared.
	• The remote status and LLO (local lock out) setting are cleared and the power supply unit enters the local state.
	• Panel setting remains unchanged.
*RST (Reset command)	Responses to the IEEE488.2 command, *RST, are as shown below:
command)	• The specified talker or listener status is cleared.
	• The GPIB buffer, output queue and input queued commands are cleared.
	• The SRQ, status byte register and mask settings are cleared.
	• The remote status and LLO (local lock out) setting remain unchanged.
	• Panel setting remains unchanged.

Turning on power When power is turned on again, the statuses are as again shown below:

- The specified talker or listener status is cleared.
- The GPIB buffer, output queue and input queued commands are cleared.
- The SRQ, status byte register and mask settings are cleared.
- The unit enters the local status. The LLO (local lock out) set before turning off power is cleared.
- Panel setting at the time when power is turned off remains unchanged.

Remote/Local Function

Introduction	The remote/local function is controlled by the system controller and with the FAST key on the PSB 2000 series power supply unit. (This key serves as the FAST, LOCK and LOCAL keys.) The PSB 2000 series power supply unit always resides in the local, remote, or remote with local lockout state.
Local	The PSB 2000 series power supply unit enters the local status in either of the following cases:
	• When power is turned on.
	• When the FAST key is pressed and the LED on the side of the key is lit.
	• When the unit receives the GTL command.
	• When the remote status is canceled.

Remote	The PSB 2000 Series power supply unit enters the
	remote status when it is specified as the listener in
	the condition where REN is true. The LED display
	goes into the remote display mode, where any panel
	keys other than the POWER switch and FAST key
	are inoperative. In the local lockout state, any keys
	other than the POWER switch are inoperative, with
	the only exception to this is if there is an error.

Responses to Multi-Line Message Commands

Introduction The table below shows the types of multi-line message commands and the responses to the commands.

Туре	Name	Description	Response
Universal	DCL	Clears the GP-IB buffer.	0
commands	SPE	Establishes the serial polling state.	0
	SPD	Clears serial polling.	0
	PPU	Clears parallel polling.	×
	LLO	Brings all devices into the local lockout status	0
	LLO	to disable manual operation.	0
Address	UNL	Cancels the specified listener status.	0
commands	UNT	Cancels the specified talker status.	0
	SDC	Clears the GPIB buffer.	0
	РРС	Enables parallel polling line assignment to the specified listener in parallel polling.	×
	GTL	Brings a specified device into the local status.	0
	GET	Triggers a specified device.	×
	тст	Transfers the controller.	×

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Trouble Shooting

Overview This section shows some possible problems that may arise and the solutions to some of these problems.

Most problems may be solved by rechecking connections, settings or some other simple solution. Contact your nearest distributor if problems are not eliminated or improved using the trouble shooting guide. Never open the case to check the inside.

Problem	Possible Cause	Check and Counter Measures
Power is not turned on, even after	• AC power cable is broken or has poor contact.	• Check connection or replace the cable.
pressing the POWER switch.	• Input fuse has blown.	 Input voltage is out of the allowable range.
"" is displayed after starting operation.	The unit is specified as a slave unit.	Specify the unit as the master unit. See page 69, "Master/slave function".
"OHP" is displayed after starting operation.	The OHP function works.	Check the ambient temperature, air intake and exhaust ports and dust filter.
Display disappears in short time after starting operation.	The fan is stopping.	Check the fan.
No output is given even when the OUTPUT key is pressed.	• The set voltage is "0V".	• See page 44, "How to set voltage". See page 77, "Constant-voltage control with external voltage or resistance".
	• The set current is "0A". (In the CC status)	• See page 45, "How to set current". See page 79, "Constant- current control with external voltage or resistance."
	• On/Off with the external contacts is selected.	• See page 80, "Output On/Off with external contacts".
	• The channel output key is not selected or an incorrect channel is selected for output.	• See page 46, "How to output".
	• Keys are locked.	• See page 50, "How to disbale panel operations".

"OVP" is displayed	 The OVP value is too low. 	 See page 54, "OVP/OCP
when the OUTPUT		function".
key is pressed.	• The sensing wire(s) is/are	• See page 72, "Voltage Remote
	disconnected.	Sensing".
	The resistor is open in the	• See page 77 , "Constant-
	external resistance control mode.	voltage control with external
		voltage or resistance".
"OCP" is displayed	• The OCP value is too low.	See page 54, "OVP/OCP
when the OUTPUT		function".
key is pressed.		
Cannot raise the	CP (constant-power) operation is	See page 45, "How to set power".
current up to the set	being used, or the CP value is too	
current value.	low.	
Output is unstable.	Oscillating due to influences of	• Twist the load or sensing wires,
	the load.	or change the wire layout.
		 Connect a capacitor at the
		output end of the power source
		or the load end.
Output voltage does	The Hi- Ω function is activated.	See page 56, "Hi-Ωfunction".
not fall.		

Maintenance

Introduction The PSB Series power supply unit employs a fan for forced cooling.

Clean the dust filter inside the front grill periodically to maintain the cooling efficiency. Pull the front grill while pressing the notch in the upper part to detach the grill. Clean the filter with water. Before you remove the grill, turn off the POWER switch and disconnect the AC power cable to turn off the unit.



PSB-2800LS



Dimensions

PSB-2400L, PSB-2400L2, PSB-2800L



PSB-2800LS







PSB-2400H, PSB-2800H



PSB-2000L Series Specifications

Output

Model	PSB-2400L	PSB-2800L	PSB-2400L2	PSB-2800LS
Rated output voltage	80.00V	80.00V	80.00V×2CH	80.00V
Setting accuracy	0.1% set	ting ±2 digit (23	°C ±5°C)	/
Resolution		10mV		
Display accuracy	0.2% rea	ding ±2 digit (23	°C ±5°C)	
Rated output current ¹	40.00A	80.00A	40.00A×2CH	80.00A
Setting accuracy	0.2% set	ting ±2 digit (23	°C ±5°C)	
Resolution		10mA		
Display accuracy	0.3% rea	ding ±2 digit (23	°C ±5°C)	
Rated output power ²	400W	800W	400W×2CH	800W
Setting accuracy		±10W		
Resolution		10W		
Display accuracy	0.5% rea	ding ±5 digit (23	°C ±5°C)	

¹ The maximum output current through the front output terminals is 40A.

² Switching from the constant-voltage (CV) or constant-current (CC) mode into the

constant-power (CP) mode or vice versa is subject to over-shoot ringing, etc.

Input

Model	PSB-2400L	PSB-2800L	PSB-2400L2	PSB-2800LS
Input voltage			se, frequency: 501	
Power consumption ³	560VA	1120VA	1120VA	1120VA
Power factor ⁴	JUUVA		99	TIZOVA
	254			704
Rush current	35A max.	70A max.	70A max.	70A max.
^{3, 4} At the rated output ve	oltage and AC10	00V input		

Constant-Voltage Characteristics

Model	PSB-2400L	PSB-2800L	PSB-2400L2
Line regulation ⁵	0.019	6 ±2mV of rated vol	tage
Load regulation ⁶	0.019	6 ±3mV of rated vol	tage
Ripple noise (p-p) ⁷	90mV	150mV	90mV
Ripple noise (rms) ⁸	4mV	6mV	4mV
Transient response (typ.) 9	lms	lms	lms
Rise time (typ.) ¹⁰	50ms (r	ated load), 50ms (n	o load)
Fall time (typ.) ¹¹	100ms (r	ated load), 500ms (no load)
Temperature coefficient (typ.) ¹²	±50ppm/°C	(after 30-minute wa	arming up)

Constant-Current Characteristics

Model	PSB-2400L	PSB-2800L	PSB-2400L2
Line regulation ⁵	0.019	6 ±2mA of rated cur	rrent
Load regulation ¹³	0.029	6 ±3mA of rated cur	rrent
Ripple noise (rms)	30mA	60mA	30mA
Temperature coefficient (typ.) ¹²	±100ppm/°C	C (after 30-minute w	arming up)

Constant-Power Characteristics

Model	PSB-2400L	PSB-2800L	PSB-2400L2
Line regulation ⁵		0.5% ±10W	

- 5 Line regulation when the source voltage is changed by $\pm 10\%$ in the range from AC100V to 240V.
- ⁶ Load regulation when the load is changed from the rated load into no load (open circuit) at the rated output voltage.
- ⁷ Measured at a frequency of up to 20 MHz.
- ⁸ Measured at a frequency up to 1 MHz.
- ⁹ Response time till the output voltage is restored to the range within 0.1% + 10 mV of the rated output voltage when the output current is changed from 50% to 100% of the maximum output current at the rated output voltage.
- ¹⁰ Value with a fixed load. Time until the output voltage increases from 10% to 90% of the rated output voltage.
- ¹¹ Value with a fixed load. Time until the output voltage decreases from 90% to 10% of the rated output voltage.
- ¹² Value after 30 minutes of warming up (excluding external control).
- ¹³ Load regulation when the load is changed from the rated load into no load (short circuit) at the rated output current.

Function

Constant-voltage (CV) control with external voltage	Output voltage: Approx. 0V to rated output voltage For external voltage: 0V to 10V
Constant-voltage (CV) control with external resistance	Output voltage: Approx. 0V to rated output voltage For external resistance: 0Ω to $10K\Omega$
Constant-current (CC) control with external voltage	Output current: Approx. 0A to rated output current For external voltage: 0V to 10V
Constant-current (CC) control with external resistance	Output current: Approx. 0A to rated output current For external resistance: 0Ω to $10k\Omega$
External On/Off control	On/Off at contact. Short: On, Open: Off
Output voltage monitor signal	Approx. 0V to 10V for 0V to rated output voltage.
Output current monitor signal	Approx. 0V to 10V for 0A to rated output current.
Constant-voltage (CV) status signal	Open collector, active low.

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Constant-current (CC) status signal	Open collector, active low.
Alarm signal output	Open collector, active low.
Alarm signal input	Turns off the output when shorted.
Remote sensing function	Compensates for a voltage drop of up to 1V (single side) within the rated voltage at both ends of the power supply.
Parallel frame link operation	Up to four units (excluding PSB-2400L2).
Series frame link operation	Up to two units (excluding PSB-2400L2).
Preset function	A maximum of three points are presettable.
Off timer (OFF TIMER)	Time until turning off the output is presettable.
function	Setting range: 10min. to 99hrs. & 50min.
High-impedance (Hi-Ω) function	Turns off the internal bleeder circuit.
Delay (DELAY) function	Output delay time is presettable. Setting range: -9.99sec to 10.00sec. (Resolution: 0.01sec.)
Tracking function ¹⁴	May change the output setting of two channels simultaneously.
Key lock function	Disables operations on front panel.
,	Number of steps: 0 to 99 Step time: 1 to 9999 (sec.) Number of cycles: 1 to 999 (: Infinite)
Sequence function	The product is capable of simple program operations using the PSB_Sequence_203 software. The software for sequence operation may be downloaded
	from the GW Instek website.

¹⁴ Available on the PSB-2400L2 only.

Protective functions

Over-voltage protection (OVP): Fixed ¹⁵	Stops oscillation when the output voltage exceeds 110% of rated voltage. (Output Off)
	Presettable range: 1V to 84V on front panel.
Variable ¹⁶	Stops oscillation when OVP works. (Output Off)
Over-current protection (OCP): Fixed ¹⁵	Stops oscillation when output current exceeds 110% of rated current. (Output Off)
Over-current protection (OCP): Variable ¹⁶	Presettable range: 1A to 42A on front panel.(PSB-2400L) Presettable range: 1A to 84A on front panel.(PSB-2800L) Stops oscillation when OCP works. (Output Off)
Overheat protection (OHP) ¹⁵	When the internal heat sink temperature is over the thermal switch value, the unit will turn off.

¹⁵ Press the POWER switch again to reset.

¹⁶ Press the POWER switch again or press the ESC key to reset.

Environmental Conditions

Operating temperature range	0°C to +40°C
Operating humidity range	30% RH to 80% RH (No dew condensation)
Storage temperature range	-20°C to +70°C
Storage humidity range	30% RH to 80% RH (No dew condensation)

Others

Cooling method	Forced cooling with fan motor
To-GND voltage	±DC500V
Dielectric strength voltage	Power In terminals - frame: AC1500V, 1min. Power In terminals - output terminals: AC2300V, 1min.
Insulation resistance	Power In terminals - frame: DC500V, $30M\Omega$ or more. Power In terminals - output terminals: DC500V, $30M\Omega$ or more. Output terminals - frame: DC500V, $30M\Omega$ or more.
Outside dimensions (Projections not included.)	210mm(W)×124mm(H)×290mm(D)
Weight	PSB-2400L: Approx. 5kg PSB-2800L, PSB-2400L2, PSB-2800LS: Approx. 7kg

Default Settings and Storage after Power Off

ltem	Initial setting	Storage after power off
Voltage	0.00V	0
Current	0.00A	0
Power	410W/820W	0
OVP	84.00V	0
OCP	42.00A/84.00A	0
Display mode	CH1(V/A)	0
Menu display	Initialized when power is turned off.	x
Operation mode	V	0
External voltage control	OFF	0
External resistance control	OFF	0
External output on/off	IN	0
Preset function	OFF	0
Preset item: Voltage	0V	0
Preset item: Current	0A	0
Preset item: Power	410W/820W	0
Off-timer function	OFF	0
High-impedance function	OFF	0
High-impedance holding time	30min	0
Delay function	OFF	0
Trailing delay time	0	0
Falling delay time	0	0
Tracking function	OFF	0
Sequence function	OFF	0
Sequence start No.	0	0
Sequence end No.	99	0
Sequence repetition frequency	1	0
Sequence item: Voltage Sequence item: Current	0V 41.00A/82.00A	0 0

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APPENDIX

Sequence item: Power	410W/820W	0
Sequence item: Output	OFF	0
Sequence item: Time	lsec	0
Key lock function	OFF	×
One-control operation	OFF	0
Output status	Initialized when power is turned off.	×
Sequence operation status	×(Stop status)	×
Off-timer operation status	×(Non operating status)	×
System Address	1	0
Personal Computer Address	3	0

Parallel/Serial Operation Setting Table

PSB-2400L (Part 1/2)

	Single		Parallel	
tem	2400L	2400L x 2	2400L x 3 2400L + 2800L	2400L x 4
	400W	800W	1200W	1600W
oltage Setting				
SLOW		10	mV	
FAST		1	V	
Range		0V to	o 82V	
Min. display digit		10	mV	
Current Setting				
SLOW	10mA	100mA	90mA	80mA
FAST	1A	10A	9A	8A
Range	0A-41A	0A-82A	0A-123A	0A-164A
Min. display digit	10mA		100mA	
Power Setting				
SLOW	10W	10W 100W		
FAST	100W	1000W		
Range	10W-410W	20W-820W	30W-1230W	40W-1640W
Min. display digit	1W			
OVP Setting				
SLOW		100)mV	
FAST	10V			
Range	1V-84V			
Min. display digit	10mV			
OCP Setting				
SLOW	100mA	200mA	300mA	400mA
FAST	10A	20A	30A	40A
Range	1A-42A	2A-84A	3A-126A	4A-168A
Min. display digit	10mA 100mA			

For parallel connections, the smallest value that can be displayed (Min. display digit) for current is 100mA. When some model combinations are used in parallel, the actual current setting resolution may be different to the display resolution. In this situation the display may not update with only one click of the encoder.

PSB-2400L (Part 2/2)

		Parallel		Series
tem	2400L+ 2800L	2400L + 2400L	2400L + 2800L	2400L + 2400L
lem	x 2	+ 2800L x 2	x 3	
	2000W	2400W	2800W	800W
/oltage Setting				
SLOW		10	mV	
FAST		1	V	
Range		0V to	982V	
Min. display digit		10	mV	
Current Setting				
SLOW	100mA	60mA	70mA	10mA
FAST	10A	6A	7A	1A
Range	0A-205A	0A-246A	0A-287A	0A-41A
Min. display digit		100mA		10mA
ower Setting				
SLOW	100W 10W			10W
FAST	1000W 1			100W
Range	50W-2050W	60W-2460W	70W-2870W	10W-410W
Min. display digit	1W			
OVP Setting				
SLOW		100	mV	
FAST	10V			
Range	1V-84V			
Min. display digit	10mV			
OCP Setting				
SLOW	500mA	600mA	700mA	100mA
FAST	50A	60A	70A	10A
Range	5A-210A	6A-252A	7A-294A	1A-42A
Min. display digit	100mA 10mA			

current is 100mA. When some model combinations are used in parallel, the actual current setting resolution may be different to the display resolution. In this situation the display may not update with only one click of the encoder.

PSB-2800L

	Single		Parallel		Series
em	2800L	2800L x 2	2800L x 3	2800L x 4	2800L + 2800L
	800W	1600W	2400W	3200W	1600W
oltage Setting					
SLOW			10mV		
FAST			1V		
Range			0V-82V		
Min. display digit			10mV		
urrent Setting					
SLOW	10mA	100mA	90mA	80mA	10mA
FAST	1A	10A	9A	8A	1A
Range	0A-82A	0A-164A	0A-246A	0A-328A	0A-82A
Min. display digit	10mA		100mA		10mA
ower Setting					
SLOW	10W		100W		10W
FAST	100W	100W 1000W		100W	
Range	10W-820W	20W-1640W	30W-2460W	40W-3280W	10W-820W
Min. display digit			1W		
VP Setting					
SLOW			100mV		
FAST			10V		
Range			1V-84V		
Min. display digit			10mV		
OCP Setting					
SLOW	100mA	200mA	300mA	400mA	100mA
FAST	10A	20A	30A	40A	10A
Range	1A-84A	2A-168A	3A-252A	4A-336A	1A-84A
Min. display digit	10mA		100mA		10mA
For parallel connect current is 100mA. V setting resolution n	When some mo	del combinatio	ons are used in	parallel, the ad	ctual curren

may not update with only one click of the encoder.

PSB-2000H Series Specifications

Output

Model	PSB-2400H	PSB-2800H
Rated output voltage	800.	0V
Setting accuracy	0.1% setting ±2 d	igit (23°C ±5°C)
Resolution	100r	nV
Display accuracy	0.2% reading ±2 c	ligit (23°C ±5°C)
Rated output current ¹	3.00A	6.00A
Setting accuracy	0.2% setting ±2 d	igit (23°C ±5°C)
Resolution	10n	۱A
Display accuracy	0.3% reading ±2 c	ligit (23°C ±5°C)
Rated output power ²	400W	800W
C HI	±10	W
Setting accuracy	Output voltage should be at l	east 1% of the rated voltage
Resolution	10\	X
Display accuracy	0.5% reading ±5d	igit (23°C ±5°C)
(2800H).	rrent through the front output te	
² Switching from the const	ant valtage (CV) or constant cu	rant (CC) mada into tha

² Switching from the constant-voltage (CV) or constant-current (CC) mode into the constant-power (CP) mode or vice versa is subject to over-shoot ringing, etc.

Input

Model	PSB-2400H	PSB-2800H
Input voltage	AC100V to 240V, single-pha	ase, frequency: 50Hz or 60Hz
Power consumption ³	560VA	1120VA
Power factor ⁴	C	0.99
Rush current	35A max.	70A max.
^{3, 4} At the rated output voltage and AC100V input		

Constant-Voltage Characteristics

PSB-2400H	PSB-2800H	
0.01% ±20mV c	of rated voltage	
0.01% ±30mV c	of rated voltage	
250mV	300mV	
Output voltage should be at least 1% of the rated voltage		
20mV	25mV	
When current	is 2A or lower	
35mV	40mV	
When current is		
Output voltage should be at	least 1% of the rated voltage	
7m	ıs	
	0.01% ±20mV o 0.01% ±30mV o 250mV Output voltage should be at 20mV When current 35mV When current is Output voltage should be at	

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Rise time (typ.) ¹⁰
Fall time (typ.) 11
Temperature coefficient (typ.) ¹²

200ms (rated load), 200ms (no load) 500ms (rated load), 1000ms (no load) ±100ppm/°C (after 30-minute warming up)

Constant-Current Characteristics

Model	PSB-2400H	PSB-2800H
Line regulation ⁵	0.05% ±10mA	of rated current
Load regulation ¹³	0.05% ±15mA	of rated current
Ripple noise (rms)	15mA	20mA
Temperature coefficient (typ.) ¹²	±200ppm/°C (after 3	0-minute warming up)

Constant-Power Characteristics

Model	PSB-2400H, PSB-2800H
Line regulation ⁵	0.5% ±10W

- 5 Line regulation when the source voltage is changed by $\pm 10\%$ in the range from AC100V to 240V.
- ⁶ Load regulation when the load is changed from the rated load into no load (open circuit) at the rated output voltage.
- ⁷ Measured at the frequency up to 20 MHz.
- ⁸ Measured at the frequency up to 300kHz.

⁹ Response time till the output voltage is restored to the range within 0.1% + 10 mV of the rated output voltage when the output current is changed from 50% to 100% of the maximum output current at the rated output voltage.

- ¹⁰ Value with a fixed load. Time until the output voltage increases from 10% to 90% of the rated output voltage.
- ¹¹ Value with a fixed load. Time until the output voltage decreases from 90% to 10% of the rated output voltage.
- ¹² Value after 30 minutes of warming up (excluding external control).
- ¹³ Load regulation when the load is changed from the rated load into no load (short circuit) at the rated output current.

Function

Constant-voltage (CV) control with external voltage	Output voltage: Approx. 0V to rated output voltage For external voltage: 0V to 10V
Constant-voltage (CV) control with external resistance	Output voltage: Approx. 0V to rated output voltage For external resistance: 0Ω to $10K\Omega$
Constant-current (CC) control with external voltage	Output current: Approx. 0A to rated output current For external voltage: 0V to 10V
Constant-current (CC) control with external resistance	Output current: Approx. 0A to rated output current For external resistance: 0Ω to $10k\Omega$
External On/Off control	On/Off at contact. Short: On, Open: Off
Output voltage monitor signal	Approx. 0V to 10V for 0V to rated output voltage.
Output current monitor signal	Approx. 0V to 10V for 0A to rated output current.

Constant-voltage (CV) status signal	Open collector, active low.
Constant-current (CC) status signal	Open collector, active low.
Alarm signal output	Open collector, active low.
Alarm signal input	Turns off the output when shorted.
Remote sensing function	Compensates for a voltage drop of up to 1V (single side) within the rated voltage at both ends of the power supply.
Parallel frame link operation	Up to two units
Preset function	A maximum of three points are presettable.
Off timer (OFF TIMER)	Time until turning off the output is presettable.
function	Setting range: 10min. to 99hrs. & 50min.
Key lock function	Disables operations on front panel.
	Number of steps: 0 to 99
	Step time: 1 to 9999 (sec.)
	Number of cycles: 1 to 999 (: Infinite)
Sequence function	The product is capable of simple program operations using the PSB_Sequence_203 software. The software for sequence operation may be downloaded from the GW Instek website.

Protective functions

Over-voltage protection (OVP): Fixed ¹⁴	Output Off when the output voltage exceeds 110% of rated voltage.
Over-voltage protection (OVP): Variable ¹⁵	Presettable range: 10V to 840V on front panel. Ouput off when when OVP works.
Over-current protection (OCP): Fixed ¹⁴	Output off when output current exceeds 110% of rated current.
Over-current protection (OCP): Variable ¹⁵	Presettable range: 0.1A to 3.15A on front panel.(2400H) Presettable range: 0.1A to 6.3A on front panel.(2800H)
Overheat protection (OHP) ¹⁴	When the internal heat sink temperature is over the thermal switch value, the unit will turn off.

¹⁴ Press the POWER switch again to reset.

¹⁵ Press the POWER switch again or press the ESC key to reset.

Environmental Conditions

Operating temperature range	0°C to +40°C
Operating humidity range	30% RH to 80% RH (No dew condensation)
Storage temperature range	-20°C to +70°C
Storage humidity range	30% RH to 80% RH (No dew condensation)

Others

Cooling method	Forced cooling with fan motor
To-GND voltage	±DC100V

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Dielectric strength voltage	Power In terminals - frame: AC1500V, 1min. Power In terminals - output terminals: AC2300V, 1min.
Insulation resistance	Power In terminals - frame: DC500V, $30M\Omega$ or more. Power In terminals - output terminals: DC1000V, $30M\Omega$ or more. Output terminals - frame: DC1000V, $30M\Omega$ or more.
Outside dimensions (Projections not included.)	210mm(W)×124mm(H)×290mm(D)
Weight	PSB-2400H: Approx. 5kg PSB-2800H: Approx. 6kg

Default Settings and Storage after Power Off

Item	Initial setting	Storage after power off	
Voltage	0.0V	0	
Current	0.00A	0	
Power	410W/820W	0	
OVP	840.0V	0	
OCP	3.15A/6.30A	0	
Display mode	V/A	0	
Menu display	Initialized when power is turned off.	×	
Operation mode	V	0	
External voltage control	OFF	0	
External resistance control	OFF	0	
External output on/off	IN	0	
Preset function	OFF	0	
Preset item: Voltage	0V	0	
Preset item: Current	0A	0	
Preset item: Power	410W/820W	0	
Off-timer function	OFF	0	
Sequence function	OFF	0	
Sequence start No.	0	0	
Sequence end No.	99	0	
Sequence repetition frequency	1	0	
Sequence item: Voltage	0V	0	
Sequence item: Current	3.07A/6.15A	0	
Sequence item: Power	410W/820W	0	
Sequence item: Output	OFF	0	
Sequence item: Time	1sec	0	
Key lock function	OFF	x	
One-control operation	OFF	0	
Output status	Initialized when power is turned off.	x	
Sequence operation status	×(Stop status)	×	
Off-timer operation status	×(Non operating status)	x	
System Address	1	0	
Personal Computer Address	3	0	

Parallel Operation Setting Table

PSB-2000H

	Sin	gle	Para	allel		
tem	2400H	2800H	2400H x 2	2800H X 2		
	400W	800W	800W	1600W		
Voltage Setting						
SLOW		100)mV			
FAST		1(V			
Range		0V to 820V				
Min. display digit		100mV				
Current Setting						
SLOW	10mA		100mA			
FAST	1/	1A		A		
Range	0A-3.07A	0A-6.15A	0A-6.1A	0A-12.3A		
Min. display digit	10mA	10mA	10mA	100mA		
Power Setting						
SLOW	10	10W		20W		
FAST	100W		200W			
Range	10W-410W	10W-820W	20W-820W	20W-1640W		
Min. display digit		יו	W			
OVP Setting						
SLOW	1V					
FAST	100V					
Range	10V-840V					
Min. display digit	100mV					
OCP Setting						
SLOW	10mA	10mA	20mA	20mA		
FAST	1A		2A			
Range	0.1A-3.15A	0.1A-6.3A	0.2A-6.3A	0.2A-12.6A		
Min. display digit	10mA					

current is 100mA. When some model combinations are used in parallel, the actual current setting resolution may be different to the display resolution. In this situation the display may not update with only one click of the encoder.