Programmable AC Power Supply

ASD-1600

USER MANUAL

ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER

GW INSTEK

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Table of Contents

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

 WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
 CAUTION	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the ASD-1600 or to other properties.
	DANGER High Voltage
	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
	Earth (ground) Terminal
	Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General Guideline ⚠ CAUTION	• Do not place any heavy object on the ASD-1600. • Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the ASD-1600. • Do not discharge static electricity to the ASD-1600. • Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals. • Do not block the cooling fan opening. • Do not disassemble the ASD-1600 unless you are qualified. (Measurement categories) EN61010-1:2010 and EN61010-2-030 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The ASD-1600 falls under category II. • Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation. • Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation. • Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation. • 0 is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to Mains.
Power Supply ⚠ WARNING	• AC Input voltage range: 85Vac~265Vac • Frequency: 47Hz to 63Hz • To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.
Cleaning the ASD-1600	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning. • Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid. • Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.

Operation Environment	• Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below) • Relative Humidity: 20%~ 85% (no condensation) • Altitude: < 2000m • Temperature: 0°C to 50°C (Pollution Degree) EN61010-1:2010 and EN61010-2-030 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The ASD-1600 falls under degree 2. Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity". • Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence. • Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected. • Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.
Storage environment	• Location: Indoor • Temperature: -25°C to 70°C • Relative Humidity: ≤90% (no condensation)
Disposal 	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the power supply in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead/appliance must only be wired by competent persons

⚠ WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green/ Yellow:	Earth
Blue:	Neutral
Brown:	Live (Phase)

As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the coloured marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol ⏚ or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm^2 should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

The ASD-1600 is a high-power programmable AC power supply that provides low-distortion sine wave output and power measurement. Accurate digital calculation is done through DSP chip to control stable voltage and frequency output. And can do remote programming via GPIB and RS232.

Main Features

Configuration	• Local operation from the front panel keypad. • Protection against Over-power, Over-load, Over-temperature and Fan-fail. • Built-in isolation output relays. • Remote operation via GPIB or RS-232C interface.
Input/output	• Selective output voltage ranges with full scale of 150V/32A and 300V/16A • V, I, F, P, CF, PF, Ip, Is, VA and VAR measurements • Remote inhibit control • AC ON/OFF, FAULT OUT TTL output signal.

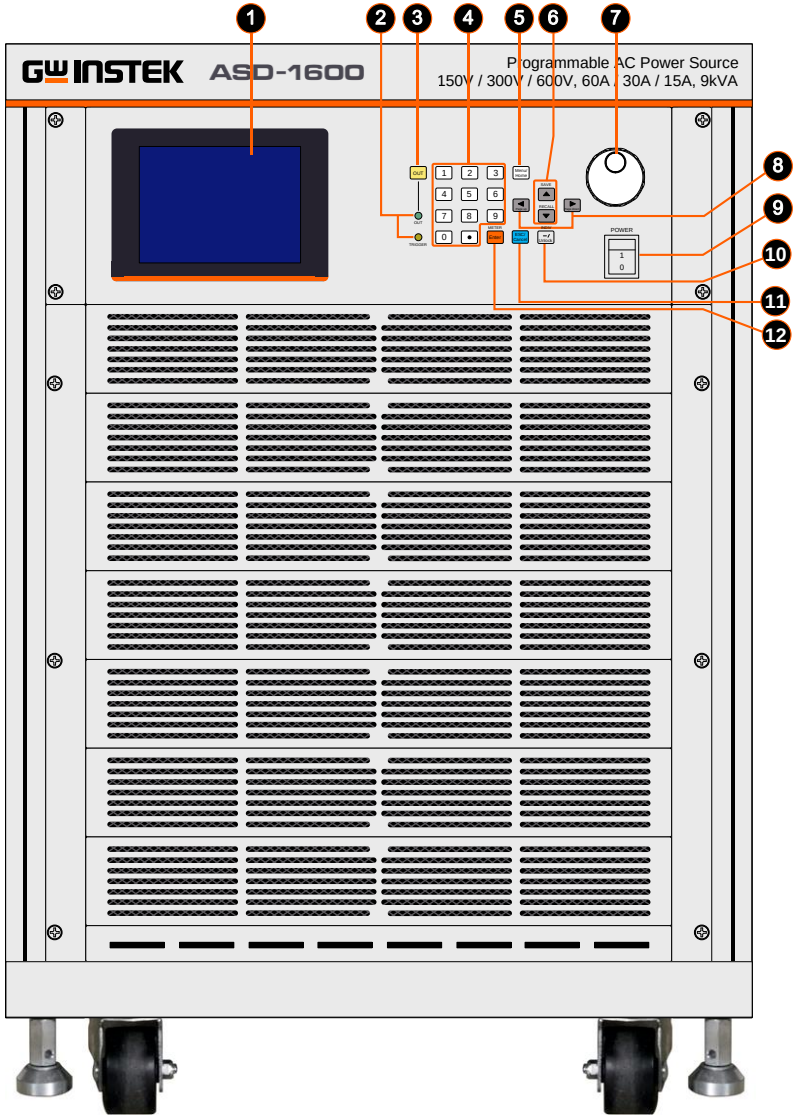
Accessories

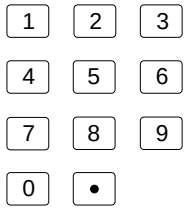
Please check the following accessories are included and not damaged during shipment. If there are damaged or shortage of the accessories, please contact GW Instek electronics or sales agent for help.

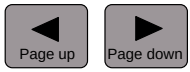
Standard Accessories	Part number	Description	Qty.
	364456180X	Input cable (3m)	1
	364456170X	Output cable (3m)	3
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description	
	308006150X	GPIB cable(1.0m)	1
	308006140X	GPIB cable(2.0m)	1
	308006130X	GPIB cable(4.0m)	1
	308006120X	GPIB cable(8.0m)	1
	308006110X	GPIB cable(0.5m)	1

Appearance

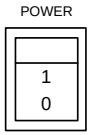
Front Panel



Item	Symbol	Description
1		LCD panel, display setting and measurement results.
2	 Trigger 	LED indicator: • OUT(green)indicates AC source normal output • TRIGGER(yellow)indicates LIST, PULSE, STEP output
3		Press this key to control ON/OFF state of AC output voltage
4		Digital numerical keypad group: Used for parameter setting
5		At main menu page, press this key to enter "advanced parameter setting" page; at other pages, press this key to return to main menu.
6	SAVE  RECALL 	Short press: Cursor move upward or downward. Long press: long press at "main menu" "advanced parameters setting menu" pages, will enter "save, restore" page.
7		Knob: Used for parameters setting or selection

8 

At main menu page, press this key to enter "advanced parameter setting "page; at other pages, press this key to return to main menu

9 

Main switch: Turn on/off the AC power input

10 

Back to local control in remote mode, negative sign in panel control

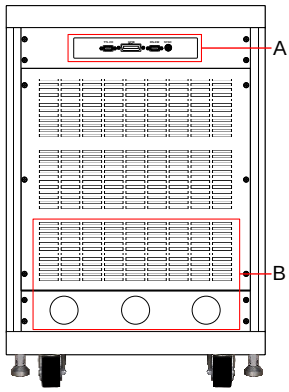
11 

Escape current page (ESC)or cancel current settings (Cancel)

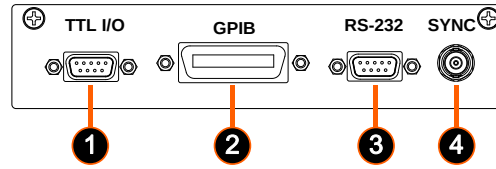
12 

Confirm parameter setting

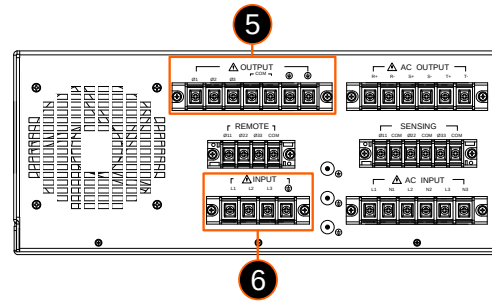
Rear Panel



Part A



Part B The input terminals are inside the machine



Item	Name	Description
1	TTL I/O port	The 9-pin, D-type female connector conveys TTL signals (AC_ ON, FAULT_OUT and REMOTE_INHIBIT)
2	GPIB connector	IEEE 488 standard connector, for remote control.
3	RS-232 port	D type 9 pin female connector, for remote control.
4	SYNC port	When output change according new parameter setting, SYNC will output Synchronized signal.
5	Output connector	Output connector. Outputs power to the loading device.

6	Power Line input Connector	Input connector. Please refer to page 19 for connection

INSTALLATION

First, inspect any damage that may have occurred during the shipment after unpacking the instrument. Save all packing materials in case the instrument has to be returned.

If any damage is found, please file a claim against the carrier immediately. Do not return the instrument to the factory without obtaining the prior RMA acceptance from GW Instek.

Preparation for Use

Before start using, the instrument must be connected with an appropriate AC line input. As the instrument is cooled by fans, it must be installed in an area with sufficient space for air circulation. It should be used in an area where the environment temperature does not exceed 40°C.

Requirements of Input Power

Rating

Input voltage Range	190-250VLL 3 phases 4 wires Δ (ABT A), or 329-433VLL 3 phases 5 wires Y (ABT B)
Input Frequency	47-63Hz
Max. Current/Phase	35A/(ABT A) or 25A/(ABT B)

⚠ Caution	The AC source may be damaged if it is operated at an input voltage that is over its configured input range.

Input Connection

The input terminal block is located on the instrument rear panel. The temperature rating of the power cord must be rated at least for 85°C. The current rating of input power line must be greater than or equal to the maximum current rating of the AC source.

It is recommended to put a 40A breaker (ABT A) (30A breaker (ABT B)) on AC input side.

There are two input voltage rating models, one is 380 VLL 3φ5 wires (Y connection) used for (ABT B model), and the other is 220 VLL 3φ4 wires (Δ connection) used for (ABT A model). Be careful to verify the model you have, and make sure that the main voltage is suitable for the model! AC source may not operate properly if one phase input voltage is missing, please recheck the connection.

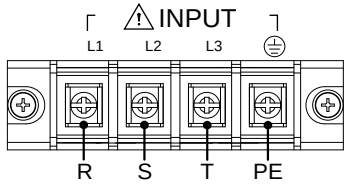
See Figures below and do the following steps one by one.

Steps

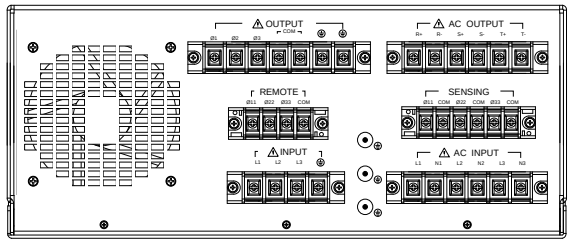
1. Remove the safety cover at the back side of AC source.
2. Connect the AC lines to the terminal blocks of the AC source.

220Vac 3 phase 4 wires Δ Input Connection

(ASD-1600 220V)



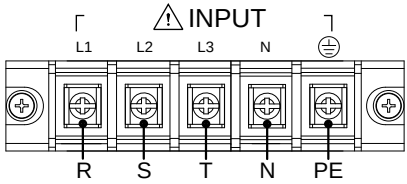
220V input terminal



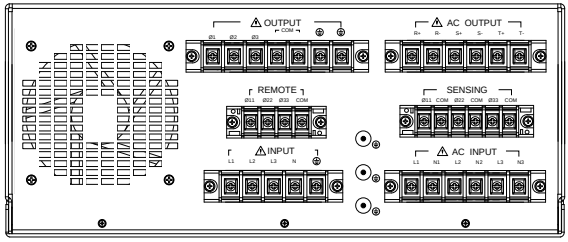
3. Make sure the removable safety cover does fully cover the AC input terminal.

380Vac 3 phase 5 wires Y Input Connection

(ASD-1600 380V)



380V input terminal



4. Turn off AC power supply to AC source or make safety isolation before installing or taking off external terminal with hazard voltages.

Caution To protect operators the wire connected to the GND terminal must be connected to the ground. Under no circumstances shall this AC source be operated without an adequate ground connection.

Installation of the AC input power cord must be done by professional personnel in accordance with local electrical codes.

Output Connection

Output connection is different for single phase or three phase output, choose the correct one before connecting. Connect the load wire to "COM" and "φ 1/φ 2/φ 3" terminal as figures on next page. To meet the safety requirements the wires to the load must use gauges large enough to prevent from overheating while carrying the output current.

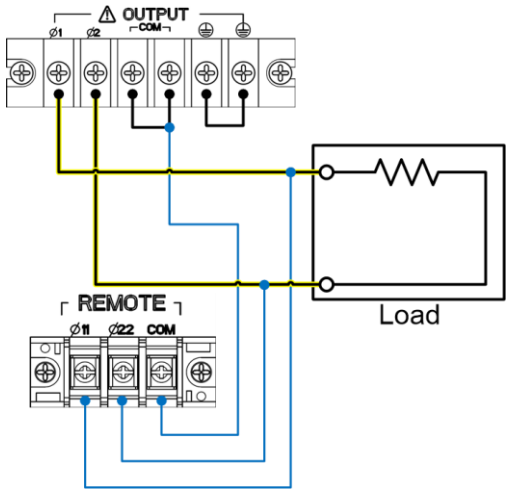
⚠ Caution	When the output voltage contains DC voltage components, the output terminal "φ1/φ2" is "+" terminal, and "COM" is "-".

Remote Sense Connection

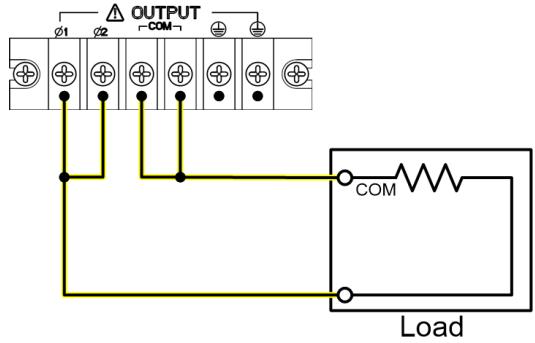
The remote detection function of the AC power supply can monitor the load voltage and automatically compensate the voltage drop on the connection line to ensure that the voltage transmitted to the load terminal is the set voltage value. The user must set the remote sensing to ON to enable this function.

Connect the sensing wires from "φ 11/φ 22/φ 33" and "COM" terminals to the load as shown in figure below As the sensing wires carry only a few milli-amperes, the wire gauges are much smaller than the load cables. The sensing wires are part of the feedback path of the AC source. They must be kept at a low resistance in order to maintain the best performance. Connect the sensing wires carefully so that they will not be open-circuited. If the sensing wires are left unconnected or become open-circuited during operation, the AC source will disable the output. The sensing wires must be a twisted pair to minimize the pickup of external noise. The sensing wires need to be connected as close to the load input terminal as possible.

Output and remote sense connection



Parallel output and remote sense connection



Power on

Caution

Before turning on the instrument, all protective earth terminals, extension cords and devices connected to the instrument must be connected to a protective ground. Any interruption of the protective grounding will cause a potential shock hazard that might injure people.

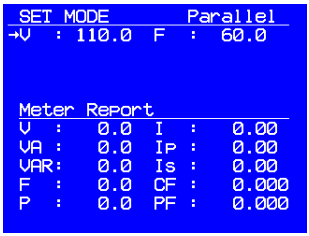
Steps

1. Connect the AC voltage.
2. Turn on the power switch on the front panel.

3. The AC source will do a series of self-tests when every time it is turned on. The LCD on the front panel will light up and display as below under normal condition.

4. After self-testing, AC source will enter main setting page (main menu) which is shown as below.

Main setting page



⚠ Caution	Error messages will show on the LCD panel if error occurs during turn on process. Please refer to page 125 for error code. Digital circuit inside AC source may not operate properly if turn on AC source immediately after turn off. Recommend to wait 10 seconds to turn on AC source after it was turned off.

LOCAL OERATION

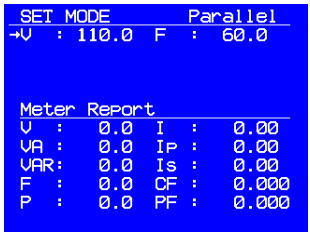
The AC source can be configured to operate in local or remote mode. The operation in remote mode through GPIB controller or RS-232C will be described in next chapter. This chapter describes the operation in local mode through the keypad on the front panel for data entry and test. If remote control cable isn't connected, the AC source is configured for local operation after AC switch is on.

Operation through Keypad and Knob

LCD panel will show the self-test message as below after AC switch is on.

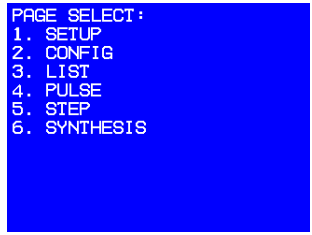
Then will enter main menu setting page as below. Default SET MODE is "Parallel" means parallel output operation. Operator can set output voltage and frequency.

Main menu setting page



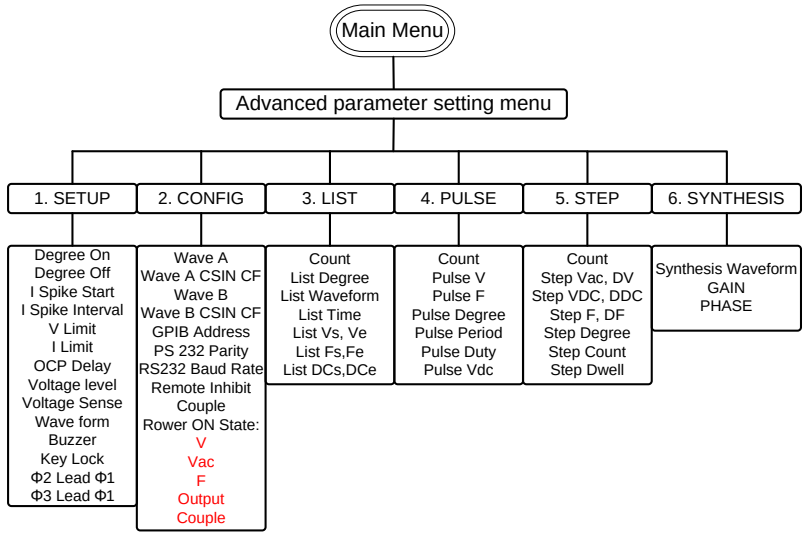
- Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor between voltage and frequency to make selection.
- Use numerical and decimal point key or knob to set number.
- Press **Enter** key to confirm setting.
- Press to **Menu/ Home** key to enter advanced parameter setting menu as below.

Advanced parameter setting menu



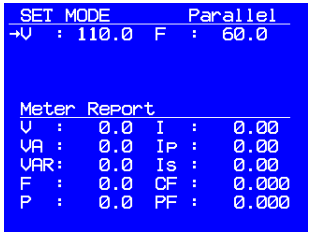
- User can make more detail setting from advanced parameter setting menu, or press **Menu/ Home** key again to return to main menu.
- On advanced parameter setting menu, user can press numerical key to do a selection.
- Press **Enter** key to enter individual parameter setting menu.
- After entering individual setting menu, press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to item which wants to modify.
- Use numerical key or knob to do the modification.
- Press **Enter** key to confirm setting.
- If there is "Press ◄► to switch page" shown at the bottom of menu, use ◄ **Page up** or ► **Page down** arrow key to switch menu page.
- When setting is finished, press **ESC/ Cancel** key to return back to advanced parameter setting menu, or press **Menu/ Home** key back to main menu.

Menu Tree


Main Menu
Advanced parameter setting menu
1. SETUP
2. CONFIG
3. LIST
4. PULSE
5. STEP
6. SYNTHESIS
Degree On
Degree Off
I Spike Start
I Spike Interval
V Limit
I Limit
OCP Delay
Voltage level
Voltage Sense
Wave form
Buzzer
Key Lock
Φ2 Lead Φ1
Φ3 Lead Φ1
Wave A
Wave A CSIN CF
Wave B
Wave B CSIN CF
GPIB Address
PS 232 Parity
RS232 Baud Rate
Remote Inhibit
Couple
Rower ON State:
V
Vac
F
Output
Couple
Count
List Degree
List Waveform
List Time
List Vs, Ve
List Fs,Fe
List DCs,DCe
Count
Pulse V
Pulse F
Pulse Degree
Pulse Period
Pulse Duty
Pulse Vdc
Count
Step Vac, DV
Step VDC, DDC
Step F, DF
Step Degree
Step Count
Step Dwell
Synthesis Waveform
GAIN
PHASE

Main Menu Setting

After the AC source is on and initialization is finished, screen will show the main menu. Default output voltage and frequency is 110V and 60Hz. Voltage and frequency setting shown on upper place on the screen, lower place of the screen shows the measurement value, example shown as below.



Displayed mode at upper place

- SET MODE: Setting mode, no voltage output from AC source.
- OUT MODE: Output mode. When user press **OUT** key at SET MODE, AC source outputs voltage.

Set Voltage and Frequency

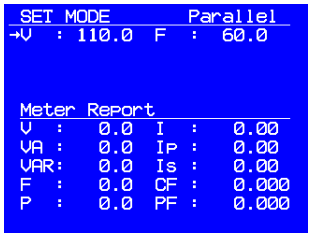
There are three ways to set voltage and frequency at the main menu.

- Use numerical key to set parameter directly, then press **Enter** key to confirm.
- Use knob to do adjustment. Turn knob clockwise to increase parameter, turn knob anticlockwise to decrease parameter. Press **Enter** key to confirm.
- Use ◀ Page up or ▶ Page down arrow key to select position of digital, then use knob or numerical key to adjust parameter, press **Enter** key to confirm.

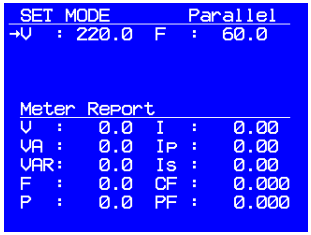
Example Set V=220V and F=50Hz

Operation step

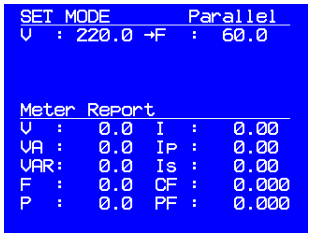
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arr**ow key to move cursor to *V* (default setting).



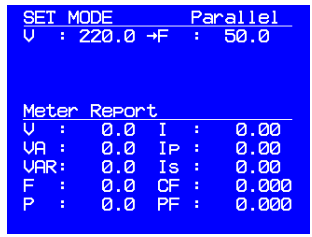
2. Change parameter value to 220 by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arr**ow key to move cursor to *F*



4. Change parameter value to 50 by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.

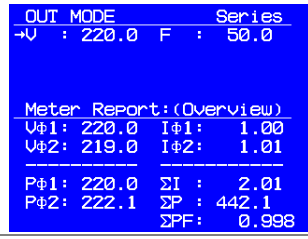


Series/Parallel output mode Display

At main menu, press **OUT** key to change editing (setting) or output mode. At output mode, AC source outputs according the voltage and frequency set at main menu. Measurement values are shown at the lower position of the screen. Following explains the meaning of measurement information at different output mode

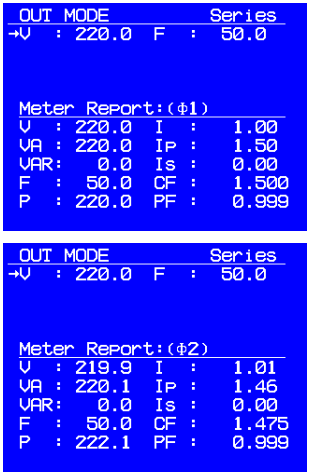
Voltage output on series mode

Voltage output on series display



At output mode, press **Enter** key longer than 2 seconds to switch measurement contents between following two displays.

- Overview: Display voltage, current, power for each phase, total current, total power and average power factor.
- Φ(1~2): Display all detail measurement values for each phase.

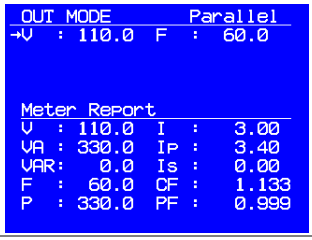


Meter Report display will keep unchanged until user switch display pages, for example users do operation as below.
At OUT MODE switch to Meter Report Φ1 then stop output and start again after set new parameters. During the process described above, Meter Report is stayed at Φ1 until user **Enter** key longer than 2 seconds to switch to other pages.

Display on single phase/ parallel mode

At parallel output mode, there is no individual phase information displayed. Voltage displayed is sum average of three phase voltage, current displayed is sum of three phase current. Individual phase measurement values can be queried by GPIB or RS232.

Single phase/Parallel output display



Parameter definition of output setting

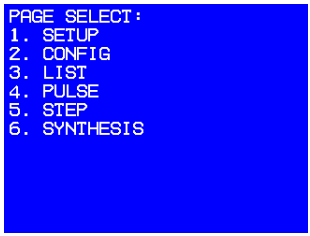
- V: Alternative current output voltage (Vrms), unit is volt.
- F: Output frequency, unit is Hertz.

Parameter definition of measurement	• V: Voltage (Vrms), voltage measurement value (root mean square), unit is Volt. • VA: Apparent power, calculation equation is Vrms x Irms. • VAR: Reactive power. Calculation equation is $\sqrt{VA^2 - P^2}$ • F: Frequency, Hz is used as measurement value unit. • P: Power, measurement vale use Watt as unit. • I : Current (Irms), measurement value use Irms as unit. • Ip: Peak current measurement value. Unit is Ampere. • Is: Surge current measurement value. Unit is Ampere. • CF: Crest Factor, calculation equation is Ipeak/Irms. • PF: Power Factor measurement value. Calculation equation is Real power/(Vrms x Irms).

Advanced Parameter Setting Menu

Operation step

- Press **Menu/ Home** key at main menu to enter advanced parameter setting menu.



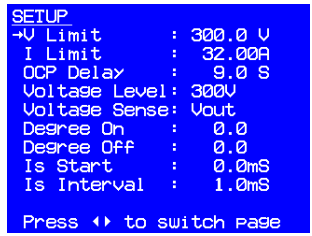
- User can select an item from item 1~6, then press **Enter** key to enter individual setting menu; or press **Menu/ Home** key to return main menu.
- When screen is not at main menu, press **Menu/ Home** key will return to main menu no matter which page it is at.
- Press **ESC/ Cancel** key will back to advanced parameter setting menu.

SETUP Function

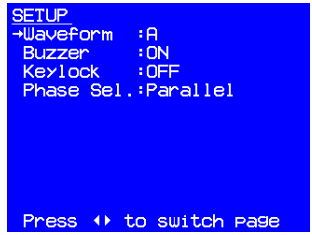
Operation step

1. Press **numerical** key ❶ on the front panel to select *SETUP* option when the advanced parameter setting menu appears.

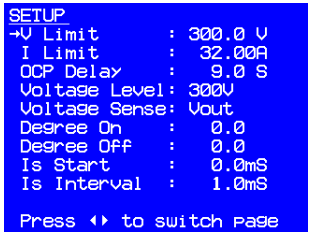
2. Press **Enter** key to enter SETUP setting menu shown as figure below.



3. Press ▶ **Page down** key to move to next page.



4. Press ◀ **Page up** key to return to previous page.


SETUP
→V Limit : 300.0 V
I Limit : 32.00A
OCP Delay : 9.0 S
Voltage Level: 300V
Voltage Sense: Vout
Degree On : 0.0
Degree Off : 0.0
Is Start : 0.0mS
Is Interval : 1.0mS
Press ◄► to switch page

Definitions for all parameters on SETUP setting menu

Parameter	Definition	Setting Range		Unit
		Min	Max	
V Limit	Maximum voltage setting for all pages	0.0	150.0/ 300.0	V
I Limit	Maximum output Irms	0.0	64.0/32.0	A
OCP Delay	Delay time for over current protection	0.0	9.0	Sec
Voltage Level	Output voltage range	150 V/ 300 V		
Voltage Sense	Output voltage measurement point: AC source output/ input of testing product	Voltage Sense/ Remote Sense		
Degree On	Start phase angle of output voltage	0.0	360.0	degree
Degree Off	Stop phase angle of output voltage	0.0	359.0	degree
Is Start	Delay time to start measuring output surge current	0.0	9000.0	msec
Is Interval	Duration to measure surge current	0.0	9000.0	msec
Waveform	Output waveform set at main menu	A / B		
Buzzer	Toggle switch for Buzzer	ON/ OFF		
Keylock	Lock settings at main menu	ON/ OFF		
Phase Sel.	Output mode setting	Parallel/Series		

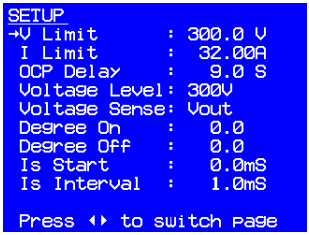
Voltage Limit

To limit the maximum output voltage for all pages, It is related to Voltage Level parameter, resolution is 0.1V.

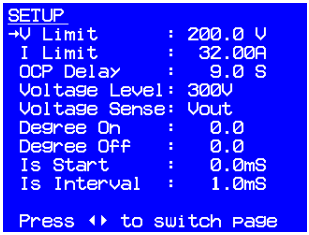
	Voltage level	V Limit
	300V	0.0~300.0V
	I50V	0.0~150.0V

It is firmware to set the limitation instead of by hardware.

Example	The process to set Voltage Limit = 200V shows as below.
Operation step	1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *V Limit*.



2. Change value to 200.0V by **numerical** key or **knob**, then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



I Limit, OCP Delay

I Limit represents current limit, it is used to set the maximum output current (rms). Its range is related to Voltage Level setting.

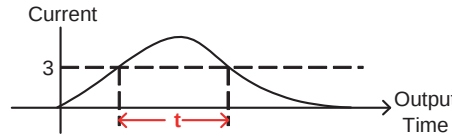
	Voltage Level	I Limit
	300V	0.0~32.0 A
	I50V	0.0~64.0 A

OCP Delay represents over current protection (OCP) delay time. It is the delay time to shut down output voltage after output current reaches OCP point. Its range is between 0~9 seconds, resolution is 0.1 second. Both I Limit and OCP Delay are controlled by FW instead of by HW.

Operation of OCP Delay Time

When output current (rms) measurement is over I Limit parameter, OCP delay time start to count. If OCP last t seconds, then

- t > OCP Delay parameter ➔ Output shuts down. Screen shows "Software OCP"
- t < OCP Delay parameter ➔ Output continues, no protections or reports.

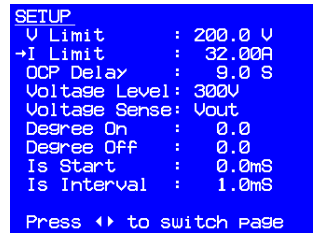


Example

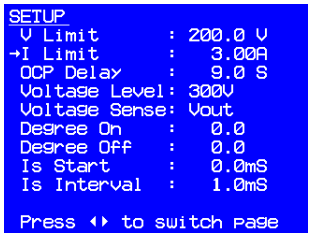
Set I Limit is to 3A, OCP delay time to 1.5s.

Operation step

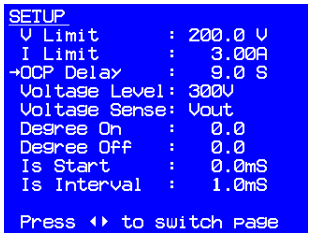
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *I Limit*.



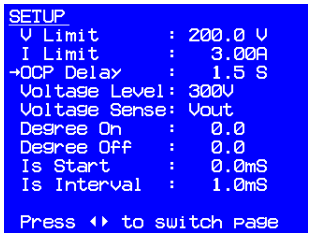
2. Change value to 3A by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *OCP Delay*.



4. Change value to 1.5S by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



Voltage Level Setting

ASD-1600 provides two output voltage levels used for low voltage and high voltage applications. At 300V level, AC source can provide 32.0A in total；At 150V level 64.0A in total can be provided, maximum output power is 6000VA.

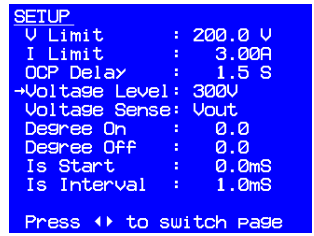
When switched from 300V to 150V level, AC source will check all voltage settings, and change the setting to 150V if any voltage setting checked is higher than 150V.

When switched from 150V to 300V level, AC source will check all I Limit settings, and change the setting to 32.0A if any current setting checked is higher than 32.0A.

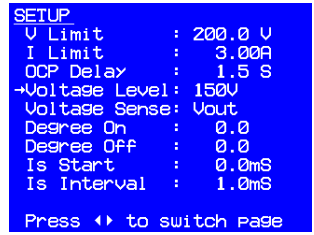
Example	Set output voltage level to 150V

Operation step

1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Voltage Level*.



2. Rotate **knob** to change *Voltage Level* to 150V, then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



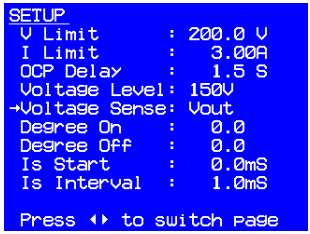
Voltage Sense

Voltage Sense determines output voltage measurement point is at AC output terminal (Vout) or input terminal at product under testing (Vsense). If it is set at Vsense, Remote Sense wire must be connected first, otherwise compensate error will occur. AC source will compensate the voltage drop of the output cable if Vsense is selected.

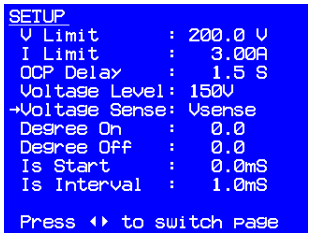
Example	Set Voltage Sense to from *Vout* to *Vsense*.

Operation step

1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Voltage Sense*.



2. By rotating **knob** to change parameter to *Vsense,* then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



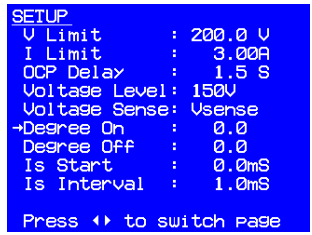
Degree On, Off

ASD-1600 can control the start phase angle (Degree On) or stop phase angle (Degree Off) of the output voltage waveform. Range for Degree On is 0.0~359.9, and is 0.0~360.0 for Degree Off. When Degree Off parameter is 0, the output stopped immediately no matter which output status is at. If 0.0 degree for stop phase angle is needed, please set Degree Off to 360.0.

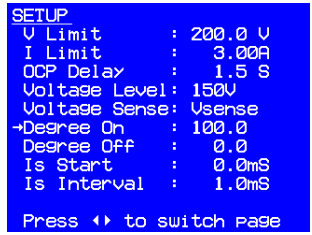
Example	Set phase angle Degree On = 100 and Degree Off = 200

Operation step

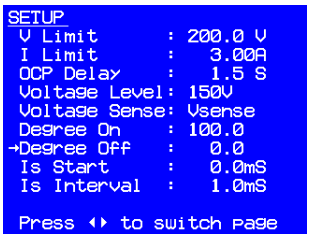
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Degree ON*.



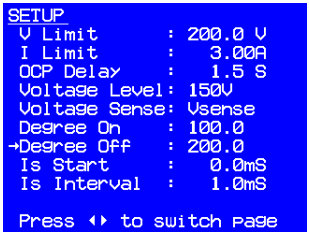
2. Change parameter to 100 by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Degree OFF*.



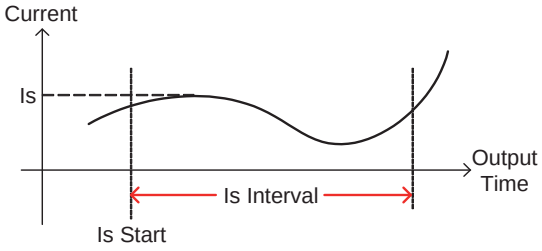
4. Change parameter to 200 by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



Is Start, Is Interval

Both the parameter ranges for Is Start and Is Intervals are 0.0~1000.0 msec, these parameters are used for the surge current measurement.

Figure shown below indicates the measurement of the surge current starting at **Is Start** after output enabled, and measurement time is **Is Interval**.

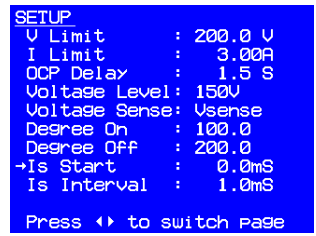


If Is Start = 500ms, Is Interval = 200ms, then Is measurement shown on main menu is the maximum current measured between 500~700ms after output enabled.

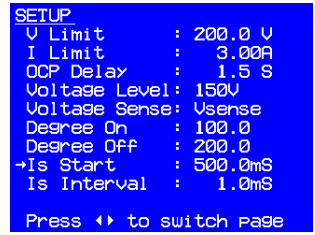
Example	Set Is Start = 500ms and Is Interval = 200ms

Operation step

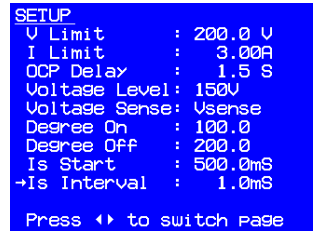
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Is Start*.



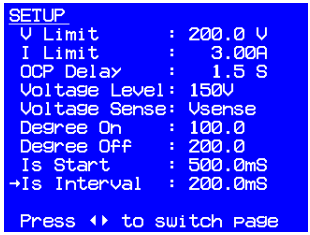
2. Change parameter to 500.0 by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Is Interval*.



4. Change parameter to 200 by **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.

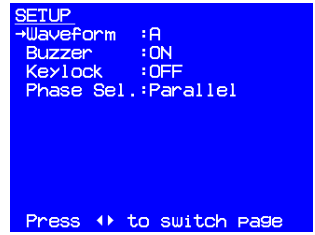

SETUP
V Limit : 200.0 V
I Limit : 3.00A
OCP Delay : 1.5 S
Voltage Level: 150V
Voltage Sense: Vsense
Degree On : 100.0
Degree Off : 200.0
Is Start : 500.0mS
→Is Interval : 200.0mS
Press ◄► to switch page

Waveform Selection

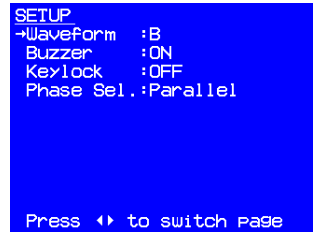
ASD-1600 provides two sets built in waveforms A and B. User can select Sin, CSin, Squa or other self-defined waveform from A or B set at CONFIG page, then go to SETUP page to set output voltage waveform for main menu.

Example	Set waveform from A to B
Operation step	1. Press ▶ **Page down** key to move to next page.

2. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Waveform*.



3. Rotate **knob** to change *A* to *B*, then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



Note

Press **OUT** key when main menu appears, only A or B can be selected. If using LIST function, then A or B waveform can be output alternatively.

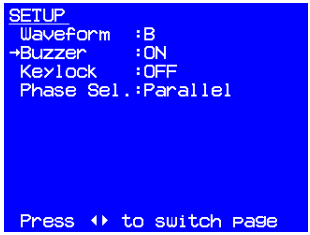
Buzzer

When user press numerical key or rotate knob, there is sound from buzzer to confirm the operation, it can be muted if the confirmation is not needed.

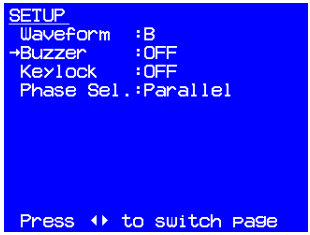
Example	Mute the buzzer

Operation Step

1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Buzzer*.



2. Rotate **knob** to change *ON* to *OFF*, then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



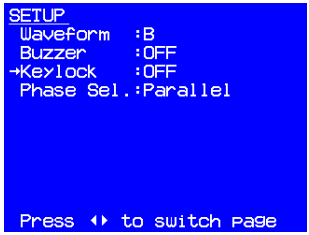
Disable (Lock) the Keys at Front Panel

ASD-1600 allows the user to lock the parameters at front panel to avoid being changed accidently. After the parameters are locked, only **Menu/ Home** key and **OUT** key are enabled. **Menu/ Home** key allows user to return to SETUP menu to enable or disable lock. **OUT** key enables or disables the output.

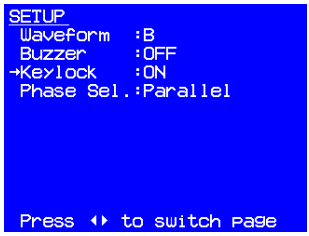
Example — Set keys on front panel from OFF to ON.

Operation Step

1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Keylock*.



2. Rotate **knob** to change *OFF* to *ON* , then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



Set Series / Parallel Mode

The ASD-1600 provides two output modes.

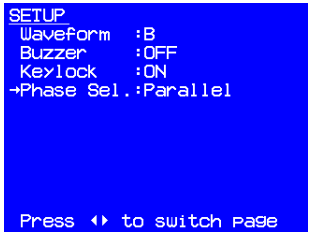
- Series: Series output mode. Simultaneously set the voltage and frequency of two phases.
- Parallel: Parallel output mode.

Example

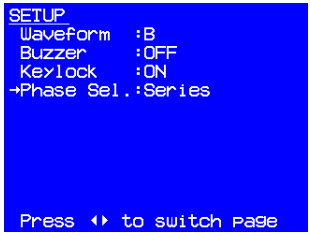
Rotate knob to set this parameter, then press **Enter** key to confirm, about 800msec is needed to do the change. The process to change from Series to Parallel is demonstrates as below.

Operation Step

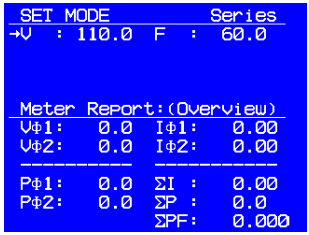
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Phase Sel.*



2. Rotate knob to change parameter to *Single*, then press **Enter** key to confirm.



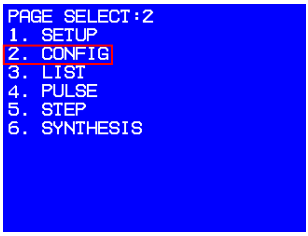
3. Press **Menu/ Home** key to return to main menu, "Series" can be found on the main menu, the contents for the Meter Report also changed at bottom of the main menu.


SET MODE Series
→V : 110.0 F : 60.0
Meter Report:(Overview)
VΦ1: 0.0 IΦ1: 0.00
VΦ2: 0.0 IΦ2: 0.00
PΦ1: 0.0 ΣI : 0.00
PΦ2: 0.0 ΣP : 0.0
ΣPF: 0.000

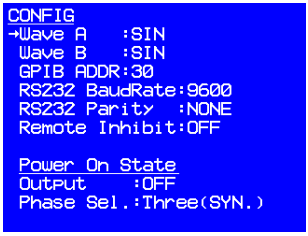
CONFIG Function

Operation step

1. Press **numerical** key ❷ on the front panel to select *CONFIG* option when the advanced parameter setting menu appears.



2. Press **Enter** key to enter CONFIG setting menu shown as figure below.



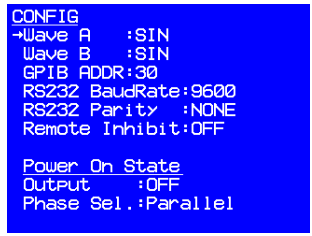
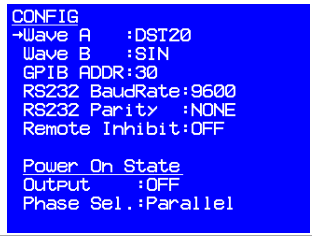
Definitions for all parameters on CONFIG setting menu

Parameter	Definition	Setting Range	
		Minimum	Maximum
Wave A	Stored group A waveform	Sin, CSin, SQUA, DST0 ~ DST31	
Wave B	Stored group B waveform		
GPIB ADDR	Address of GPIB	1	30
RS232 Baud Rate	Baud Rate of RS232	9600/ 19200	
RS232 Parity	RS232 Odd/Even parity check	NONE, EVEN, ODD	
Remote Inhibit	External TTL signal to control output	OFF, LIVE, TRIG, EXCITE	

Output	Output status for next time after AC on	ON/ OFF
Phase Sel.	Output mode for next time after AC on	Series, Parallel

Waveform A, B Generator

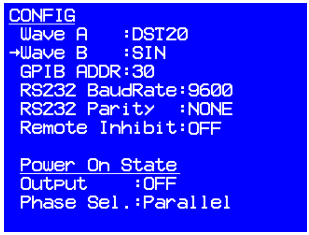
ASD-1600 provides memories to store group A and B waveforms, both A and B groups have waveforms as below

Waveforms	• Sinusoidal (Sine) • Cut sinusoidal (Cut Sine) • 30 sets built in waveforms (DST0~DST29). See appendix "**Built In Waveforms"** on page 132 for details. • 2 sets user defined waveforms(DST30~DST31)
Example	The processes to set group A waveform as built in waveform number 20
Operation step	1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Wave A*.  2. Rotate **Knob** to change *SIN* to *DST20*. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting. 

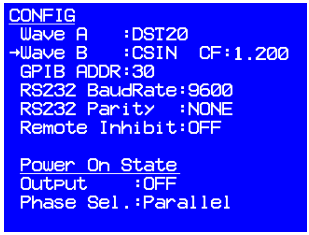
Example	The processes to set group B waveform as cut sinusoidal waveform (Cut Sine) with CF 1.300.

Operation step

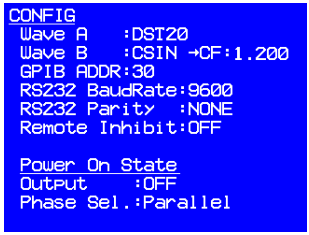
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Wave B*.



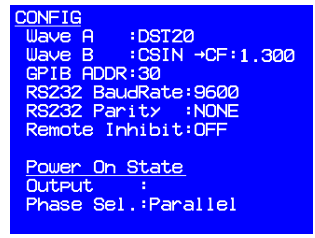
2. Rotate **Knob** to change *SIN* to *CSIN*. Press **Enter** key to confirm setting. CS parameter appears when <CSIN> selected.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *CSIN CF*.



4. Change parameter to 1.300 by using **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



GPIB, RS232 Communication Setting

ASD-1600 provides remote control operation, there are GPIB or RS232 interface for selection. Only one interface can be activated at the same time.

Operation Mode \ Controller	Menu (front panel)	Remote (GPIB)	Remote (RS232)
Menu (front panel)	O	X	X
Remote (GPIB)	X	O	X
Remote (RS232)	X	X	O

Switch menu to remote control

Send any command to AC source directly, AC source enter remote control mode automatically.

Switch from remote to local control

Methods

- Stop remote control, press **- / Unlock** key longer than 2 seconds until "SET MODE" shown on upper left on the screen.
- Send *CLS command.

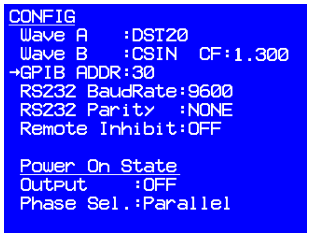
Switch remote control between GPIB or RS232

Return to menu operation as demonstrated above, then use another communication interface to do the control.

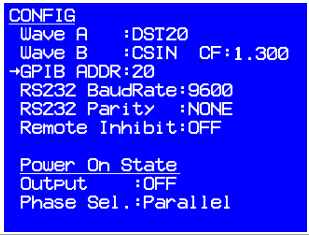
Parameters setting for two interfaces

GPIB	RS232	
Address	Odd/Even parity check(Parity)	Baud rate (Baud Rate)
• 1-30	• Even parity check (EVEN) • Odd parity check (ODD) • No parity check (NONE)	• 9600 • 19200

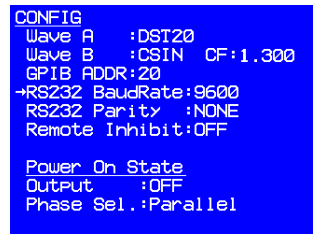
Example	Set GPIB address to 20
Operation step	1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *GPIB ADDR*.



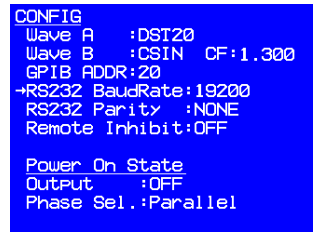
2. Change parameter to 20 by using **numerical** key or **knob**. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



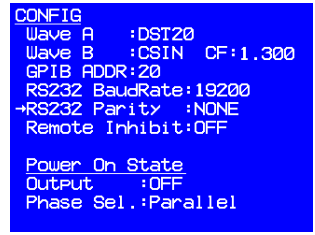
Example	The processes to set RS232 Baud rate = 19200, Odd/Even parity check = (ODD)
Operation step	1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *RS232 Baud Rate*.



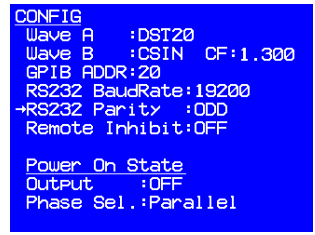
2. Rotate **Knob** to change parameter value from *9600* to *19200*. The press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *RS232 Parity*.



4. Rotate **Knob** to change parameter from *NONE* to *ODD*. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



Inhibit Output by Remote Control Signal (Remote Inhibit)

Remote Inhibit is an "Active HIGH" TTL signal, high level is 5V, low level is 0V. Its signals send to 9 pin TTL signal connector (D-SUB) at back panel of the AC source. Please refer to appendix "**TTL Pin Assignment**" on page 132 for details.

After Remote Inhibit initialized, output control priorities for AC source are as below

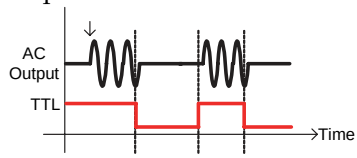
Front panel
Remote Control > TTL signal

- When both front panel and remote control are idle, output of ASD-1600 is according to external TTL ON/OFF signal.
- When user press **OUT** key from front panel or by remote control, TTL signal has no effect on the operation.

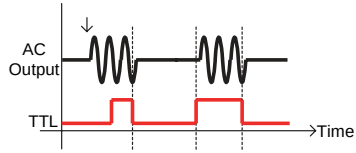
There are four Remote inhibit output status.

- OFF: Turn off remote inhibit function.
- LIVE: two conditions

  TTL signal changes from HIGH to LOW, and stays low longer than 1ms, ASD-1600 turn off output.



  TTL signal changes from LOW to HIGH, and stays high longer than 1ms, ASD-1600 resume output.

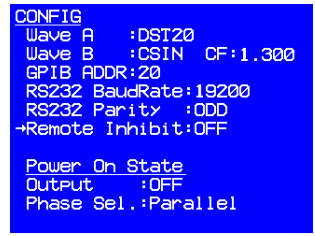


- TRIG: TTL signal changes from HIGH to LOW, and keeps low longer than 1ms, ASD-1600 turn off output, and stop detecting TTL signal, output stays at off state even TTL signal changes to high. User must press **OUT** key to resume output and enable TTL signal detecting.
- EXCITE: When user is using LIST, PULSE or STEP modes, output ON/OFF of ASD-1600 can be triggered by rising edge of TTL signal (LOW to HIGH) at trigger page (please refer to section **LIST Mode** until **STEP Mode** on page 65 for details). The pulse signal must keep at least 1ms when the signal changes.

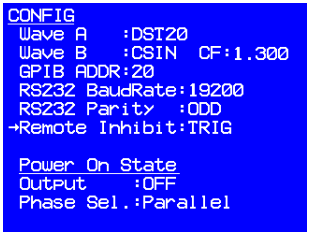
When output of AC source is at off state, it will be triggered to on state if TTL signal changes from LOW to HIGH. There will be two conditions introduced as below.

- If output sequences finishes and TTL signal changes from LOW to HIGH again, the output will be triggered to on state and repeat the sequences again.
- If TTL signal changes from LOW to HIGH when output sequences are not finished yet, output will turn off.

Example	The processes to change Remote Inhibit setting from *OFF* to *TRIG*.
Operation step	1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Remote Inhibit*.



2. Rotate **Knob** to change parameter value from *OFF* to *TRIG*. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



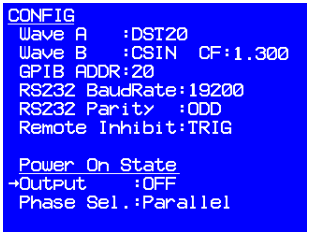
Power On State

The ASD-1600 may set different operation modes or enable turn on output immediately next time after AC is on. Output voltage and frequency depend on stored parameter before AC input is off. Please refer to page 79 for saving current parameters setting.

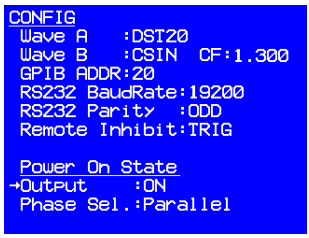
Example	The process to set output is ON, operation mode is Single for next time after AC is on.

Operation step

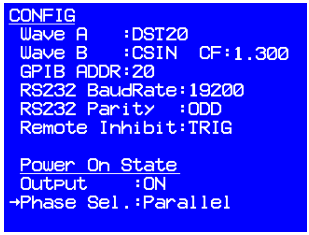
1. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Output*.



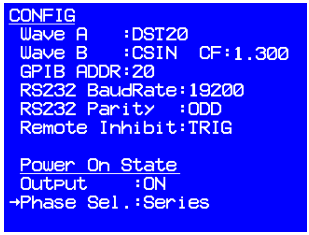
2. Rotate **Knob** to change parameter value from *OFF* to *ON*. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



3. Press ▲ **Up arrow** or ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to *Phase Sel.*



4. By pressing numeric key or rotating knob to change parameter to *Single*. Then press **Enter** key to confirm setting.



APPLICAION

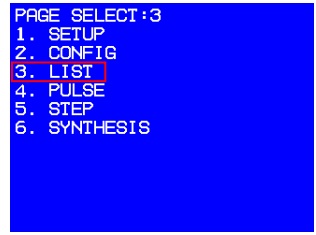
ASD-1600 provides not only stable AC voltage but also three kinds of programmable dynamic output. Following paragraphs explain the definition of parameters and how to do the setting.

LIST Mode

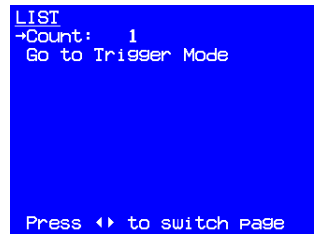
Let user to set 10 sets of user-defined voltage, frequency. This mode can make 10 different outputs consecutively.

Operation step

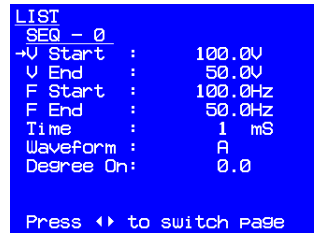
1. Press **numerical** key ❸ on the front panel to select *LIST* option when the advanced parameter setting menu appears.



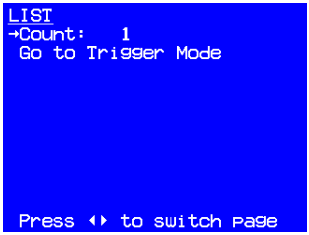
2. Press **Enter** key to enter LIST setting menu shown as figure below.



3. Press ▶ **Page down** key to move to next page.



4. Press ◀ **Page up** key to return to previous page.



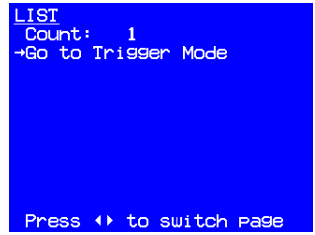
LIST mode provides 10 sets of programmable waveform (SEQ-0 ~ SEQ-9). Output waveforms start from SEQ-0, then SEQ-1, SEQ-2… in orders until time parameter (Time) of SEQ-n being processed is 0 or SEQ-9 is finished outputting, then one List waveform output is completed.

Definitions for all parameters on LIST setting menu

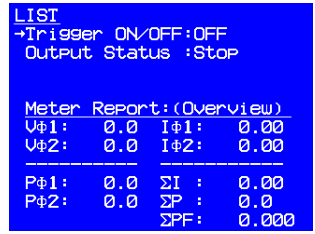
Parameter	Definition	Setting Range	
		Min.	Max.
Count	Execution times for one complete List waveform. When 0 is setting, output recycles endless until user presses **Enter** key to stop.	0	10000
V Start	Start voltage(V)	0.0	300.0
V End	Stop voltage(V)	0.0	300.0
F Start	Start frequency(Hz)	30.0	1000.0
F End	Stop Frequency(Hz)	30.0	1000.0
Time	Output duration (msec)	0	60000
Waveform	Output waveform selection	A or B	
Degree On	Start phase angle for output waveform (deg)	0.0	359.9

Operation step

- After SEQ setting is completed, press **ESC/ Cancel** key to return to LIST mode initialization page as below.



- Press **Enter** key to enter Trigger setting page shown as below.

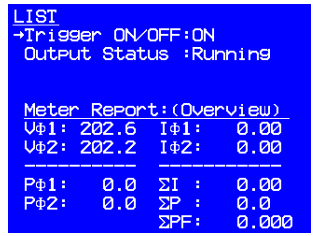


Trigger ON/ OFF is output switch for List waveform, output status is current output status.

At this page, there are two modes.

1. To output List waveform

- Press **Enter** key to start output List waveform. Screen will show information as below during output is in process.



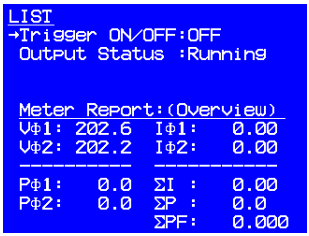
At this moment, there are three outcomes depend on user input or process status.

- Press **OUT**, **ESC/ Cancel** key will stop output and stay at Trigger page.
- Press **Menu/ Home** key will stop output and return to main menu.

- Output will stop when List waveform output is completed and stay at Trigger page.

2. To output voltage set at main menu

- Press **OUT** key will start output waveform set at main menu. Screen will show information as below during output is in process.



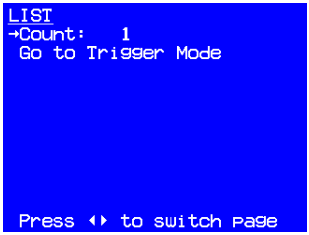
At this moment, there are three outcomes depend on user input or process status.

- Press **OUT**, **ESC/ Cancel** key will stop output and stay at Trigger page.
- Press **Menu/ Home** key will stop output and return to main menu.
- Press **Enter** key will output waveform programmed in LIST mode.

There are two ways to leave Trigger page

- Under output is off, press **ESC/ Cancel** key will return to LIST initialization page.
- Press **Menu/ Home** key return to main menu.

Example:
Parameter setting



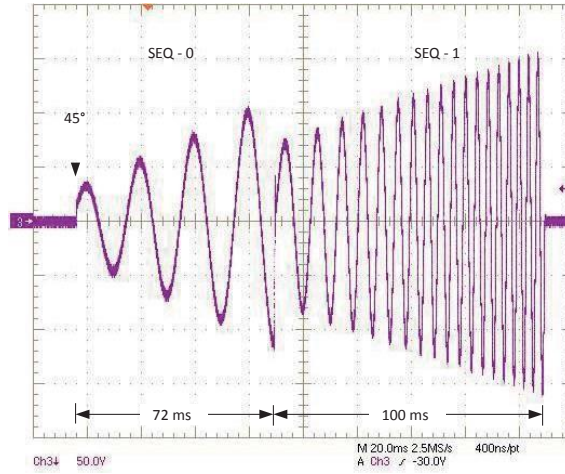
```
LIST
 SEQ - 0
→V Start  :      40.0V
 V End    :     110.0V
 F Start  :      50.0Hz
 F End    :      50.0Hz
 Time     :      72  mS
 Waveform :       A
 Degree On:      45.0


 Press ◄► to switch page
```

```
LIST
 SEQ - 01
→Vs       :      80.0V
 Ve       :     150.0V
 Fs       :     100.0Hz
 Fe       :     200.0Hz
 Time     :     100  mS
 Waveform :       A
 Degree On:      45.0


 Press ◄► to switch page
```

Output waveform

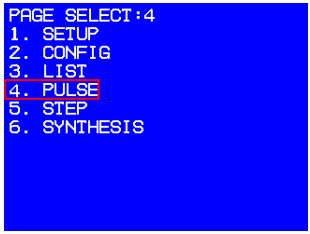


PULSE Mode

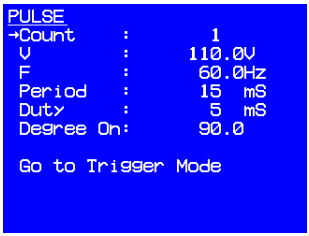
Simulate repeatedly changed output voltage.

Operation step

1. Press **numerical** key ❹ on the front panel to select *PULSE* option when the advanced parameter setting menu appears.



2. Press **Enter** key to enter PULSE setting menu shown as figure below.



PULSE mode lets user insert fixed period, programmed special waveform to output waveform set at main menu.

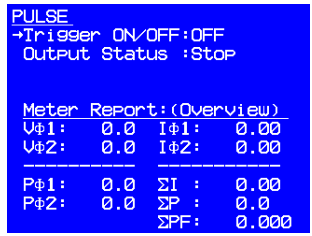
Definitions for all parameters on PULSE setting menu

Parameter	Definition	Setting Range	
		Min.	Max.
Count	How many times to output programmed Pulse waveform. If setting is 0, Pulse waveform will output endless until **Enter** key is pressed	0	10000

Vac	Voltage of Pulse:	0.0	300.0
F	Frequency of Pulse	30.0	1000.0
Period	Duration of total period	2	16000000.0
Duty	Duration time of Pulse, its value can't be greater than the Period.	1	15999999.0
Degree On	Start phase angle of Pulse output	0.0	359.0

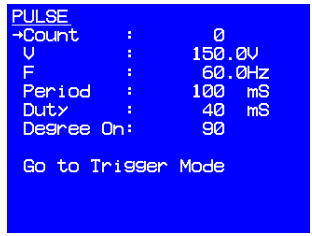
Operation step

- Select Go to Trigger Mode, press **Enter** key to do the setting. Screen shows information as below at trigger page.

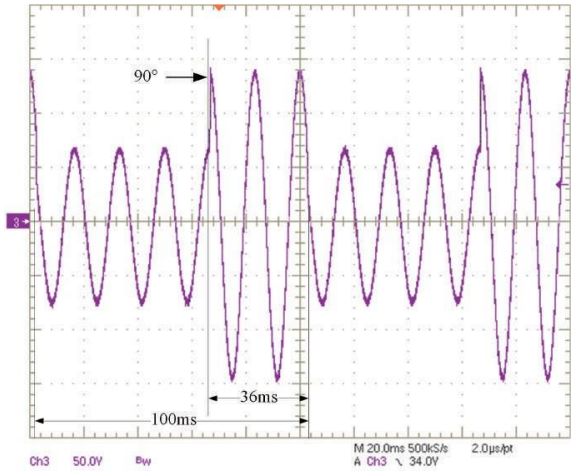


- Trigger ON/OFF is switch to control on/off of programmed Pulse waveform, Output Status is current status. Operation procedures on this page is same as that explained on page 67.

Example for PULSE output Parameter setting



Output waveform

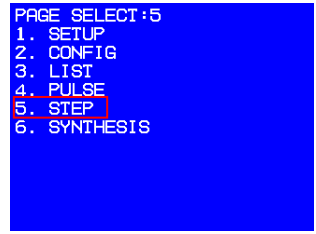


STEP Mode

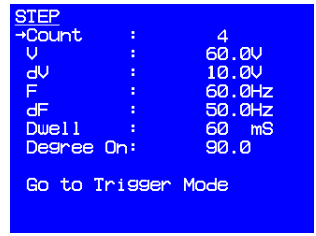
Simulate gradually changed output voltage.

Operation step

1. Press **numerical** key ❺ on the front panel to select *STEP* option when the advanced parameter setting menu appears.



2. Press **Enter** key to enter STEP setting menu shown as figure below.



Voltage and frequency are same for each step in STEP mode, but may be different in different steps.

Definitions for all parameters on STEP setting menu

Parameter	Definition	Setting Range	
		Min.	Max.
Count	How many steps	0	10000
V	Voltage amplitude at first step.	0.0	300.0
dV	Voltage amplitude change for each step. May be positive or negative	-150.0	150.0
F	Start frequency at first step	30.0	1000.0

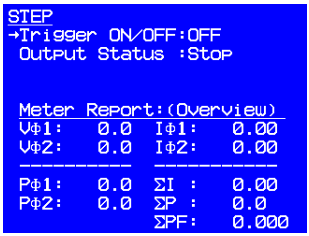
dF	Frequency change for each step. May be positive or negative	-150.0	150.0
Dwell	Output duration for each step	1	16000000
Degree On	Initial phase angle for each STEP	0.0	359

For each STEP, voltage waveform changes satisfy following equation.

- $V_t = V_{t-1} + dV$
  Voltage amplitude of next STEP =current voltage amplitude + STEP amplitude change.
- $F_t = F_{t-1} + dF$
  Voltage frequency of next STEP =current voltage frequency + STEP frequency change.

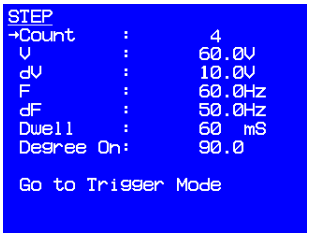
Operation step

- Select Go to Trigger Mode, press **Enter** key to enter Trigger page shown as below.

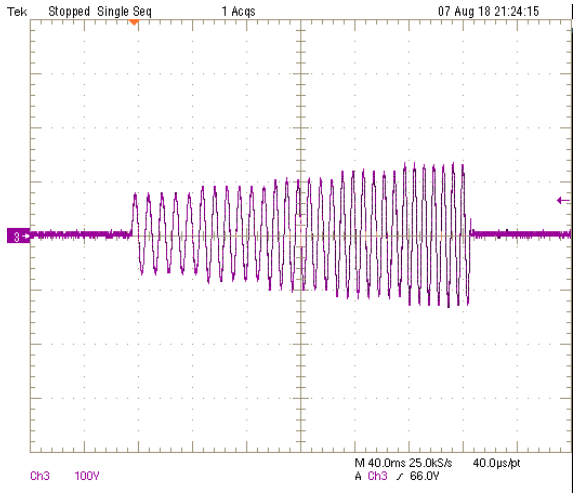


- Trigger ON/OFF is switch to turn on/off of Step output. Output Status is current status. Operation on this page is same as that on page 67.

Example of Step mode Parameter setting



Output waveform

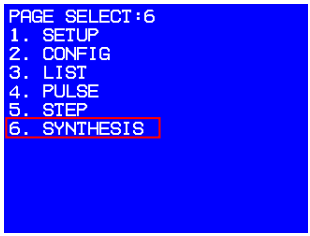


SYNTHESIS Self-Defined Waveform Mode

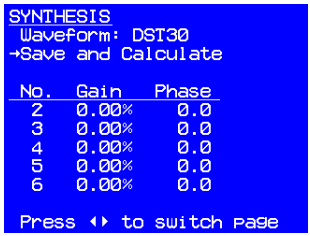
ASD-1600 also provides 39 orders of amplitude and phase angle settings for user to make self-defined waveforms. It can be used at all output modes once the self-defined waveforms are created.

Operation step

1. Press **numerical** key ❻ on the front panel to select *STEP* option when the advanced parameter setting menu appears.



2. Press **Enter** key to enter SYNTHESIS setting menu shown as figure below.



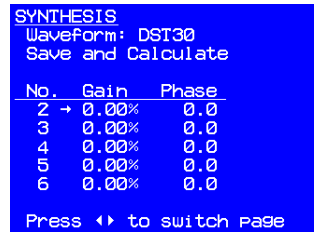
In SYNTHESIS self-defined waveform mode, voltage and frequency of fundamental waveform is sinusoidal defined at main menu. User can edit amplitude and phase angle of harmonic waveform up to 39 order of fundamental wave. Editing can be done by front panel or remote control.

Definitions for all parameters on STEP setting menu

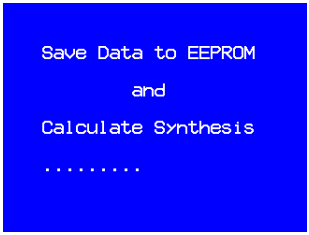
Parameter	Definition	Setting Range	
		Min.	Max.
Waveform	Name for two sets of SYNTHESIS waveform	DST30/ DST31	
Gain	Voltage amplitude ratio of Harmonic to fundamental wave for each order.	Order 2~20	
		0	33.33
		Order 21~30	
		0	30.00
		Order 31~39	
		0	15.00
Phase	Start phase angle of harmonic wave for each order	0	359.9

Operation step

- Press ▶ **Page down** key to move cursor to Gain and Phase parameter setting area to do setting.



- When parameters for all orders are set, Press ◀ **Page up** key or **ESC/ Cancel** key to return to the initial page of SYNTHESIS.
- Press ▼ **Down arrow** key to move cursor to "Save Synthesis Parameter"
- Press **Enter** key to calculate and save the synthesized waveform to EEPROM. Screen shows as bow.



It takes about 8 seconds to do the calculation and saving. It will return to first page of SYNTHESIS when saving is completed. For protection purpose, amplitude for each order must not exceed limitation as below.

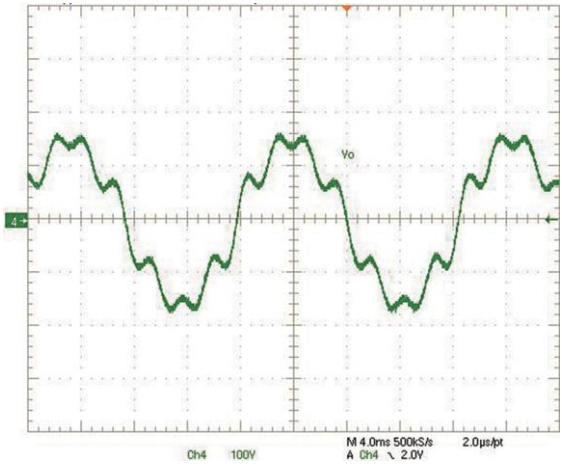
Orders	Gain limit
2~20	33.33%
21~30	30.00%
31~39	15.00%

Example of SYNTHESIS mode.

Orders	Gain	Phase
2	2.07	0.0
5	9.80	0.0
7	15.80	0.0
8	2.16	0.0

Output waveform

$$\begin{bmatrix} n(w) + \\ 2.07 \times n(2w + 0.0) + \\ 9.80 \times n(5w + 0.0) + \\ 15.80 \times n(7w + 0.0) + \\ 2.16 \times n(8w + 0.0) \end{bmatrix}$$



SAVE AND RECALL

ASD-1600 provides two modes for users to save and recall the output setting or the system information.

System parameter Save and Recall

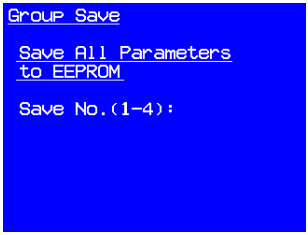
The ASD-1600 provides 4 set of memories for user to save and recall modified system information. User can back to default system setting easily any time by selecting default setting.

Save the main page setting

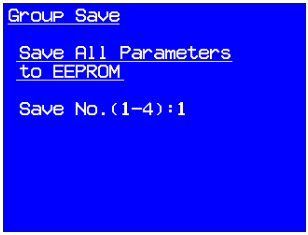
How to save current system settings to first memory No.1.

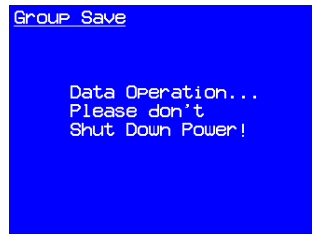
Operation step

1. At advanced parameters setting manual, long press ▲ **Save** key for two seconds will enter system data save page as below.



2. Change save No. (1-4) to 1 by pressing numerical key or rotating knob, press **Enter** key to confirm, then screen will show information indicate data is saving. It takes about 20 seconds to save.



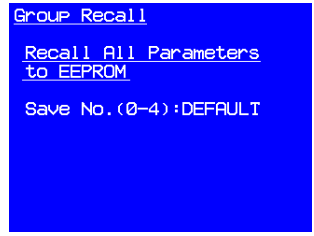


Recall the main page setting

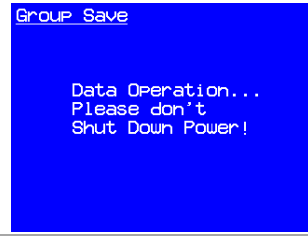
How to back to default factory settings

Operation step

1. At advanced parameters setting manual, long press ▼ **Recall** key for two seconds will enter recall system setting page. DEFAULT is the default factory settings.



2. Press **Enter** key to confirm. The screen will show information about 25~30 seconds indicating data is saving.



Note

If voltage setting exceeds V Limit after recalling, AC source will limit voltage setting at

REMOTE OPERAION

ASD-1600 can be remotely controlled by GPIB or RS-232. GPIB interface is an 8-bit parallel data bus with other control lines to manage communication. RS-232 transmits data in series so communication speed is slower.

If transmission speed is faster than data processing speed of micro-processor, micro-processor will neglect new received command when there is command under processing.

Set GPIB address and RS-232 Parameters

GPIB and RS-232 parameters can be set at CONFIG page. Default address of GPIB is 30, baud rate of RS232 is 9600, and Even/odd parity check of RS232 is NONE.

RS-232 pin definition

RS-232 interface uses RXD and TXD signals only. RS-232 implements 9PIN D-SUB type female connector, pin definition is listed as below.

Orders	Input/ Output	Definition
1	NC	NC
2	OUTPUT	TXD
3	INPUT	RXD
4	NC	NC
5	GND	GND
6	NC	NC
7	NC	NC
8	NC	NC
9	NC	NC

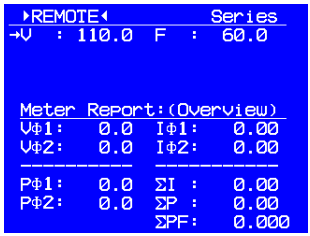
GPIB Interface

GPIB function	Explanation	Interface function
Sender/ receiver	GPIB bus may transmit or receive data by this function. Use following commands to read information.	AH1, SH1, T6, L4
Service request	AC source will pull SRQ pin to low voltage when interfaced instruments have service request.	SR1
Remote/ local control	AC source can be controlled by front panel locally or GPIB	RL1

	remotely. Press **-/ Unlock** key to switch from remote control back to local control, other keys are inactive during remote control.

Operation step

- Screen shows **>REMOTE<** when AC source is in remote control as below



Programming

All commands and responses are transferred in the form of ASCII code. Response must be received completely before sending a new command. Otherwise, error will occur due to message disorder.

Conventions

Angle bracket	<>	Items in angle brackets are abbreviations for parameter.
Vertical Bar	|	To separate multiple selections
Square bracket	[]	Contents within the square bracket are optional.
Curve bracket	{}	Parameter inside curve bracket can be repeated or omitted.

Numerical Data Formats

All data used for programming are ASCII codes. They can be number or character string with following format.

Symbol	Explanation	Example
NR1	Number without decimal point	1234, 0246
NR2	Number with decimal point	1.23, .456
NR3	Number with decimal point and exponent	1.234E+5

Boolean Data Format

The Boolean parameter <Boolean> uses the form ON|OFF only.

Basic Definition of Command

Construction of ASD-1600 remote control command is based on tree systems and every command must have a full path so instrument can receive it.

Tree structure use ":" as node. Command or data at left side of node is in higher level while at right side is in detail level. The

higher level commands are more close to left side, and the more detailed commands are more close to right side.

ASD-1600 includes two distinctive types of command. The first one is command described in IEEE 488.2, it is common commands for GPIB, represented by "*" at beginning of the command. The second one is instruments self-defined commands. All commands are not upper/ lower case sensitive. There are some special symbols in commands.

- Colon (:)
  Colon represents node for tree system, use colon to separate different parameter until complete command constructed. For example: VOLT:AC?

Example	VOLT:AC?

- Question mark (?)
  Question mark represents this message is question, instruments will prepare the answers for sender to read. If sender does not read after sending questions, instrument will reserve the answer for last question command.

Example	Computer side: VOLT:AC? Instrument side: 150.0

- Semicolon(;)
  There are two usages for semicolon:
  1. Back to previous node,

Example	VOLT:AC 100;LIM:AC 200
Explanation	The above instruction has two commands which are VOLT:AC 100 and VOLT:LIM:AC 200 (;) can save one repeated string VOLT and complete two commands in one instruction, instrument will execute commands in sequence.

  2. First input semicolon then colon, represents command branches from beginning.

Example	VOLT:AC 100;:FETCh:CURRent:AC?
Explanation	The above instruction has two commands which are VOLT:AC 100 and FETCh:CURRent:AC?. Using (;:) can connect commands more than two.

- Space( ):
  Space is used to separate command and number or string after it. Instrument differentiates command and data by space.

Example	VOLT:AC 100

- Star(*):
  Star represents this command is follow the standard of IEEE 488.2, it can be used for all instruments support IEEE 488.2 command.

Example	*IDN?
Explanation	Common command to query instrument name. Instrument will answer its series number. **GW-INSTEK, ASD-1600,V1.0** will be the answer for this AC source.

Command List

IEEE 488.2 Standard Commands

FETCH and MEAURE Commands

Command for Remote Control

IEEE 488.2 Standard Commands

*ESE

→(Query)

Description

Set and query flag mask for standard event status register.

This command is for a register used for IEEE488.2 defined standard events. It is used for flag mask or control enable. Set by 1 enables target event detection, and event detection is masked if setting is 0. No response to target events when 0 is set.

Bits configuration for standard events register are as follow.

Bit	Bit name	Bit definition
0	OPC	Operation completed
1	------	
2	QYE	Query error
3	DDE	Error related to instrument
4	EXE	Execution error
5	CME	Command error
6	-----	

	7	PON	Power on

Syntax	*ESE<NR1>
Query Syntax	*ESE?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>

*ESR

Query

Description	Query value stored in standard events status register, 1 represents event occurs.
Query Syntax	*ESR?

*IDN

Query

Description	Return string of AC source identification.	
Query Syntax	*IDN?	
Return parameter	<string>	Returns the instrument identification as a string in the following format: GW-INSTEK, ASD-1600, V1.0 Manufacturer: GW-INSTEK Model number: ASD-1600 Firmware version: V1.0

*RCL

Set

Description	Recalls stored system setting.
Syntax	*RCL<n>
Parameter	1
	2
	3
	4

*SAV

Set

Description	Save system setting
Syntax	*SAV<n>
Return parameter	1
	2
	3
	4

*SRE

Set

Query

Description

Set and return status of flag mask status for service events.

This command is for a register used for IEE488.2 and instrument defined service events. It is used for flag mask or control enable. Set by 1 enables target event detection, and event detection is masked if setting is 0. No response to target events when 0 is set.

Bits configuration for service events register are as follow.

Bit	Bit name	Bit definition
0	------	
1	------	
2	------	
3	------	Info. available
4	MAV	Info. Available
5	ESB	Brief info. For service event register
6	MSS/SRQ	Service request
7	------	

Syntax	*SRE <n>
Query Syntax	*SRE?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>

*STB

Query

Description	Query value stored in service event register, 1 represents event occurs.
Query Syntax	*STB?
Return parameter	<NR1>

*CLS

Set

Description	Clear status. Following operation may execute depends on different conditions. 1. Leave REMOTE control, back to panel control. 2. When one of the following error occurs, AC source will turn off output, clear error status and return to main page. • Software OCP • D2A OCP Fault • D2A OPP Fault
Syntax	*CLS

FETCH and MEAURE Commands

Differences between FETCH and MEASURE are: FETCH reads existing measurements value. Execution time is shorter because data is available immediately but the data may not be the newest. Instrument will send the next sampling data to the computer after receiving MEASURE command. There is time delay so 100ms time interval between MEASure command and query command is recommended. MEASure command is suitable for the requirement of updated measurement value after power supply out status changed.

:FETCh:CURRent:AC :MEASure:CURRent:AC → Query

Description	Query total output AC Irms.
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:AC? :MEASure:CURRent:AC?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:CURRent:(1, 2) :MEASure:CURRent:AC:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query output AC Irms for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:AC:(1, 2)? :MEASure:CURRent:AC:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:CURRent:AC:1? :MEASure:CURRent:AC:2?

:FETCh:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum :MEASure:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum → Query

Description	Query total output peak current
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum? :MEASure:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum:(1, 2)
:MEASure:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query output peak current for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum:(1, 2)? :MEASure:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum:1? :MEASure:CURRent:AMPLitude:MAXimum:2?

:FETCh:CURRent:CREStfactor
:MEASure:CURRent:CREStfactor → Query

Description	Query output current crest factor
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:CREStfactor? :MEASure:CURRent:CREStfactor?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:CURRent:CREStfactor:(1, 2)
:MEASure:CURRent:CREStfactor:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query output current crest factor for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:CREStfactor:(1, 2)? :MEASure:CURRent:CREStfactor:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:CURRent:CREStfactor:1? :MEASure:CURRent:CREStfactor:2?

:FETCh:CURRent:INRush
:MEASure:CURRent:INRush → Query

Description	Query output inrush current
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:INRush? :MEASure:CURRent:INRush?

Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:CURRent:INRush:(1, 2)
:MEASure:CURRent:INRush:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query output inrush current for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:CURRent:INRush:(1, 2)? :MEASure:CURRent:INRush:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:CURRent:INRush:1? :MEASure:CURRent:INRush:2?

:FETCh:FREQuency :MEASure:FREQuency → Query

Description	Query average output frequency
Syntax	:FETCh:FREQuency? :MEASure:FREQuency?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:FREQuency:(1, 2)
:MEASure:FREQuency:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query output frequency for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:FREQuency:(1, 2)? :MEASure:FREQuency:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:FREQuency: 1? :MEASure:FREQuency: 2?

:FETCh:POWer:AC[:REAL]
:MEASure:POWer:AC[:REAL] → Query

Description	Query output real power
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC? :MEASure:POWer:AC:REAL?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:POWer:AC[:REAL]:(1, 2)
:MEASure:POWer:AC[:REAL]:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query output real power for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:(1, 2)? :MEASure:POWer:AC:REAL:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:POWer:AC:1? :MEASure:POWer:AC:REAL:2?

:FETCh:POWer:AC:APParent
:MEASure:POWer:AC:APParent → Query

Description	Query output apparent power
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:APParent? :MEASure:POWer:AC:APParent?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:POWer:AC:APParent:(1, 2)
:MEASure:POWer:AC:APParent:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query apparent power for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:APParent:(1, 2)? :MEASure:POWer:AC:APParent:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:POWer:AC:APParent:1? :MEASure:POWer:AC:APParent:2?

:FETCh:POWer:AC:PFACtor
:MEASure:POWer:AC:PFACtor → Query

Description	Query output power factor
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:PFACtor? :MEASure:POWer:AC:PFACtor?

Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:POWer:AC:PFACtor:(1, 2)
:MEASure:POWer:AC:PFACtor:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query power factor for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:PFACtor:(1, 2)? :MEASure:POWer:AC:PFACTor:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:POWer:AC:APParent:1? :MEASure:POWer:AC:APParent:2?

:FETCh:POWer:AC:REACtive
:MEASure:POWer:AC:REACtive → Query

Description	Query output reactive power
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:REACtive? :MEASure:POWer:AC:REACtive?
Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:POWer:AC:REACtive:(1, 2)
:MEASure:POWer:AC:REACtive:(1, 2) → Query

Description	Query reactive power for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:POWer:AC:REACtive:(1, 2)? :MEASure:POWer:AC:REACtive:(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh:POWer:AC:REACtive:1? :MEASure:POWer:AC:REACtive:2?

:FETCh:VOLTage:AC :MEASure:VOLTage:AC → Query

Description	Query average output voltage Vrms
Syntax	:FETCh:VOLTage:AC?:MEASure:VOLTage:AC?

Return Parameter	<NR2>

:FETCh:VOLTage:AC:(1,2)
:MEASure:VOLTage:AC:(1, 2)

→ Query

Description	Query output voltage Vrms for each phase
Syntax	:FETCh:VOLTage:AC :(1, 2)? :MEASure:VOLTage:AC(1, 2)?
Return Parameter	<NR2>
Example	:FETCh: VOLTage:AC :1? :MEASure: VOLTage:AC:2?

OUTPUT Commands

:OUTPut

Set → Query

Description	Set or query status of turning on or turning off output.
Syntax	OUTPut
Query Syntax	OUTPut?
Parameter/Return parameter	OFF ON
Example	OUTPut? OUTPut ON Query output status. Turn on output.

:OUTPut:MODE

Set → Query

Description	Set or query output mode. “FIXED” mode output fixed voltage waveform.
Syntax	OUTPut:MODE
Query Syntax	OUTPut:MODE?
Parameter/Return parameter	FIXED LIST PULSE STEP

Example	OUTPut:MODE?	Query output mode.
	OUTPut:MODE LIST	Set output as LIST mode.

SOURCE Commands

[:SOURce]:CURRent:LIMit

Set / Query

Description	Set or query total output rms current limit	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:LIMit	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:LIMit?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.00 ~ 96.00 (150V range), 0.00 ~ 48.00 (300V range)
Example	[:SOURce:]CURRent:LIMit 25.5	

[:SOURce]:CURRent:DELay

Set / Query

Description	Set or query delay time to trigger software over current protection.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:DELay	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:DELay?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective range: 0.0 ~ 9.0 (unit: sec)
Example	[:SOURce:]CURRent:DELay? 1.2	

[:SOURce]:CURRent:INRush:STARt

Set / Query

Description	Set or query time to start measure inrush current.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:STARt
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:STARt?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 9000.0 (unit: msec)
Example	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:STARt? 200.3	

[:SOURce]:CURRent:INRush:INTerval

Set → Query

Description	Set or query inrush current measurement time.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:INTerval
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:INTerval?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2> Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 9000.0 (unit: msec)
Example	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:INTerval? 400.8

[:SOURce]:FREQuency

Set → Query

Description	Set or query frequency of output waveform.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]FREQuency
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]FREQuency?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2> Effective rang: 30.0 ~ 1000.0 (unit: Hz)
Example	[:SOURce:]CURRent:INRush:INTerval? 50.8

[:SOURce]:FUNCtion:SHAPe

Set → Query

Description	Set or query waveform buffer. AC source provides two waveform buffers, user has to select A or B waveform buffer.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe?

Parameter/Return parameter	A B	
Example	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe? A	

Set → Query

[:SOURce]:FUNCtion:SHAPe:A

Description	Set or query waveform of waveform buffer A.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:A	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:A?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	SINE CSIN	
	DST<00~31>	
Example	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:A? CSIN	

Set → Query

[:SOURce]:FUNCtion:SHAPe:A:CF

Description	Set or query CF of the cut sin waveform in waveform buffer A. It is effective only when CSIN is selected for waveform buffer A.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:A:CF	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:A:CF?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 1.200 ~ 1.414
Example	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:A:CF? 1.234	

Set → Query

[:SOURce]:FUNCtion:SHAPe:B

Description	Set or query waveform of waveform buffer B.

Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:B
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:B?
Parameter/ Return parameter	SINE CSIN
	DST<00~31>
Example	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:B? CSIN

Set → / → Query

[:SOURce]:FUNCtion:SHAPe:B:CF

Description	Set or query CF of the cut sin waveform in waveform buffer B. It is effective only when CSIN is selected for waveform buffer B.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:B:CF
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:B:CF?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2> Effective rang: 1.200 ~ 1.414
Example	[:SOURce:]FUNCtion:SHAPe:B:CF? 1.234

Set → / → Query

[:SOURce]:VOLTage:AC

Description	Set or query AC output voltage.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2> Effective range: 0.0 ~ 150.0 (low voltage range), 0.0 ~ 300.0 (high voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC? 200.5

[:SOURce]:VOLTage:AC:1

Set → Query

Description	Set or query series output AC voltage setting value; query the 1st phase AC voltage setting value of series output.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:1	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:1?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective range: 0.0 ~ 150.0 (150V voltage range, 0.0 ~ 300.0 (300V voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:1? 200.5	

[:SOURce]:VOLTage:AC:2

Set → Query

Description	Set or query series output AC voltage setting value; query the 2nd phase AC voltage setting value of series output.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:2	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:2?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective range: 0.0 ~ 150.0 (150V voltage range, 0.0 ~ 300.0 (300V voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:AC:2? 200.5	

[:SOURce]:VOLTage:RANGe

Set → Query

Description: Set or query output voltage range.

	Voltage range(V)	Current range(A)
LOW	0.0 ~ 150.0	0.0 ~ 64.0
HIGH	0.0 ~ 300.0	0.0 ~ 32.0

Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:RANGe
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:RANGe?
Parameter/ Return parameter	LOW HIGH
Example	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:RANGe? HIGH

[:SOURce]:VOLTage:SENSe

Set → Query

Description	Set or query remote sense function. REMOTE is in enable, VOUT is in disable
Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:SENSe
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:SENSe?
Parameter/ Return parameter	VOUT REMOTE
Example	[:SOURce:]VOLTage:SENSe? REMOTE

[:SOURce]:CONFigure:INHibit

Set → Query

Description	Set or query remote TTL inhibition operation. Refer to page 60 for details.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]CONFigure:INHibit
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]CONFigure:INHibit?
Parameter/ Return parameter	OFF LIVE TRIG EXCITE
Example	[:SOURce:]CONFigure:INHibit? LIVE

[:SOURce]:PHASe:ON

Set → Query

Description	Set or query waveform start phase angle set at main menu.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PHASe:ON	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PHASe:ON?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 359.9
Example	[:SOURce:]PHASe:ON? 200.5	

[:SOURce]:PHASe:OFF

Set → Query

Description	Set or query waveform stop phase angle set at main menu.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PHASe:OFF	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PHASe:OFF?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0 ~ 360.0, 360.0 representing turn off immediately
Example	[:SOURce:]PHASe:OFF? 250.5	

[:SOURce]:PHAse:2

Set → Query

Description	Set or query phase angle of phase 1 leads phase 2.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PHAse:2	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PHAse:2?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 359.9 ◦ The default value is 180.
Example	[:SOURce:]PHAse:2? 200	

[:SOURce]:LIST:COUNt

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query how many times to execute effective sequences in LIST mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:COUNt	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:COUNt?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	Effective rang: 0 ~ 10000
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:COUNt? 100	

[:SOURce]:LIST:DWELl

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query execution time of 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:DWELl	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:DWELl?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>... <NR2>	Effective rang: 0 ~ 6000000 (unit: msec)
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:DWELl? 16000000 1 23 95	

[:SOURce]:LIST:SHAPe

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query waveform buffer used for 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:SHAPe	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:SHAPe?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	A|B... A|B	

Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:SHAPe? A B A A A

[:SOURce]:LIST:VOLTage:AC:STARt

Set → Query

Description	Set or query start voltage of 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:VOLTage:AC:STARt	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:VOLTage:AC:STARt?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>... <NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 150.0 (low voltage range), 0.0 ~ 300.0 (high voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:VOLTage:AC:STARt? 110 22.5 55.6	

[:SOURce]:LIST:VOLTage:AC:END

Set → Query

Description	Set or query stop voltage of 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:VOLTage:AC:END	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:VOLTage:AC:END?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>... <NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 150.0 (low voltage range), 0.0 ~ 300.0 (high voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:VOLTage:AC:END? 1.2 50 66.6	

[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQency:STARt

Set → Query

Description	Set or query start frequency of 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:FREQency:STARt
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:FREQency:STARt?

Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>... <NR2>	Effective rang: 30.0 ~ 1000.0 (unit: Hz)
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:FREQency:STARt? 50.8 80.5 2.2	

[:SOURce]:LIST:FREQency:END

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query stop frequency of 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:FREQency:END
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:FREQency:END?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>... <NR2> Effective rang: 30.0 ~ 1000.0 (unit: Hz)
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:FREQency:END? 20.5 30.8 77.8

[:SOURce]:LIST:DEGRee

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query start phase angle of 10 individual sequences in LIST mode.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:DEGRee:END
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]LIST:DEGRee:END?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>... <NR2> Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 359.9
Example	[:SOURce:]LIST:DEGRee:END? 30.6 96.5 88.0 71

[:SOURce]:PULSe:VOLTage:AC

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query AC voltage of PULSE waveform.

Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:VOLTage:AC	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:VOLTage:AC?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>...	Effective rang:
	<NR2>	0.0 ~ 150.0 (low voltage range), 0.0 ~ 300.0 (high voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]PULSe:VOLTage:AC?	
	250.1	

[:SOURce]:PULSe:FREQency

Set / Query

Description	Set or query frequency of PULSE mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:FREQency	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSE:FREQency?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 30.0 ~ 1000.0 (unit: Hz)
Example	[:SOURce:]PULSe:FREQency?	
	50.0	

[:SOURce]:PULSe:SPHase

Set / Query

Description	Set or query start phase angle of PULSE mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:SPHase	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSE:SPHase?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0~ 359.9
Example	[:SOURce:]PULSe:SPHase?	
	60.0	

[:SOURce]:PULSe:COUNt

Set / Query

Description	Set or query how many times to execute PULSE voltage.

Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:COUNt	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSE:COUNt?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	Effective rang: 0 ~ 10000
Example	[:SOURce:]PULSe:COUNt? 500	

[:SOURce]:PULSe:DCYCle

Set → Query

Description	Set or query execution time of PULSE waveform, it must be no longer than total period in PULSE mode.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:DCYCle
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSE:DCYCle?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1> Effective rang: 1 ~ 59999 (unit: msec)
Example	[:SOURce:]PULSe:DCYCle? 300

[:SOURce]:PULSe:PERiod

Set → Query

Description	Set or query total period of PULSE mode
Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSe:PERiod
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]PULSE:PERiod?
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1> Effective rang: 2 ~ 60000 (unit: msec)
Example	[:SOURce:]PULSe:PERiod? 600

[:SOURce]:STEP:VOLTage:AC

Set → Query

Description	Set or query start voltage for STEP mode.

Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:VOLTage:AC	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:VOLTage:AC?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 150.0 (low voltage range), 0.0 ~ 300.0 (high voltage range)
Example	[:SOURce:]STEP:VOLTage:AC? 150.5	

[:SOURce]:STEP:DVOLTage:AC

Set / Query

Description	Set or query change of each step in STEP mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:DVOLtage:AC	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:DVOLtage:AC?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: -150.0 ~ 150.0(unit: Volt)
Example	[:SOURce:]STEP:DVOLTage:DC? 20.5	

[:SOURce]:STEP:FREQency

Set / Query

Description	Set or query start frequency for STEP mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:FREQency	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:FREQency?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 30.0 ~ 1000.0 (unit: Hz)
Example	[:SOURce:]STEP:FREQency? 80.5	

[:SOURce]:STEP:DFREQency

Set / Query

Description	Set or query frequency change of each step in STEP mode.

Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:DFREQency	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:DFREQency?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: -150.0 ~ 150.0(unit: Hz)
Example	[:SOURce:]STEP:DFREQency?	
	-10.5	

[:SOURce]:STEP:SPHase

Set / Query

Description	Set or query start phase angle at STEP mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:SPHase	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:SPHase?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 0.0~ 359.9
Example	[:SOURce:]STEP:SPHase?	
	80.5	

[:SOURce]:STEP:DWELl

Set / Query

Description	Set or query output duration time of each step in STEP mode.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:DWELl	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:DWELl?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR2>	Effective rang: 1 ~ 16000000 (unit: msec)
Example	STEP:SPHase?	
	1000.5	

[:SOURce]:STEP:COUNt

Set / Query

Description	Set or query how many steps to execute STEP mode.

Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:COUNt	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]STEP:COUNt?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	<NR1>	Effective rang: 0 ~ 10000
Example	[:SOURce:]STEP:COUNt? 500	

[:SOURce]:SYNThesis

Set / Query

Description	Set or query which synthesis waveform to use. There are DIS30 and DIS31 available.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis?	
Parameter/ Return parameter	DST30	
	DST31	
Example	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis? DST30	

[:SOURce]:SYNThesis:AMPLitude

Set / Query

Description	Set or query voltage amplitude for each order of harmonic waveforms. Maximum order is 39.	
Syntax	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis:AMPLitude	
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis:AMPLitude?	
	<NR2>...	Effective rang
	<NR2>	Order N=2~N=20, Gain limit 33.33%
		Order N=21~N=30, Gain limit 30.00%
		Order N=31~N=39, Gain limit 15.00%
	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis:AMPLitude? 20.55 33.10 2.55	

[:SOURce]:SYNThesis:PHASe

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query phase for each order of harmonic waveforms.
Syntax	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis:PHASe
Query Syntax	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis:PHASe?
	<NR2>... Effective rang: 0.0 ~ 359.9 <NR2>
	[:SOURce:]SYNThesis:PHASe? 100.5 20.8 60.5 77.8

Other Commands

:TRIG

Set / Query

Description	Set or query trigger status. Disabled when OUTPut:MODE = FIXE.
Syntax	:TRIG
Query Syntax	:TRIG?
Parameter	OFF
	ON
Return parameter	OFF
	RUNNING
Example	TRIG? TRIG ON

:NPHase

Set / Query

Description	Set the firmware output method. There are 2 settings: PARALLEL: parallel output; SERIES: series output
Syntax	:NPHase
Query Syntax	:NPHase?
Parameter/ Return parameter	SERIES
	PARALLEL

Example	:NPHase? :NPHase SERIES Query output mode set output as series mode
Note	It needs 800msec to make this command take effect, please reserve delay time to make sure operation normally.

:INSTrument:NSELect 1|2

Set → / → Query

Description	Set or query specific output phase for responding queries
Syntax	: INSTrument:NSELect
Query Syntax	:INSTrument:NSELect?
Parameter/ Return parameter	1
	2
Example	:INSTrument:NSELect? :INSTrument:NSELect 2 Query which phase is set for query. Query Φ2 status.

:VERion:DSP?

→ Query

Description	Query firmware version.
Syntax	:VERion:DSP?
Return Parameter	S00E02
Example	:VERion:DSP? S00E02

:VERion:LCM?

→ Query

Description	Query firmware version used for LCM.
Syntax	:VERion:LCM?

Return Parameter	S00E02
Example	:VERion:LCM? S00E02

:VERion:UI? → Query

Description	Query firmware version of UI.
Syntax	:VERion:UI?
Return Parameter	S00E02
Example	:VERion:UI? S00E02

:SYSTem:ERRor → Query

Description	Query error status. It must be used together with command "INSTrument: NSELect"
Syntax	:SYSTem: ERRor?
Return Parameter	Return NORMAL for no errors.
Example	:SYSTem:ERRor?

APPENDIX

Protection

The ASD-1600 provide software and hardware protections. The ASD-1600 will cut off output relay to turn off output and display protection status on screen when protection happens. To resume the output, following three errors can be released by long press any key. For other errors, turn off AC source, make correction for abnormal load or wrong AC mains voltage, and turn on AC source again to resume output.

- Software OCP
- D2A OCP Fault
- D2A OPP Fault

Errors	Status description
DSP initial Fault	Error occurs when DSP doing initialization
EEPROM Fault	When memory has errors
I2C ERROR Fault	Internal communication abnormal
Remote sense Fault	Voltage compensation exceeds max/min limitation
Software OCP	Output current is over limitation (I Limit)
Software OVP	Output voltage is over limitation (V Limit)
State Machine Fault	Software process abnormal

Protections by hardware

Errors	Status description
AUX PG Fault	AUX Power output abnormal
D2A IC Fault	Voltage/ current detection IC malfunction
D2A OCP Fault	Over current for D2D Board*
D2A OPP Fault	Over power for D2A Board
D2A OTP Fault	Over temperature for D2A Board
D2D OTP Fault	Over temperature for D2D Board
D2D PG Fault	Output abnormal for D2D Board

FAN Fault	Fan malfunction
Input OCP	Input current reaches trip point of built in no fuse breaker**
PFC AC Fault	AC mains voltage higher or lower than rating ranges
PFC OVP Fault	Over voltage for PFC Board
PFC OTP Fault	Over temperature for PFC Board
PFC PG Fault	Output abnormal for PFC Board

* D2A OCP ranges: When Voltage Level is 300V, OCP trigger point is 48A. It is 96A when voltage Level is set at 150V.

** ASD-1600 has one no fuse breaker at AC input side, its current rating is 20A. AC source will enter protection status when AC input current is over 20A.

Specifications

The operation specifications of ASD-1600 programmable AC Power Source are listed below. All specifications have been tested according to the standard of Delta test procedures. All specifications are based on resistor load with remote sense connection, under 25±2°C unless specified otherwise.

Input ratings (AC rms)		
Nominal input voltage		220Vac to 240 Vac (L-L) 3 φ 4 wire Δ connection 380 ~ 400 Vac (L-L) 3 φ 5 wire Y connection
Input voltage range		190 Vac to 250 Vac (L-L) 3 φ 4 Δ connection 329 ~ 433 Vac (L-L) 3 φ 5 Y connection
Phase		3 φ 4 wire, 3 φ 5 wire
Nominal input Frequency		50 Hz to 60 Hz
Input frequency range		47 Hz to 63 Hz
Max. power consumption		≤ 7500 VA
Power factor		> 0.8 full load (220Vac); > 0.3 full load (380Vac)
Max. input current		190Vac: 35A/Phase; 329Vac: 25A/Phase
AC mode output ratings (AC rms)		
Voltage	Setting Range	0.0V to 150.0V/ 0.0V to 300.0V (series) 0.0V to 300.0V/ 0.0V to 600.0V (parallel)
	Setting Resolution	0.1V
	Accuracy	±(0.2 % of setting + 0.3 V / 0.6 V) (parallel) ±(0.4 % of setting + 0.6 V / 1.2 V) (series)

Output phase		Single phase, Three-wire
Maximum current	150V	90A (150V)
	300V	30A (300V)
	600V	15A (600V)
Maximum peak current	150V	180A (30Hz~100Hz) 150A (>100Hz~1kHz)
	300V	90A (30Hz~100Hz) 75A (>100Hz~1kHz)
	600V	45A (30Hz~100Hz) 38A (>100Hz~1kHz)
Load power factor		0 to 1(leading phase or lagging phase)
Power capacity		6000 VA
Frequency	Setting range	AC Mode: 30.0 Hz to 1000.0 Hz,
	Setting resolution	0.1 Hz (30.0 to 1000.0 Hz)
	Accuracy	0.15%
Output on phase		0.0° to 359.9° variable (setting resolution 0.1°)
Output voltage stability		
Line regulation	0.1%	
Load regulation	0.2%(in series); 0.8% (in parallel)	
Output voltage waveform distortion ratio, Output voltage response time, Efficiency		
Output voltage waveform distortion ratio	≤ 1%	
Output voltage response time	100 us (TYP)	
Efficiency	80 % typ. At full load	
Measured value display		
Voltage	RMS, AVG value Resolution	0.1 V
	PEAK value Resolution	0.1 V
Current	RMS, AVG value Resolution	0.01 A
	PEAK value Resolution	0.01 A

Power	Active (W) Resolution	0.1W
	Apparent (VA) Resolution	0.1 VA
	Reactive (VAR) Resolution	0.1 VAR
Load power factor	Range	0.000 to 1.000
	Resolution	0.001
Load crest factor	Range	1.2 to 1.414
	Resolution	0.001
Harmonic voltage	Range	Up to 39th order of the fundamental wave
Others		
Protections	UVP, OCP, OPP, SCP, OTP, FAN FAIL	
Display	STN-LCD, 6 inch	
Memory Function	Store and recall settings, Basic settings: 4 (0~3 numeric keys)	
Arbitrary Wave Number of memories	30 (nonvolatile)	
General Specifications		
Interface	GPIB	IEEE 488.2 compliant interface
	RS-232C	Complies with the EIA-RS-232 specifications
	EXT Control	External Control I/O
Withstand voltage	Between input and chassis, output and chassis, input and output	2210 Vac, 1 minute
EMC	EN 61326-1	
	EN 61326-2-2	
	EN 61000-3-2 (Class D)	
	EN 61000-3-3	
	EN 61000-4-2/-4-3/-4-4/-4-5/-4-6/-4-8/-4-11 (Class A, Group 1)	
	EN 55011 (Class A, Group1)	
Safety	EN 61010-1	

Environment	Operating environment	Indoor use, Overvoltage Category II
	Operating temperature range	0 °C to 40 °C
	Storage temperature range	-40 °C to 60 °C
	Storage humidity range	90 % RH or less (no condensation)
	Altitude	Up to 2000 m
Dimensions (mm)		546(W) × 884.5(H) × 700(D)
Weight		105kg

Certificate Of Compliance

We

GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

declare that the CE marking mentioned product

satisfies all the technical relations application to the product within the scope of council:

Directive: EMC; LVD; WEEE; RoHS

The product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents:

◎ **EMC**	
EN 61326-1	Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use –- EMC requirements
Conducted & Radiated Emission EN 55011 / EN 55032	Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-4-4
Current Harmonics EN 61000-3-2 / EN 61000-3-12	Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5
Voltage Fluctuations EN 61000-3-3 / EN 61000-3-11	Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6
Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2	Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-8
Radiated Immunity EN 61000-4-3	Voltage Dip/ Interruption EN 61000-4-11 / EN 61000-4-34
◎ Safety	
EN 61010-1 :	Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use - Part 1: General requirements

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TTL Pin Assignment

9-PIN D-SUB female connector

Pin number	1	2	3	4
Signal	GND	Remote inhibit	GND	AC-ON

Pin number	5	6	7	8	9
Signal	---	GND	GND	FAULT-OUT	---

Remote Inhibit

- OFF: Disable remote inhibit output function.
- LIVE: AC source will turn off (turn on) output when TTL signal is low (high).
- TRIG: When TTL signal changed from HIGH → LOW, and keep at low status longer than 1ms, output will be turned off and stop detecting TTL signal. User must press **OUT** key to resume output and enable TTL detection.
- EXCITE: In operation of LIST, PULSE or STEP modes, when at triggering page (please refer to section **LIST Mode** until **STEP Mode** on page 65 for details), AC source output will be triggered on/off by positive edge TTL trigger signal (LOW → HIGH). Pulse signal must stay at high level at least 1ms.

AC-ON

HIGH (LOW) level when AC source output status is ON/OFF.

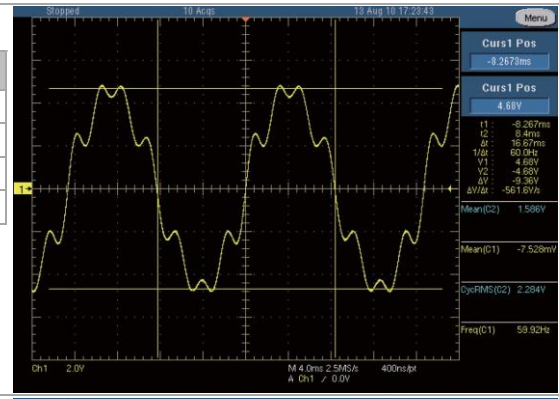
FAULT-OUT

LOW (HIGH) when AC source is in normal (protection status due to error)

Built In Waveforms

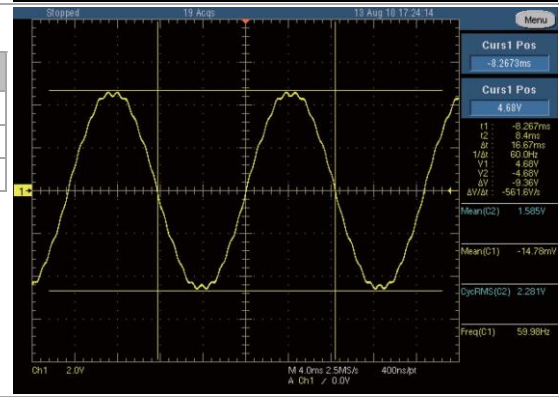
DST 0

Order	Gain	Phase
2	2.07	0.0
5	9.80	0.0
7	15.80	0.0
8	2.16	0.0



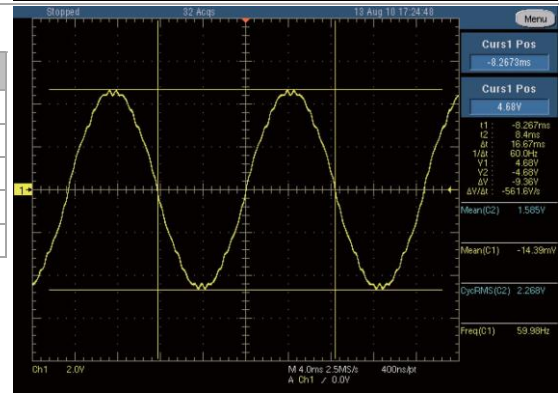
DST 1

Order	Gain	Phase
3	1.50	0.0
7	1.50	0.0
19	2.00	0.0



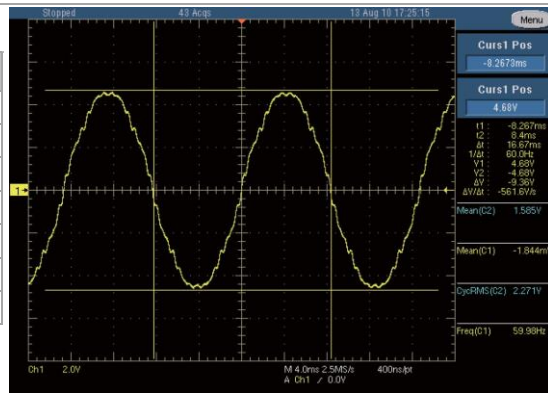
DST 2

Order	Gain	Phase
3	2.00	0.0
5	1.40	0.0
7	2.00	0.0
23	1.40	0.0
31	1.00	0.0



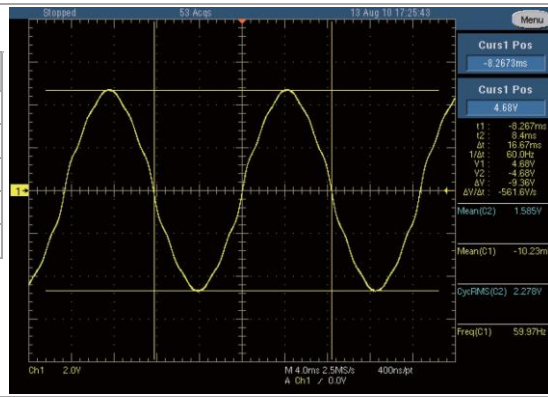
DST 3

Order	Gain	Phase
3	2.50	0.0
5	1.90	0.0
7	2.50	0.0
23	1.90	0.0
25	1.10	0.0
31	1.50	0.0
33	1.10	0.0



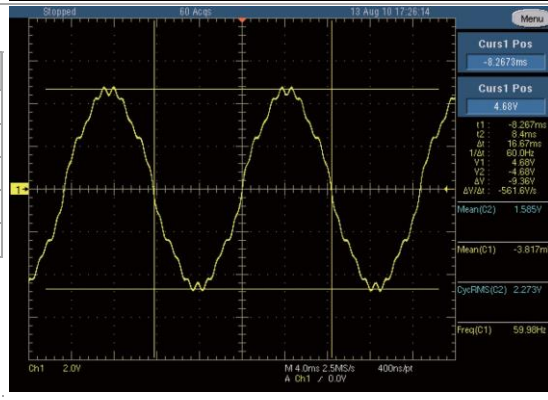
DST 4

Order	Gain	Phase
3	1.10	0.0
5	2.80	0.0
7	1.40	0.0
9	2.30	0.0
11	1.50	0.0



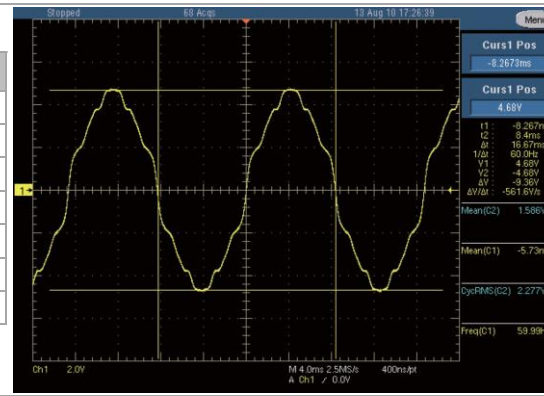
DST 5

Order	Gain	Phase
3	1.65	0.0
5	4.20	0.0
7	3.45	0.0
15	1.05	0.0
19	3.00	0.0



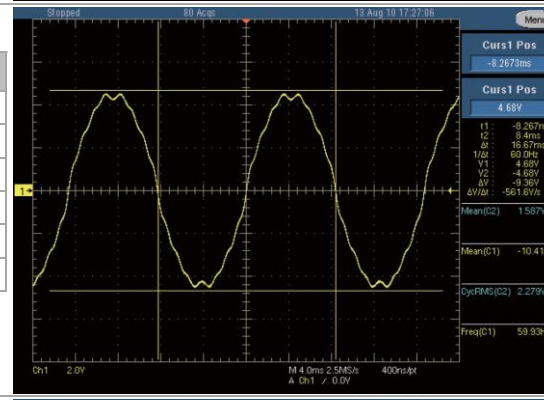
DST 6

Order	Gain	Phase
3	2.20	0.0
5	5.60	0.0
7	2.80	0.0
9	4.60	0.0
11	3.00	0.0
15	1.40	0.0
21	1.00	0.0



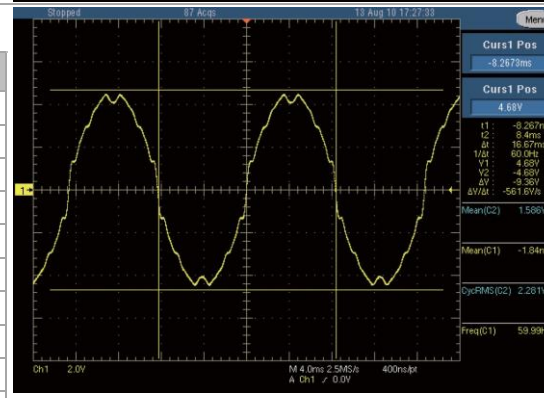
DST 7

Order	Gain	Phase
3	4.90	0.0
5	1.60	0.0
7	2.70	0.0
11	1.40	0.0
15	2.00	0.0
17	1.10	0.0



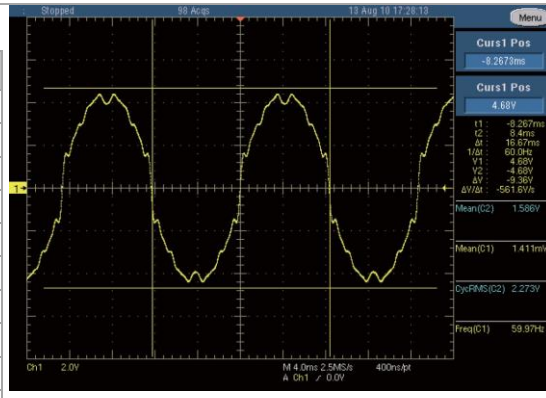
DST 8

Order	Gain	Phase
3	7.35	0.0
5	2.40	0.0
7	4.05	0.0
11	2.10	0.0
13	1.05	0.0
15	3.00	0.0
17	1.65	0.0
19	1.05	0.0
21	1.05	0.0
23	1.20	0.0
25	1.05	0.0



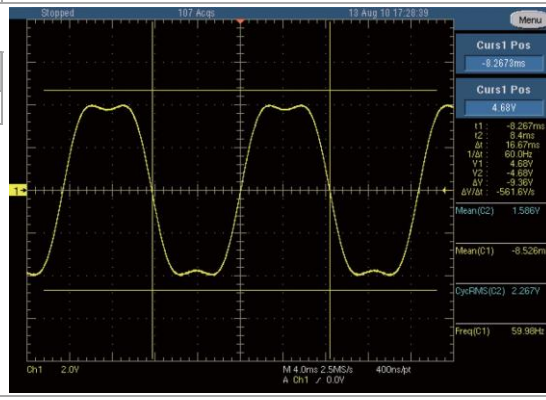
DST 9

Order	Gain	Phase
3	9.80	0.0
5	3.20	0.0
7	5.40	0.0
9	1.20	0.0
11	2.80	0.0
13	1.40	0.0
15	4.00	0.0
17	2.20	0.0
19	1.40	0.0
21	1.40	0.0
23	1.60	0.0
25	1.40	0.0



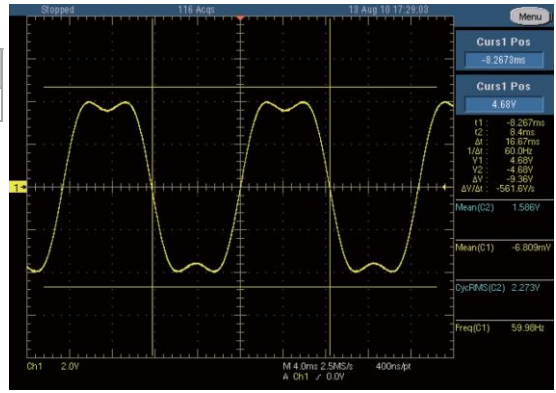
DST 10

Order	Gain	Phase
3	17.75	0.0



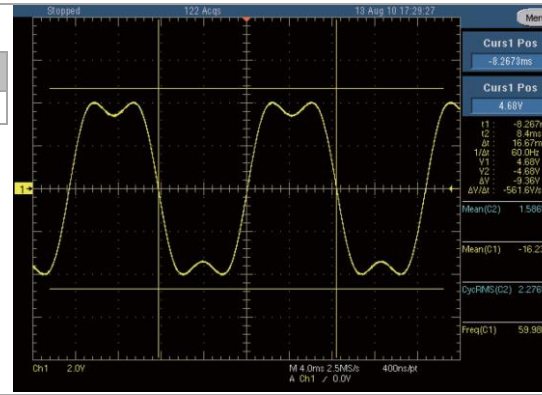
DST 11

Order	Gain	Phase
3	21.25	0.0



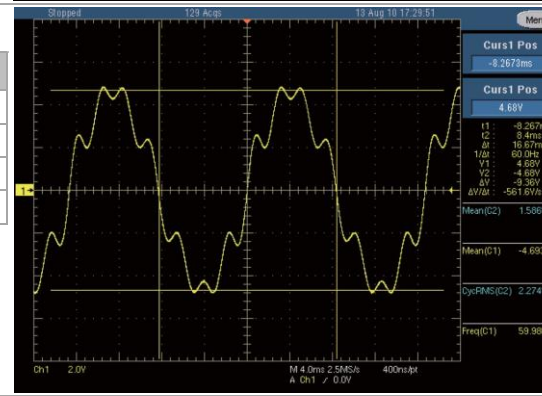
DST 12

Order	Gain	Phase
3	24.50	0.0



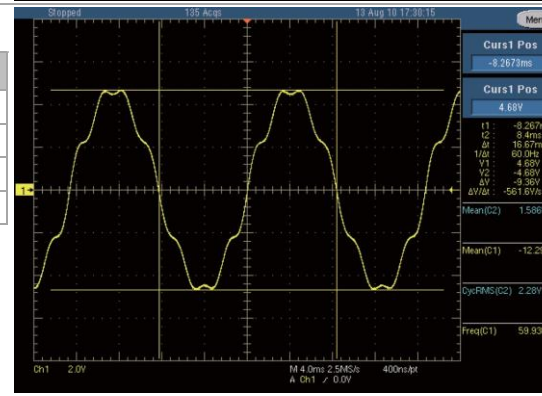
DST 13

Order	Gain	Phase
2	2.30	0.0
5	9.80	0.0
7	15.80	0.0
8	2.50	0.0



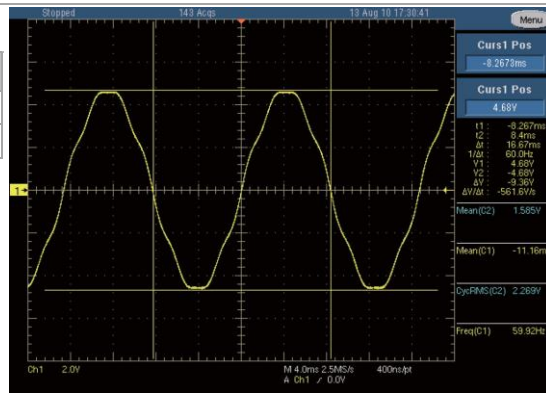
DST 14

Order	Gain	Phase
2	1.15	0.0
5	4.90	0.0
7	7.90	0.0
8	1.25	0.0



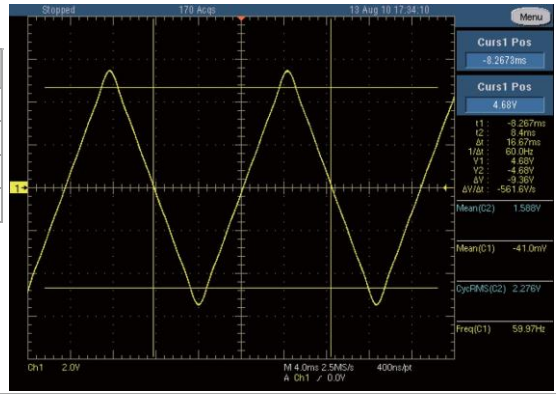
DST 15

Order	Gain	Phase
5	1.15	0.0
7	4.90	0.0



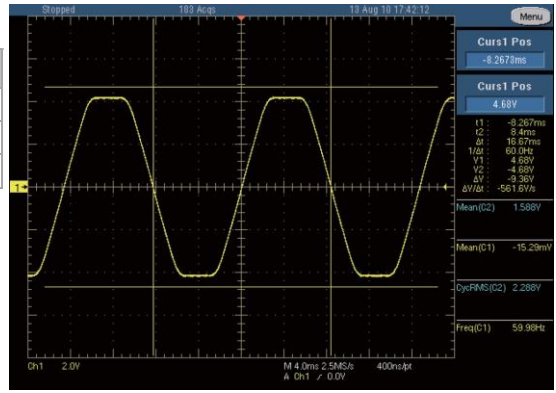
DST 16

Order	Gain	Phase
3	11.00	180.0
5	4.05	0.0
7	2.00	180.0
9	1.30	0.0



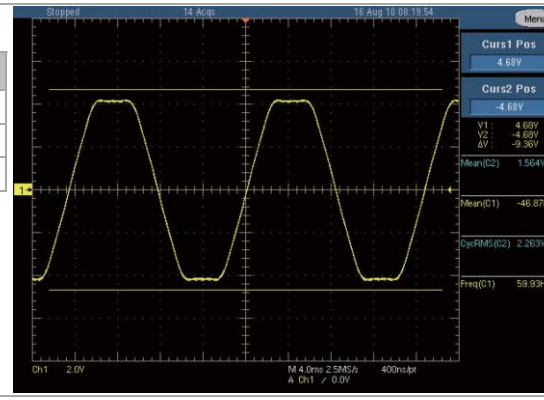
DST 17

Order	Gain	Phase
3	7.17	0.0
5	3.42	180.0
9	0.80	0.0



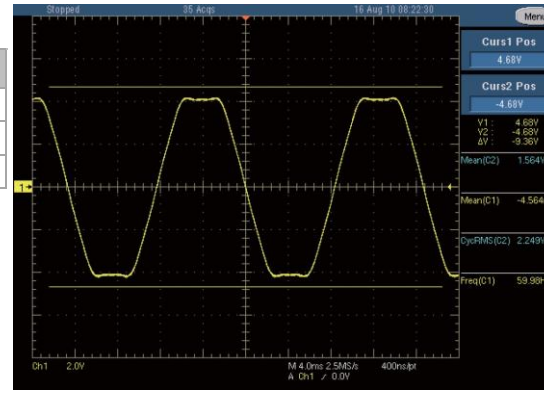
DST 18

Order	Gain	Phase
3	8.11	0.0
5	3.48	180.0
9	1.00	0.0



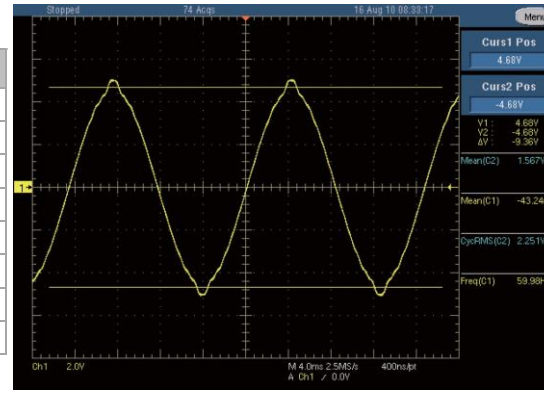
DST 19

Order	Gain	Phase
3	9.38	0.0
5	3.44	180.0
9	1.15	0.0



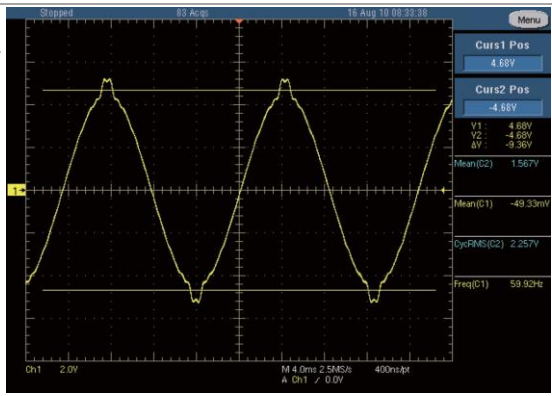
DST 20

Order	Gain	Phase
3	2.06	180.0
5	1.77	0.0
7	1.62	180.0
9	1.23	0.0
11	0.91	180.0
13	0.54	0.0
23	0.51	0.0
25	0.53	180.0



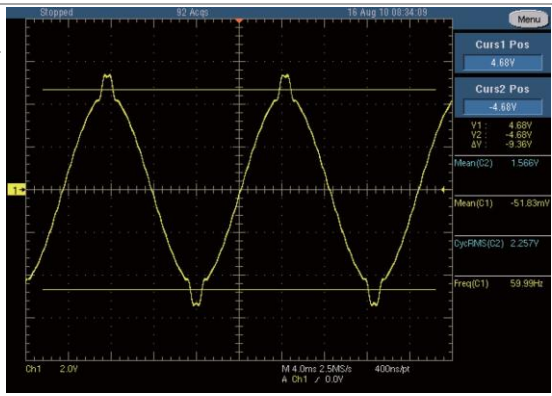
DST 21

Order	Gain	Phase
3	3.08	180.0
5	2.72	0.0
7	2.43	180.0
9	1.97	0.0
11	1.41	180.0
13	0.86	0.0
21	0.62	180.0
23	0.73	0.0
25	0.77	180.0
27	0.69	0.0
29	0.56	180.0



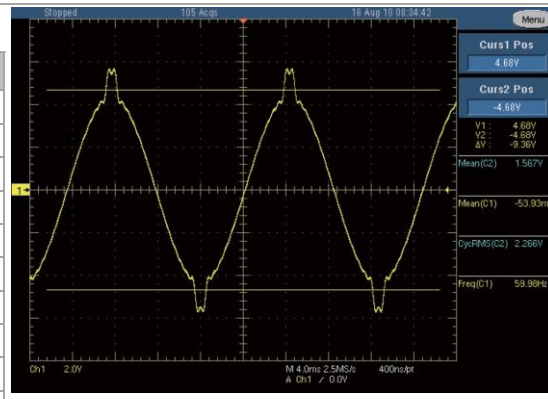
DST 22

Order	Gain	Phase
2	0.13	180.0
3	4.28	180.0
5	3.77	0.0
7	3.27	180.0
9	2.57	0.0
11	1.93	180.0
13	1.22	0.0
15	0.55	180.0
19	0.46	0.0
21	0.83	180.0
23	0.97	0.0
25	1.04	180.0
29	0.75	180.0



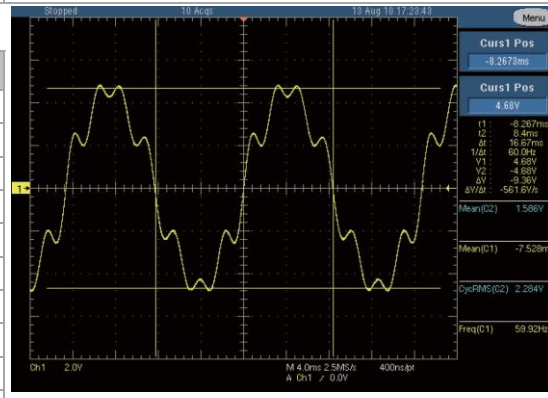
DST 23

Order	Gain	Phase
3	5.74	180.0
5	5.11	0.0
7	4.44	180.0
9	3.52	0.0
11	2.63	180.0
13	1.65	0.0
15	0.8	180.0
19	0.61	0.0
21	1.07	180.0
23	1.28	0.0
25	1.35	180.0
27	1.22	0.0
29	0.98	180.0



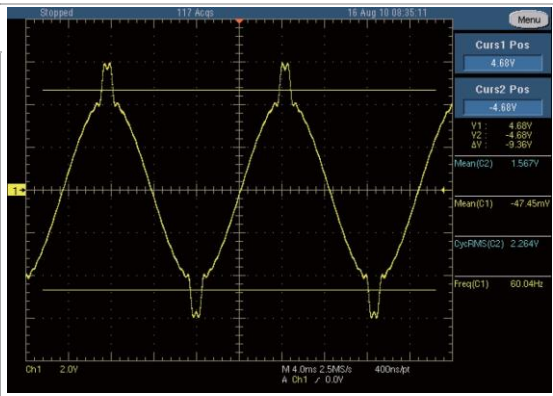
DST 24

Order	Gain	Phase
3	7.35	180.0
5	6.60	0.0
7	5.74	180.0
9	4.57	0.0
11	3.41	180.0
13	2.16	0.0
15	1.04	180.0
19	0.74	0.0
21	1.35	180.0
23	1.64	0.0
25	1.73	180.0
27	1.56	0.0
29	1.24	180.0



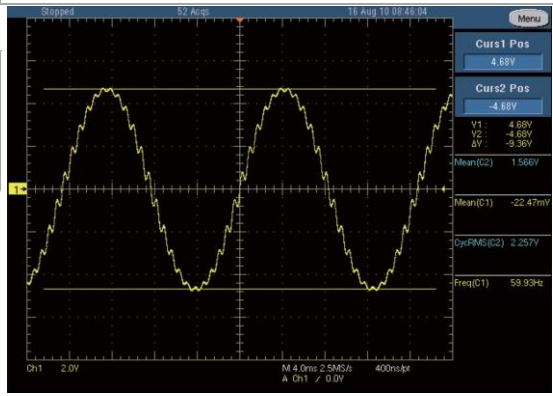
DST 25

Order	Gain	Phase
5	3.41	0.0
7	2.55	0.0
11	9.22	0.0
13	7.68	0.0
17	0.90	0.0
19	0.90	0.0
23	3.88	0.0
25	3.56	0.0
31	0.50	0.0
35	2.34	0.0
37	2.21	0.0



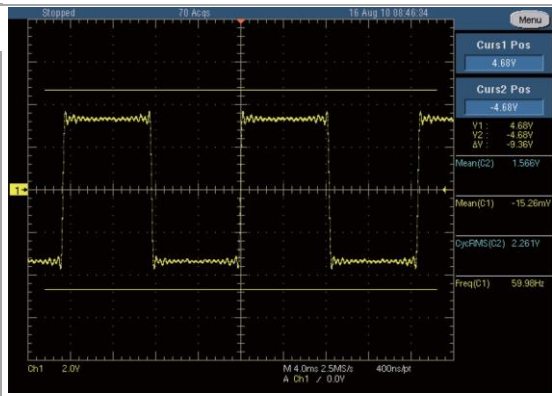
DST 26

Order	Gain	Phase
21	1.38	0.0
23	5.39	0.0
25	2.29	0.0



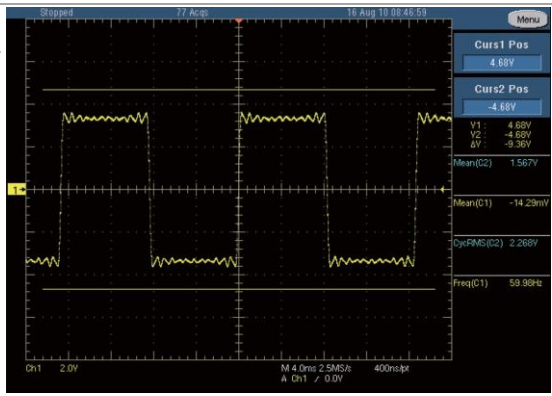
DST 27

Order	Gain	Phase
3	33.33	0.0
5	20.00	0.0
7	13.80	0.0
9	10.80	0.0
11	8.50	0.0
13	7.20	0.0
15	6.00	0.0
17	5.00	0.0
19	5.00	0.0
21	4.50	0.0
23	4.00	0.0
25	3.50	0.0
27	2.95	0.0
29	2.50	0.0
31	2.00	0.0
33	2.00	0.0
35	2.00	0.0
37	2.00	0.0
39	2.00	0.0



DST 28

Order	Gain	Phase
3	33.33	0.0
5	20.00	0.0
7	13.80	0.0
9	10.80	0.0
11	8.50	0.0
13	7.20	0.0
15	6.00	0.0
17	5.00	0.0
19	5.00	0.0
21	4.50	0.0
23	4.00	0.0
25	1.00	0.0
27	1.00	0.0
29	1.00	0.0
31	1.00	0.0
33	1.00	0.0
35	1.00	0.0
37	1.00	0.0
39	1.00	0.0



DST 29

Order	Gain	Phase
3	33.33	0.0
5	20.00	0.0
7	13.80	0.0
9	10.80	0.0
11	8.50	0.0
13	7.20	0.0
15	5.50	0.0