34000E Series
High power
Electronic Load
Operation manual

S/N:90034000E2 REV:D

SAFETY SUMMARY

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. PRODIGIT assumes no liability for the *customer's failure to comply with these requirements.*

GENERAL

This product is a Safety Class 1 instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal). The protective features of this product may be impaired if it is used in a manner not specified in the operation instructions.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

This instrument is intended for indoor use in an installation category I, pollution degree 2 environments. It is designed to operate at a maximum relative humidity of 80% and at altitudes of up to 2000 meters. Refer to the specifications tables for the ac mains voltage requirements and ambient operating temperature range.

BEFORE APPLYING POWER

Verify that the product is set to match the available line voltage and the correct fuse is installed.

GROUND THE INSTRUMENT

This product is a Safety Class 1 instrument (provided with a protective earth terminal). To minimize shock hazard, the instrument chassis and cabinet must be connected to an electrical ground. The instrument must be connected to the ac power supply mains through a three conductor power cable, with the third wire firmly connected to an electrical ground (safety ground) at the power outlet. Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor or disconnection of the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury.

FUSES

Only fuses with the required rated current, voltage, and specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) should be used. Do not use repaired Fuses or short circuited fuse holder. To do so could cause a shock or fire hazard.

DO NOT OPERATE IN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE.

Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable gases or fumes.

KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS.

Operating personnel must not remove instrument covers. Component replacement and internal adjustments must be made by qualified service personnel. Do not replace components with power cable connected. Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the power cable removed. To avoid injuries, always disconnect power, discharge circuits and remove external voltage sources before touching components.

DO NOT SERVICE OR ADJUST ALONE.

Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

DO NOT EXCEED INPUT RATINGS.

This instrument may be equipped with a line filter to reduce electromagnetic interference and must be connected to a properly grounded receptacle to minimize electric shock hazard. Operation at line voltages or frequencies in excess of those stated on the data plate may cause leakage currents in excess of 5.0 mA peak.

DO NOT SUBSTITUTE PARTS OR MODIFY INSTRUMENT.

Because of the danger of introducing additional hazards, do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the instrument. Return the instrument to a PRODIGIT ELECTRONICS Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure that safety features are maintained.

Instruments which appear damaged or defective should be made inoperative and secured against unintended operation until they can be repaired by qualified service personnel.

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We **Prodigit Electronics Co., Ltd.** declares under our own responsibility that the product

DC Electronic Load

(Model No.:

34305E, 34310E, 34315E, 34320E, 34325E, 34330E, 34335E, 34340E)

satisfies all the technical relations application to the product within the scope of council:

Directive: 2014/30/EU; 2014/35/EU; 2015/863/EU; 2012/19/EU

The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents

Harmonized Standard：

EN 61010-1: 2010+A1:2019

EN IEC 61010-2-030:2021+A11:2021

EN 61326-1:2013

EN 61326-2-1:2013

Reference Basic Standards：

Emission:

EN 55011: 2016+A1: 2020 Class A

EN 55032: 2015+A1:2020

EN 61000-3-2: 2014

EN 61000-3-3: 2013

Immunity:

EN 61000-4-2: 2009

EN 61000-4-3: 2006+A2:2010

EN 61000-4-4: 2012

EN 61000-4-5: 2014+A1:2017

EN 61000-4-6: 2014

EN 61000-4-8: 2010

EN 61000-4-11: 2020

Company Name : Prodigit Electronics Co., Ltd.

Company Address : 8F, No.88, Baojhong Rd., Sindian District, New Taipei City, Taiwan.

Person is responsible for marking this declaration:

Manufacturer/Importer

Signature:

Date: **2022/10/20** Name:

Dean Wang

Dean Wang
R&D Assistant Manager

UK Declaration of Conformity

We Prodigit Electronics Co., Ltd. declares under our own responsibility that the product

DC Electronic Load

(Model No.:

34305E, 34310E, 34315E, 34320E, 34325E, 34330E, 34335E, 34340E)

satisfies all the technical relations application to the product within the scope of council:

Directive: **Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016; Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016; the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012**

The above product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents

Harmonized Standard：

BS EN 61010-1:2010+A1:2019 ;BS EN IEC 61010-2-030:2021+A11:2021

BS EN 61326-1: 2013 ; BS EN 61326-2-1: 2013

Reference Basic Standards：

Emission:		**Immunity:**
BS EN 55011: 2016+A1: 2020	Class A	BS EN 61000-4-2: 2009
BS EN 55032: 2015+A1:2020		BS EN 61000-4-3: 2006+A2:2010
BS EN 61000-3-2: 2014		BS EN 61000-4-4: 2012
BS EN 61000-3-3: 2013		BS EN 61000-4-5: 2014+A1:2017
		BS EN 61000-4-6: 2014
		BS EN 61000-4-8: 2010
		BS EN 61000-4-11: 2020

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Person is responsible for marking this declaration:

Manufacturer/Importer

Signature:

Date: **2022/10/20** Name:

Dean Wang

Dean Wang
R&D Assistant Manager

SAFETY SYMBOLS

Direct current (DC)

Alternating current (AC)

Both direct and alternating

Three-phase alternating current

Protective earth (ground)

On (Supply)

Off (Supply)

Fuse

Caution ! Refer to this manual before using the meter.

Caution, risk of electric shock

CAT IV – Is for measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation.

CAT III – Is for measurements performed in the building installation.

CAT II – Is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low-voltage installation.

CAT I – Is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to Mains.

34000E Series DC load operation manual
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Chapter 1 Introduction

1-1 General description

The 34000E series Electronic Load is designed to test, evaluation and burn-in of DC power supplies and batteries.

The 34000E series electronic load can be operated for manual and GPIB operation. The power contour of 34000E series Electronic Load is shown in Fig 1-1.1~1-1.8.
The PRODIGIT 34000E series high power electronic Load can be controlled locally at the front panel or remotely via computer over the GPIB/RS232/USB/LAN. Constant Current (CC) mode, Constant Resistance (CR) mode, and Constant Voltage (CV) mode. and Constant Power (CP) mode. The wide range dynamic load with independent rise and fall current slew rate and analog programming input with arbitrary wave-form input is available in Constant Current mode.

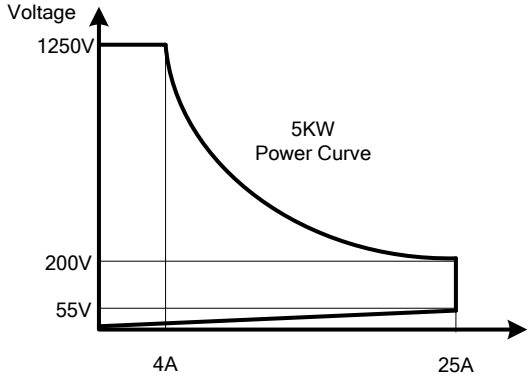


Fig 1-1.1 34305E power contour

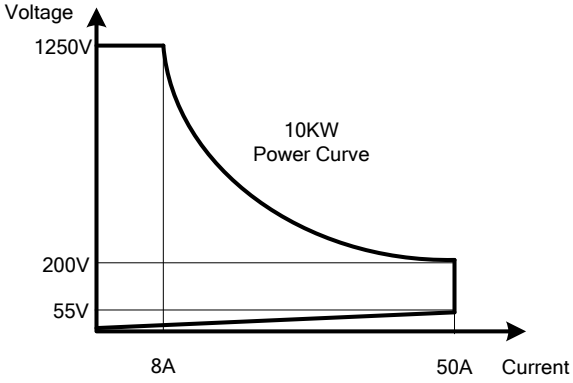


Fig 1-1.2 34310E power contour

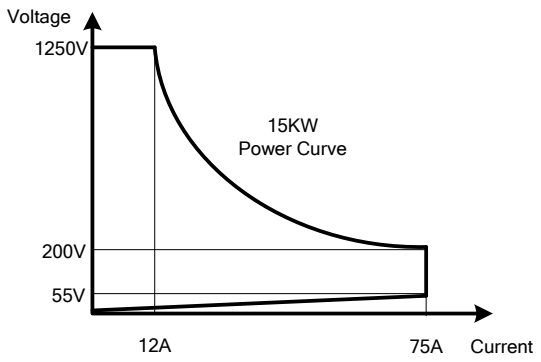


Fig 1-1.3 34315E power contour

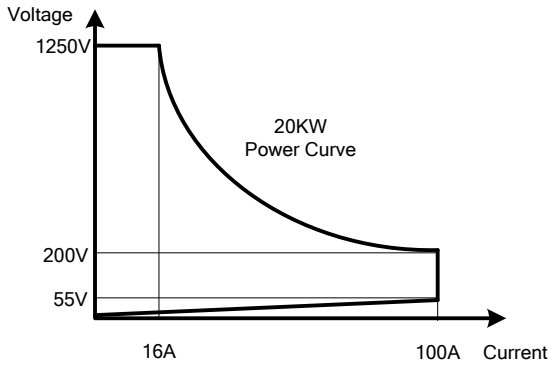


Fig 1-1.4 34320E power contour

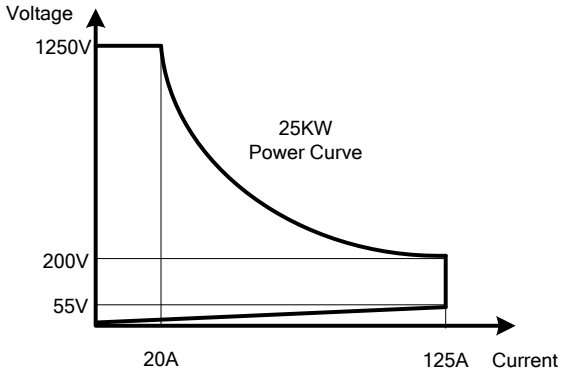


Fig 1-1.5 34325E power contour

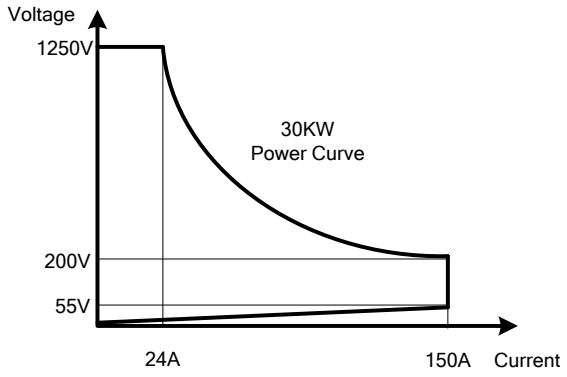


Fig 1-1.6 34330E power contour

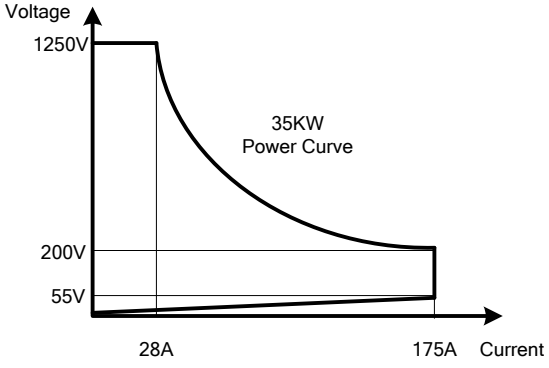


Fig 1-1.7 34335E power contour

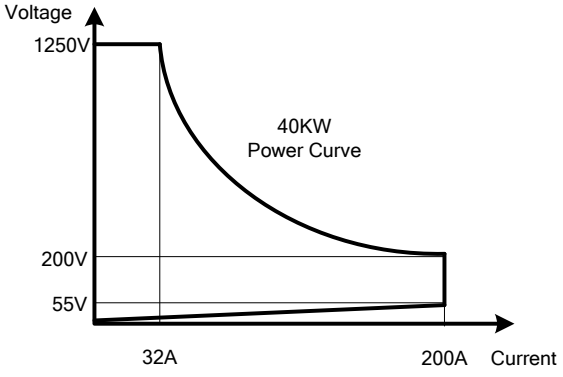


Fig 1-1.8 34340E power contour

1.1.1. CC Mode

With the operating mode of Constant Current, the 34000E series electronic load will sink a current in accordance with the programmed value regardless of the input voltage (see Fig.1-2).

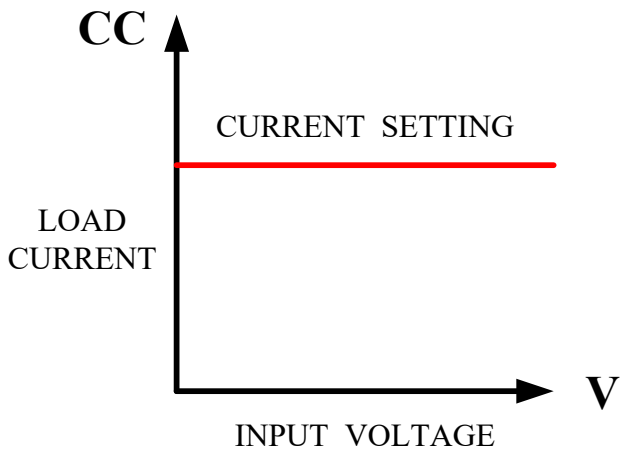


Fig 1-2 Constant Current mode

1.1.2. CR Mode:

At Constant Resistance mode, the 34000E series Electronic Load will sink a current linearly proportional to the load input voltage in accordance with the programmed resistance setting (see Fig 1-3).

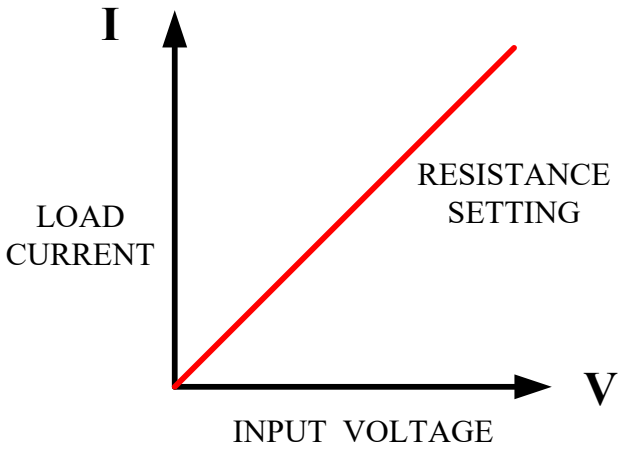


Fig 1-3 Constant Resistance mode

1.1.3. CV Mode:

At Constant Voltage mode, the 34000E series Electronic Load will attempt to sink enough current until the load input voltage reaches the programmed value (see Fig 1-4).

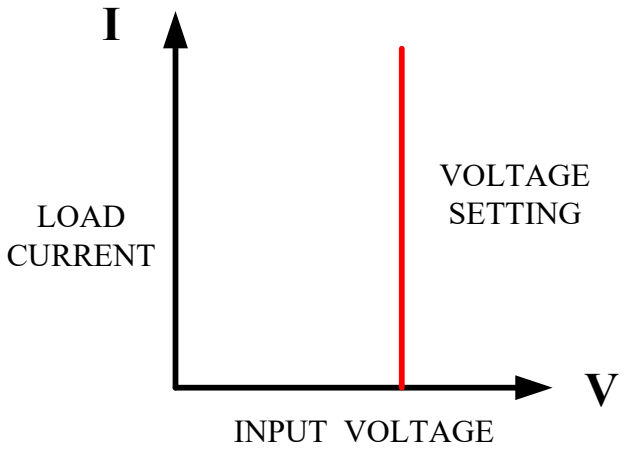


Fig 1-4 Constant Voltage mode

1.1.4. CP Mode:

At Constant Power mode, the 34000E series Electronic Load will attempt to sink load power (load voltage * load current) in accordance with the programmed power. (see Fig 1-5).

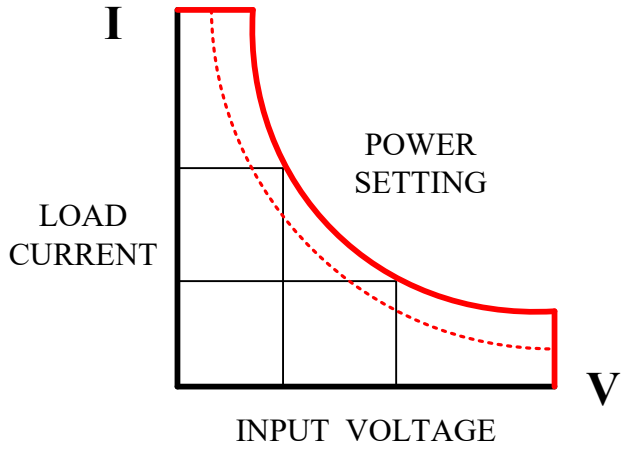


Fig 1-5 Constant Power mode

1.1.5. Dynamic Waveform Definition

Along with static operation the 34000E Series Electronic Load are built with a Dynamic mode for operation in Constant Current (CC), Constant Resistance (CR) or Constant Power (CP). This allows the test engineer to simulate real world pulsing loads or implement a load profile that varies with time.

A dynamic waveform can be programmed from the front panel of the 34000E Electronic Load. The user would first set a High and low value of load current using the Level button. The Dynamic Setting then allows for the rise and fall time between these 2 current values to be adjusted. The time period that the waveform is high (Thigh) along with the time period that the waveform is low (Tlow) can also be set.

The dynamic waveform is illustrated below in Fig 1-6.

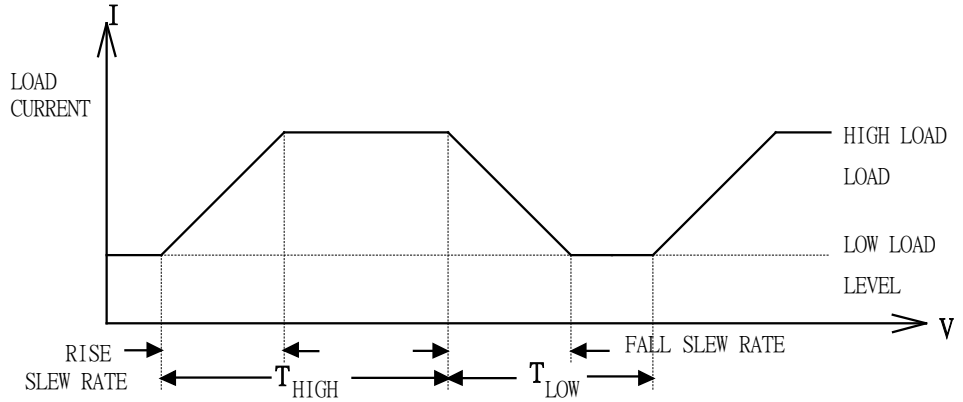


Fig 1-6 Dynamic Wave form

The dynamic waveform can also be set up via the optional computer interface. Dynamic waveform settings made from the front panel of the load module can also be saved in the memory of the 34000E series Electronic Load. For the store/recall procedure and the computer command set please refer to the relevant operating manual for the 34000E series Electronic Load. Further dynamic waveform definitions are:

- The period of dynamic waveform is Thigh + Tlow
- The dynamic frequency = 1 /(Thigh + Tlow)
- The duty cycle = Thigh / (Thigh + Tlow)

Example1:
343XXE Series, Dynamic up to 50 KHz frequency
Dynamic highest frequency 50 KHz = 0.02ms=20us
Setting THIGH=10 uS, TLOW=10uS, THIGH+TLOW=20uS
CCH-CCL/SR≦10uS
Setting CCH=30A, CCL=10A
(30-10)/2.5A/uS≦10 uS
8 uS≦10 uS ,Compliance with frequency 50KHz

Example2:
Setting THIGH=10 uS, TLOW=10uS, THIGH+TLOW=20uS
CCH-CCL/SR≦10uS
Setting CCH=50A, CCL=0A
(50-0)/2.5A/uS=20uS, 20uS>10uS, It's not compliance the frequency 50 KHz

The analogue programming input also provides a convenient method of implementing a dynamic waveform. Please see the section 3.1.26 titled ‘Analog Programming Input’ for further information.

1.1.6. Slew Rate

Slew rate is defined as the change in current or voltage over time. A programmable slew rate allows for a controlled transition from one load setting to another. It can be used to minimize induced voltage drops on inductive power wiring, or to control induced transients on a test device (such as would occur during power supply transient response testing).
In cases where the transition from one setting to another is large, the actual transition time can be calculated by dividing the voltage or current transition by the slew rate. The actual transition time is defined as the time required for the input to change from 10% to 90% or from 90% to 10% of the programmed excursion.

In cases where the transition from one setting to another is small, the small signal bandwidth (of the load) limits the minimum transition time for all programmable slew rates. Because of this limitation, the actual transition time is longer than the expected time based on the slew rate, as shown in Figure 1-7

Note： 34300E minimum transition time is 20μS.

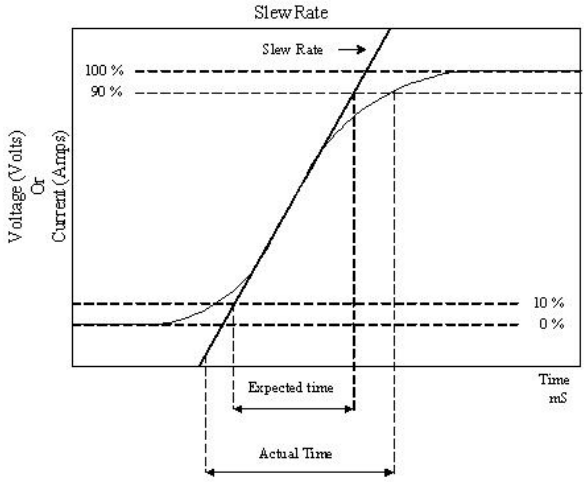


Fig 1-7 Rise Time Transition Limitation

Therefore, both minimum transition time and slew rate must be considered when determining the actual transition time.
Following detail description is excluding in specification sheet.
The minimum transition time for a given slew rate as about a 30% or greater load change, The slew rate increases from the minimum transition time to the Maximum transition time at a 100% load change. The actual transition time will be either the minimum transition time, or the total slew time (transition divided by slew rate), whichever is longer.
Note: 50 KHz limit , CCH-CCL/SR≦10us
EX: 34310E 1250V/50A/10000W (CCH - CCL >50Ax 30%)

Use the following formula to calculate the minimum transition time for a given slew rate
Min transition time=96A/slew rate (in amps/second).
6uS (15A/2.5) x 0.8(10%~90%) =4.8uS

Use the following formula to calculate the maximum transition time for a given slew rate
Max transition time=320/slew rate (in amps/second).
20uS (50A/2.5) x 0.8(10~90%) = 16uS

EX. CCH=10A, CCL=0A Slew Rate =2.5A, the expected time is 4uS but the actual Transition Time will be limited to 4.8uS
4uS (10/2.5 x 0.8(10%~90%) = 3.2uS

1-2 Features

The main features of the 34000E series of load are highlighted below.

- CC, CR, CV, CP, Dynamic, and Short Operating Mode.
- Remote control via a choice of computer interfaces.
- High accuracy & resolution with 16 bit voltage and current meter.
- Built in pulse generators for dynamic loading.
- Independently adjustable current rise and fall times.
- Short circuit test with current measurement
- Dedicated over current and overpower protection test functions
- Programmable voltage sense capability.
- Full protection from overpower, over-temperature, overvoltage.
- Analogue programming input for tracking an external signal
- Current Monitor with BNC (non-isolated) socket.
- Digital Calibration
- Advance Fan speed control
- Ability to save load set-ups via the mainframe memory (150 store/recall locations)
- Auto sequence function allowing test routines to be set from the mainframe

1-3 Standard Accessories

a 34000E Series operation manual.....1PCs
b BANANA PLUGS..... ....2PCs
c BNC – BNC CABLE..... ...1PCs
d HD-DSUB 15PIN Parallel wire 1PCs
e Hex Head Cap Screw M8*1.25 L=35mm NI..... .....4PCs
f Round Head Phillips Screw M8*1.25 L=35mm NI.....4PCs
g NUT M8X1.25 NI.....4PCs
h WASHER INSIDE DIA-8.5 OUTSIDE.....8PCs
I Power Cord.....1PC

1-4 Option

1.4.1. GPIB+RS232 interface
1.4.2. RS232 interface
1.4.3. GPIB interface
1.4.4. USB interface + USB DRIVER CD
1.4.5. LAN interface + LAN DRIVER CD
1.4.6. GPIB cable 1 M
1.4.7. GPIB cable 2 M
1.4.8. USB TYPE A TO TYPE B cable 1.8 M.

1-5 Specifications(1)

AC INPUT	LINE	100Vac~230Vac ± 10%
	FREQUENCY	50/60 Hz ± 3Hz
	PROTECT	BREAKER
	MAX.POWER CONSUMPTION	34X05E 600VA 34X10E 1000VA 34X15E 1450VA 34X20E 1900VA

AC INPUT	LINE	200Vac~230Vac ± 10%
	FREQUENCY	50/60 Hz ± 3Hz
	PROTECT	BREAKER
	MAX.POWER CONSUMPTION	34X25E 2350VA 34X30E 2800VA 34X35E 3250VA 34X40E 3700VA

Model	Dimension(HxWxD)	WEIGHT
34X05E	577 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	100Kg
34X10E	577 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	130Kg
34X15E	736 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	170Kg
34X20E	889 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	220Kg
34X25E	1048 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	280Kg
34X30E	1201 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	340Kg
34X35E	1360 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	390Kg
34X40E	1513 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	430Kg

Table 1-1 34000E Series Specifications

1-6 Specifications (2)

Model	34305E		34310E		34315E	
Power	5KW	5KW	10KW	10KW	15KW	15KW
Current	0 ~ 2.5A	0 ~ 25A	0 ~ 5A	0 ~ 50A	0 ~ 7.5A	0 ~ 75A
Voltage	0 ~ 1250V		0 ~ 1250V		0 ~ 1250V	
Protections						
Over Power Protection(OPP)	105%		105%		105%	
Over Current Protection(OCP)	104%		104%		104%	
Over Voltage Protection(OVP)	104%		104%		104%	
Over Temp Protection(OTP)	YES		YES		YES	
Constant Current Mode						
Range *1	2.5A	25A	5A	50A	7.5A	75A
Resolution	0.04mA	0.4mA	0.08mA	0.8mA	0.12mA	1.2mA
Accuracy *2	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Resistance Mode						
Range	60000Ω ~ 50Ω	50Ω ~ 2.502Ω	30000Ω ~ 25Ω	25Ω ~ 1.251Ω	20004Ω ~ 16.67Ω	16.67Ω ~ 0.834Ω
Resolution	0.3334uS	0.834mΩ	0.6667uS	0.417mΩ	0.9998uS	0.278mΩ
Accuracy	± 0.2% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Voltage Mode						
Range	1250V		1250V		1250V	
Resolution	20mV		20mV		20mV	
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Power Mode						
Range	500W	5000W	1000W	10000W	1500W	15000W
Resolution	8mW	80mW	16mW	160mW	24mW	240mW
Accuracy *3	± 0.1% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Voltage + Current Limit Mode						
Range	1250V	25A	1250V	50A	1250V	75A
Resolution	20mV	0.4mA	20mV	0.8mA	20mV	1.2mA
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)
Constant Voltage + Power Limit Mode						
Range	1250V	5000W	1250V	10000W	1250V	15000W
Resolution	20mV	80mW	20mV	160mW	20mV	240mW
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)
MPPT Mode						
Algorithm	P&O					
Load mode	CV					
P&O interval	1000ms~60000ms ; resolution 1s					

Dynamic Mode						
Timing						
Thigh & Tlow	0.010~9.999 / 99.99 / 999.9 / 9999mS					
Resolution	0.001 / 0.01 / 0.1 / 1mS					
Accuracy	1uS/10uS/100uS/1mS + 50ppm					
Slew rate	0.002A~0.125A/uS	0.02A~1.25A/uS	0.004A~0.25A/uS	0.04A~2.5A/uS	0.006A~0.375A/uS	0.06A~3.75A/uS
Resolution	0.0005A/uS	0.005A/uS	0.001A/uS	0.01A/uS	0.0015A/uS	0.015A/uS
Min. Rise Time	20uS(typical)					
Accuracy	± (5% of Setting) ±10us					
Current						
Range	0~2.5A	2.5~25A	0~5A	5~50A	0~7.5A	7.5~75A
Resolution	0.04mA	0.4mA	0.08mA	0.8mA	0.12mA	1.2mA
Measurement						
Voltage Read Back						
Range (5 Digital)	0~125V	125~1250V	0~125V	125~1250V	0~125V	125~1250V
Resolution	2mV	20mV	2mV	20mV	2mV	20mV
Accuracy	± 0.025% of (Reading + Range)					
Current Read Back						
Range (5 Digital)	0~2.5A	2.5~25A	0~5A	5~50A	0~7.5A	7.5~75A
Resolution	0.04mA	0.4mA	0.08mA	0.8mA	0.12mA	1.2mA
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Reading + Range)					
Power Read Back						
Range (5 Digital)	500W	5000W	1000W	10000W	1500W	15000W
Resolution	0.1W	1W	0.1W	1W	0.1W	1W
Accuracy *4	± 0.06% of (Reading + Range)					
General						
Short Circuit						
Current	25A		50A		75A	
Load ON Voltage	1.0 ~ 250V		1.0 ~ 250V		1.0 ~ 250V	
Load OFF Voltage	0 ~ 250V		0 ~ 250V		0 ~ 250V	
Power Consumption	600Wmax		1000Wmax		1450Wmax	
Dimension(HxWxD)	573 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm		573 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm		728 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	
Weight	100 Kg		130 Kg		170 Kg	
Operating range						
Temperature *5	0~40℃					
Safety & EMC	CE					
AC INPUT						
LINE	100Vac~230Vac ± 10%					
PROTECT	BREAKER					
MAX. POWER CONSUMPTION	600VA		1000VA		1450VA	
FREQUENCY	50/60 Hz ± 3Hz					

Model	34320E		34325E		34330E	
Power	20KW	20KW	25KW	25KW	30KW	30KW
Current	0 ~ 10A	0 ~ 100A	0 ~ 12.5A	0 ~ 125A	0 ~ 15A	0 ~ 150A
Voltage	0 ~ 1250V		0 ~ 1250V		0 ~ 1250V	
Protections						
Over Power Protection(OPP)	105%		105%		105%	
Over Current Protection(OCP)	104%		104%		104%	
Over Voltage Protection(OVP)	104%		104%		104%	
Over Temp Protection(OTP)	YES		YES		YES	
Constant Current Mode						
Range *1	10A	100A	12.5A	125A	15A	150A
Resolution	0.16mA	1.6mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.24mA	2.4mA
Accuracy *2	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Resistance Mode						
Range	15000Ω ~ 12.5Ω	12.5Ω ~ 0.627Ω	12000Ω ~ 10Ω	10Ω ~ 0.501Ω	9996Ω ~ 8.33Ω	8.33Ω ~ 0.417Ω
Resolution	1.3333uS	0.209mΩ	1.6667uS	0.167mΩ	2.0008uS	0.139mΩ
Accuracy	± 0.2% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Voltage Mode						
Range	1250V		1250V		1250V	
Resolution	20mV		20mV		20mV	
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Power Mode						
Range	2000W	20000W	2500W	25000W	3000W	30000W
Resolution	32mW	320mW	40mW	400mW	48mW	480mW
Accuracy *3	± 0.1% of (Setting + Range)					
Constant Voltage + Current Limit Mode						
Range	1250V	100A	1250V	125A	1250V	150A
Resolution	20mV	1.6mA	20mV	2mA	20mV	2.4mA
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)
Constant Voltage + Power Limit Mode						
Range	1250V	20000W	1250V	25000W	1250V	30000W
Resolution	20mV	320mW	20mV	400mW	20mV	480mW
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)
MPPT Mode						
Algorithm	P&O					
Load mode	CV					
P&O interval	1000ms~60000ms ; resolution 1s					

Dynamic Mode						
Timing						
Thigh & Tlow	0.010~9.999 / 99.99 / 999.9 / 9999mS					
Resolution	0.001 / 0.01 / 0.1 / 1mS					
Accuracy	1uS/10uS/100uS/1mS + 50ppm					
Slew rate	0.008A~0.5A/uS	0.08A~5A/uS	0.01A~0.625A/uS	0.1A~6.25A/uS	0.012A~0.75A/uS	0.12A~7.5A/uS
Resolution	0.002A/uS	0.02A/uS	0.0025A/uS	0.025A/uS	0.003A/uS	0.03A/uS
Min. Rise Time	20uS(typical)					
Accuracy	± (5% of Setting) ±10us					
Current						
Range	0~10A	10~100A	0~12.5A	12.5~125A	0~15A	15~150A
Resolution	0.16mA	1.6mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.24mA	2.4mA
Measurement						
Voltage Read Back						
Range (5 Digital)	0~125V	125~1250V	0~125V	125~1250V	0~125V	125~1250V
Resolution	2mV	20mV	2mV	20mV	2mV	20mV
Accuracy	± 0.025% of (Reading + Range)					
Current Read Back						
Range (5 Digital)	0~10A	10~100A	0~12.5A	12.5~125A	0~15A	15~150A
Resolution	0.16mA	1.6mA	0.2mA	2mA	0.24mA	2.4mA
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Reading + Range)					
Power Read Back						
Range (5 Digital)	2000W	20000W	2500W	25000W	3000W	30000W
Resolution	0.1W	1W	0.1W	1W	0.1W	1W
Accuracy *4	± 0.06% of (Reading + Range)					
General						
Short Circuit						
Current	100A		125A		150A	
Load ON Voltage	1.0 ~ 250V		1.0~ 250V		1.0~ 250V	
Load OFF Voltage	0 ~ 250V		0 ~ 250V		0 ~ 250V	
Power Consumption	1900Wmax		2350Wmax		2800Wmax	
Dimension(HxWxD)	885 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm		1047 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm		1197 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	
Weight	220 Kg		280 Kg		340 Kg	
Operating range						
Temperature *5	0~40℃					
Safety & EMC	CE					
AC INPUT						
LINE	100Vac~230Vac ± 10%		200Vac~230Vac ± 10%			
PROTECT	BREAKER					
MAX. POWER CONSUMPTION	1900VA		2350VA		2800VA	
FREQUENCY	50/60 Hz ± 3Hz					

Model	34335E		34340E	
Power	35KW	35KW	40KW	40KW
Current	0 ~ 17.5A	0 ~ 175A	0 ~ 20A	0 ~ 200A
Voltage	0 ~ 1250V		0 ~ 1250V	
Protections				
Over Power Protection(OPP)	105%		105%	
Over Current Protection(OCP)	104%		104%	
Over Voltage Protection(OVP)	104%		104%	
Over Temp Protection(OTP)	YES		YES	
Constant Current Mode				
Range *1	17.5A	175A	20A	200A
Resolution	0.28mA	2.8mA	0.32mA	3.2mA
Accuracy *2	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)			
Constant Resistance Mode				
Range	8568Ω ~ 7.14Ω	7.14Ω ~ 0.357Ω	7500Ω ~ 6.25Ω	6.25Ω ~ 0.315Ω
Resolution	2.334uS	0.119mΩ	2.6667uS	0.105mΩ
Accuracy	± 0.2% of (Setting + Range)			
Constant Voltage Mode				
Range	1250V		1250V	
Resolution	20mV		20mV	
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)			
Constant Power Mode				
Range	3500W	35000W	4000W	40000W
Resolution	56mW	560mW	64mW	640mW
Accuracy *3	± 0.1% of (Setting + Range)			
Constant Voltage + Current Limit Mode				
Range	1250V	175A	1250V	200A
Resolution	20mV	2.8mA	20mV	3.2mA
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)
Constant Voltage + Power Limit Mode				
Range	1250V	35000W	1250V	40000W
Resolution	20mV	560mW	20mV	640mW
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)	± 0.05% of (Setting + Range)	± 1.0% of (Setting + Range)
MPPT Mode				
Algorithm	P&O			
Load mode	CV			
P&O interval	1000ms~60000ms ; resolution 1s			

Dynamic Mode				
Timing				
Thigh & Tlow	0.010~9.999 / 99.99 / 999.9 / 9999mS			
Resolution	0.001 / 0.01 / 0.1 / 1mS			
Accuracy	1uS/10uS/100uS/1mS + 50ppm			
Slew rate	0.014A~0.875A/uS	0.14A~8.75A/uS	0.016A~1A/uS	0.16A~10A/uS
Resolution	0.0035A/uS	0.035A/uS	0.002A/uS	0.04A/uS
Min. Rise Time	20uS(typical)			
Accuracy	± (5% of Setting) ±10us			
Current				
Range	0~17.5A	17.5~175A	0~20A	20~200A
Resolution	0.28mA	2.8mA	0.32mA	3.2mA
Measurement				
Voltage Read Back				
Range (5 Digital)	0~125V	125~1250V	0~125V	125~1250V
Resolution	2mV	20mV	2mV	20mV
Accuracy	± 0.025% of (Reading + Range)			
Current Read Back				
Range (5 Digital)	0~17.5A	17.5~175A	0~20A	20~200A
Resolution	0.28mA	2.8mA	0.32mA	3.2mA
Accuracy	± 0.05% of (Reading + Range)			
Power Read Back				
Range (5 Digital)	3500W	35000W	4000W	40000W
Resolution	0.1W	1W	0.1W	1W
Accuracy *4	± 0.06% of (Reading + Range)			
General				
Short Circuit				
Current	175A		200A	
Load ON Voltage	1.0 ~ 250V		1.0 ~ 250V	
Load OFF Voltage	0 ~ 250V		0 ~ 250V	
Power Consumption	3250Wmax		3700Wmax	
Dimension(HxWxD)	1353 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm		1509 mm x 647 mm x 766 mm	
Weight	390 Kg		430 Kg	
Operating range				
Temperature *5	0~40℃			
Safety & EMC	CE			
AC INPUT				
LINE	200Vac~230Vac ± 10%			
PROTECT	BREAKER			
MAX. POWER CONSUMPTION	3250VA		3700VA	
FREQUENCY	50/60 Hz ± 3Hz			

Note *1: The range is automatically or forcing to range II only in CC mode

Note *2: If the operating current is below range 0.1%, the accuracy specification is 0.1% F.S.

Note *3: If the operating voltage is higher than 600V, the accuracy specification is 0.5% F.S.

Note *4 : Power F.S. = Vrange F.S. x Irange F.S.

Note *5: Operating temperature range is 0~40℃, All specifications apply for 25℃±5℃, Except as noted

Table 1-1A 34000E Series Specification

Chapter 2 Installation

1-7 Inspection

The 34000E Series high power load was carefully inspected before shipment. If instrument damage has occurred during transport, please inform Prodigit's sales and service office or representative.
Your 34000E Series high power load was shipped with a power cord for the type of Terminal blocks used at your location. If the appropriated cord was not included, please contact your nearest Prodigit sales office to obtain the correct cord. Refer to “check line voltage “to check the line voltage is 100V~230Vac.

1-8 Check line voltage

The 34000E Series high power load can operation with 100 Vac ~230Vac input as indicated on the label on the rear panel.
Make sure that the factory check mark corresponds to your nominal line voltage. Skip this procedure if the label is corrected marked.

2.2.1. With the 34000E Series load power OFF, disconnect the power cord.
2.2.2. Refer the drawing on the rear panel of 34000E Series high power load in Fig 2-1.

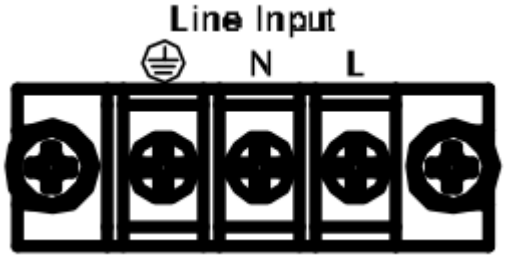


Fig 2-1 34000E Series AC Input Connection

2.2.3 Circuit breaker
The circuit breaker is an electrical safety device designed to protect an electrical circuit from damage caused by an overcurrent or short circuit. Its basic function is to interrupt current flow to protect equipment and to prevent the risk of fire. The circuit breaker can be reset manually to resume normal operation.

1-9 Grounding requirements

SHOCK HAZARD

1. It is requested to use the 3Pin plug connector only for 34000E Series mainframe to out of danger when electric leakage. And the complete and proper grounded is necessary.
2. The 34000E Series high power load is equipped with three conductor cable which plugs in an appropriate receptacle to ground the instrument's cover.

1-10 Environmental requirements

- Indoor use.
- Measurement Category I.
- Pollution Degree 2.
- Relative Humidity 80% Max.
- Ambient Temperature 0 to +40°C
- Altitude up to 2000m.
- The equipment is not for measurements performed for CAT II, III and IV.
- Transient Overvoltage on the mains supply can be 2500V.

1-11 Repair

If the instrument is damaged, please attach a tag to the instrument to identify the owner and indicated the require service or repairing. And inform the Prodigit sales and service office or representative.

1-12 Cleaning

Use a soft or slightly damp cloth to clean this product.

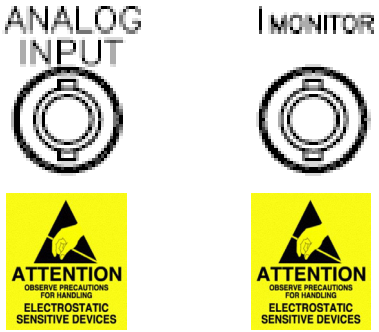
BEFORE you clean the unit, switch the mains power off and disconnect the input lead.

- Please do NOT use any organic solvent capable of changing the nature of the plastic such as benzene or acetone.
- Please ensure that no liquid is allowed to penetrate this product.

1-13 Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices

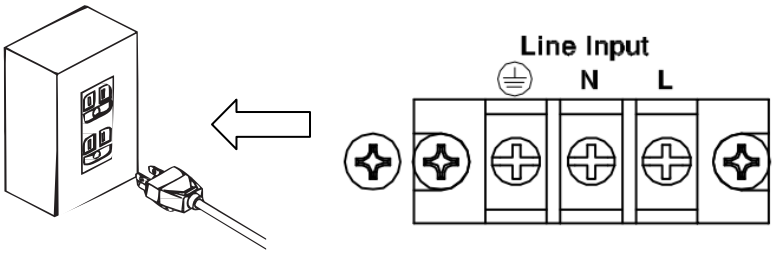
Analog Programming Input and Imonitor BNC terminal is ESD (electrostatic discharge) Sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulates on the human Body and Test equipment and can discharge without detection.
Although the features proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges.
Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

1-14



1-15 Installation and Preparation

- Turn the Power switch off
- Check that the AC power line meets the nominal input rating of the DC LOAD.
- Connect the power cord to the AC INPUT.
- Check that the power cord is connected correctly.
- Connect the power cord plug to a properly grounded outlet.



Connect to a properly grounded outlet.

1-16 Checking Whether the Power Is On or Off

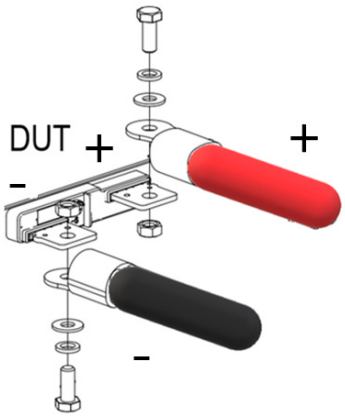
- Check that the power cord is connected correctly.
- Check that nothing is connected to the DC INPUT (load input) terminals on the rear panels.
- Turn the POWER switch on .
- If you notice strange sounds, unusual odors, fire, or smoke around or from inside the DC Load, turn the POWER switch off, or remove the power cord plug from the outlet.
- Press the side of the POWER switch to turn the power off.

1-17 Connecting to the DUT

CAUTION

Risk of damage.

- Do not connect the DUT to the load input terminals while the product's load is turned on.
- Do not invert the polarity when connecting. An overcurrent might flow when the load is Turned on.
- To avoid overheating, observe the following precaution.
- Use the supplied screws to connect the cables with crimping terminals.



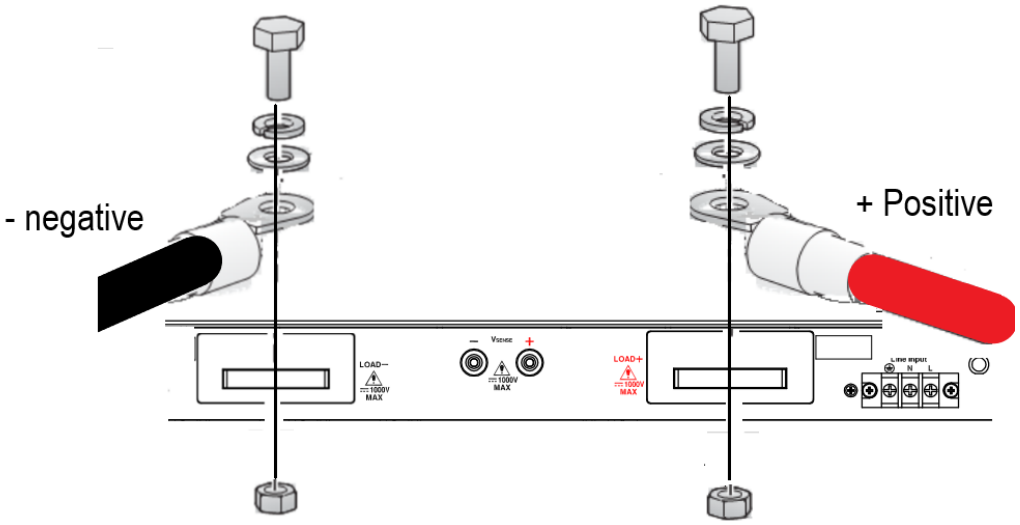
1-18 Connecting to the load input terminals on the rear panel

WARNING

Risk of electric shock.

- Be sure to attach the cover for the load input terminals on the rear panel.
- Turn the load off.
- Turn off the output of the DUT.
- Connect the DUT to the load input terminals on the rear panel.
- Do not invert the polarity when connecting.
- Connect the positive (+) input terminal on the load generator to the high Potential Output of the DUT & Load unit, and connect the negative (-) polarity input terminal on The load generator to the low Potential output of the DUT & Load unit.
- This completes the connections.

Note: Avoid equipment damaged, don't input the DC voltage standard output to the DC Load input terminal, if calibration voltage meter required, please input the DC voltage standard to the Vsense input.



1-19 Wire/Cable Guide

The following table provides a guide to the current carrying capability (ampacity) of Both Metric and AWG sizes. Metric sizes are expressed as a cross sectional areas (CSA). If in any doubt of a cables ampacity it is recommended that you ask your Cable supplier.

Wire Size AWG	Ampacity (A)	CSA (mm^2)	**Notes:** Ratings for AWG-sized wires derived from MIL-W-5088B. Ratings for metric-sized wires derived from IEC Publication
22	**5.0**	**-----**	Ampacity of aluminium wire is approximately 84% of that listed for copper wire.
20	**8.33**	**-----**	
---	**10**	**0.75**	When two or more wires are bundled together,
18	**15.4**	**-----**	ampacity for each wire must be reduced to the
---	**13.5**	**1**	following percentages:
16		**------**	
---	**16**	**1.5**	2 conductors 94%
14	**31.2**	**-------**	3 conductors 89%
---	**25**	**2.5**	4 conductors 83%
12	**40**	**-------**	5 conductors 76%
---	**32**	**4**	
10	**55**	**------**	
---	**40**	**6**	4. Maximum temperatures:
8	**75**	**------**	Ambient = 50° C
---	**63**	**10**	Conductor = 105° C
6	**100**	**------**	
4	**135**	**------**	

1-20 Power ON / Off the Load and DUT

Power ON Sequence

1. Turn the POWER switch on the Load.
2. Turn the POWER switch on the DUT.

Power OFF Sequence

1. Turn the POWER switch off the DUT.
2. Turn the POWER switch off the Load.

1-21 GPIB & RS232 interface option

2.14.1. GPIB + RS232 interface is on the rear panel of 34000E Series Mainframe for application GPIB or RS232.

2.14.2. GPIB and RS232 interface can only be used at the same time, to Change the interface must reboot unit.

2.14.3. GPIB connection with three important limitations as Described below:

- 2.14.3.1 The maximum number of devices including the controller is no More than 15.
- 2.14.3.2 The maximum length of all cable is no more than 2 meters times The Number of devices connected together, up to 20 meters Maximum.
- 2.14.3.3 RS232 Female Block connections on the back panel, the Connecting Device and the computer RS232 port to one-way Connection.

(Note: Not 2-wire connection, the detail as 4-2).

2.14.4. Fig 2-2 shows the RS232 interface (Female) on the rear panel Connects 34000E Series Mainframe to RS232 port of computer in one by one Configuration. The RS232 BAUD-RATE can be set in the front Panel, it Will be lit the GPIB Address when press the “SYSTEM” button. Press it again, it will be lit the BAUD-RATE.

Fig 2-2 34000E Series GPIB & RS232 interface

1-22 RS232 interface option

Fig 2-3 shows the RS232 connector (Female) on the rear panel connects 34000E Series mainframe to RS232 port of computer in one by one configuration. The RS232 BAUD-RATE can be set in the front panel, it will be lit the GPIB address when press the “SYSTEM” button. Press it again, it will be lit the BAUD-RATE.

Fig 2-3 34000E Series RS232 interface

1-23 GPIB interface option

2.16.1 The maximum number of devices including the controller is no more than 15.

2.16.2 The maximum length of all cable is no more than 2 meters times the Number of devices connected together, up to 20 meters maximum.

Fig 2-4 34000E Series GPIB interface

1-24 USB interface option

Fig 2-5 shows the USB interface in the rear panel of 34000E Series mainframe. Please Refer Appendix B.

Fig 2-5 34000E Series USB interface

1-25 LAN interface option

Fig 2-6 shows the LAN interface in the rear panel of 34000E Series mainframe. Please refer Appendix C.

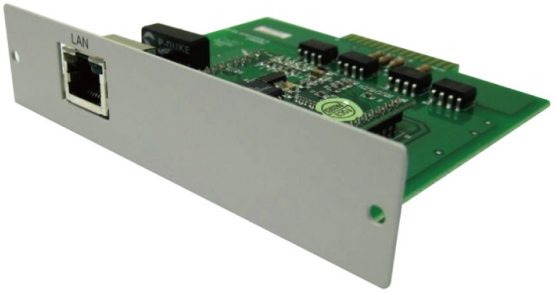


Fig 2-6 34000E Series LAN interface

1-26 I/O connection

34000E series I/O Interface with Vsense, Analog Programming Input, Imonitor, Instructions please refer to Chapter 3-5.

Fig 2-7 34000E Series I/O Connection

1-27 Load current slew rate setting

What is the load current slew rate during load current level change, power supply turn ON/OFF switch between ON, and OFF? The 34000E series Electronic load provides all of the above load current slew rate in controllable condition, the rise and fall current slew rate can be set independently from front panel operation or remote programming.

The slew rate determines a rate at which the current changes to a new programmed value. The slew rate can be set at the front panel or via GPIB on the rear panel of 34000E Series high power load.

The rise and fall slew rate can be independently programmed from 40mA/usec to 2500mA/usec (34310E Load) in the 50A current range and from 4mA/usec to 250mA/usec in the 5A current range. This allows a independent controlled transition from Low load current level to High load current level (Rise current slew rate) or from High load current level to Low load current level (Fall current slew rate) to minimize induced voltage drops on the inductive wiring, or to control induced transients on the est. device (power supply transient response testing).

This controllable load current slew rate feature also can eliminate the overload current Phenomenon and emulate the actual load current slew rate at turn ON the power supply Under Test. Fig 2-8 shows the load current slew rate is according to the power supply's Output Voltage, Load level setting and Load ON/OFF switch. So, you could do all items of Power Supply testing task By using Constant current mode only, it can significantly improve The Testing quality and process As well as efficiency.
There are two load current range in 34000E Series Load, Range I and Range II, the slew rate of range I, range II, RISE/FALL slew rate are listed in chapter 1-4 specifications.

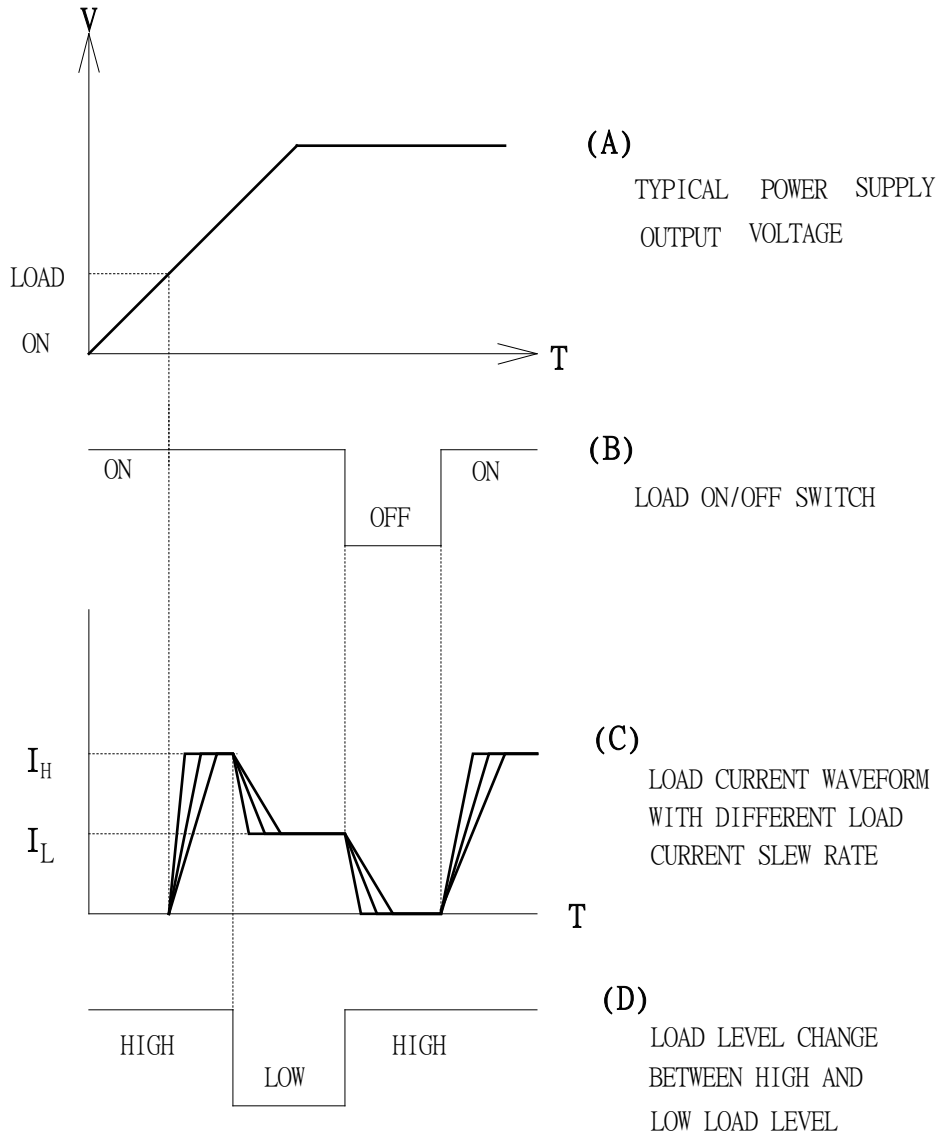
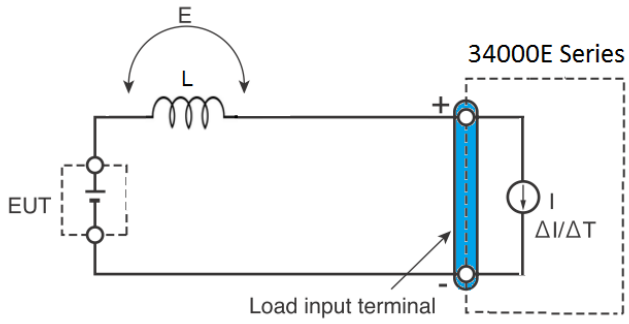


Fig 2-8 The relationship of load current load ON/OFF, load level and output voltage of DC power supply at turn ON

1-28 Load wire inductance

The load wiring has an inductance (L). When the current (I) varies in short time period, It generates a large voltage at both ends of the wiring cable. This voltage applies to all of the load input terminals of the 34000E series when the impedance of the EUT is relatively small. The voltage generated by the load wire inductance (L) and the current variation (I) is expressed using the following equation.



$E = L \times (\Delta I / \Delta T)$

E: Voltage generated by the wire inductance
L: Load wire inductance
ΔI: Amount of Current variation
ΔT: Variation period of current

In general, the wire inductance can be measured approximately 1 μH per 1 meter. If the 10 meters of Load wires is connected between the EUT and the electronic load (34000E Series) with the current Variation of 2 A/μs, the voltage generated by the wire inductance will be 20 V.

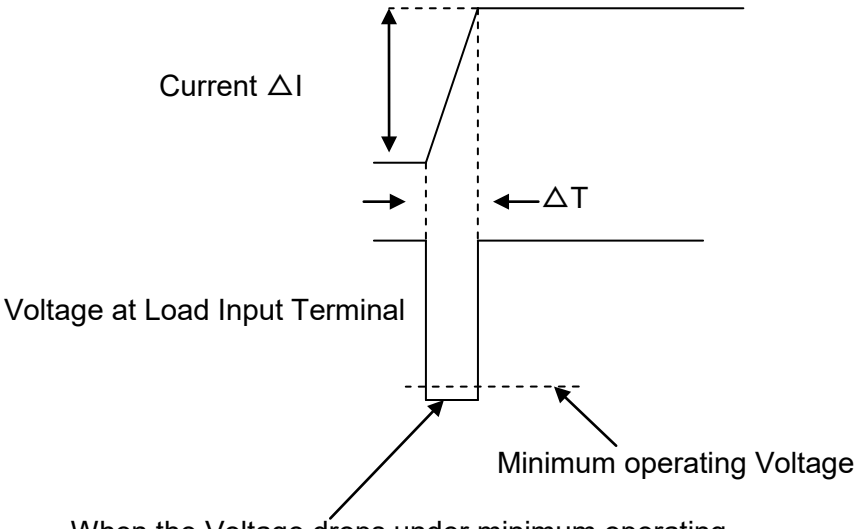
The negative polarity of the load input terminal is the reference potential of the external control signal, Therefore, the device connected to the external control terminal may get malfunctioned.

When operating under the constant voltage (CV) mode or constant resistance (CR) mode or constant power (CP), the load current is varied by the voltage at the load input terminal, so the operation can be affected easily by the generated voltage.

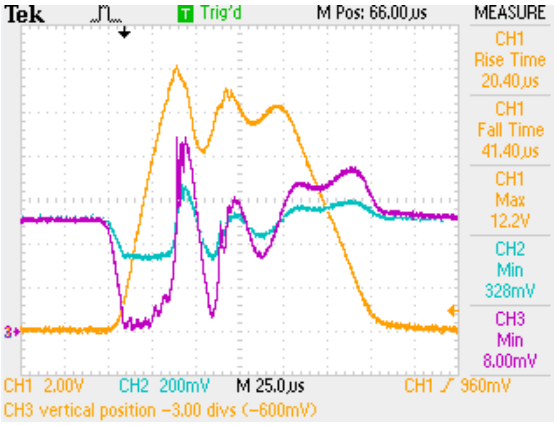
The wiring to the EUT should be twisted and the shortest as possible.
If the load wire is long or has a large loop, the wire inductance is increased. Conse-quently, the Current variation that results when switching occurs will cause a large voltage drop.

When the value of instantaneous voltage drops under the minimum operating voltage depends on The generated voltage at the load input terminal, the response of recovery will be extensively Delayed.

In such event, the electronic load (34000E) may generate unstable oscillation.
In such condition, the input voltage may exceed the maximum input voltage and Cause damage to The 34000E Series.



When the Voltage drops under minimum operating voltage, the electronic load may generate unstable



CH1=Imonitor
CH2=Power Supply output Voltage (x10)
CH3= LOAD Input Voltage (x10)

Fig 2-9 Waveform example: Generate unstable oscillation

You must be careful especially when the slew rate setting is high or switching is performed using Large currents through parallel operation.

To prevent problems, connect the 34000E series and the equipment under test using the shortest Twisted Wire possible to keep the voltage caused by inductance between the minimum operating Voltage and the maximum input voltage range or set a low slew rate.

If the high-speed response operation is not required, decrease the slew rate setting.

In such settings, the value of DI /DT will be decreased, accordingly the generated voltage will be Reduced even the inductance of load wiring can not be reduced.

In the case of DC operation also, the phase delay of the current may cause instabil-ity in the 34000E

Series Control inducing oscillation. In this case also, connect the 34000E series and the equipment Under test using the shortest twisted wire possible.

If only DC operation is required, a capacitor and a resistor may be connected to the load input Terminal as shown in Fig. 2-10 to alleviate oscillation. In this case, use the capacitor within its Allowable ripple current.

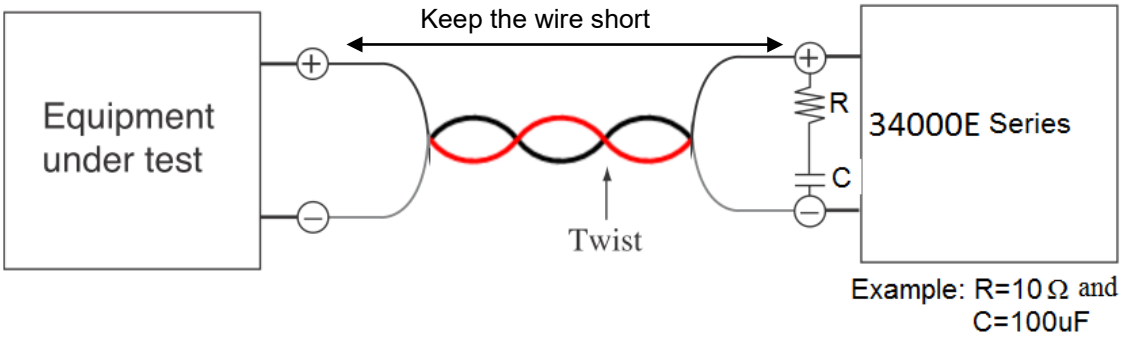


Fig 2-10 Length of wiring

Chapter 3 Operation

This chapter describes the front panel function and operation of each 34000E Series load, the memory Store/Recall; please refer to the mainframe's operation manual for mainframe store/recall and GPIB/RS232/LAN/USB programming.

1-29 34000E Series dimension description

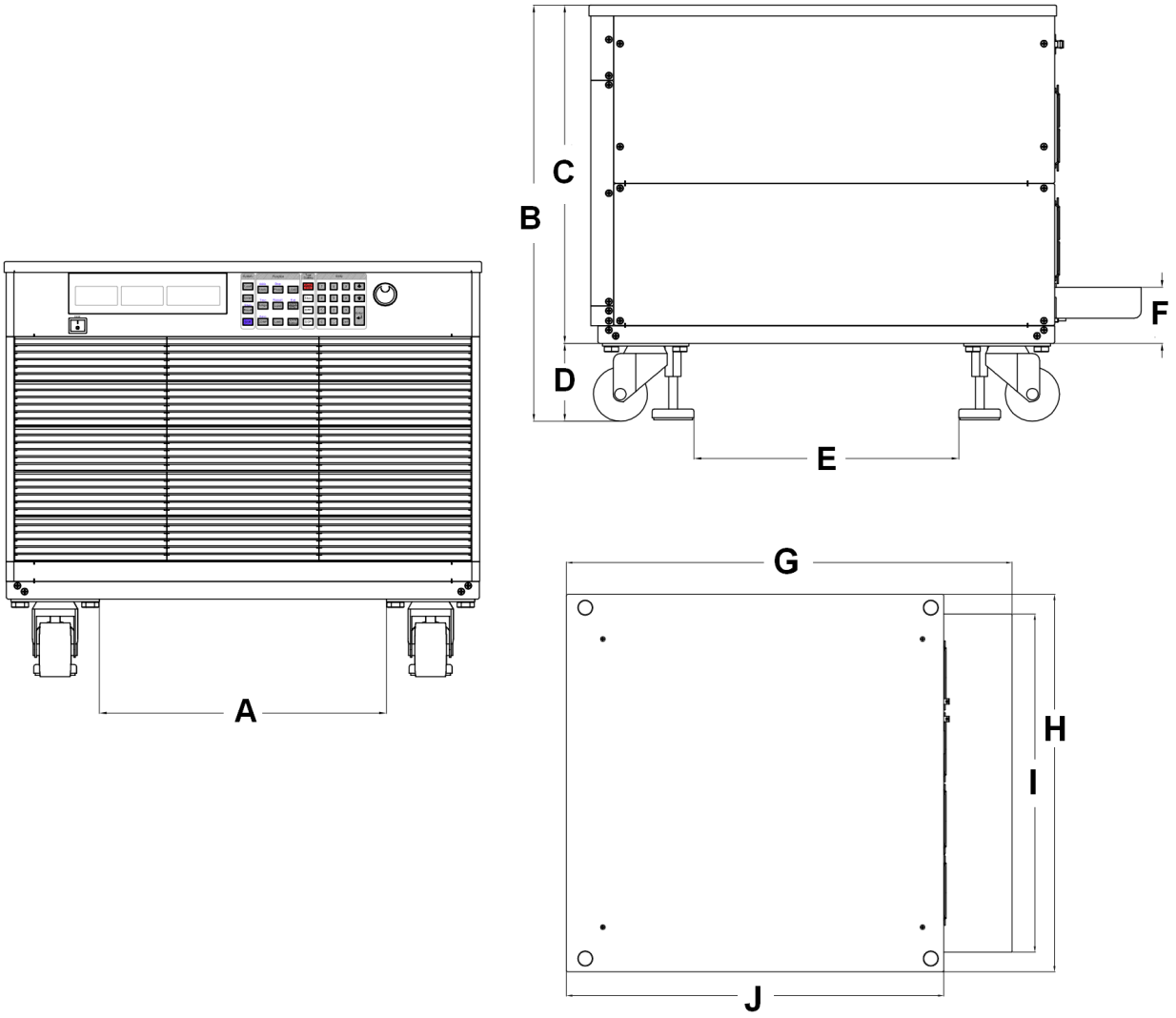


Fig 3-1 34000E Series dimension description

MODEL	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D (mm)	E (mm)	F (mm)
34X05E	389	576.2	468.2	108	367	77.5
34X10E	389	576.2	468.2	108	367	77.5
34X15E	389	732.2	624.2	108	367	77.5
34X20E	389	888.2	780.2	108	367	77.5
34X25E	389	1044.2	936.2	108	367	77.5
34X30E	389	1200.2	1092.2	108	367	77.5
34X35E	389	1356.2	1248.2	108	367	77.5
34X40E	389	1512.2	1404.2	108	367	77.5
MODEL	G (mm)	H (mm)	I (mm)	J (mm)		
34X05E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X10E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X15E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X20E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X25E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X30E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X35E	765.5	647	580	648		
34X40E	765.5	647	580	648		

Table 3-1 34000E series dimension description

1-30

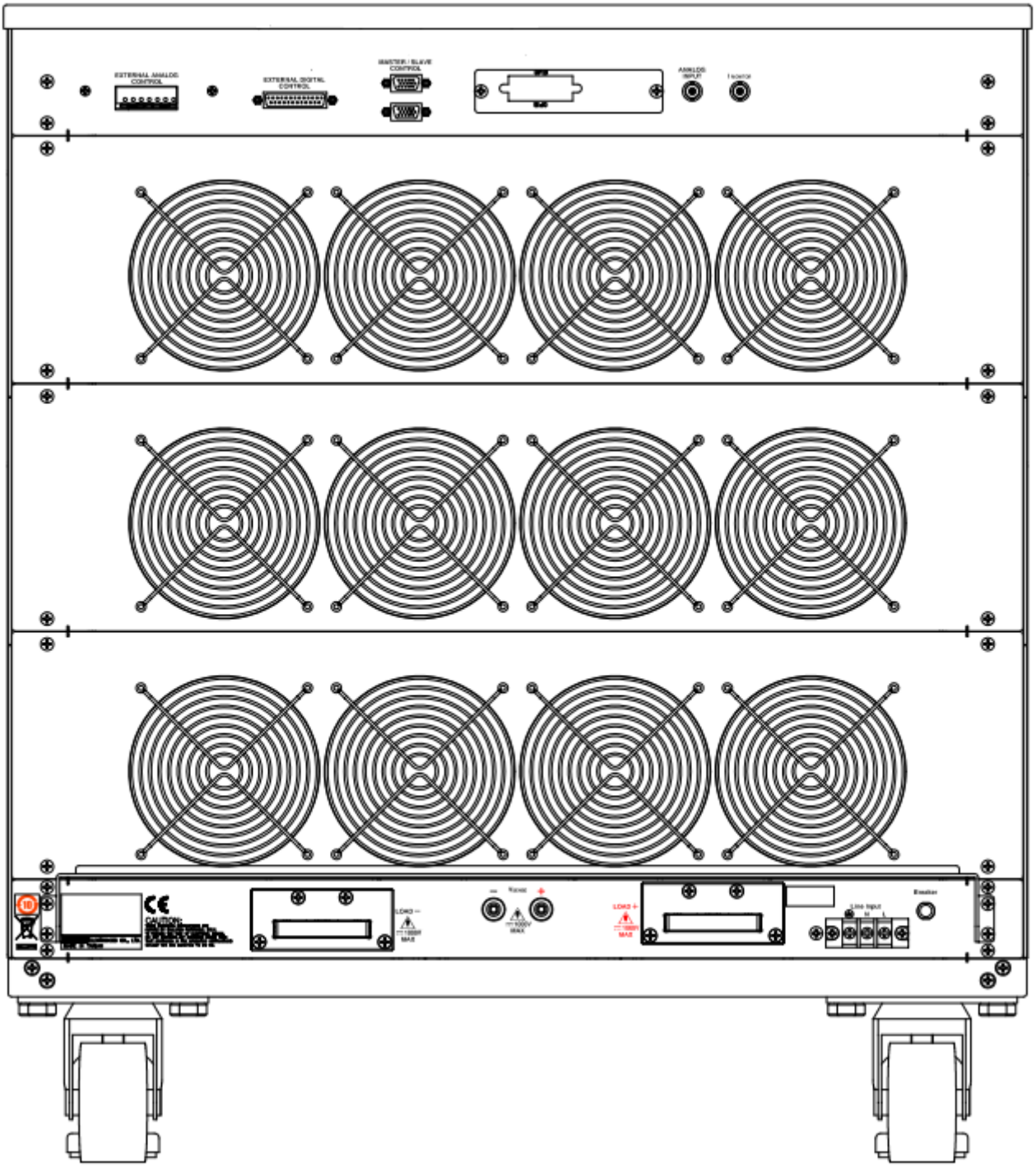


Fig 3-2 34000E Series Rear Panel

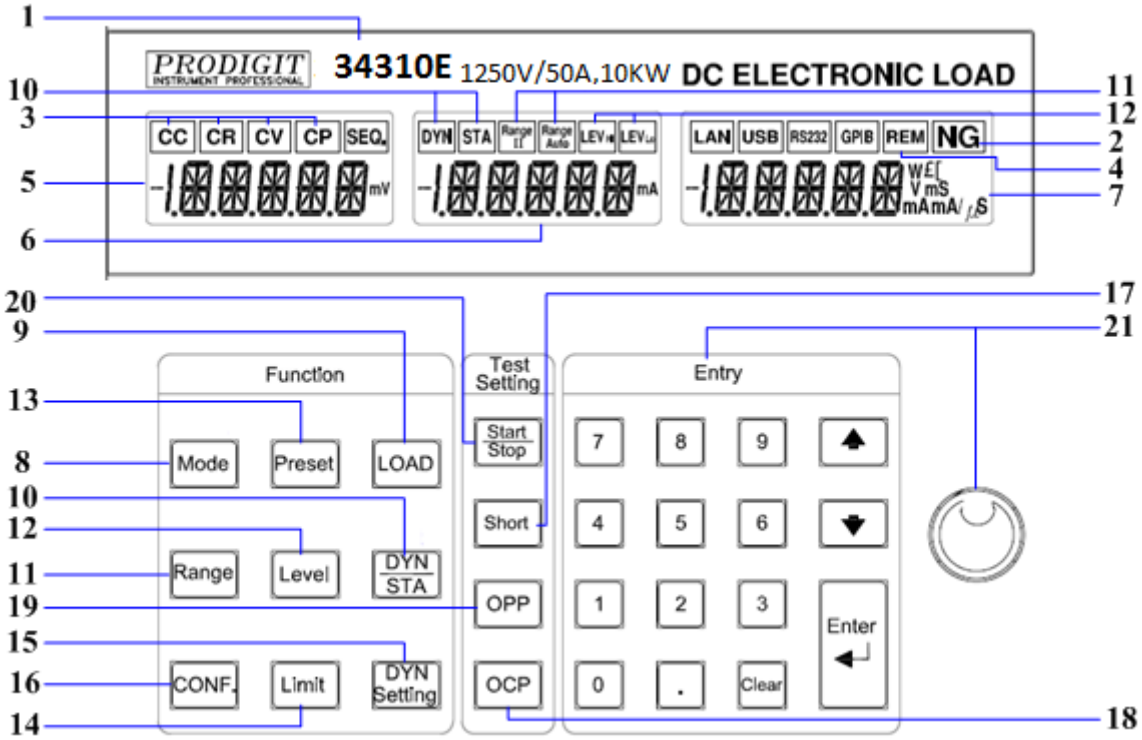


Fig 3-3 34000E Series Panel

1-31 Instructions

3.2.1. Model number and sink ranges

The model number along with maximum voltage, current and power values are Detailed in this position at the top of the load front panel.

It indicates the model number and specifications of 34310E electronic loads.

3.2.2. NG Indicator

The user can adjust upper and lower limits for voltage, current and power within the CONFIG menu and turn the NG Indicator ON. If a Voltmeter, Ammeter or Wattmeter measurement is outside these set limits then the NG indicator will illuminate.

3.2.3. MODE and CC CR , CV , CP mode, LCD Indicator

There are four operating modes that can be selected by pressing the "MODE" key on the 34000E series Electronic Load module.

The sequence is Constant Current (CC), Constant Resistance (CR), Constant Voltage (CV), and Constant Power (CP). Each time the "MODE" key is pressed the operating mode is changed. The actual operating mode selected is indicated on the

left hand side of the LCD.

The operating theorem of CC, CR, CV and CP modes are described in Section 1-1. Common application examples for the different operating modes are described in Section 5-3 to 5-6 respectively.

3.2.4. Remote LCD Indicator

If the REMOTE LCD Indicator is illuminated this means that the unit is operating remotely via one of the optional interfaces. While REMOTE is lit it is not possible to make settings manually at the front panel. The LOCAL button on the mainframe can be used to revert back to front panel control. When the unit is operating from the front panel the REMOTE LCD will not be illuminated.

3.2.5. Left 5 digit LCD display

The 5 digit LCD display is a multi-function display. The function of the display changes depending whether the user is in NORMAL mode or in a SHORT, OPP or OCP test modes:

Normal mode:
The left 5 digit display displays the voltage present at the load's input terminals.
The value displayed will include the automatic voltage compensation if the sense Terminals are also connected to the device under test (DUT)

Please note that if V-sense is set to 'AUTO' and the sense leads are connected to The DUT the losses need to be approx.700mV (34210) before the display Compensates for the voltage loss.

If V-sense is set to 'ON' and the sense terminals are connected to the DUT the Load will check and compensate for all voltage drops.

Test Mode:
If the SHORT, OPP or OCP buttons are pressed the left display will show a text Message that correlates with the selected test function.

SHORT test selected: left display will show "Short".
OPP test selected: left display will show "OPP".
OCP test selected: left display will show "OCP".

During the test the left display will show the load Input voltage.

3.2.6. Middle 5 digit LCD display

The middle 5 digit displays also changes function depending if the user is in Normal mode or has entered a setting menu

Normal mode:
In normal mode the middle LCD display functions as a 5 digit ammeter. The 5 digit DAM shows the load current flowing into the DC load when the Load is ON.

Setting Mode:
If CONFIG, LIMIT, DYN, SHORT, OPP or OCP buttons are pressed the middle LCD show a text message according to the setting function it is in. Each subsequent

press of the button moves the display to the next available function. The sequence of each setting menu is detailed below

- **CONFIG**: Sequence is “SENSE” → “LDon” → “LDoff” → “POLAR“→“MPPT“→ “BATT1“→“BATT2“→“BATT3” →” CPRSP”.
- **LIMIT**: Sequence is “Add.CV”→”V_Hi” → “V_Lo” → “I_Hi” → “I_Lo” → “W_Hi” → “W_Lo” → “NG”.
- **DYN setting**: Sequence is “T-Hi” → ”T-Lo” → ”RISE” → “FALL”
- **SHORT**: Sequence is “PRESS” → “TIME” → ”V_Hi” → “V_Lo”
- **OPP**: Sequence is “PSTAR” → “PSTEP” → “PSTOP” → “Vth”.
- **OCP**: Sequence is “ISTAR” → “ISTEP” → “ISTOP” → ”Vth”.

3.2.7. Right 5 digit LCD display

The right 5 digit displays also changes function depending if the unit is in normal mode or one of the setting menus has been activated.

Normal mode:
In normal mode the right 5 digit displays shows the power consumption in Watts (W).

Setting Mode:
The right display together with the rotary adjustment knob is used to set values. The value changes according to the setting function that is active. The middle LCD provides a text message to tell the user which part of the setting menu is active.

3.2.7.1. **PRESET** mode. The value of the setting entered on the right display Changes depending on the operating MODE that has been selected.

- If CC mode is selected the right display provides setting in amps "A".
- If CR mode is selected the right display provides setting in ohms “Ω”
- If CV mode is selected the right display provides setting in volts “V”.
- If CP mode is selected the right display provides setting in watts “W”.

3.2.7.2. **LIMIT.** Each press of the LIMIT button changes the middle LCD text. The Sequence and the corresponding setting value shown on the bottom Display is as follows:

➔ Setting CC + CV or CP + CV upper limit voltage, the middle of the Display Show "Add.CV”, right display set value, the unit is V.
➔ V_Hi (left limit voltage) displays the set value in volts “V”
➔ V_Lo (right limit voltage) displays the set value in volts “V”
➔ I_Hi (left limit current) displays the set value in amps “A”
➔ I_Lo (right limit current) displays the set value in amps “A”
➔ W_Hi (left limit power) displays the set value in watts “A”
➔ W_Lo (right limit power) displays the set value in watts “A”
➔ NG displays whether the NG flag is set to「ON」or「OFF」

3.2.7.3. DYN setting. Each press of the DYN setting button changes the text on The middle LCD. The sequence and the corresponding setting value Shown on the bottom display are as follows:

➔ T-Hi (time high) displays the set value in milliseconds “ms”
➔ T-Lo (time low) displays the set value in milliseconds “ms”
Rise (current rise time/slew rate) displays the set value in “mA/us”
➔ Fall (current fall time/slew rate) displays the set value in “mA/us”

3.2.7.4. CONFIG. Each press of the CONFIG button changes the middle LCD Text.
The sequence and the corresponding setting value shown on the bottom Displays are as follows:

➔ SENSE can be set to「AUTO」or 「ON」
➔ LDon (load ON voltage) displays the set value in volts “V”
➔ LDoff (load OFF voltage) displays the set value in volts “V”
➔ POLAR (load polarity) can be set to「＋LOAD」or「－LOAD」
➔ MPPT (Maximum power point tracking)
➔ BATT1 (Battery Discharge)
➔ BATT2 (Battery Discharge)
➔ BATT3 (Battery Discharge)
➔ CPRSP (CP RESPONSE)

3.2.7.5. SHORT test. This allows the parameters of the short test to be set up.
Each press of the SHORT button moves the setting function. The Sequence of the short test along with the setting value is as follows:

➔ Short Press Start (pressing the red START/STOP button starts the test)
➔ TIME shows the duration of the SHORT test. “CONTI”, on the bottom display indicates continuous. Time can be adjusted in “ms”.
➔ V-Hi (voltage high threshold) displays the set value in volts “V”
➔ V-Lo (voltage low threshold) displays the set value in volts “V”

When the test is started the right display will show RUN. When the test Has finished the right display will show END.

3.2.7.6. OPP test. This allows the parameters of the over power protection test to Be Set up. Each press of the OPP button moves the setting function. The Sequence of the OPP test along with the setting value is as follows:

➔ OPP Press Start (pressing the red START/STOP button starts the test)
➔ PSTAR (power start point) right display provides setting in watts “W”
➔ PSTEP (power steps) right display provides setting in watts “W”
➔ PSTOP (power stop point) right display provides setting in watts “W”
➔ VTH (voltage threshold) right display provides setting in volts “V”

When the test is started the right display will show the power value Being taken by the load. If the Device Under Test is able to supply the Load according to the values set then the middle display will show PASS And the right display will show the maximum power taken during the OPP Test. If, during the test, OTP is displayed the over temperature Protection Has been engaged. Similarly if OPP is shown on the display the over Power protection has been activated.

3.2.7.7. OCP test. This allows the parameters of the over current protection test To be set up. Each press of the OCP button moves the setting function. The sequence of the OCP test along with the setting value is as follows:

➔ OCP Press Start (pressing the red START/STOP button starts the test)
➔ ISTAR (current start point) right display provides setting in amps “A”

➔ ISTEP (current steps) right display provides setting in amps “A”
➔ ISTOP (current stop point) right display provides setting in amps “A”
➔ VTH (voltage threshold) right display provides setting in volts “V”

When the test is started the right display will show the current value being Taken by the load. If the Device under Test is able to supply the load According to the values set then the middle display will show PASS and the Right display will show the maximum current taken during the OCP test. If, During the test, OTP is displayed the over temperature protection has been Engaged. Similarly if OPP is shown on the display the over power protection Has been activated.

3.2.8. MODE and CC, CR, CV, CP Indicator

There are four operating modes. These can be selected in turn by pressing the "MODE" key on the 34000E series Electronic Load module. The sequence is:

➔ (CC) Constant Current
➔ (CR) Constant Resistance
➔ (CV) Constant Voltage
➔ (CP) Constant Power

The appropriate LCD will illuminate according to the operating mode is selected.

3.2.9. LOAD key and LED

The input to the 34000E series Electronic Load can be switched ON/OFF by using The “LOAD” button. Indication of the ON/OFF state is provided by illumination of the Button.

LOAD button lit	= LOAD ON	(load sinks according to the preset values)
LOAD button unlit	= LOAD OFF	(the load does not sink current)

Turning the LOAD OFF does not affect the preset values. When the LOAD ON state Is enabled the unit will revert to sinking according to the preset values.

3.2.9.1. When the Load ON/OFF key is operated the current taken by load will follow The RISE or FALL with time according to the preset rate. The current RISE And FALL times can be adjusted in the DYN Setting button of the front panel.

3.2.9.2. In addition to the LOAD ON/OFF function the user can also adjust the Voltage level at which the unit will automatically start or stop sinking energy. The adjustable LDon and LDoff voltage levels are found within the CONFIG Menu. Please note that the LDoff level cannot be set higher than the LDon Level.

Please refer to table 1-4 for adjustment ranges.

3.2.10. DYN /STA key and LED

The DYN button allows the user to switch between DYNAMIC operation and STATIC Operation. Dynamic operation is only possible in constant current (CC) or Constant power (CP) mode only. The LED next to the DYN button will become lit When DYNAMIC operation is selected. If you are in constant resistance (CR) or Constant voltage (CV) mode pressing the DYN button will have no effect.

3.2.11. Range Key and LED

The 34000E series Load Module features 2 setting ranges for CC, CR, CV, and CP Operation. This allows improved resolution for setting low values. When left in the Default AUTO mode the changeover between ranges is automatic depending on The setting value entered.

If desired the RANGE button can be pressed to force the unit to operate only in RANGE II. This is signaled by the accompanying LED becoming lit. Please note That it is only possible to force RANGE II in CC mode.

3.2.12. LEVEL Key and LED

The LEVEL button is used to program a High or Low load value. The setting value Changes between current, resistance, voltage or power depending whether CC, CR, CV or CP mode has been selected. If the LED is lit then the High level value setting Has been enabled. If the LED is not lit then the low load level can be set using the Rotary switch in combination with the arrow keys.

In STATIC mode the user can switch between High and low load levels during Operation.

In DYNAMIC operation (CC & CP modes only) the preset high and low levels are Used to define the dynamic waveform.

Please note that the low level setting cannot exceed the high level. The converse is Also true in that the High level cannot be set below the low level.

3.2.13. Preset Key and LED

If the PRESET key is pressed the button will become lit indicating that the PRESET Mode has been accessed. The lowest 5 digit display will change from showing the power consumption in watts to displaying the value to be preset. The value that can be programmed changes according to the operating mode that has been selected.

3.2.13.1. Constant Current (CC) mode:
The High and Low levels of load current can be preset at right 5 digit LCD. The "A" LED will be lit indicating the setting value is amps.

3.2.13.2. Constant Resistance (CR) mode:
The High and Low levels of load resistance can be preset on the right 5 Digit LCD. The "Ω" LED will be lit indicating the setting value is ohms.

3.2.13.3. Constant Voltage (CV) mode:
The High and Low levels of load voltage can be preset on the right 5 Digit LCD. The “V" LED will be lit indicating the setting value is volts.

3.2.13.4. Constant Power (CP) mode:
The High and Low levels of load power can be preset on the right 5 digit LCD. The "W" LED will be lit indicating the setting value is watts.

3.2.13.5. Dynamic mode (CC, CR or CP modes only):
Each press of the DYN button cycles through the dynamic load settings. The DYN settings are used in conjunction with the High and Low levels Of load current to define the dynamic waveform. Each press of the DYN Button switches from T_Hi (time high), to T_Lo (time low), to Rise time And then to fall time. The middle LCD shows the section of the dynamic Waveform which is programmed with the rotary knob and read from the Right display. The “ms” LED shows that the settings are programmed in Milliseconds.

3.2.14. Limit key

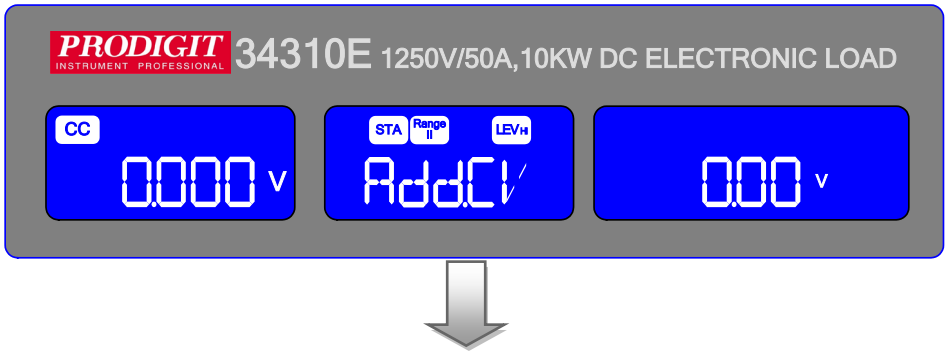
The LIMIT button allows the user to set left and right thresholds for voltage, Current Or power. These threshold settings are used in conjunction with the NG function to flag when the load is operating outside the desired limits

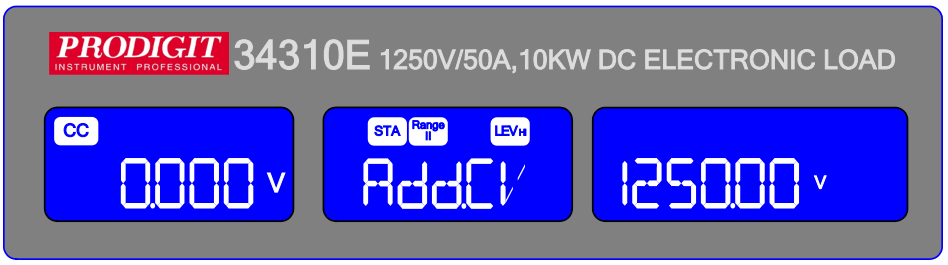
Each press of the LIMIT key enables a different value to be entered. On first press of the LIMIT key the button will illuminate and Add.CV will be displayed on the middle LCD. The setting is made with the rotary knob and can be read from the right LCD during setting. The setting sequence is shown below:

Add.CV (CC+CV or CP+CV upper limit) →
V_Hi (DVM upper limit) →
V_Lo (DVM lower limit) →
I_Hi (DAM upper limit) →
I_Lo (DAM lower limit) →
W_Hi (DWM upper limit) →
W_Lo (DWM lower limit) →
NG OFF/ON (No Good Flag) →
LIMIT setting function OFF

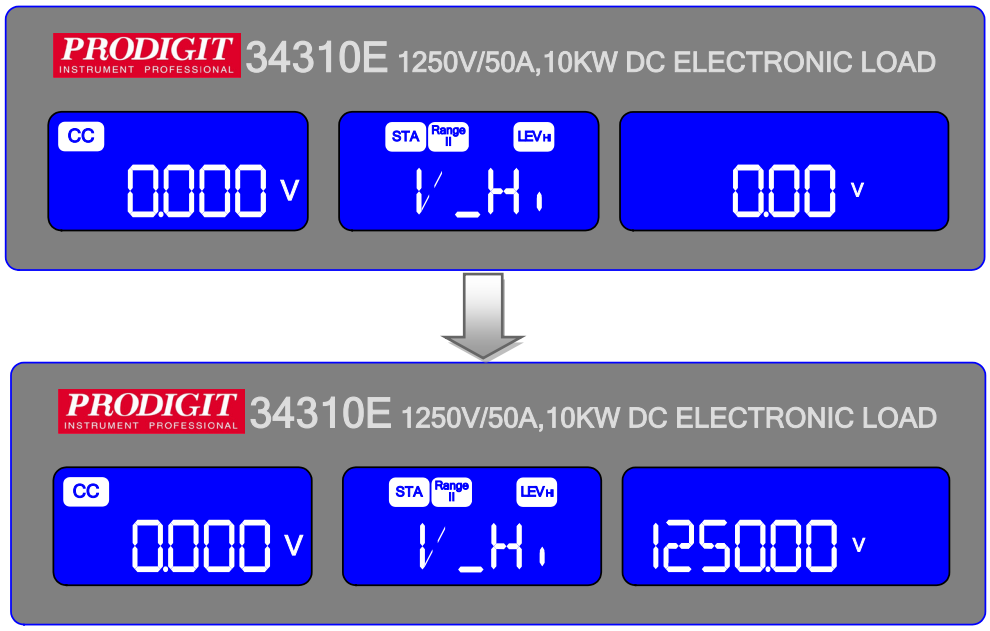
The engineering unit is “V”, “A” or “W” depending on the threshold LIMIT being set.

- Setting CC+CV or CP+CV upper limit voltage, Middle 5 digit LCD display「Add.CV」,right 5 digit LCD display the unit is "V" ,The Add.CV set range from 0.00 V to 1250.00V step 0.02V by rotating the Setting knob.

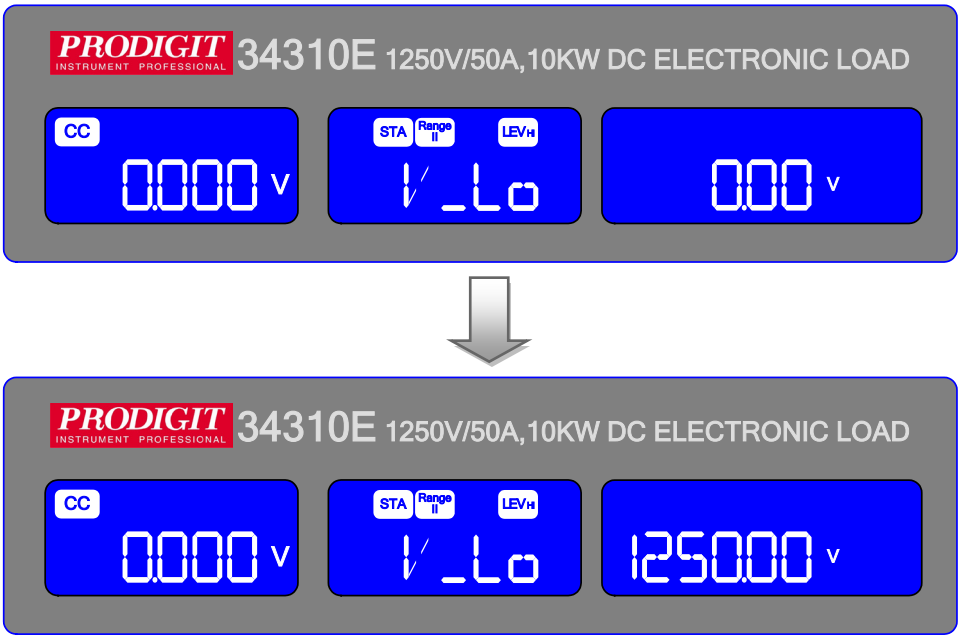




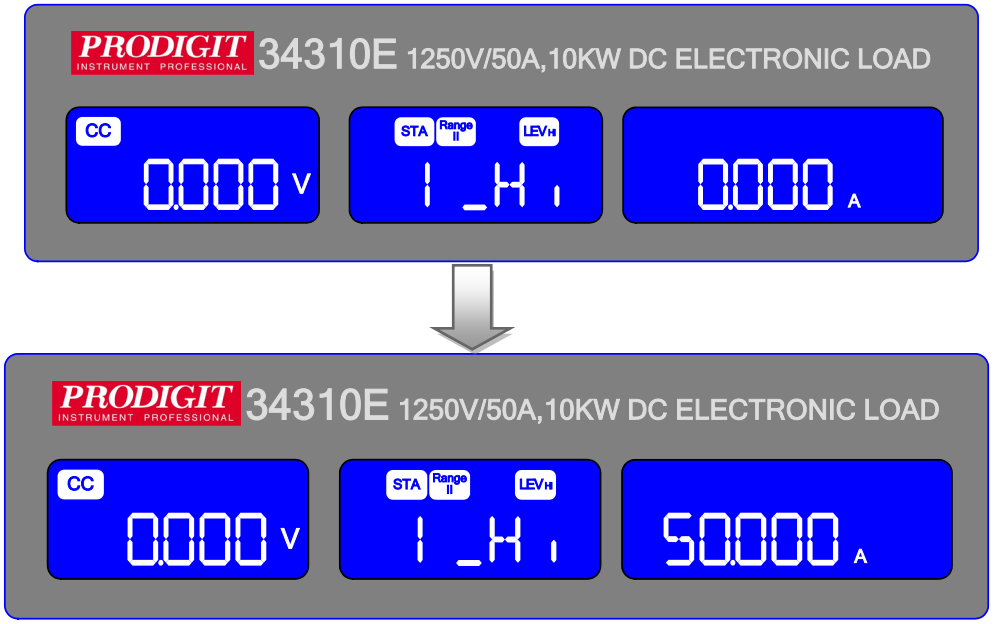
- Setting upper limit voltage VH , Middle 5 digit LCD display「V-Hi」,right 5 Digit LCD display the unit is "V" ,The V-Hi set range from 0.00 V to 1250.00V Step 0.02V by rotating the Setting knob.



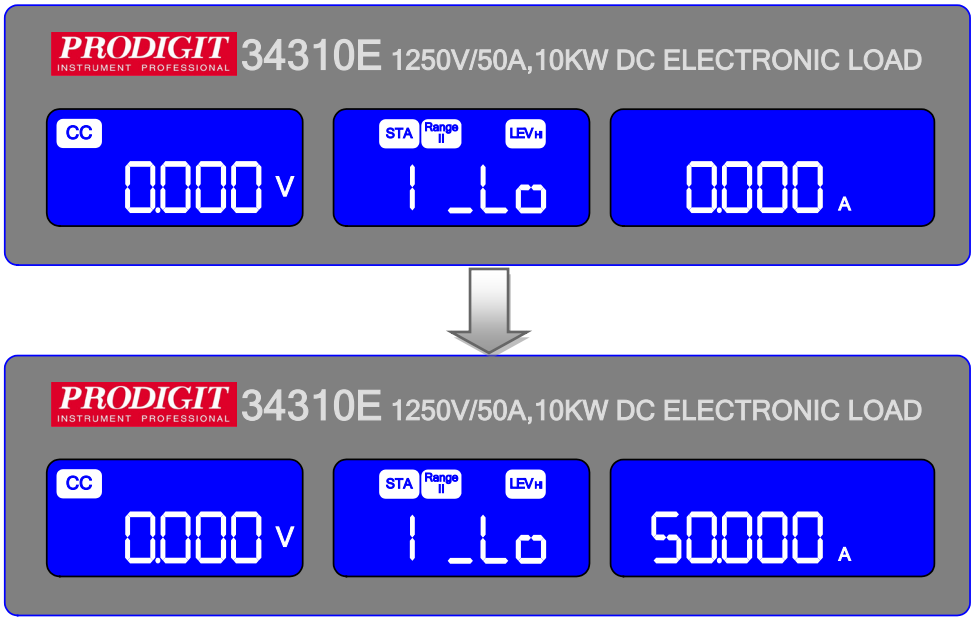
- Setting lower limit voltage VL, Middle 5 digit LCD display「V-Lo」,right 5 digit LCD display the unit is "V",The V-Lo set range from 0.00 V to 1250.00V step 0.02V by rotating the Setting knob.



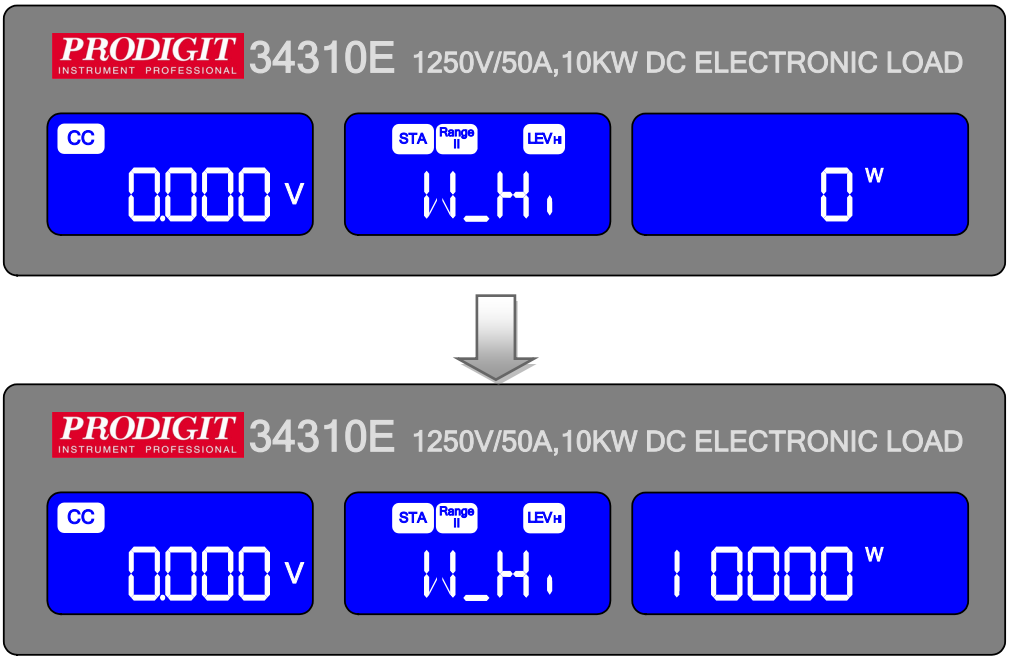
- Setting Upper limit current IH , Middle 5 digit LCD display「I-Hi」,right 5 digit LCD display the unit is "A", The I-Hi set range from 0.000 A to 50.00A step 0.001A by rotating the Setting knob.



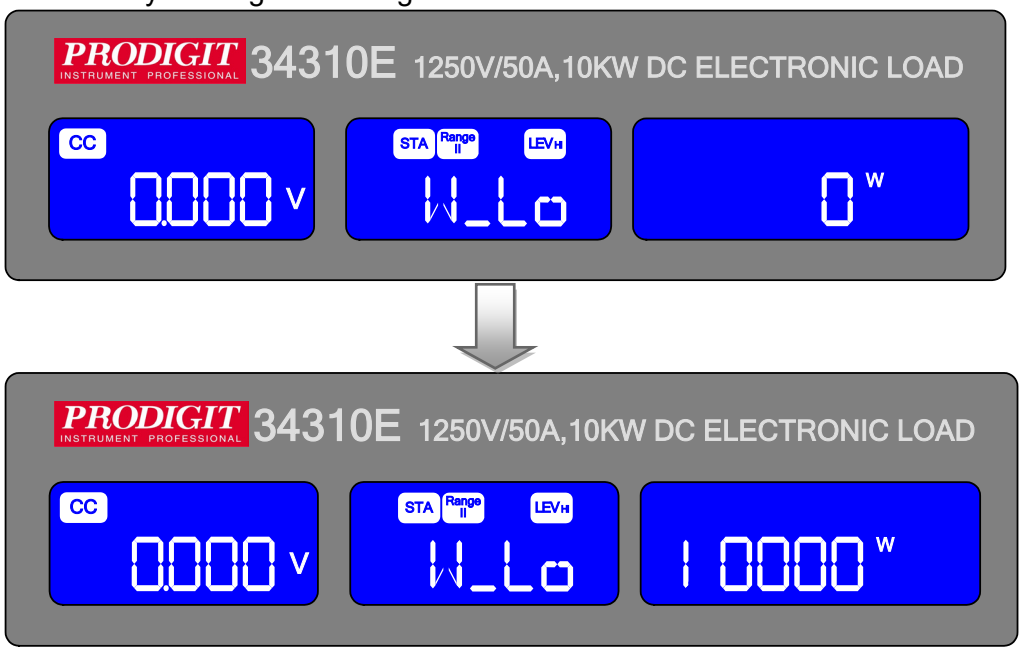
- Setting lower limit current IL , Middle 5 digit LCD display「I-Lo」,right 5 digit LCD display the unit is "A" ,The I-Lo set range from 0.000 A to 50.000A step 0.001A by rotating the Setting knob.



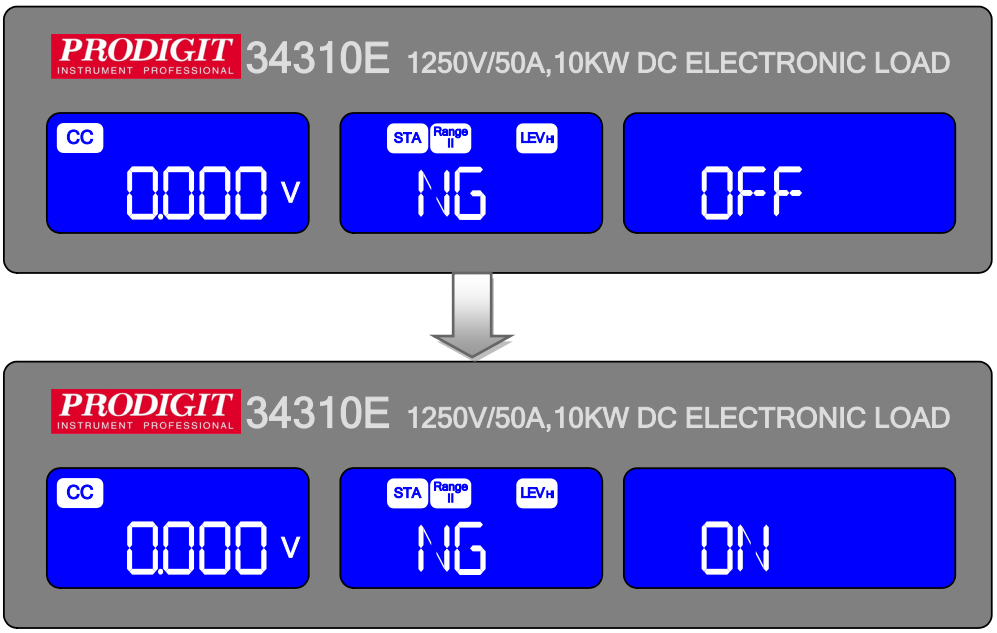
- Setting Upper limit power WH, Middle 5 digit LCD display「W-Hi」right 5 digit LCD display the unit is "W", The W-Hi set range from 0 W to 10000W step 1W by rotating the Setting knob.



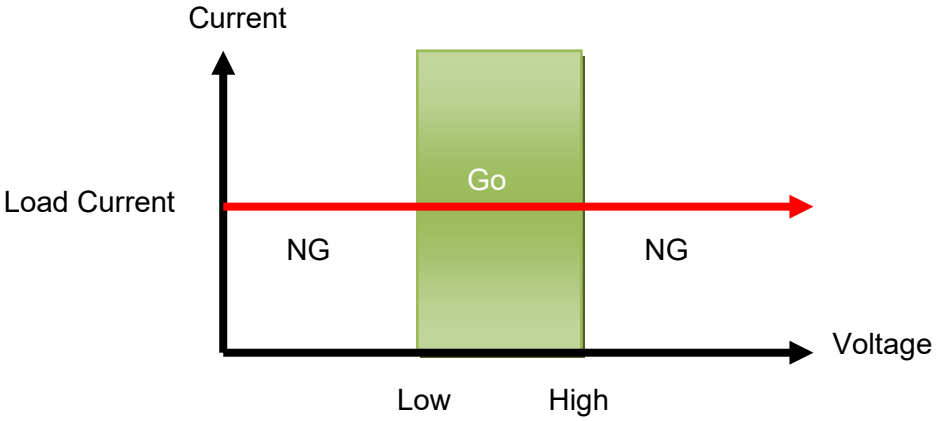
- Setting lower limit power WL, Middle 5 digit LCD display「W-Lo」right 5 digit LCD display the unit is "W", The W-Lo set range from 0 W to 10000W step 1W by rotating the Setting knob.



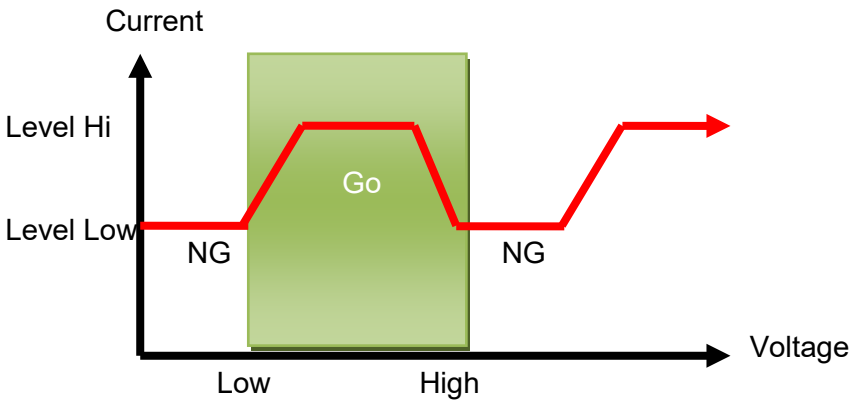
- Setting NG ON/OFF, When exceed VH、VL、IH、IL、WH、WL One of these Whether NG on LCD display.



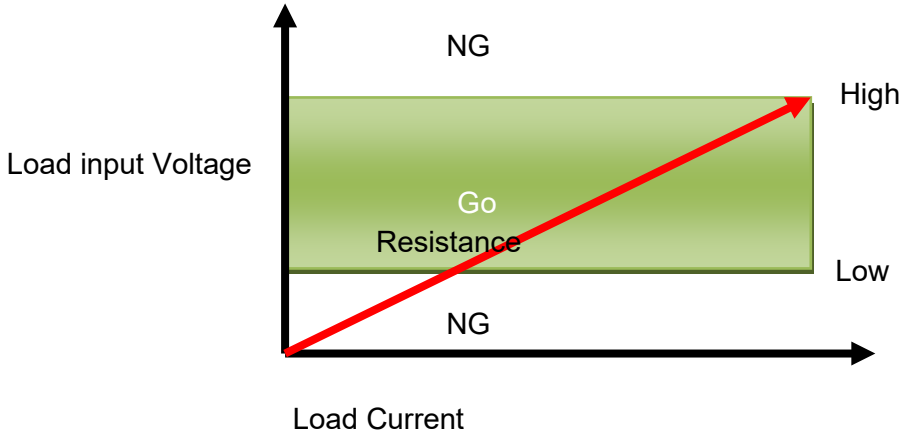
- CC mode, press limits key to set the V-Hi and V-Lo voltage upper and lower limits of the GO / NG.



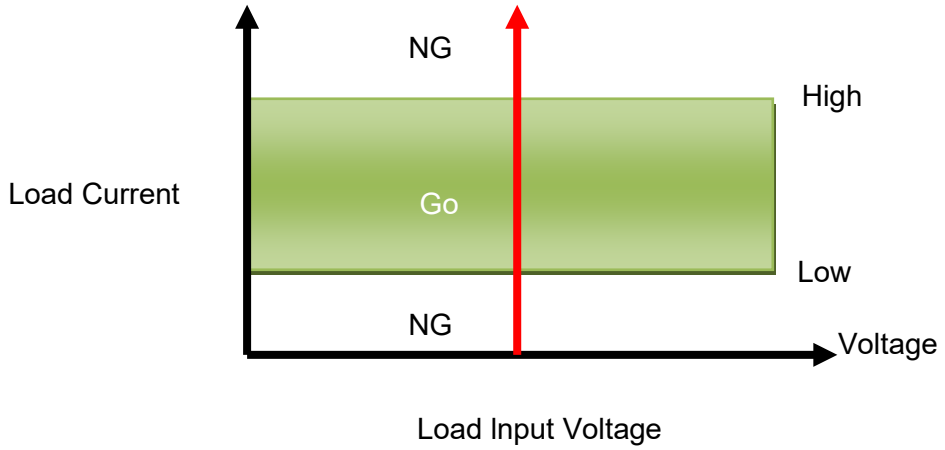
- CC Dynamic Mode, press key to set the Level Hi and Level Low voltage upper and lower limits of the GO / NG.



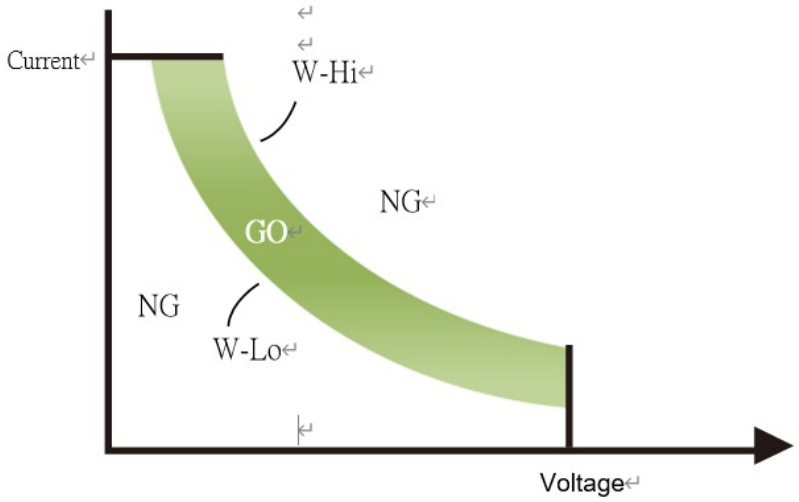
- CR mode, press limits key to set the V-Hi and V-Lo voltage upper and lower limits of the GO / NG.



- CV mode, press limits key to set the I-Hi and I-Lo Current upper and lower limits of the GO / NG.



- CP mode, press limits key to set the W-Hi and W-Lo power upper and lower limits of the GO / NG.



3.2.15.

Key

The DYN button allows the user to define the timings of the dynamic load Waveform. Firstly the high and low levels of load current will need to be set via the LEVEL Switch. The RISE and FALL times between the low load current and the high load Current along with the TIME the waveform is HIGH and the TIME LOW Can be set via the DYN menu.

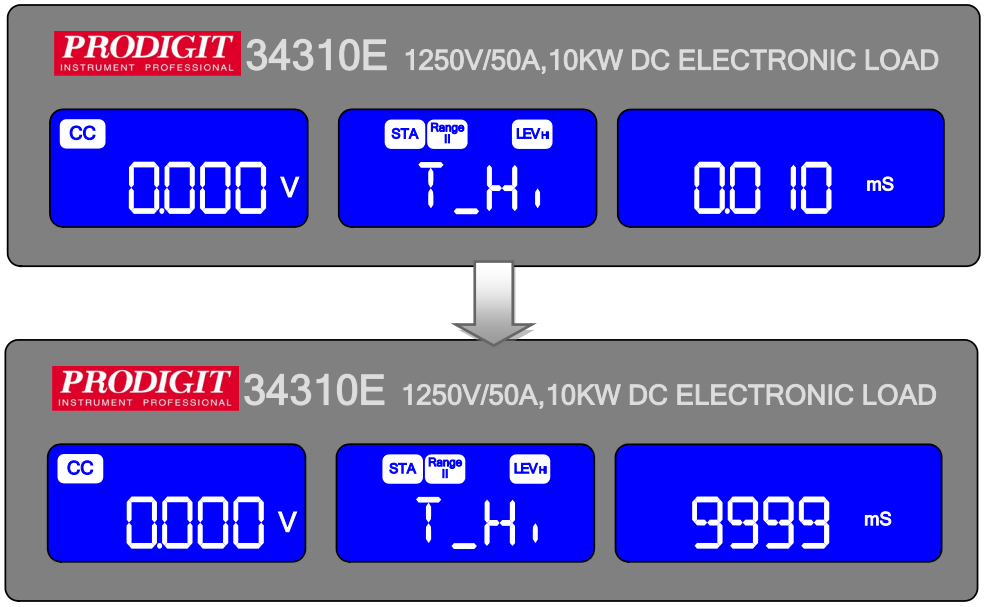
Each press of the DYN key enables a section of the DYNAMIC waveform to be set. On first press of the DYN key the button will illuminate and T-Hi will be displayed On the middle LCD. The value is adjusted with the rotary knob and can be read From the right LCD during setting. The setting sequence is shown below:

T_Hi (time the waveform is high) →
T_Lo (time the waveform is low) →
RISE (rise time) →
FALL (fall time) →
DYN setting function OFF

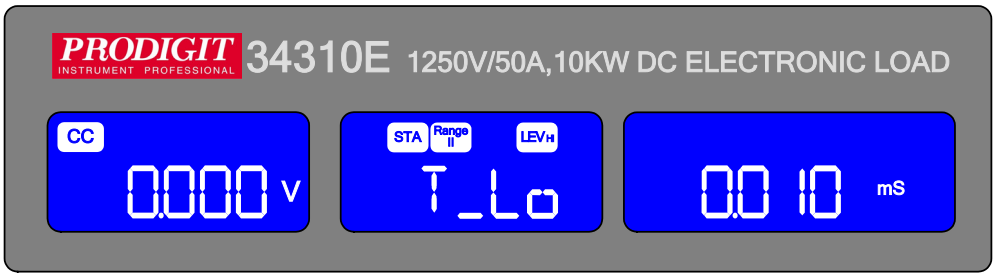
The time that the waveform is high includes the rise time and is set in “ms”
The time that the waveform is low includes the fall time and is set in “ms”
The RISE and FALL time is set in “mA/μs”. The actual engineering unit is Shown on the right of the Right 5 digit display

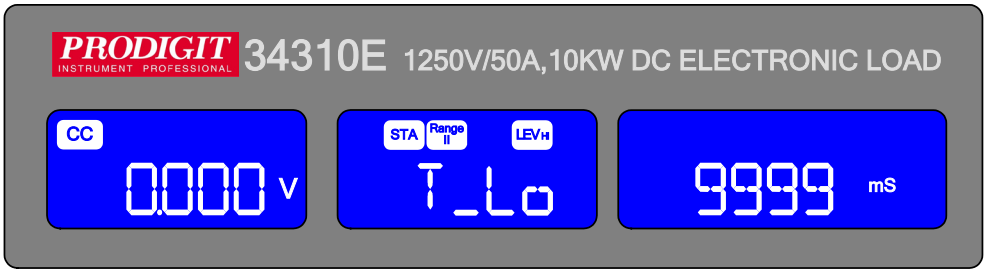
- Press DYN setting key, LED will ON
  Setting level High Period, Middle 5 digit LCD display will show 「T-Hi」 Right 5 digit LCD display will show setting value, the unit is “ms” , The T-Hi Set range from 0.050 ms to 9999 ms step 0.001ms by rotating the setting Knob.

  There are four ranges from 0.010 ms to 9999 ms, the ranges are below:
  - Range 1:0.010ms~9.999ms
  - Range 2:10.00ms~99.99ms
  - Range 3:100.0ms~999.9ms
  - Range 4:10000ms~9999ms

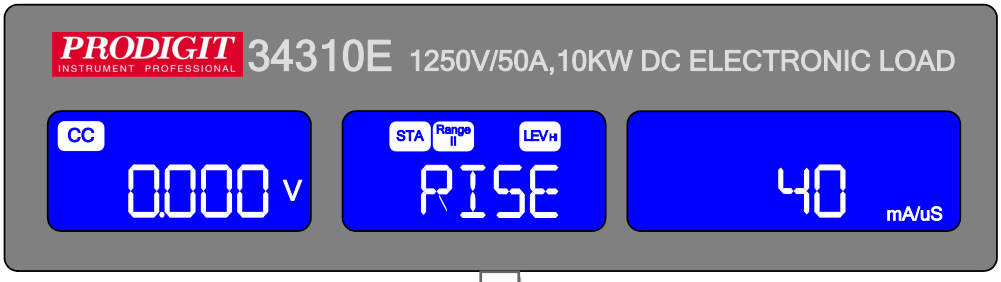


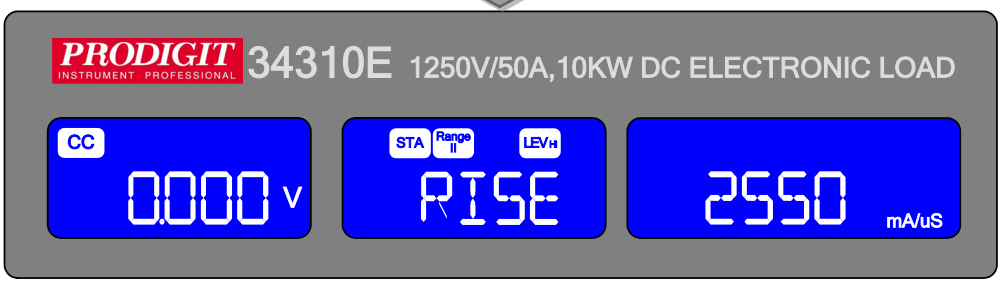
- Setting level Low period, Middle 5 digit LCD display will show 「T-Lo」, Right 5 digit LCD display will show setting value, the unit is “ms” , The T-Lo set range from 0.010 ms to 9999 ms step 0.01ms by rotating the Setting knob.



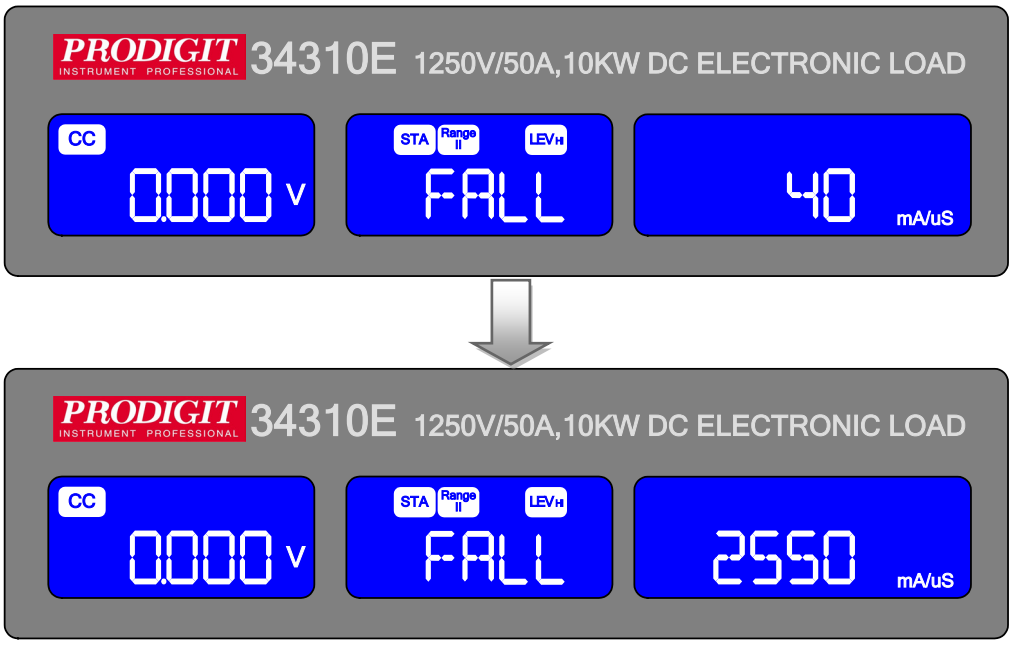


- Setting rise time, Middle 5 digit LCD display will show 「RISE」, Right 5 digit LCD display will show setting value, the unit is “mA/μs” , The RISE time set range from 40mA/us to 2550mA/us step 10mA/us by rotating the Setting knob.





- Setting fall time, Middle 5 digit LCD display will show 「FALL」, Right 5 digit LCD display will show setting value, the unit is “mA/μs” , The FALL time set range from 40mA/us to 2550mA/us step 10mA/us by rotating the Setting knob.

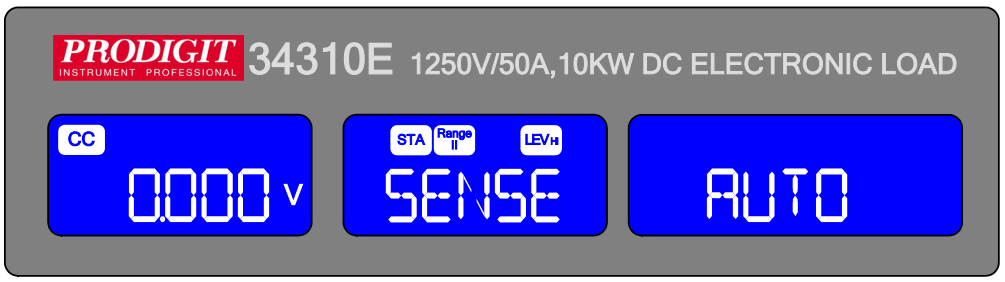


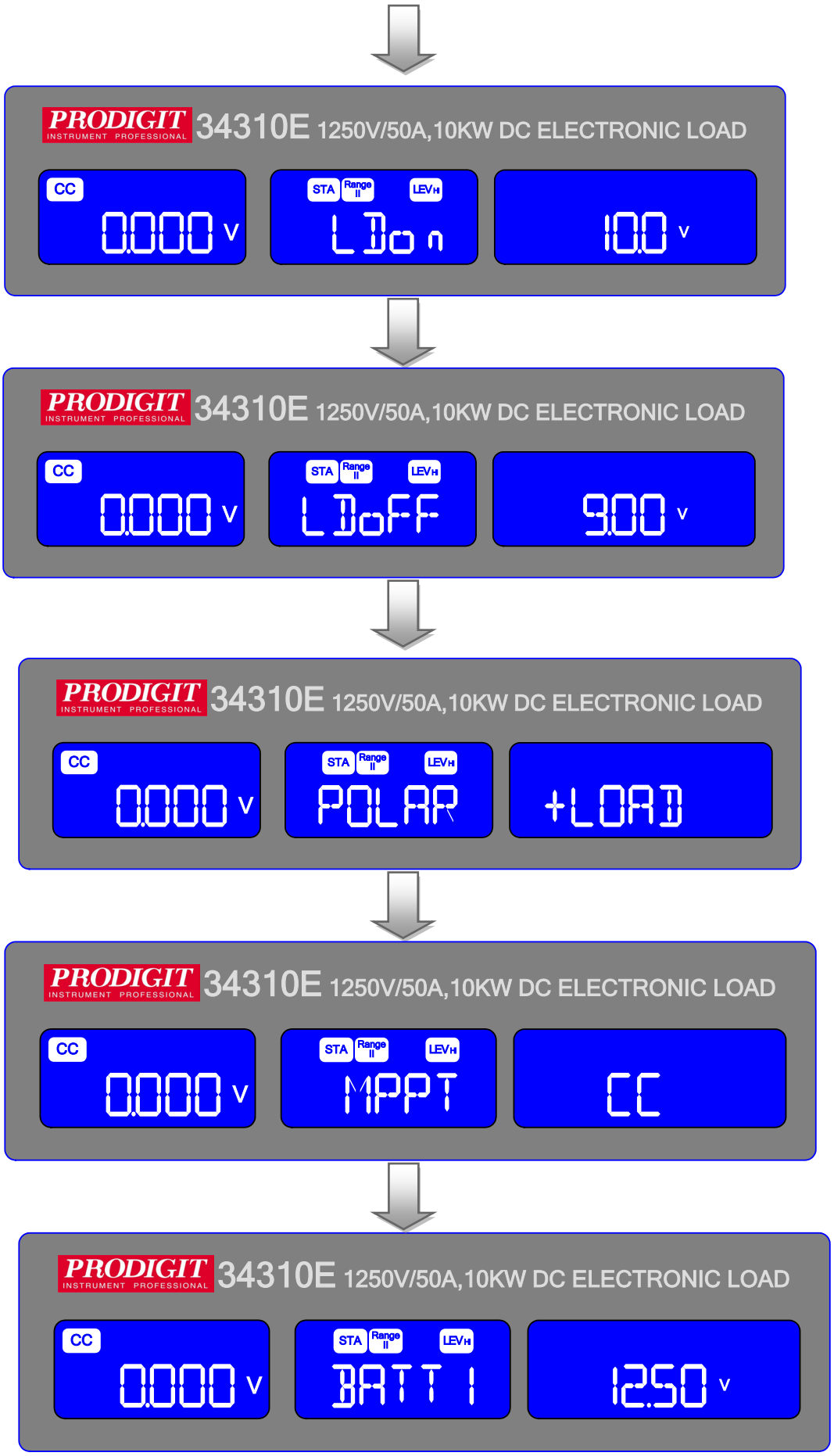
3.2.16. Config Key

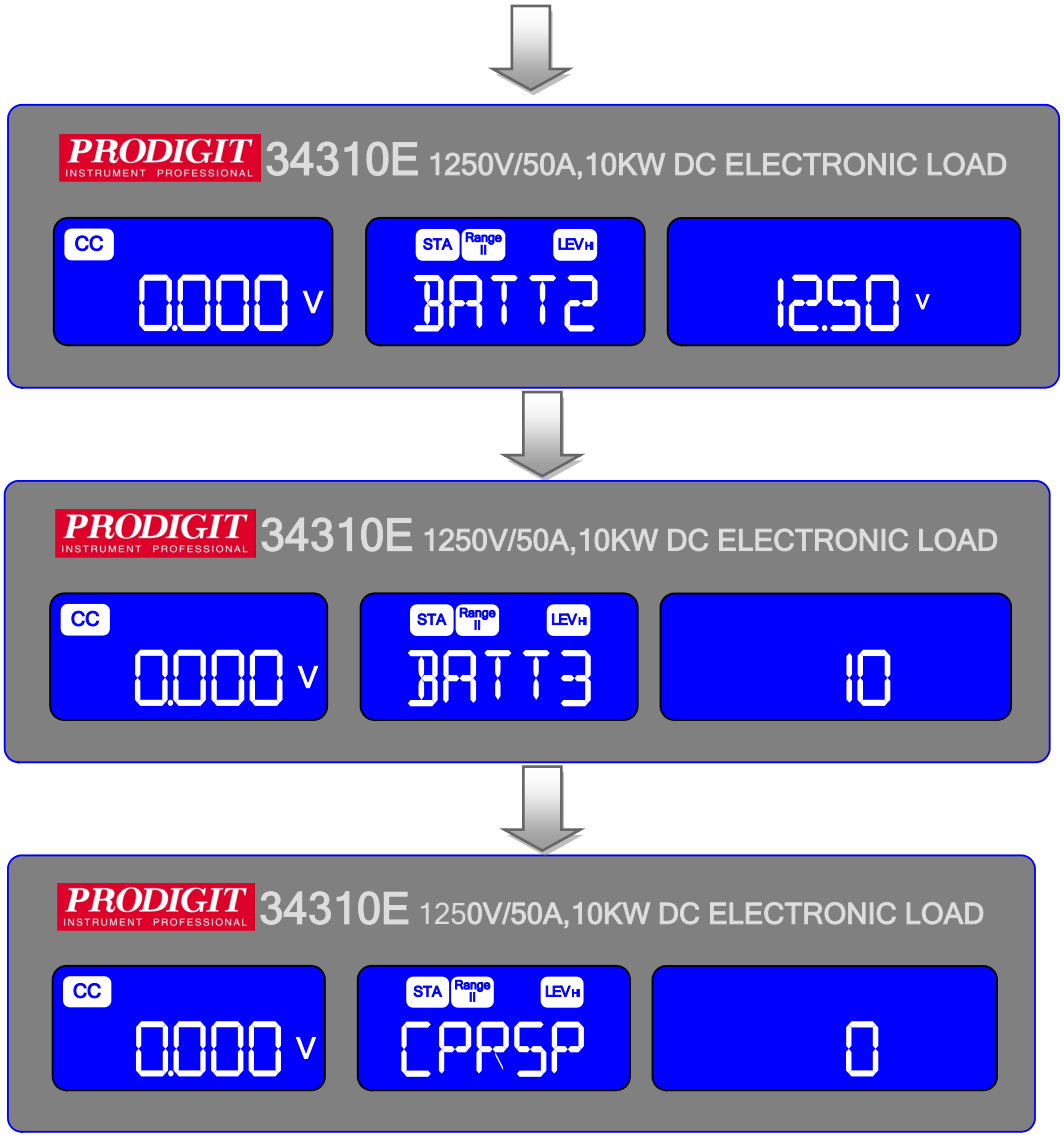
The CONFIG key allows the sense function to engage automatically or switched ON. The CONFIG key also enables the LOAD to automatically turn ON/OFF When a voltage level is reached. The polarity symbol can also be switched via the CONFIG menu.

Each press of the CONFIG key moves the menu on one step. On first press of the CONFIG key the button will illuminate and SENSE will be displayed on the middle LCD. The value is adjusted with the rotary knob and can be read from the right LCD during setting. The setting sequence is shown below:

SENSE (AUTO or ON) →
LDon (Voltage at which LOAD turns ON) →
LDoff (Voltage at which LOAD turns OFF) →
POLAR (change polarity symbol) →
MPPT →
BATT1 →
BATT2 →
BATT3 →
CPRSP →
Exit CONFIG options



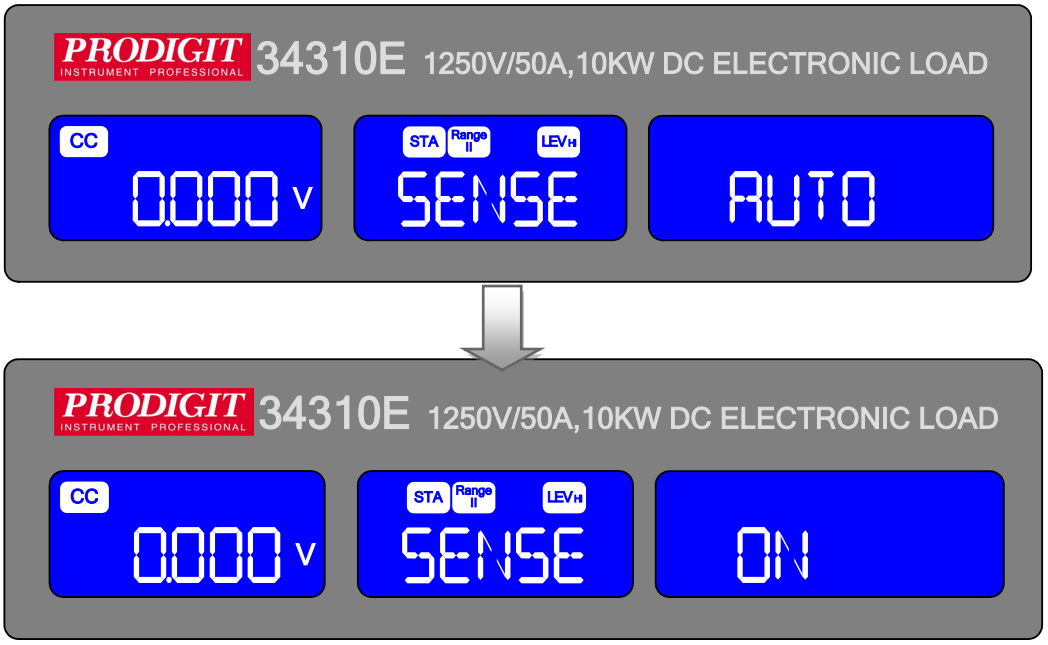

PRODIGIT INSTRUMENT PROFESSIONAL 34310E 1250V/50A,10KW DC ELECTRONIC LOAD
CC 0.000 V
STA Range II LEVH
LDon
10.0 V
PRODIGIT INSTRUMENT PROFESSIONAL 34310E 1250V/50A,10KW DC ELECTRONIC LOAD
CC 0.000 V
STA Range II LEVH
LDoFF
9.00 V
PRODIGIT INSTRUMENT PROFESSIONAL 34310E 1250V/50A,10KW DC ELECTRONIC LOAD
CC 0.000 V
STA Range II LEVH
POLAR
+LOAD
PRODIGIT INSTRUMENT PROFESSIONAL 34310E 1250V/50A,10KW DC ELECTRONIC LOAD
CC 0.000 V
STA Range II LEVH
MPPT
CC
PRODIGIT INSTRUMENT PROFESSIONAL 34310E 1250V/50A,10KW DC ELECTRONIC LOAD
CC 0.000 V
STA Range II LEVH
BATT 1
12.50 V



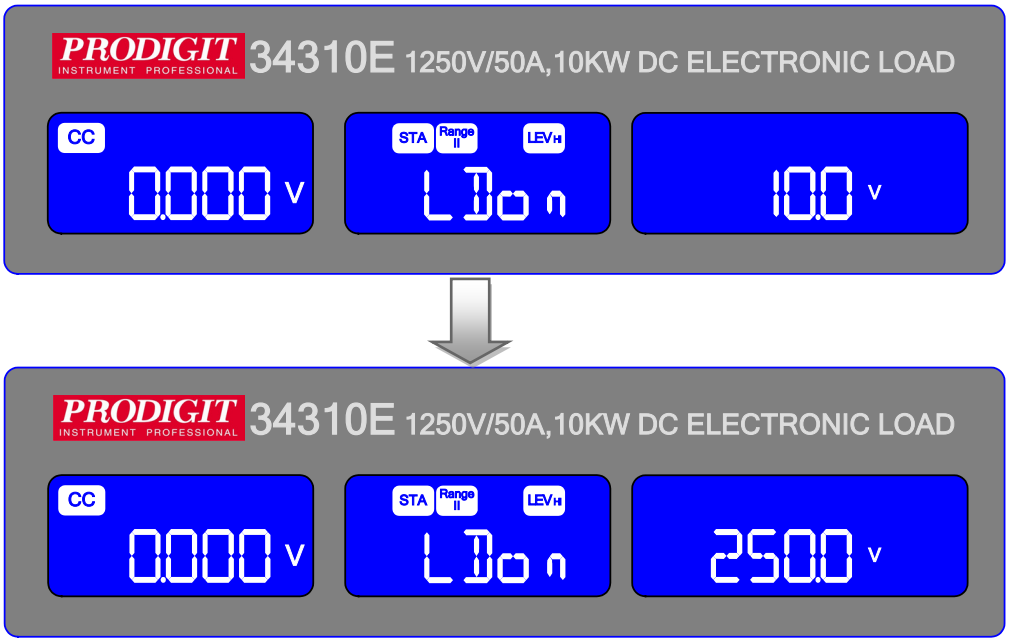
Note 1: The adjustable LDon (LOAD ON) voltage is valid for CC, CR & CP operating Modes. The adjusted LDon voltage will not operate in CV mode.

Note 2: The LDon (LOAD ON) voltage setting cannot be lower than the LDoff (LOAD OFF) voltage. If 1V is required for both LOAD ON and LOAD OFF make the LOAD OFF adjustment first.

- Setting Vsense and load input switching methods, the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "SENSE", Right 5 digit LCD display will show "AUTO" or "ON".

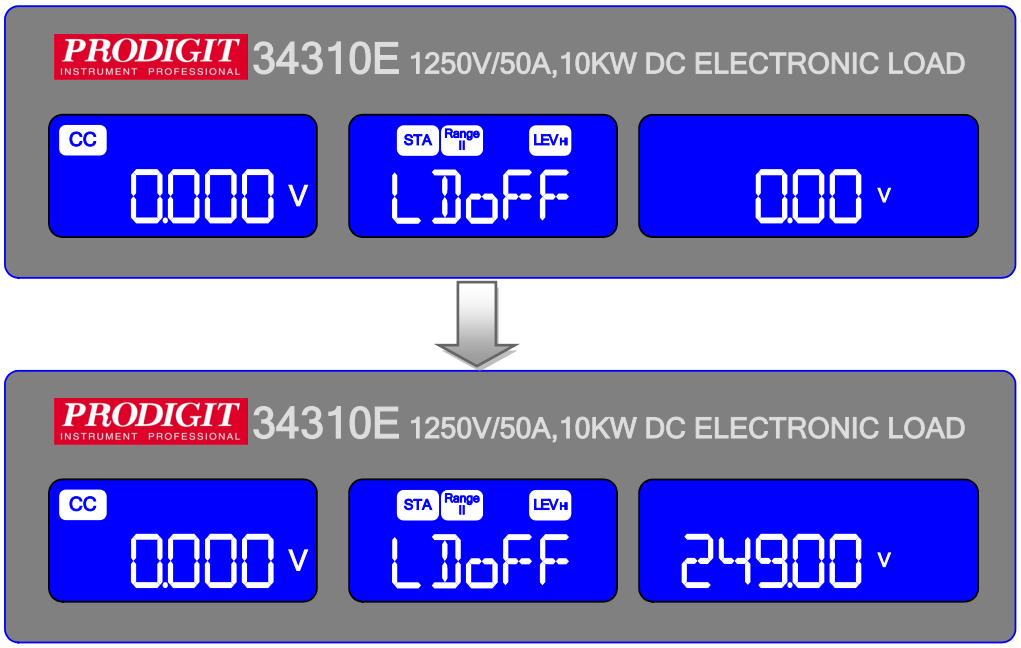


- Set Load ON voltage, the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "LDon", Right 5 digit LCD display will show setting value, the units is V, The Load ON Voltage set range from 10.0V to 250.0V step 1V by rotating the setting knob. If the load is greater than the input voltage Load ON voltage setting, the Electronic load current begin to load on.

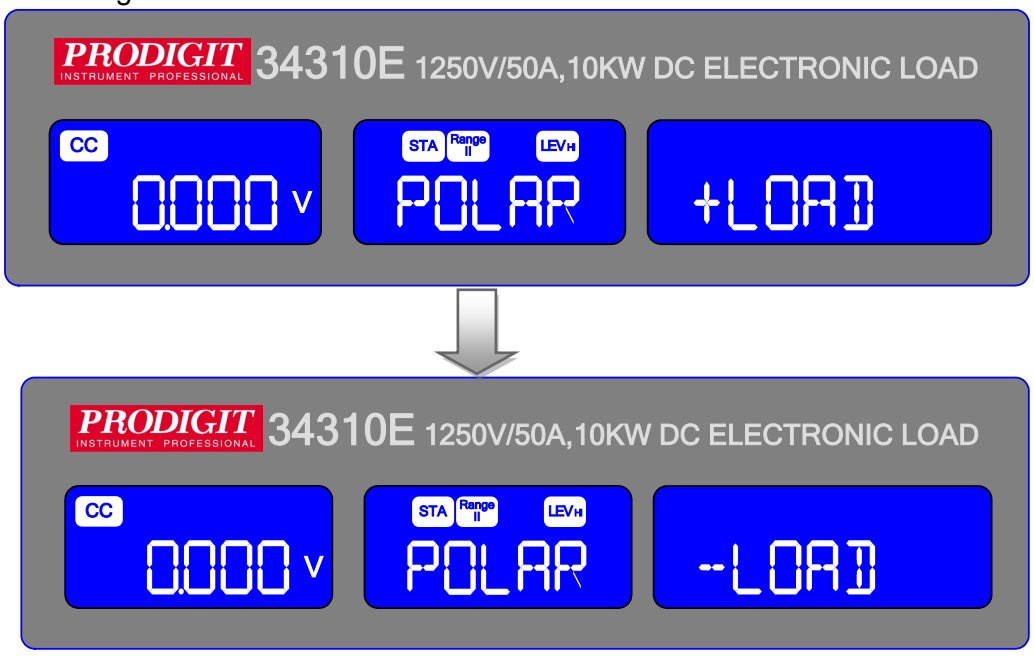


NOTE1: CC/CR/CP MODE is controlled by Load ON voltage, CV MODE is not Controlled by Load ON voltage.

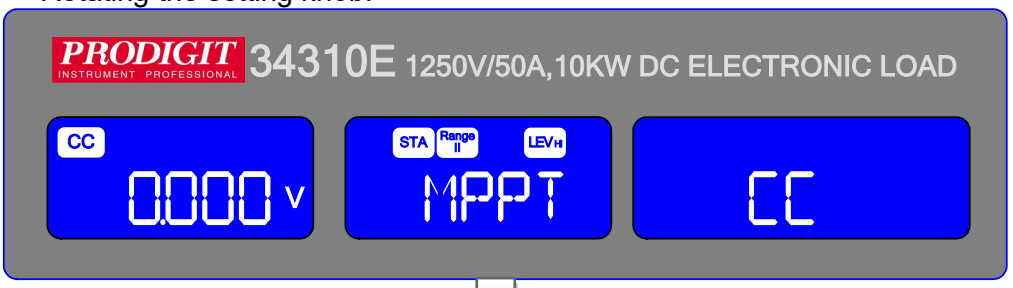
- Setting Load OFF voltage, the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "LDoFF", Right the 5 digit LCD display will show settings value, the units is V, The Load OFF Voltage set range from 0.00V to 249.00V step 0.02V by rotating The Setting knob.
  If the load input voltage is less than Load OFF setting voltage, the electronic Load to load off.

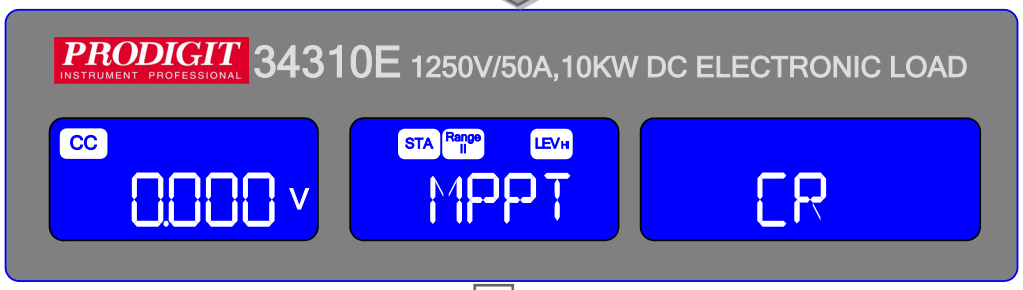


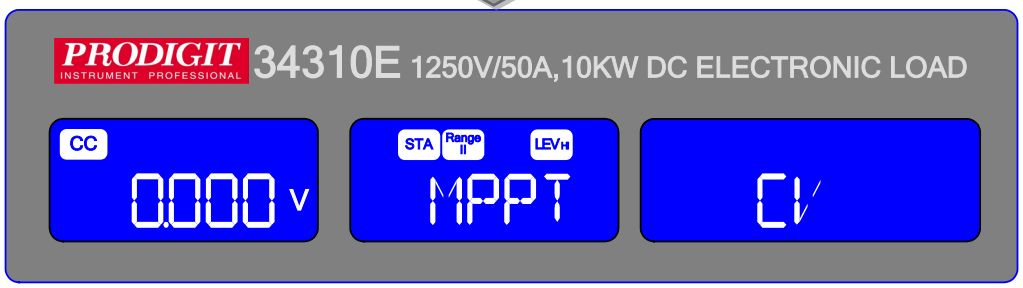
- Set Load polarity, the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "POLAR", Right the 5 digit LCD display "will show + LOAD" or "-LOAD", use the knobs and key Settings "+ LOAD" or "-LOAD".



- Setting MPPT, the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "MPPT", Right the 5 digit LCD display will show CC, CR, CV, The MPPT set CC, CR, and CV by Rotating the setting knob.



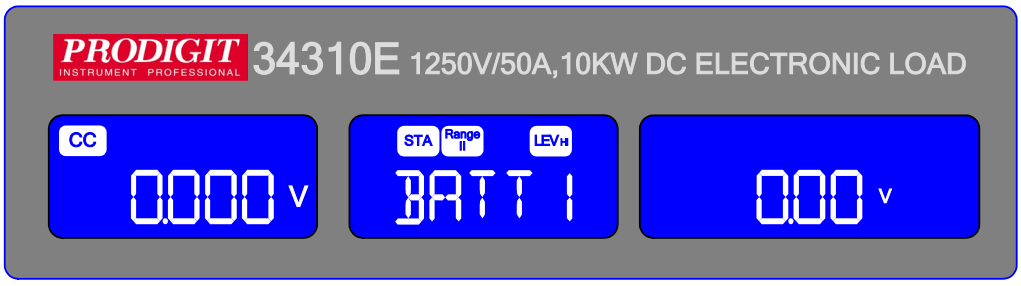


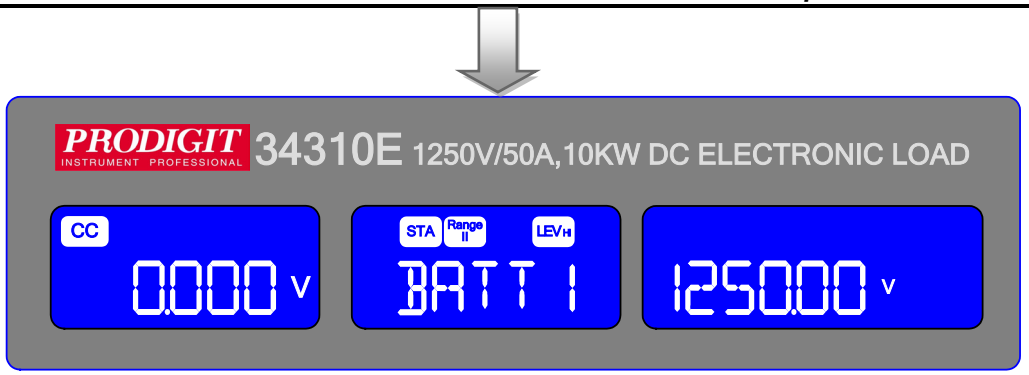


Remote Operation with remote command:

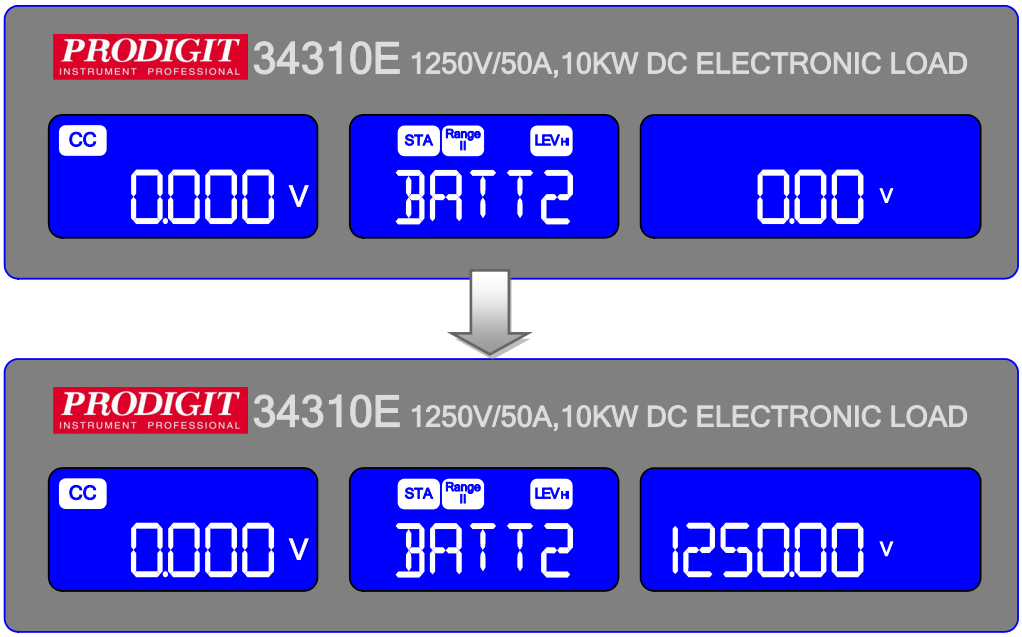
1. Power ON 34000E series Load
2. Connecting UUT (PV panel) to load input terminal
3. Sent MPPTIME interval time (MPPTIME{sp} NR2, MPPTIME 1000, the range is 1000 to 60000 mS), the record data is no limitation in 34000E series internal memory.
4. Sent command MPPT ON to start tracking MPP of UUT
5. Sent MPP? command to read back the voltage, current and power (MPP)
6. Sent MPPT OFF to stop tracking the MPP of UUT

- Setting BATT1 , the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "BATT1", Right The 5 digit LCD display will show settings value, the units is V,
  The BATT1 set range from 0.00V to 1250.00V step 0.01V by rotating the Setting knob.

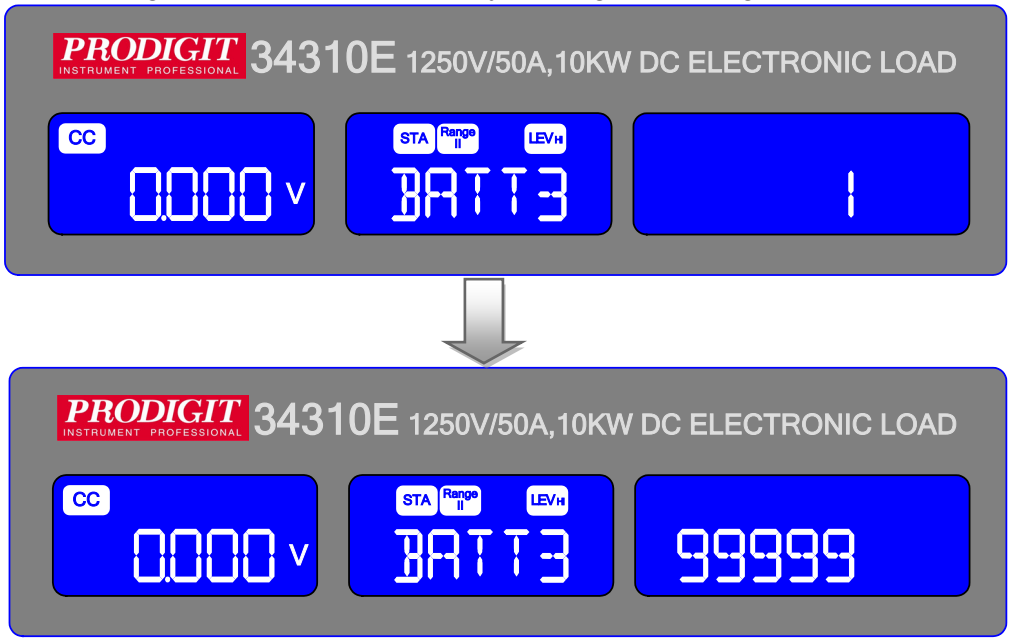




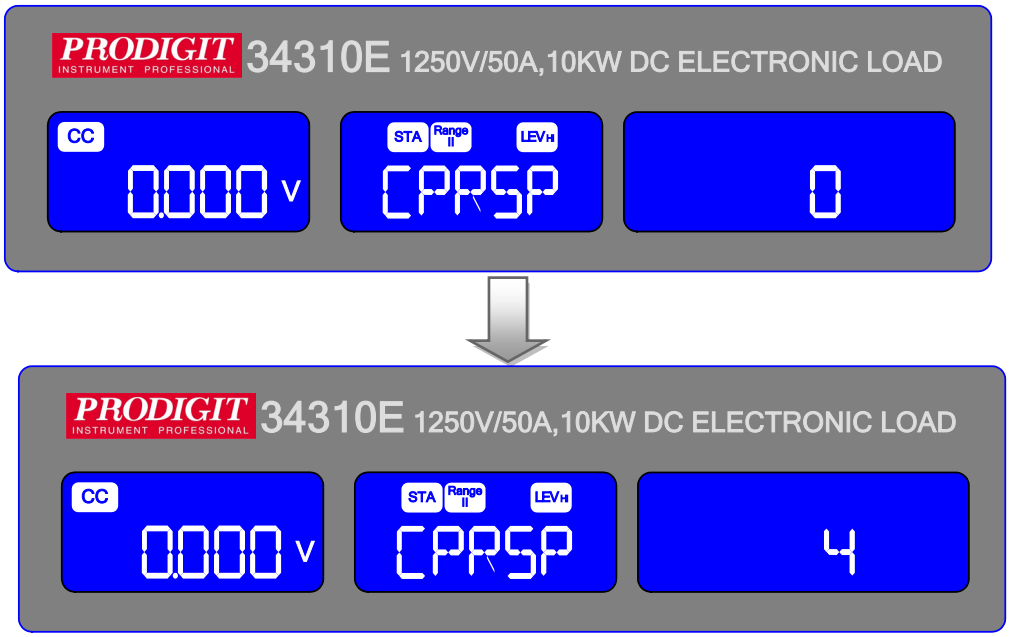
- Setting BATT2 , the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "BATT2", Right The 5 digit LCD display will show settings value, the units is V,
  The BATT2 set range from 0.00V to 1250.00V step 0.01V by rotating the setting Knob.



- Setting BATT3 , the middle of the 5 digit LCD display will show "BATT3", Right The 5 digit LCD display will show settings value, the units is sec, the BATT3 Set range from 1 to 9999 step 1 by rotating the Setting knob.



- Set CPRSP. The middle 5-digit display shows “CPRSP”. The 5-digit display on the right displays “0”. Use the knob and key to set the range from 0 to 4.



3.2.17. Short key

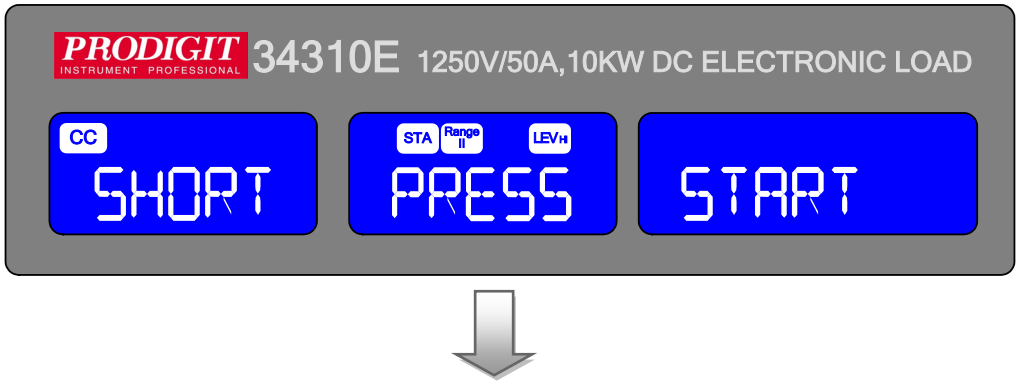
The SHORT key allows the parameters of a SHORT circuit test to be entered. The SHORT test will attempt to sink high current up to the 34000E series load maximum current in order to check the power source’s protection and behavior. The test time can be adjusted and threshold values for the High and low voltage limits set.

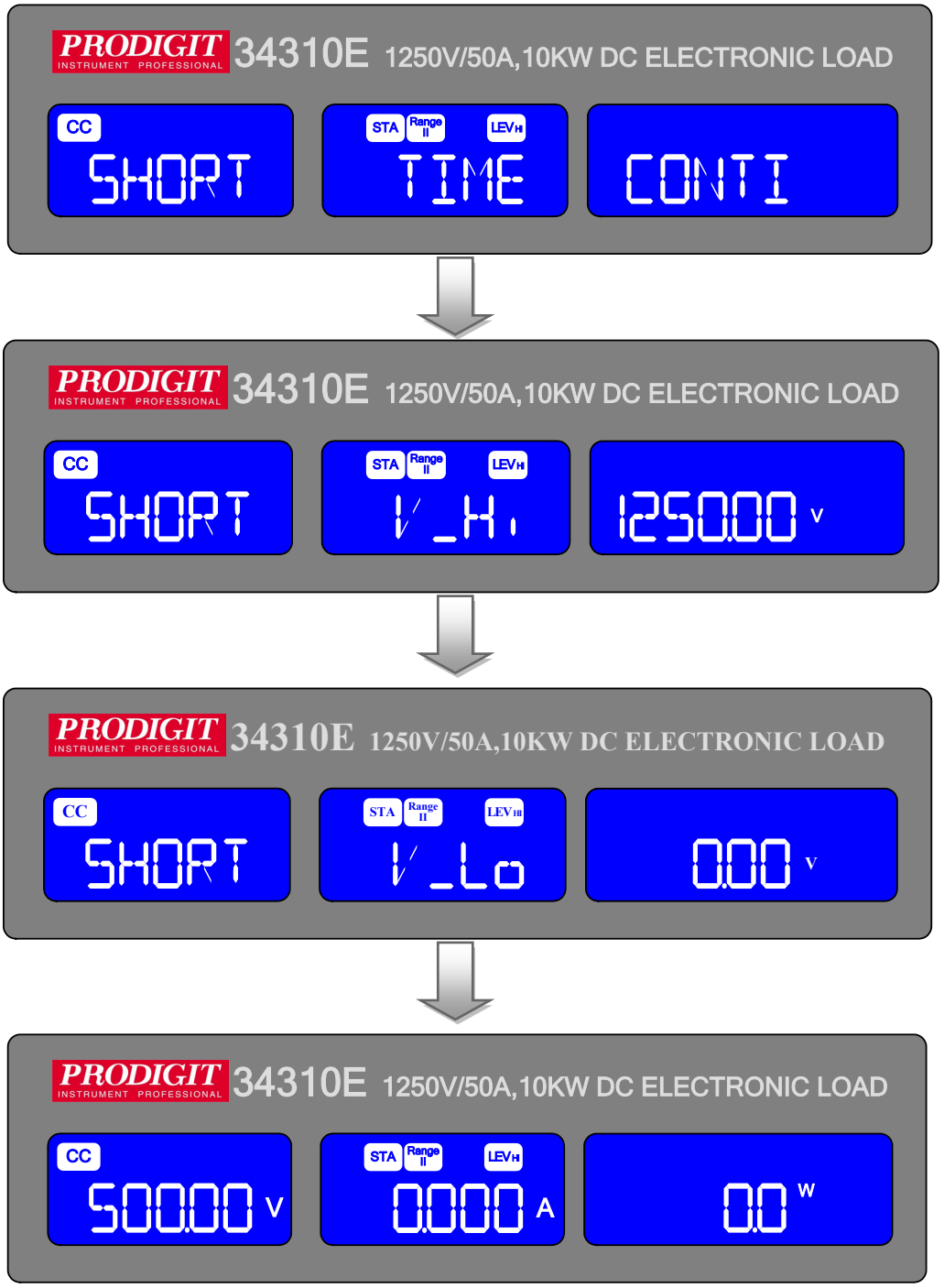
Pressing the SHORT key once will cause the button to illuminate. The Message “SHORT PRESS START” will be shown across the 3 displays.

Each press of the SHORT key moves the menu on one step. The left and Middle LCDs show the currently selected test parameter as text. The value is adjusted by the rotary knob and can be read from the right display during Setting.

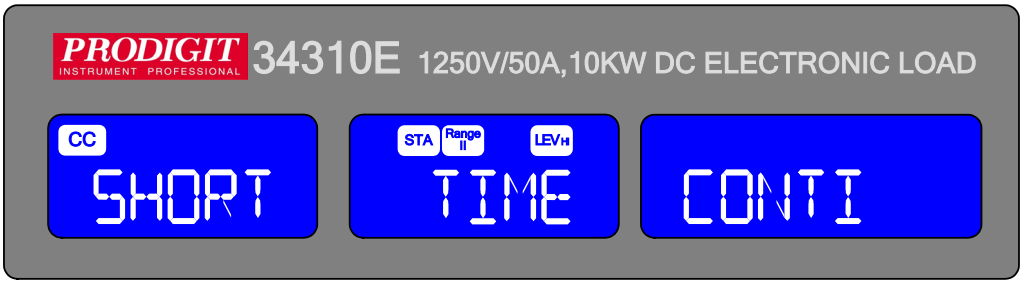
The setting sequence is shown below:

SHORT PRESS START (pressing the red start/stop key starts test) →
SHORT TIME (CONTI = Continuous or 100ms to 10,000ms possible) →
SHORT V_Hi (High voltage threshold setting) →
SHORT V_Lo (Low voltage threshold setting →
Exit SHORT test set-up

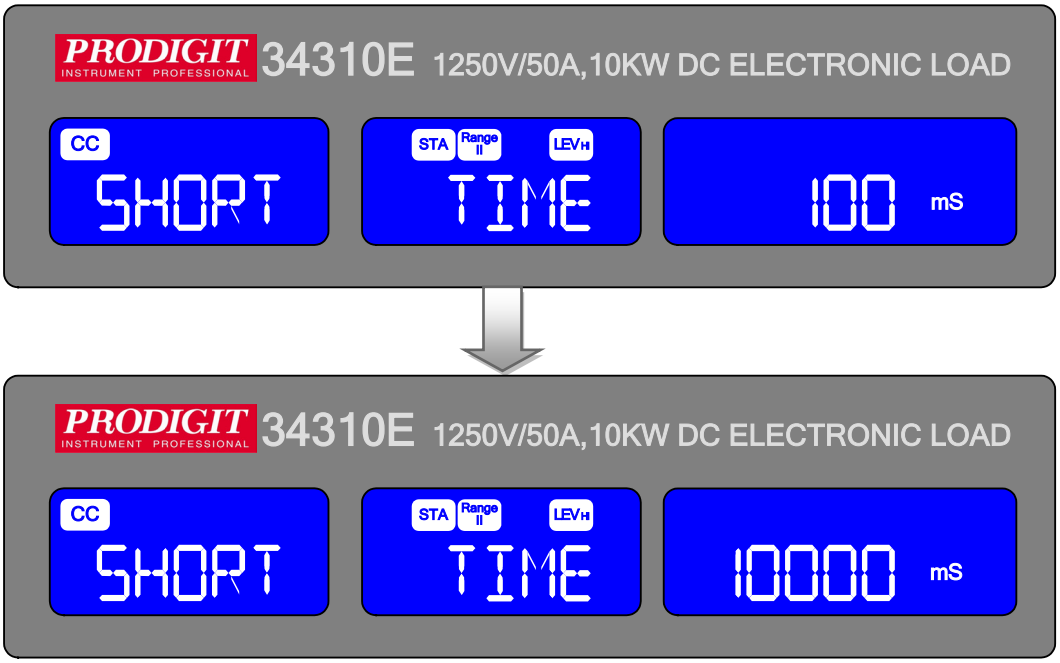




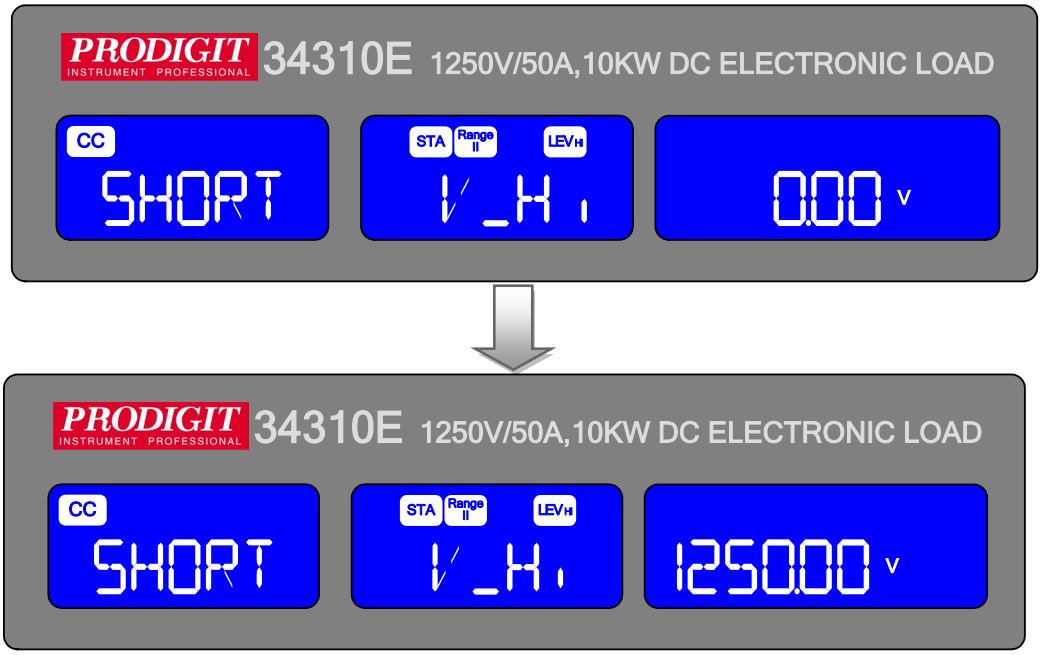
- setting the short test time，The LCD display show 「SHORT」 on Left 5 digits LCD display，shows 「TIME」on middle 5 digits LCD display，Right 5 digit LCD display 「CONTI」, the unit is "ms".



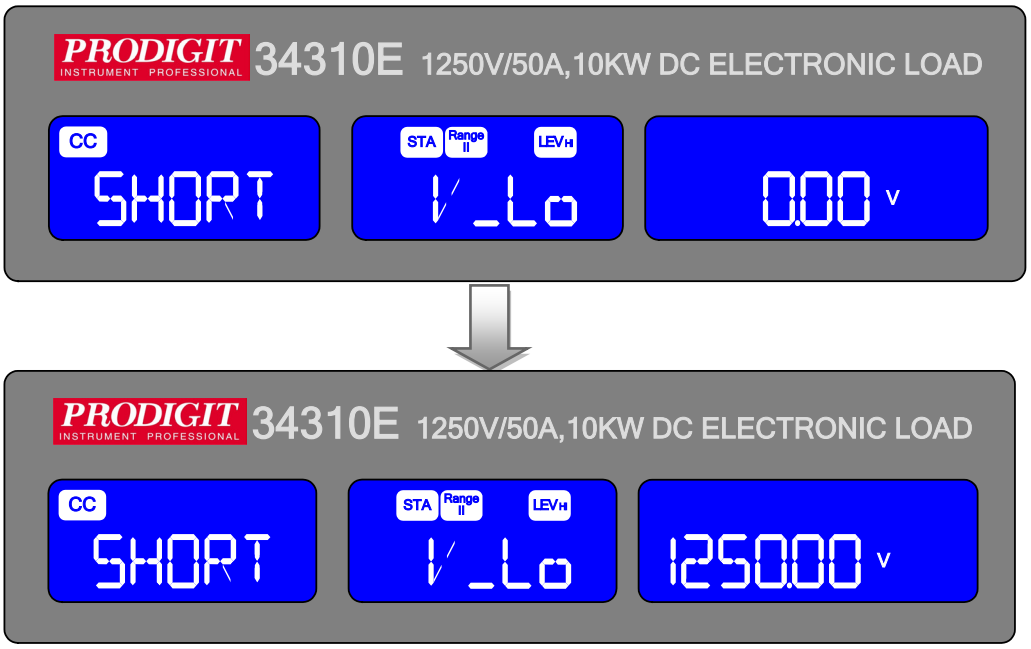
- TIME: setting the short test time, The LCD display show 「SHORT」 on Left 5 digits LCD display, shows 「TIME」on middle 5 digits LCD display the unit Is “ms” ,and shows 「CONTI」 on Right 5 digits LCD display, the setting Range is “CONTI” means continue, 100mS to 10000mS step 100mS by clockwise rotate the setting knob.
  The short test will be no time limitation when setting to CONTI until press “START/STOP” key to stop the short test.



- V-Hi : Short test voltage check upper limitation setting, The LCD display shows 「SHORT」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「V-Hi」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "V", The V-Hi setting range from 0.00V to 1250.00V step 0.02V by rotating the setting knob.



- V-Lo : Short test voltage check lower limitation setting, The LCD display shows 「SHORT」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「V-Lo」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "V", the V-Hi setting range from 0.00V to 1250.00V step 0.01V by rotating the setting knob.



Once the test parameters have been entered the test is started by pressing The red START/STOP button while the SHORT PRESS START text is Displayed. During the test the bottom LCD will show run and the actual short Current will be displayed on the middle LCD.

Note 1: The message PASS END will be displayed if the measured voltage levels stay within the V_Hi and V_Lo threshold levels during the test

Note 2: The message FAIL END will be displayed if the measured voltage level falls outside the V_Hi and V_Lo threshold levels during the test. The NG flag will also illuminate.

Note 3: If continuous short time is selected the test is ended by pressing the red START/STOP button.

3.2.18. OCP key

The OCP key allows the parameters of an Over Current Protection test to be entered. The OCP test will ramp up the load current in steps to validate the Device Under test's (DUT) protection and behavior. A voltage threshold level can be set. If the voltage measured during the test is lower than the set Threshold voltage then the test will fail and the display will signal OCP ERROR. Similarly a current Threshold (I STOP) can be set. If the measured Current reaches the I STOP Threshold the test will be discontinued and the OCP ERROR message will be displayed.

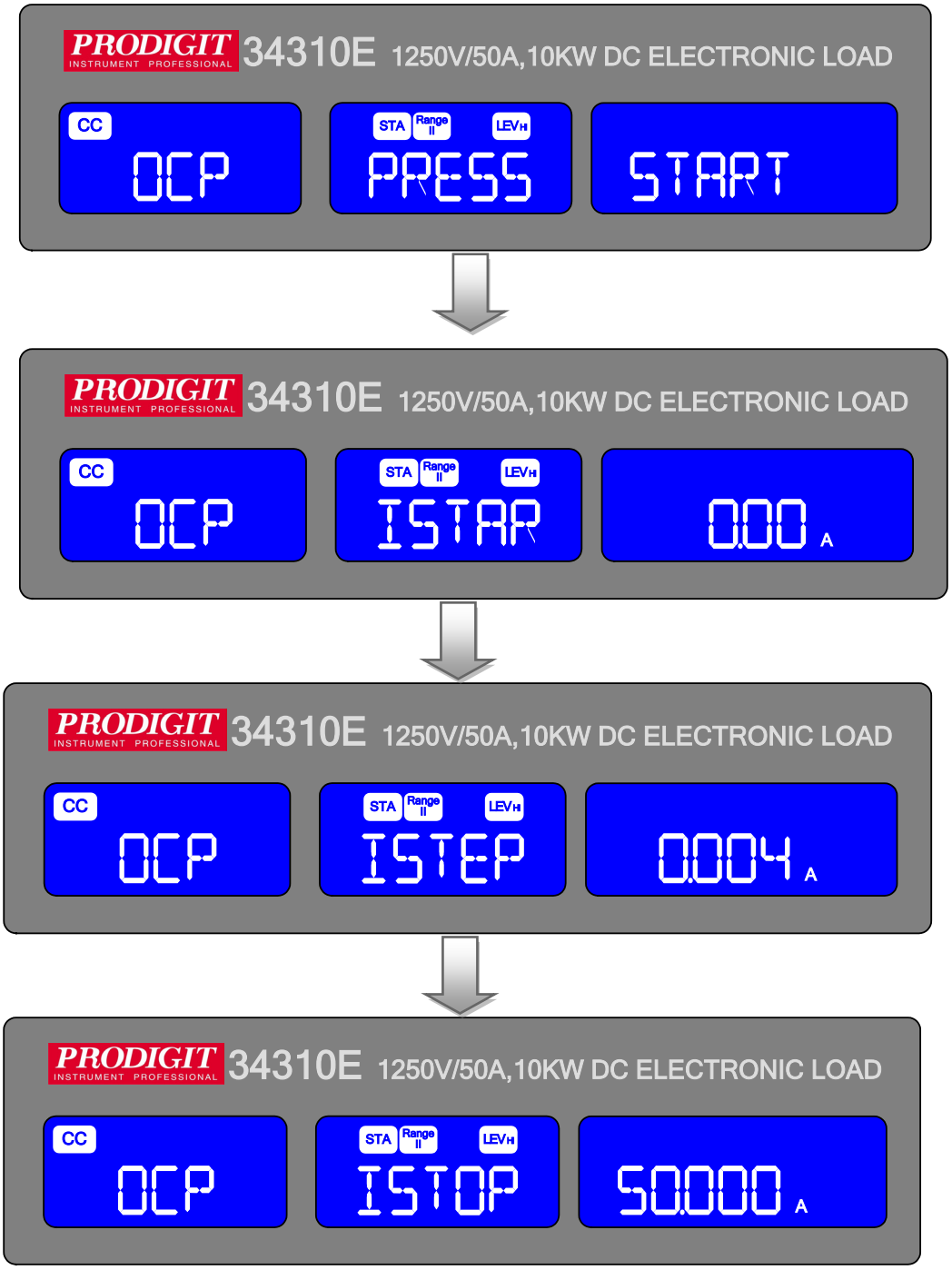
Pressing the OCP key once will cause the button to illuminate. The message

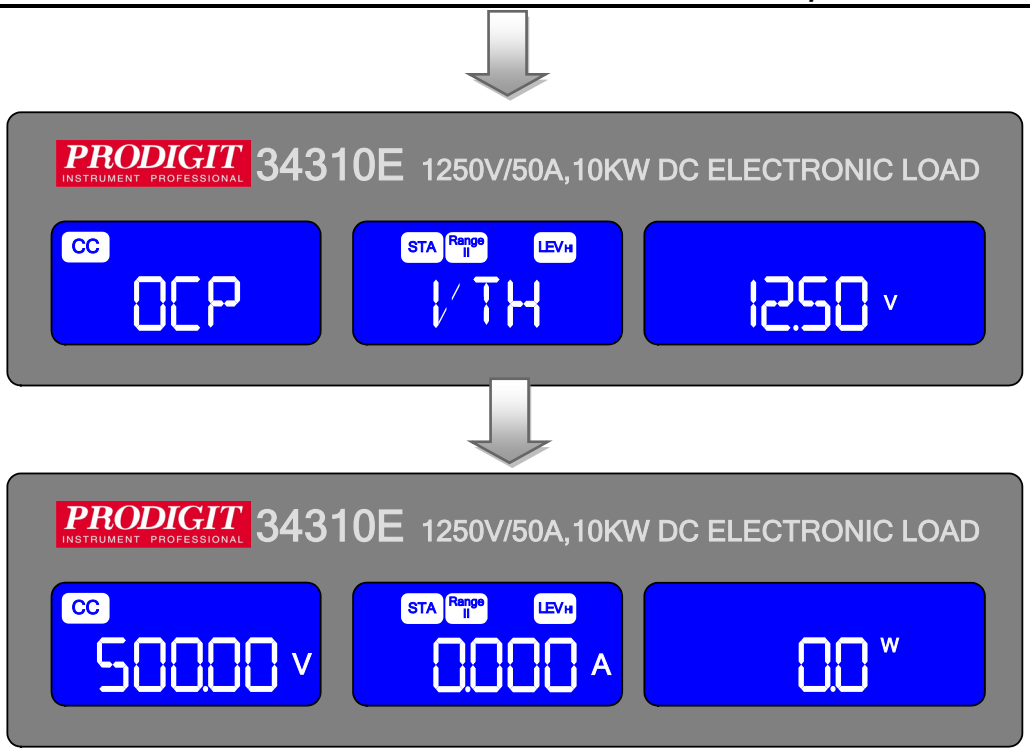
"OCP PRESS START" will be shown across the 3 displays.

Each press of the OCP button moves the menu on one step. The Left and Middle LCDs show the currently selected test parameter as text. The value is adjusted by the rotary knob and can be read from the Right display during Setting.

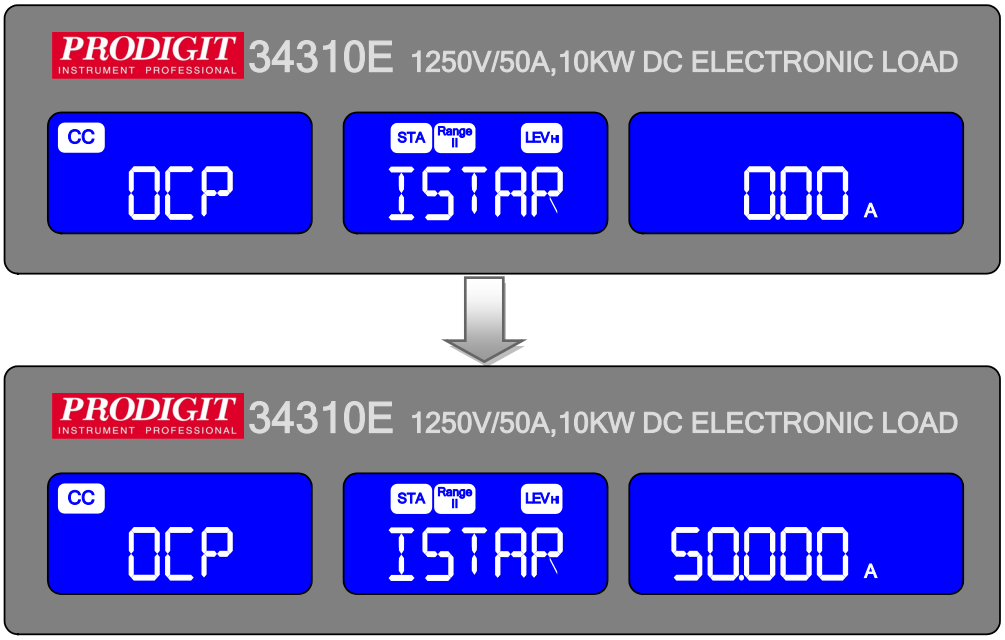
The setting sequence is shown below:

OCP PRESS START (pressing the red start/stop key starts test) →
OCP I STAR (current starting point of the OCP test) →
OCP I STEP (value of incremental current steps from I START) →
OCP I STOP (the OCP test's upper current threshold →
OCP Vth (the voltage threshold setting) →
Exit OCP test set-up

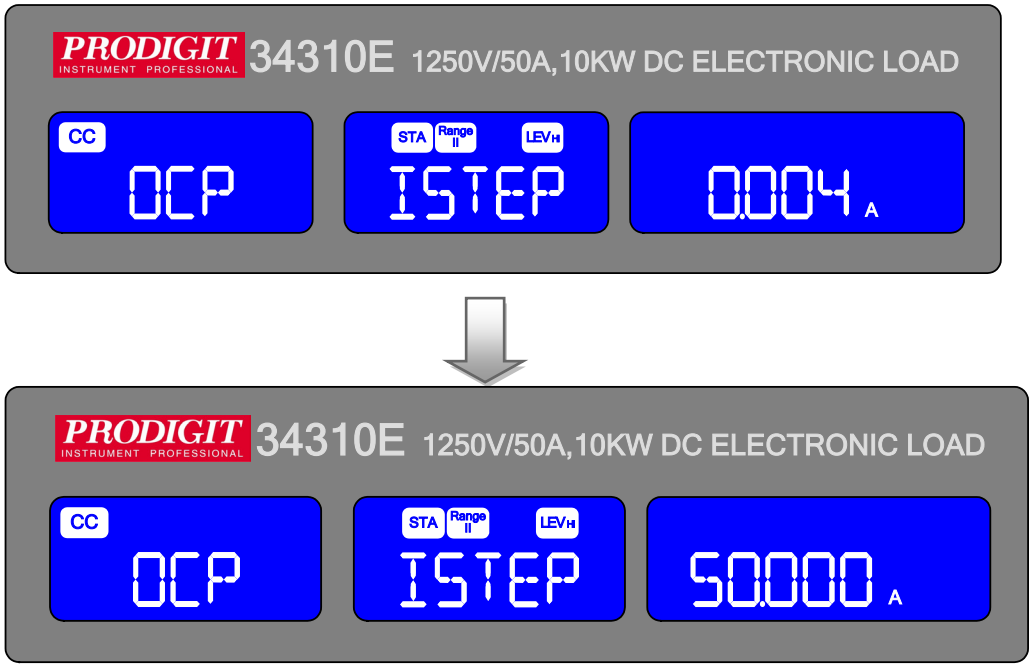




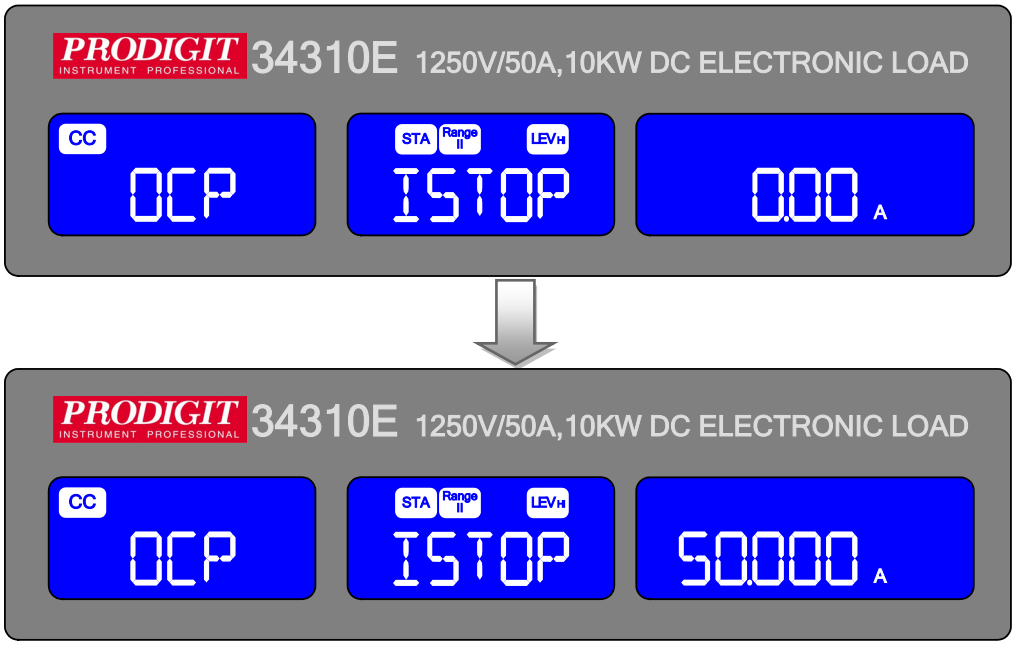
- ISTAR: setting the start current point, The LCD display shows 「OCP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「ISTAR」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "A".
  The setting range is 0.00A to the full scale of the CC mode specification. The Setting is by rotating the setting knob.



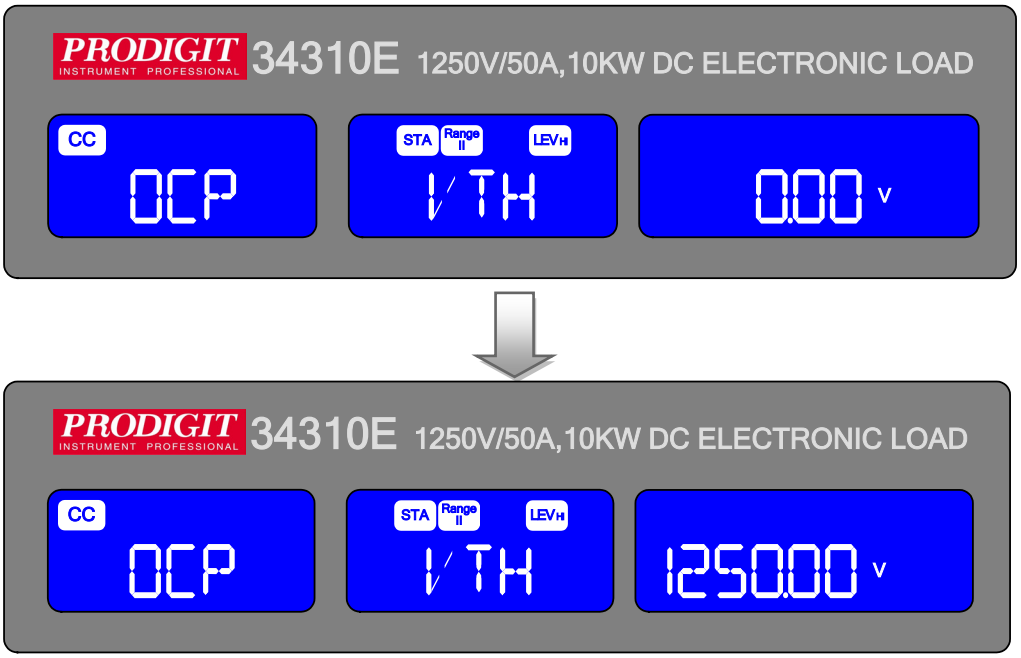
- ISTEP: setting the increment step current point, The LCD display shows 「OCP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「ISTEP」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "A".
  The setting range is 0.001A to the full scale of the CC mode specification.
  The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



- ISTOP: setting the stop current point, The LCD display shows 「OCP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「ISTOP」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "A", the setting range is 0.000A to the full scale of the CC mode specification. The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



- Vth: Setting threshold voltage; The LCD display shows 「OCP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「Vth」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "V", the setting range is 0.00V to the full scale of the Voltage specification. The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



Once the test parameters have been entered the test is started by pressing the red START/STOP button while the OCP PRESS START text is displayed. During the Test the middle LCD will show run and the actual current being Taken will be displayed on the Right LCD

Note 1: The message OCP ERROR will be displayed if the DUT fails the test.
The reasons for failure are due to one of the following conditions:

(a) the voltage level of the DUT falls below the set voltage threshold (OCP Vth) During the test
(b) The current taken from the DUT reaches the OCP I STOP setting.

Note 2: The message PASS will be displayed if the DUTs voltage stays above the set Threshold. Also to PASS the OCP test the current taken from the DUT cannot equal the I STOP setting.

Note 3: If the DUT passes the OCP test the maximum current taken during the test is Displayed on the right LCD.

Upon PASS or OCP ERROR the test will automatically stop. The red START/STOP button can be used during the test to immediately cease operation.

3.2.19. **OPP** Key

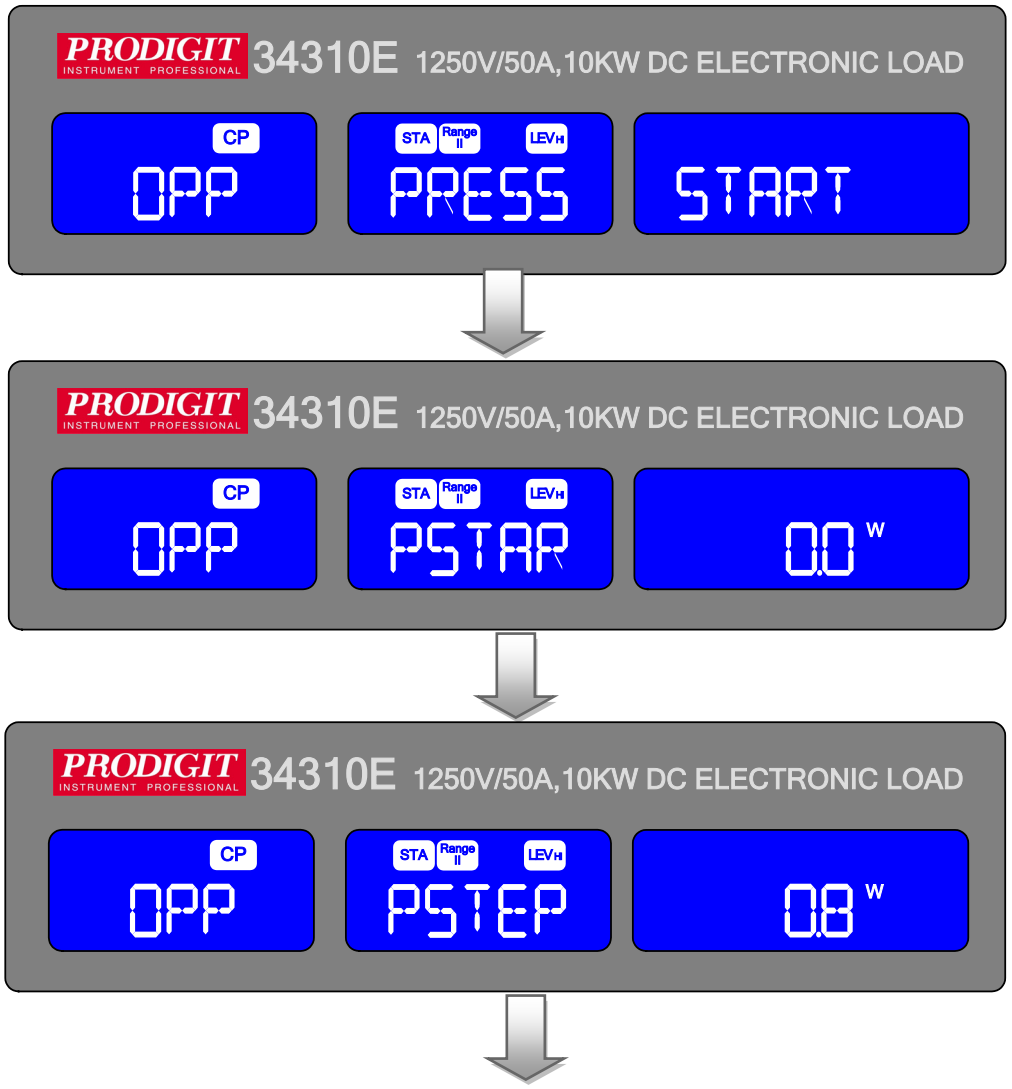
The OPP key allows the parameters of an Over Power Protection test to be entered. The OPP test will ramp up the load power in steps to validate the Device under Test's (DUT) protection and behavior. A voltage threshold level can be set. If the voltage measured during the test is lower than the set Threshold voltage then the test will fail and the display will signal OPP ERROR. Similarly a power threshold (P STOP) can be set. If the measured power reaches the P STOP threshold the test will be discontinued and the OPP ERROR message will be displayed.

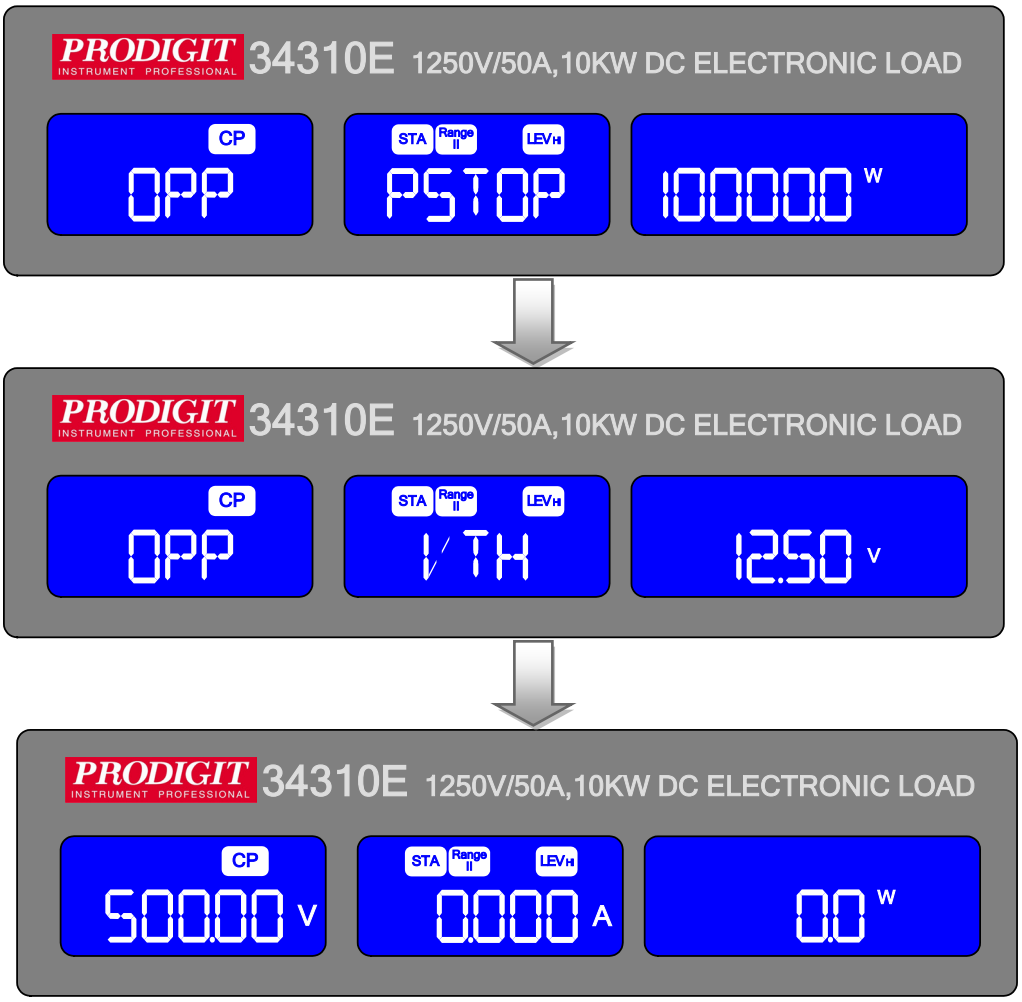
Pressing the OPP key once will cause the button to illuminate. The message “OPP PRESS START” will be shown across the 3 displays.

Each press of the OPP button moves the menu on one step. The Left and Middle LCDs show the currently selected test parameter as text. The value is adjusted by the rotary knob and can be read from the Right display during Setting.

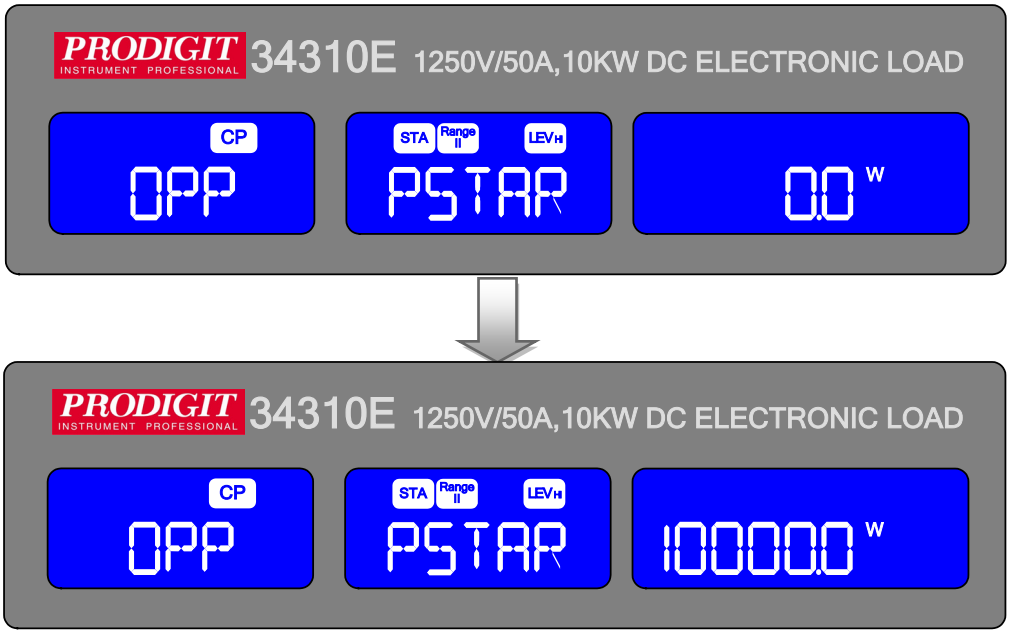
The setting sequence is shown below:

OPP PRESS START (pressing the red start/stop key starts test) →
OPP P STAR (power starting point of the OPP test) →
OPP P STEP (value of incremental current steps from P START) →
OPP P STOP (the OPP test’s upper threshold power limit) →
OPP Vth (the voltage threshold setting) →
Exit OPP test set-up

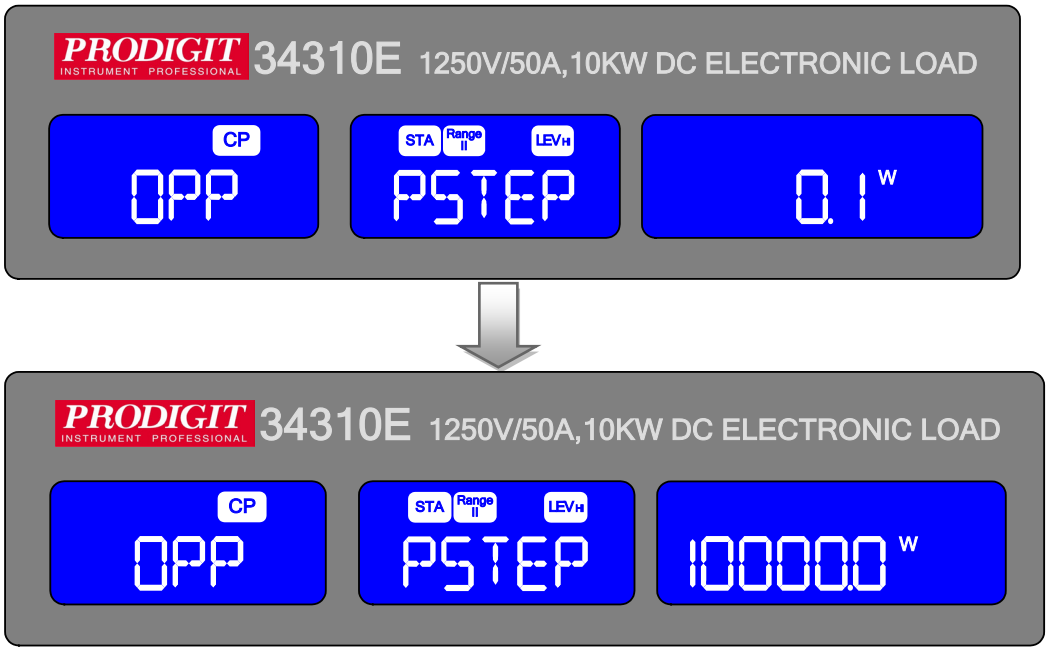




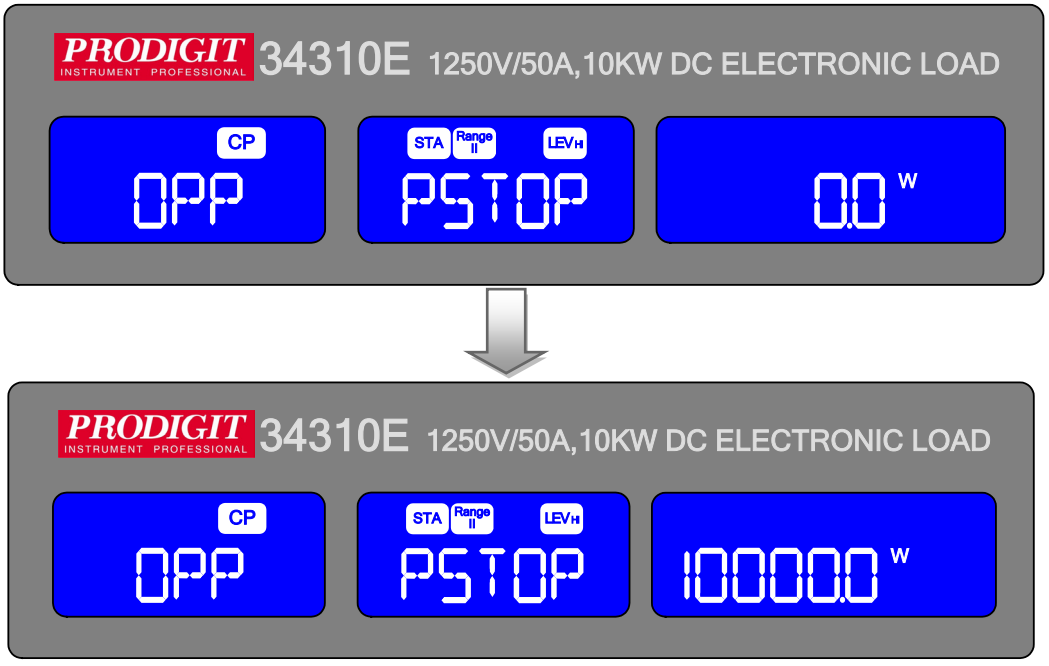
- PSTAR: setting the start power, The LCD display shows 「OPP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「PSTAR」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "W", the setting range is 0.00W to the full scale of the CP mode specification. The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



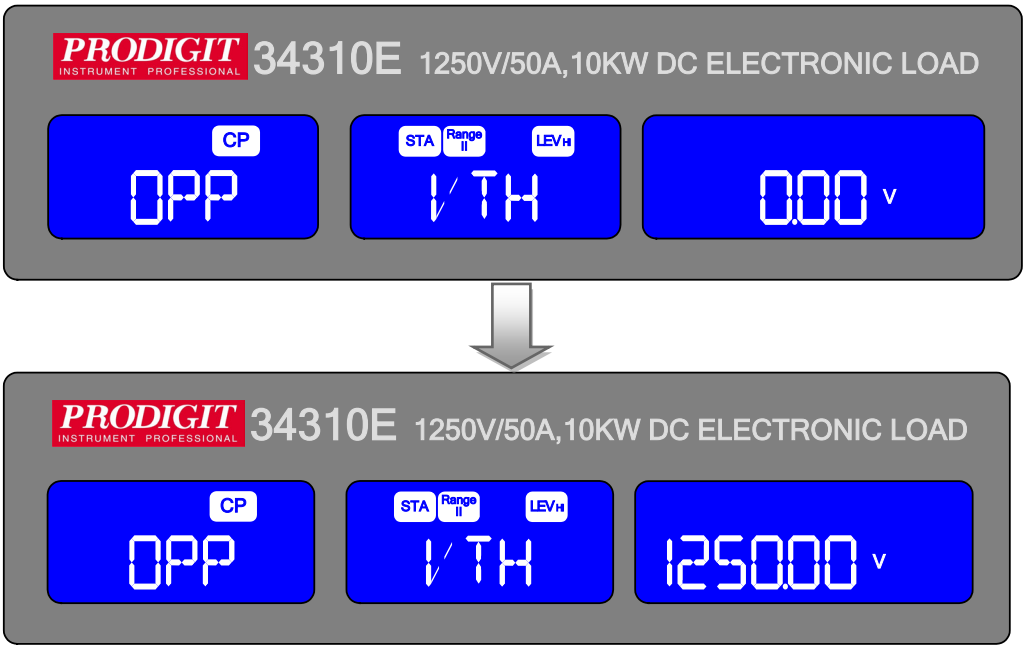
- PSTEP: setting the increment step power, The LCD display shows 「OPP」 on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「PSTEP」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "W", the setting range is 0.00W to the full scale of the CP mode specification. The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



- PSTOP: setting the stop power, The LCD display shows 「OPP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「PSTOP」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "W", the setting range is 0.00W to the full scale of the CP mode specification. The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



- Vth : Setting threshold voltage; The LCD display shows 「OPP」on Left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display「Vth」,Right 5 digit LCD display setting value, the unit is "V", the setting range is 0.00V to the full scale of the Voltage specification. The setting is by rotating the setting knob.



Once the test parameters have been entered the test is started by pressing the red START/STOP button while the OPP PRESS START text is displayed. During the test the middle LCD will show run and the actual power being taken will be displayed on the right LCD.

Note 1: The message OPP ERROR will be displayed if the DUT fails the test. The reasons for failure are due to one of the following conditions:

(a) The voltage level of the DUT falls below the set voltage threshold (OPP Vth) During the test
(b) The current taken from the DUT reaches the OPP P STOP setting.

Note 2: The message PASS will be displayed if the DUTs voltage stays above the set Threshold. Also to PASS the OPP test the current taken from the DUT cannot Equal the I STOP setting.

Note 3: If the DUT passes the OPP test the maximum power taken during the test is Displayed on the right LCD.

Upon PASS or OPP ERROR the test will automatically stop. The red START/STOP button can be used during the test to immediately cease operation.

3.2.20.

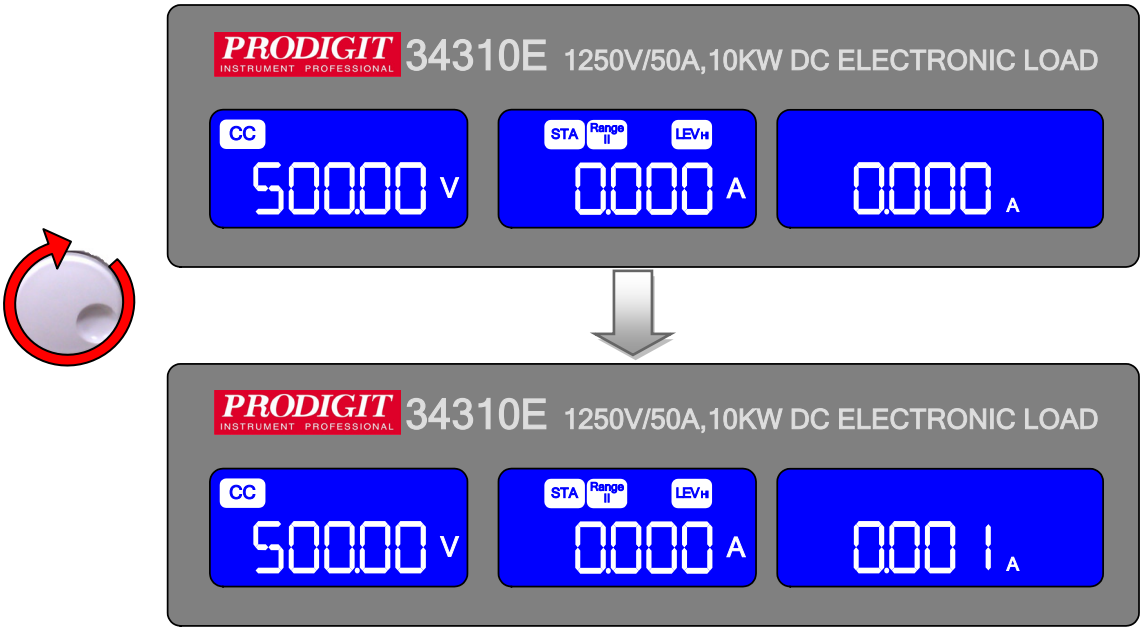
key

The red START/STOP key is used in conjunction with the SHORT, OCP or OPP test functions. It is used to START a test according to the set parameters or to STOP a test before PASS or FAIL is signaled. Please refer to the preceding sections for more information on the SHORT, OCP & OPP tests.

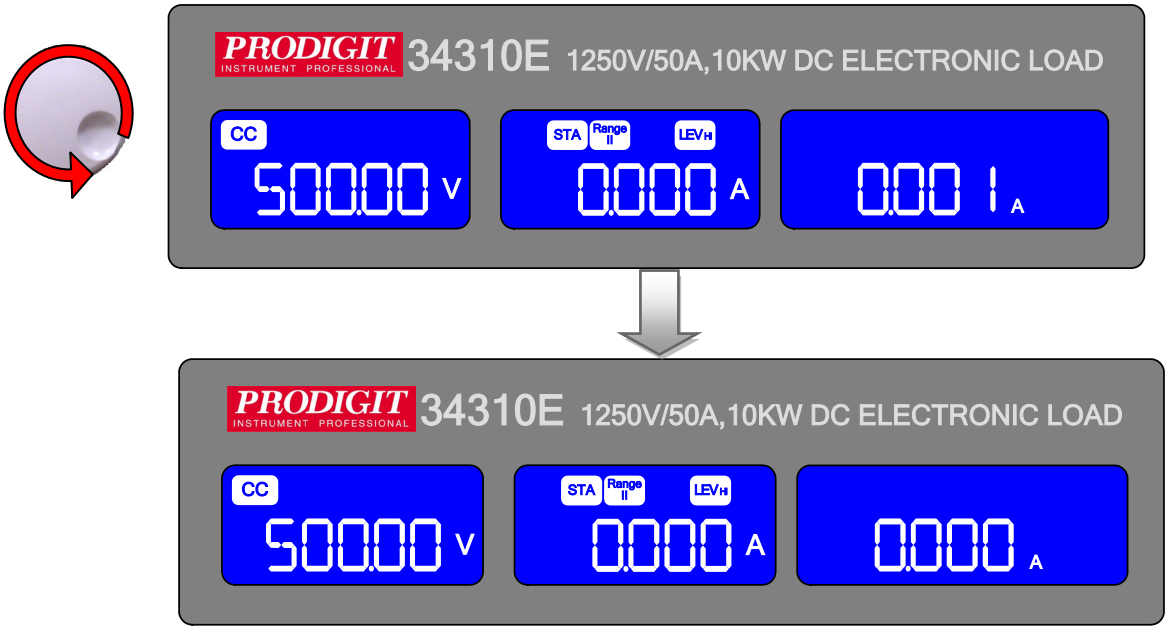
3.2.21. ROTARY Knob and ARROW Keys

The ROTARY knob and ARROW keys are used to increase or decrease the set values.

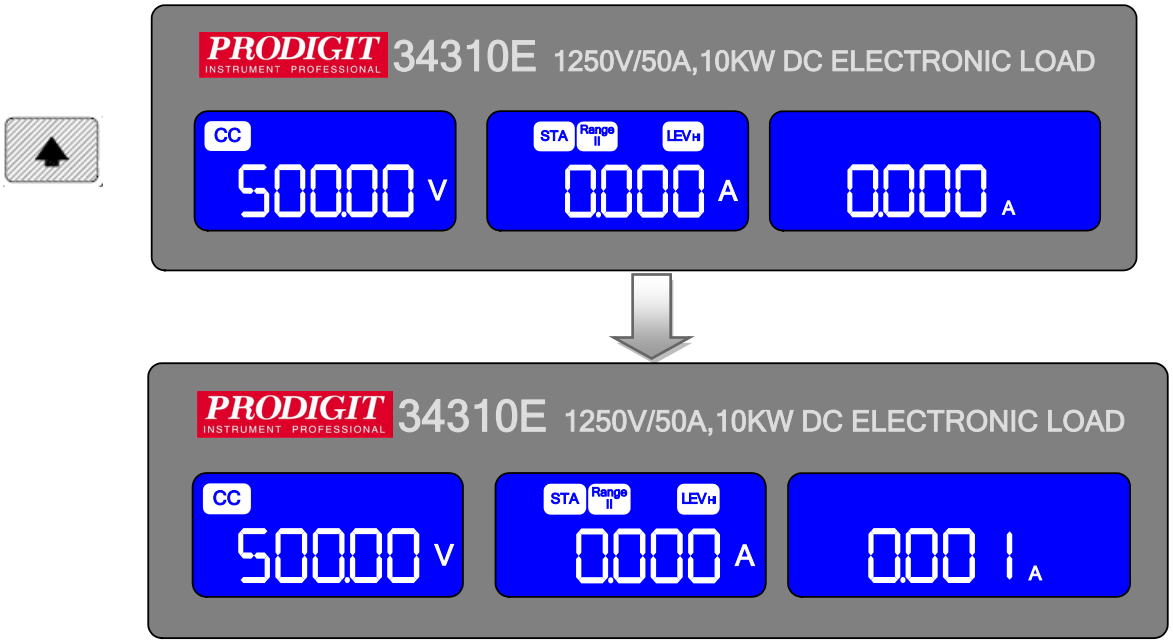
- CLOCKWISE operation of the ROTARY Knob increases the setting value.



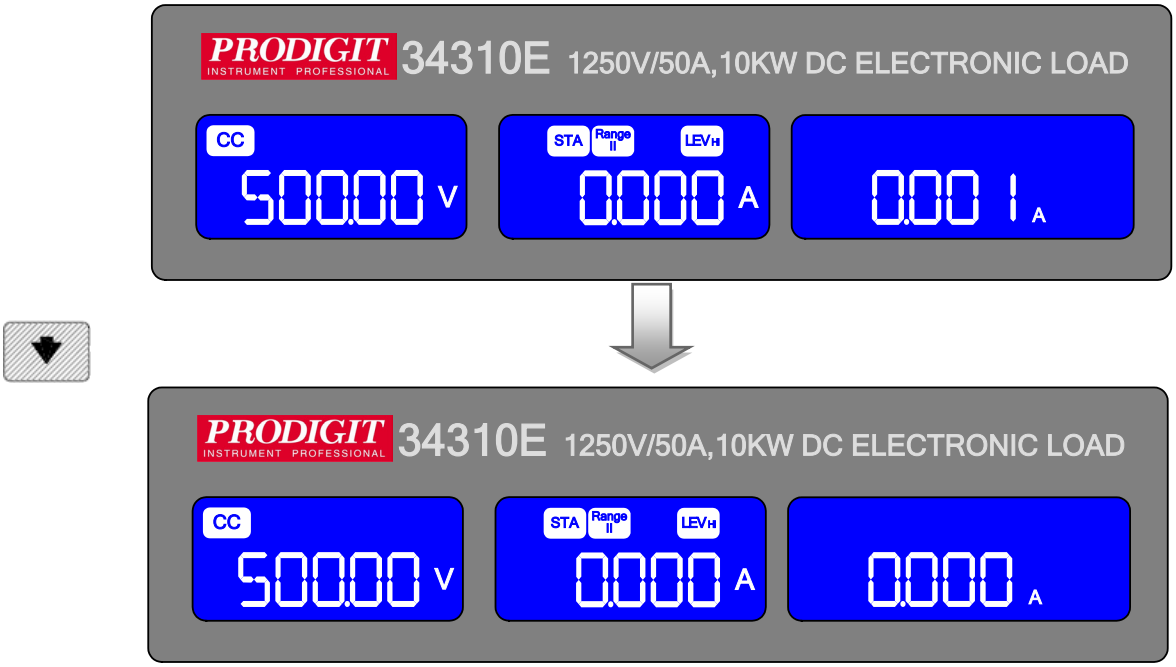
- ANTI-CLOCKWISE operation of the ROTARY Knob decreases the setting value.



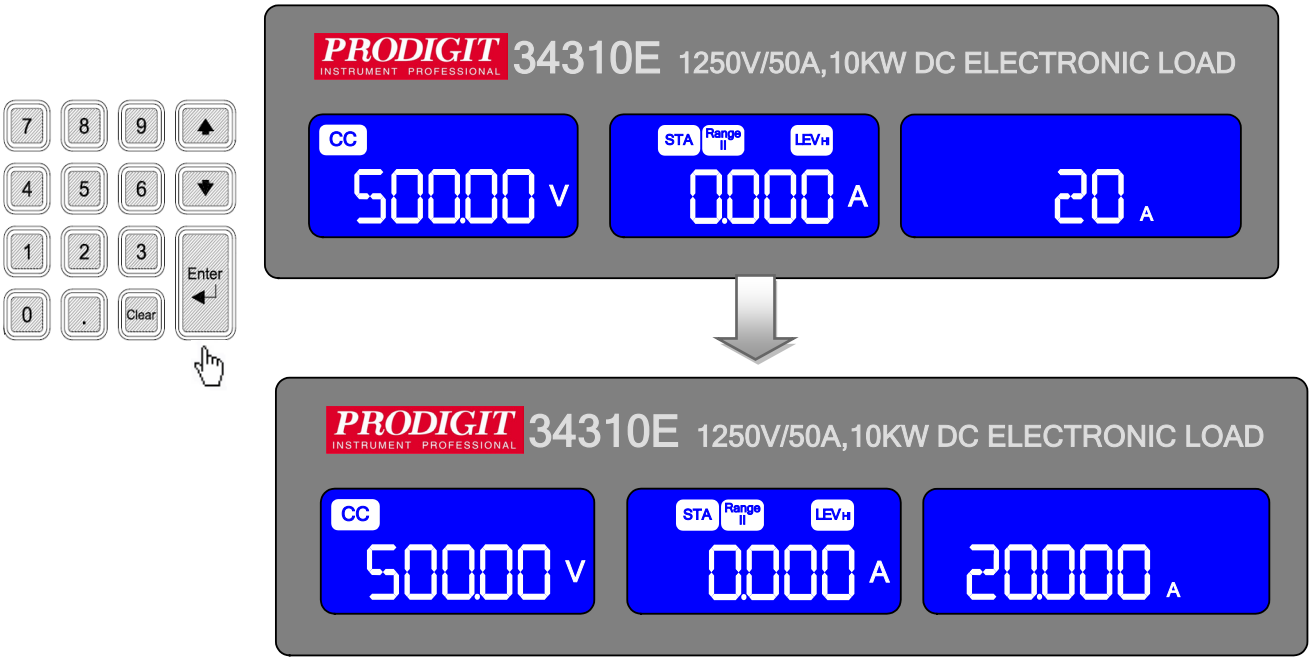
- UP ARROW key increases the setting value.



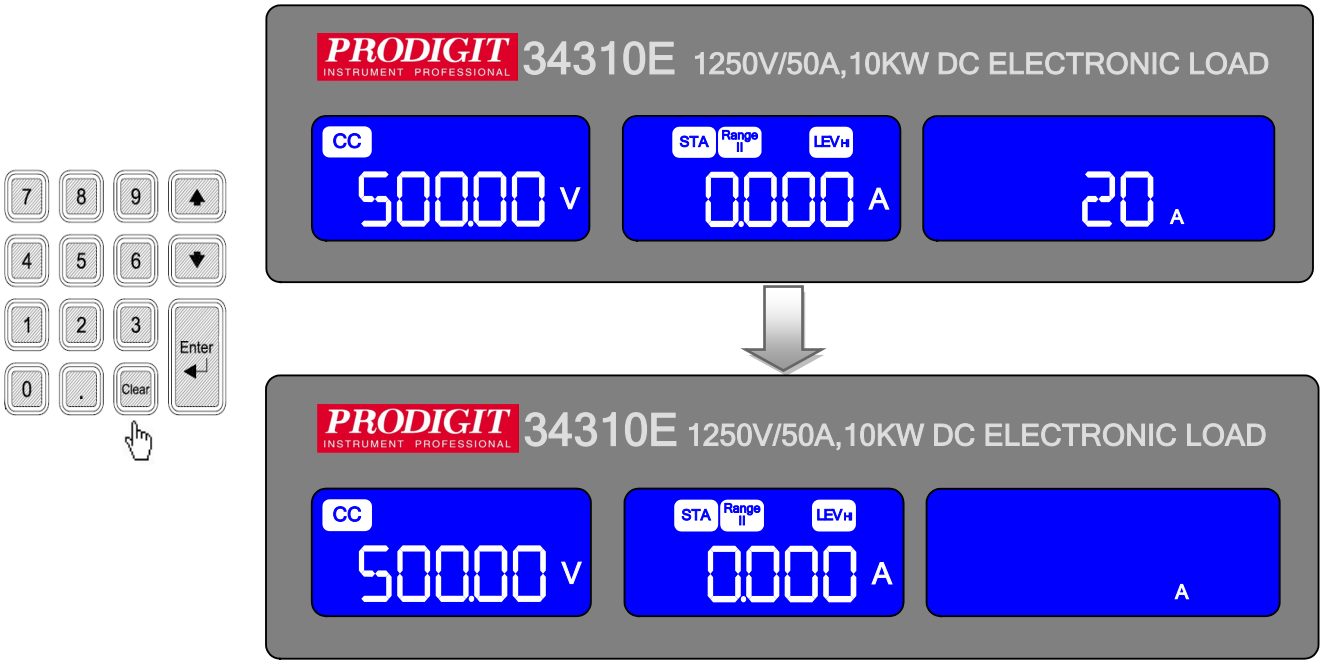
- DOWN ARROW key reduces the setting value.



- Keypad KEY: When using the Keypad, please enter the number, press the Enter key.



- Clear KEY: Setting, press the Clear key to clear the input value.



Note 1: In CR MODE the UP ARROW key and CLOCKWISE operation of The ROTARY Knob reduces the resistance.

Note 2: In CR MODE the DOWN ARROW key & ANTI-CLOCKWISE Operation Of the ROTARY Knob increases the resistance.

3.2.22. DC INPUT Terminal.

The positive (LOAD +) and negative (LOAD -) power input terminals are clearly marked. DO NOT confuse them with the smaller SENSE terminals.

Please ensure that the voltage and current rating of the DUT do not exceed the maximum rating of the 34000E Series load module being used. Please also check the output polarity of the DUT prior to connection and testing.

The negative load terminal should be connected to ground if testing a positive output power supply. This is normally achieved when the negative output of the power supply is grounded.

Similarly if a power supply with a negative output is to be tested then the positive Load terminal should be grounded. This is normally achieved when the positive Output of the power supply under test is grounded.

3.2.23. V-sense input terminal

The V-sense terminals can be used to compensate for a voltage drop in the load lines between the power supply and the 34000E series Electronic Load. This is a useful feature useful when the load current is relatively high.

If remote sense is required the V-sense terminals are connected to the appropriate positive and negative terminals of the power supply as shown in Fig 3-2.

In the CONFIG menu the V-sense function can be set to AUTO or ON.

Please note that if V-sense is set to AUTO and the sense leads are connected to the DUT the losses need to be approx. before the display compensates for the voltage loss.

If V-sense is set to ‘ON’ and the sense terminals are connected to the DUT the load will check and compensate for all voltage drops.

The maximum voltage sense compensation is the same as the rating of the 34000E series electronic load. For example the 34340E is capable of sinking current at up to 1250Vdc. Therefore the maximum V-sense is also 1250Vdc.

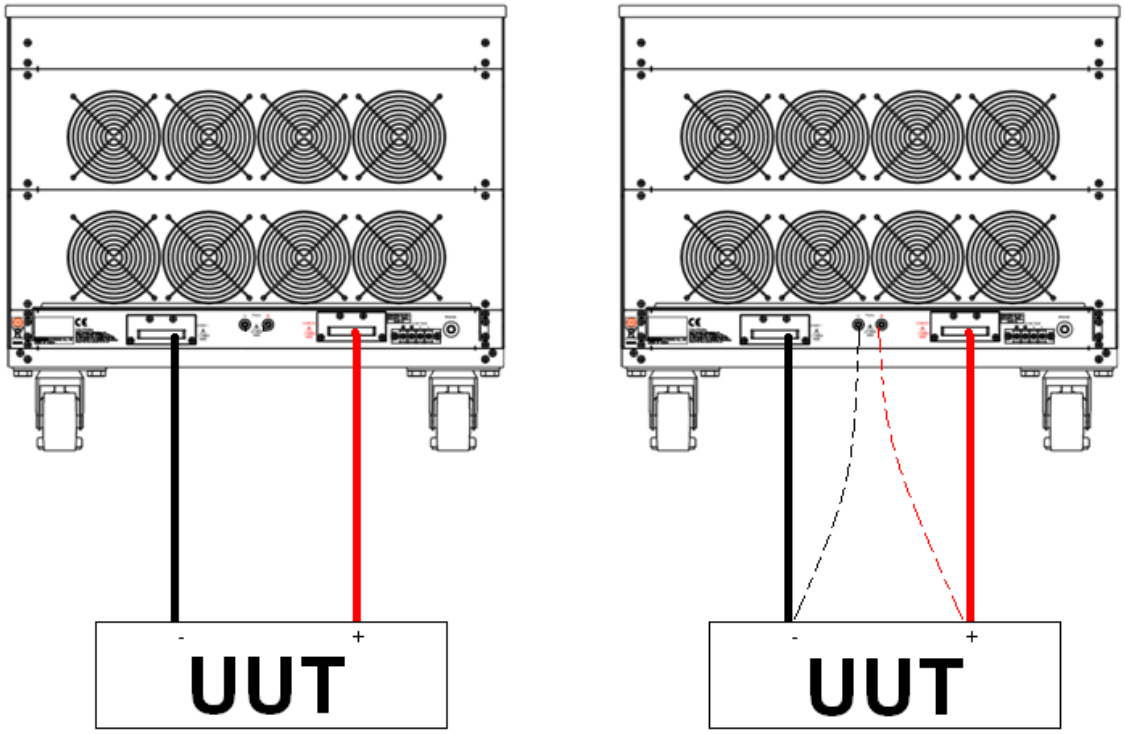


Fig 3-2 typical connection of 34000E series load module

3.2.24. I-monitor

The I-monitor is provided as a BNC socket. It is designed to enable the user to Monitor the Electronic Load's input current or short current. The I-monitor's signal is 0V to 10V. This signal is proportional to the full scale current that the particular Electronic Load is capable of.

For example. 34310E: Imax = 50A therefore I-monitor 10V = 50A so 1V = 5A

Please refer to the specification Fig 1-1.1 to Fig1-1.8 for the maximum current that each 34000E series Load is capable of.

The current monitor of this unit is NOT isolated. Please be careful when you connect an oscilloscope. Improper connections are likely to cause damage. Please follow the connection rule on the following page.

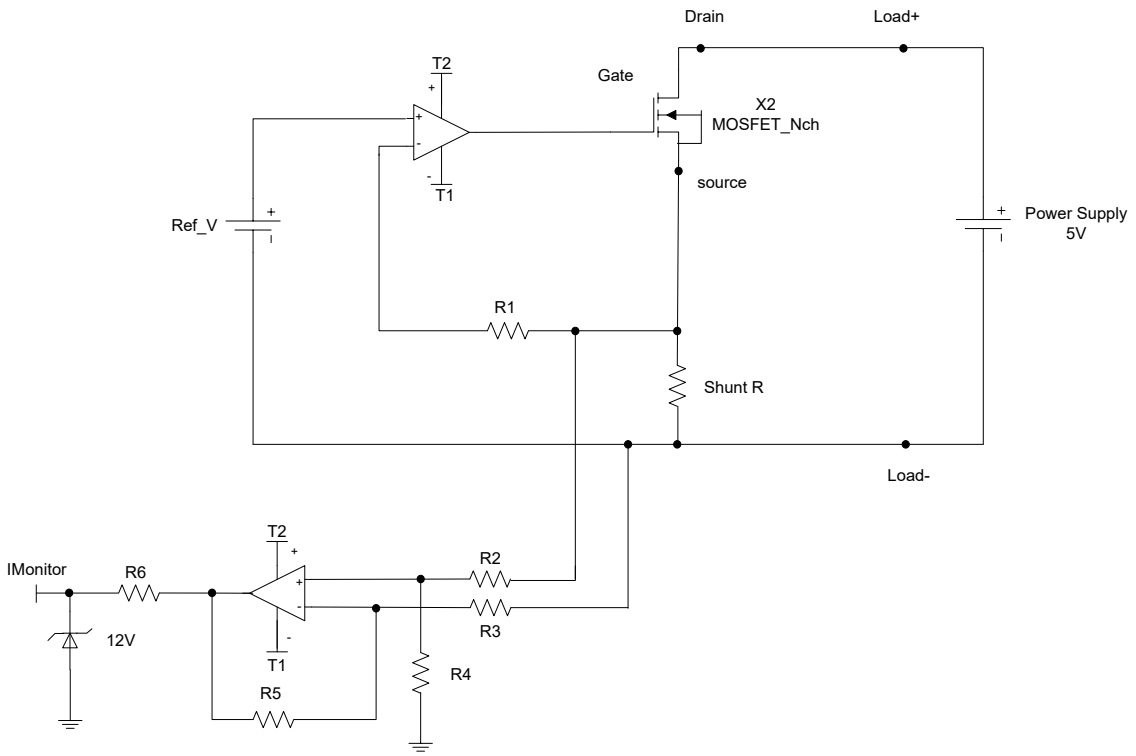


Fig 3-3 An equivalent circuit in terms of the current monitor

Connecting the I-monitor to an oscilloscope

When you connect this product to an oscilloscope, please ensure the correct polarities of the Connecting probes as shown in Fig. 3-4.

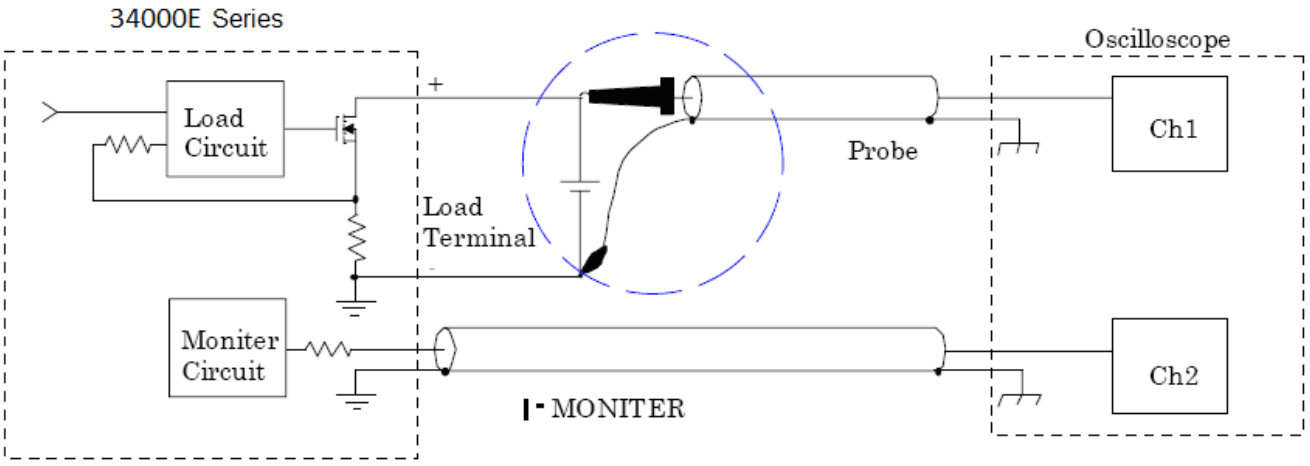


Fig 3-4 (Correct) Connections to an oscilloscope

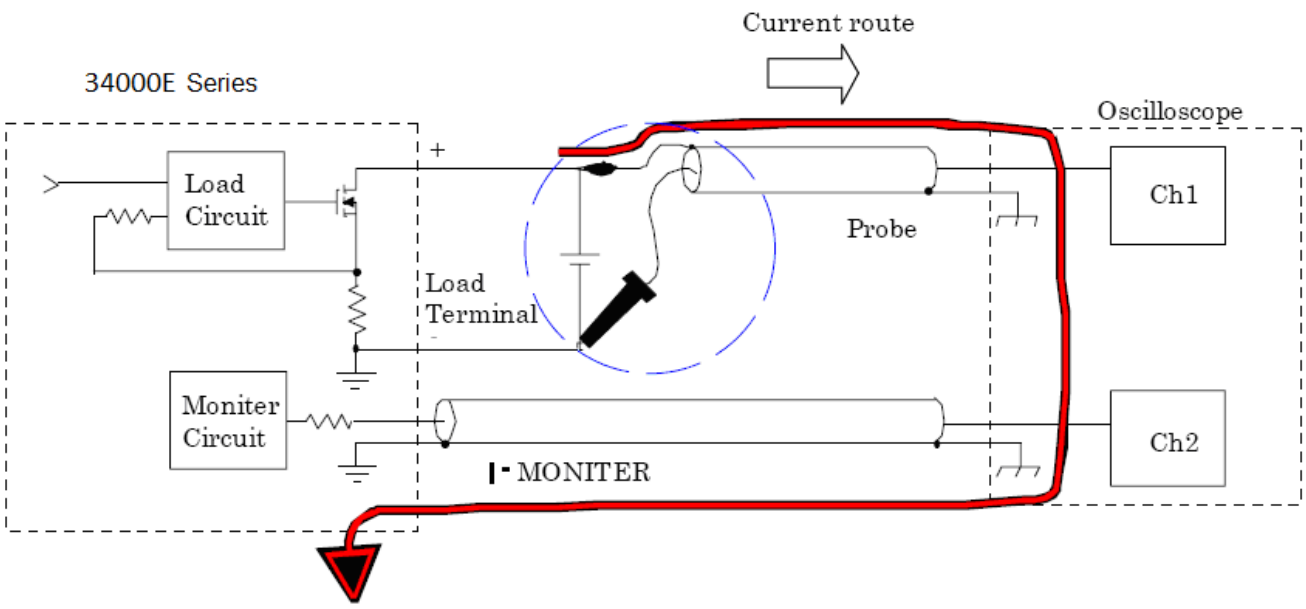


Fig 3-5 (Wrong) Connections to an oscilloscope

If the probes connection is reversed as shown in Fig 3-5, a large current would flow through the probe and the internal circuitry of the oscilloscope is likely to be damaged.

3.2.25. Analog programming input

The Electronic Load has an analog programming input on the rear panel of the mainframe. The analogue programming input enables the load module to track and load according to an external 0-10V (ac or ac + dc) signal.

The analog programming input is configured as a BNC socket on the mainframe's rear panel.

The analogue programming input operates in CC or CP modes only. The 34000E series Load will attempt to load proportionally according to the signal and the load module's maximum current or power range. For example: 34310E: Imax = 50A and Pmax = 10000W

So in CC mode if analogue programming input is 5V = 25A load setting (Range II)
Or in CP mode if analogue programming input is 1V = 1000W load setting (Range II)

The analog programming signal can act alone or it can be summed with the programmed value set via the front panel or the optional computer interface (GPIB, RS-232, USB, or LAN) or the front panel.

Example:

Fig 3-6 shows the result of an analog programming signal at 4 Vac, 500Hz when it is summed with a 20A programmed setting in CC mode of 34310E Load.

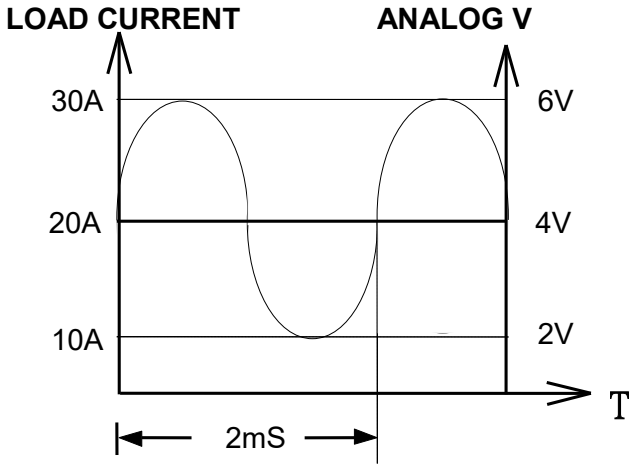
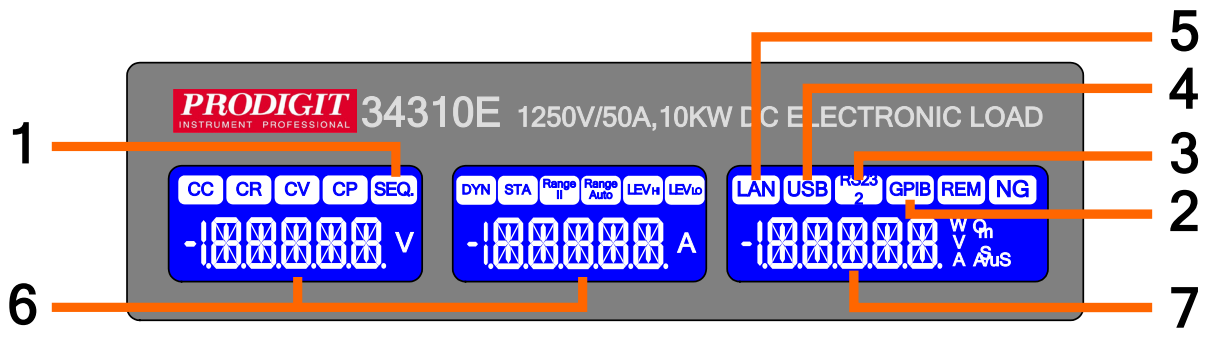


Fig 3-6 Analog programming example

1-32 34000E Series Operating Instructions (1)

34000E series of LCD displays status, details are as follows:



3.3.1. SEQ. indicator when entering AUTO SEQUENCE mode, LCD indicator will light up.

3.3.2. In GPIB mode:
It is GPIB inside. The LCD will be lit GPIB when Power ON. If 34000E series is controlled by GPIB through PC, the GPIB will be lit.

3.3.3. In RS232 mode:
It is RS232 inside. The LCD will be lit RS232 when Power ON. If 34000E series is controlled by RS232 through PC, the RS232 will be lit.

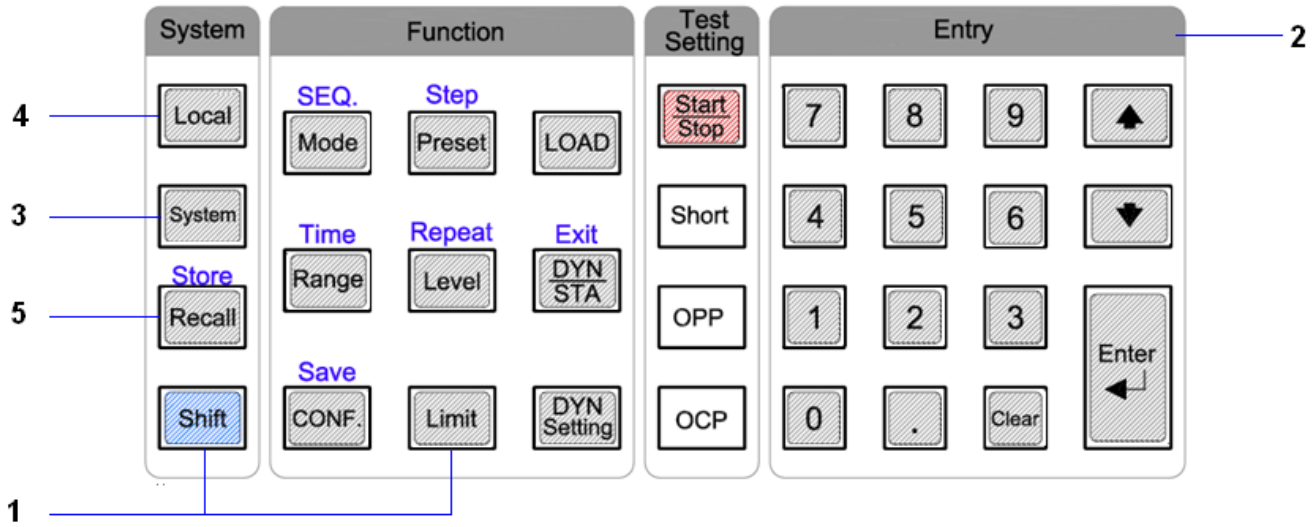
3.3.4. USB mode Lit :
It is USB interface inside.

3.3.5. LAN mode Lit :
It is LAN interface inside.

3.3.6. Status display:
When enter System Setting or AUTO SEQUENCE, the display setting item.

3.3.7. Setting display:
Display System Setting state or AUTO SEQUENCE setting value.

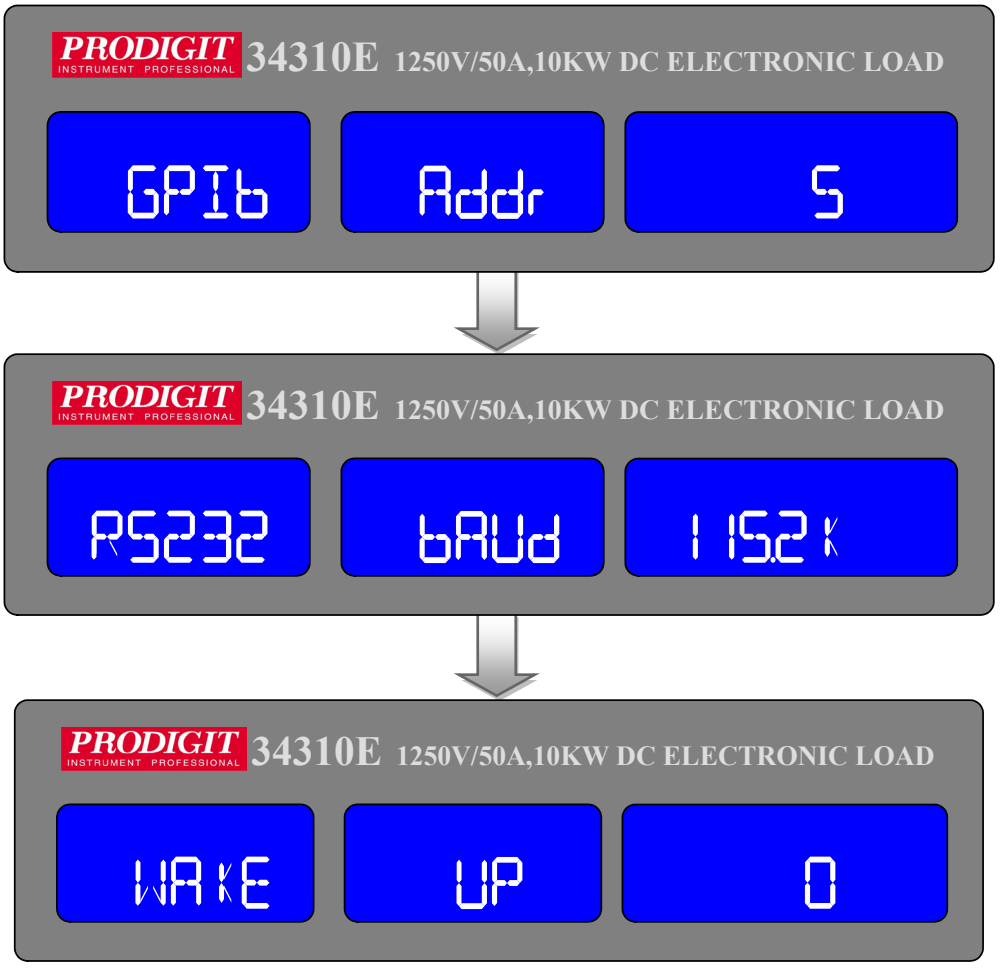
1-33 34000E Series System Operating Instructions (2)

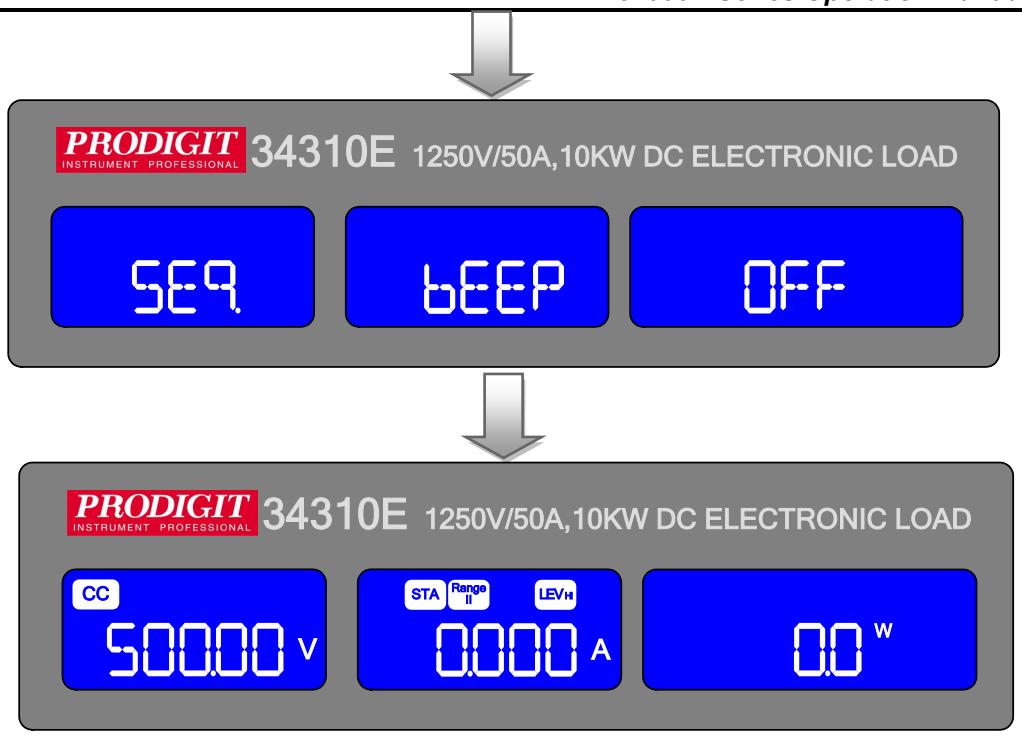


3.4.1. Shift key to switch the key to the second function key.

3.4.2. KEYPAD KEY: AUTO SEQUENCE edits the settings, test and RECALL / STORE key.

3.4.3. SYSTEM：Press SYSTEM to set the argument ,GPIB address,RS232 BAUD-RATE, WAKE UP, buzzer Alarm power ON/OFF and Master /Slave Parallel control.



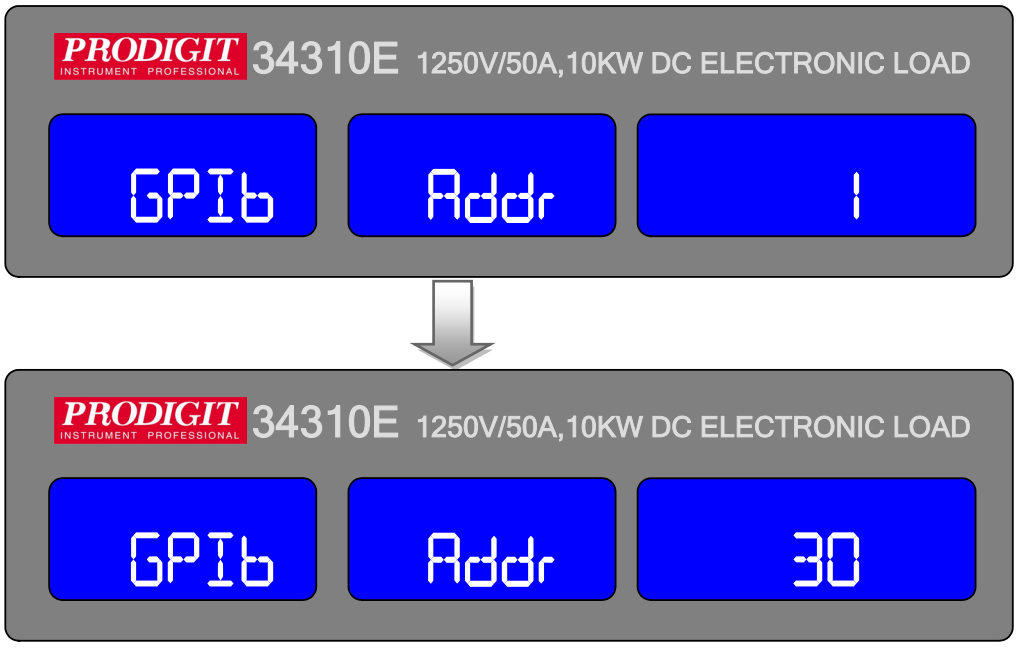


3.4.4. Press LOCAL to exit REMOTE mode.
3.4.5. Recall / Store：Recall / Store LOAD state settings.

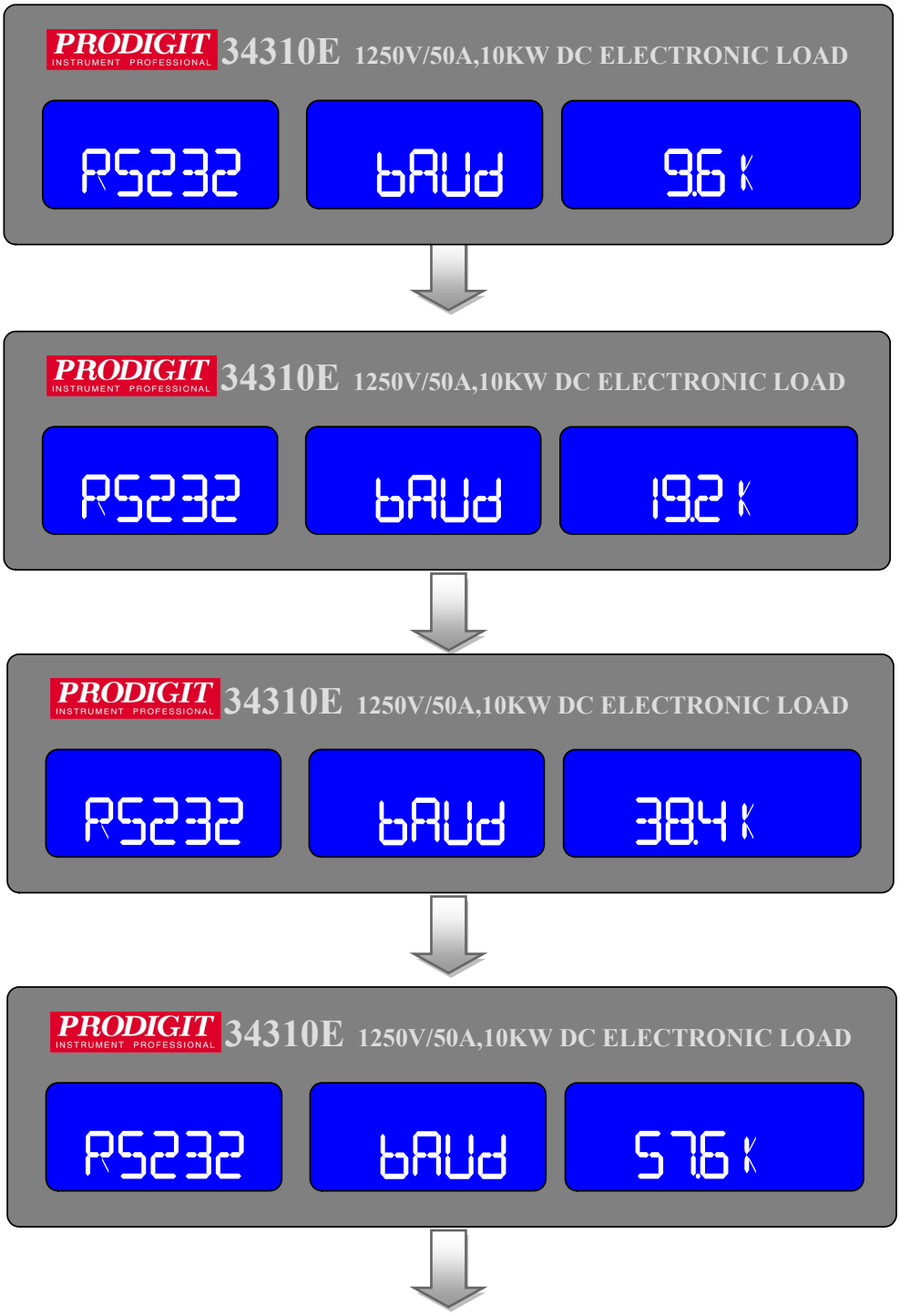
1-34 34000E Series System Operating Instructions (3)

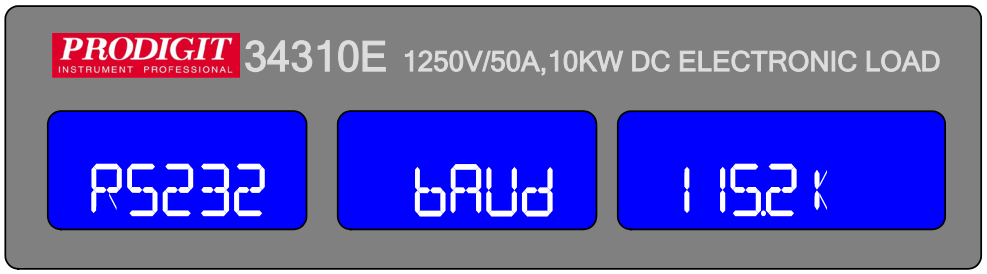
3.5.1. Setting system parameters
Set GPIB address, RS232 BAUD RATE, WAKE UP, Buzzer ON/OFF.

3.5.1.1. Set GPIB address First Press SYSTEM key, The LCD display shows GPIB on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display Addr, right 5 digit LCD display setting GPIB address of the representative, Press UP, DOWN buttons to adjust the GPIB address 1~30, Key and then press ENTER, 34000E series GPIB Address value is saved, Press system key four times To leave the GPIB address configuration State.



3.5.1.2. Set RS232 BAUD RATE SYSTEM key first by the second, The LCD display shows RS232 on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display baud, right 5 digit LCD display setting BAUD-RATE, Press UP, DOWN buttons to adjust the value of BAUD RATE, Key and then press ENTER, 34000E series is saved setting BAUD RATE, press system key three times to leave the BAUD-RATE setting state.

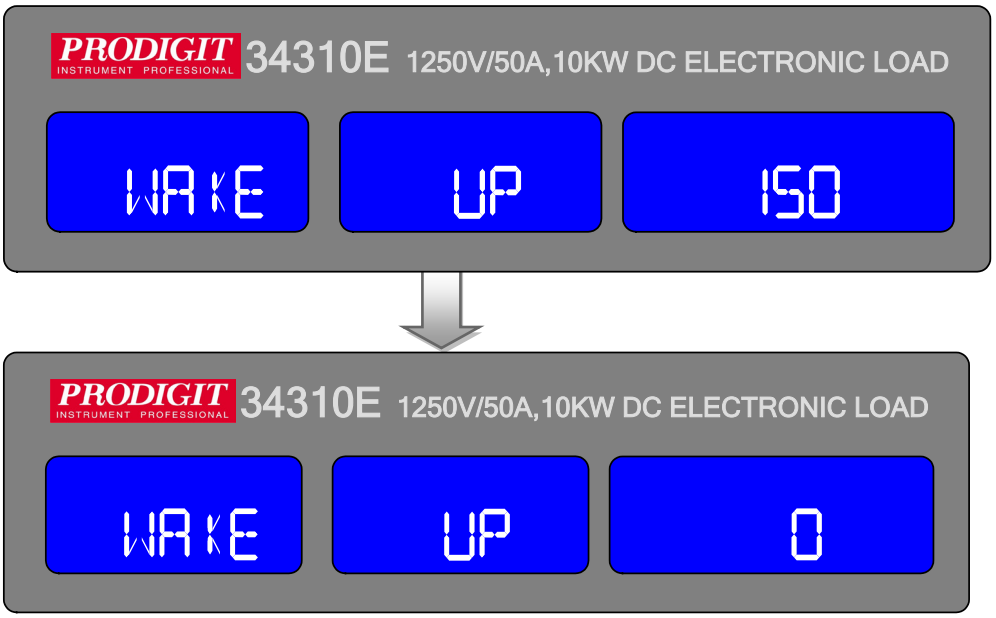




3.5.1.3. WAKE-UP function:

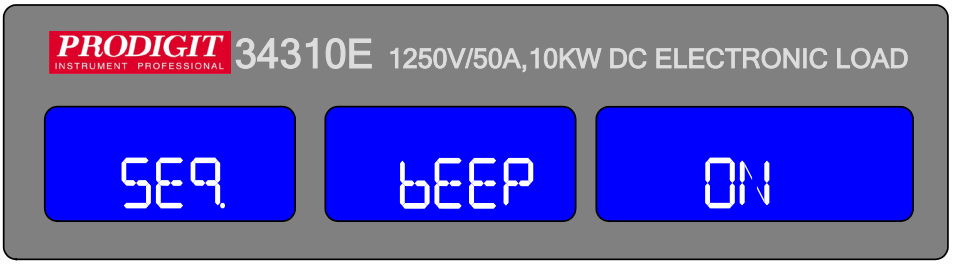
This function is designed for auto setting the load status and load level in turning on the 34000E series every time. SYSTEM key first by the three, The LCD display shows WAKE on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display UP, right 5 digit LCD display setting, Press UP, DOWN buttons to adjust the 0~150.

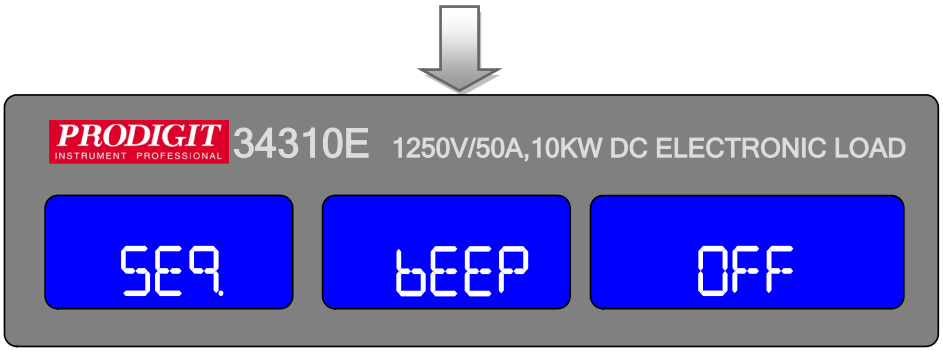
Press ENTER key to be stored, press system key two times to leave the WAKE-UP setting state, If set to "0" means do not call.



3.5.1.4. Buzzer ON / OFF:

This is the test set automatically (AUTO SEQUENCE) at the end, if it increases buzzer function, if set to ON, Then when the test result is PASS Automatically when the buzzer will call out, if the test result is FAIL when The buzzer will call the second tone.
Setting method:
first by 4 Times SYSTEM key and the LCD display shows SEQ on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display bEEP, right 5 digit LCD display Setting ON or OFF, press UP DOWN key to adjust.



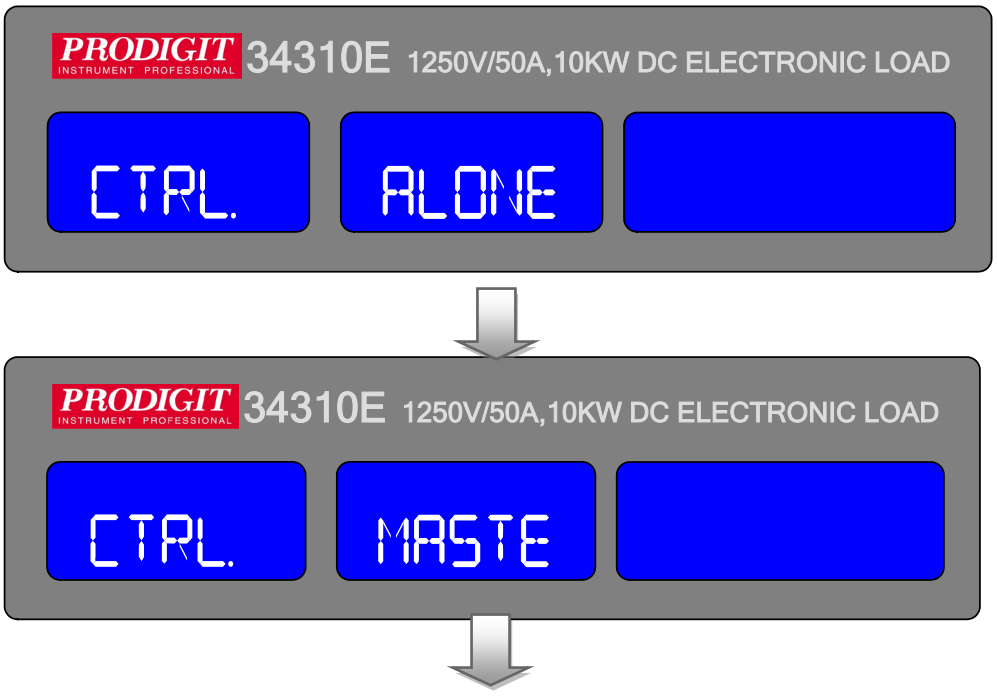


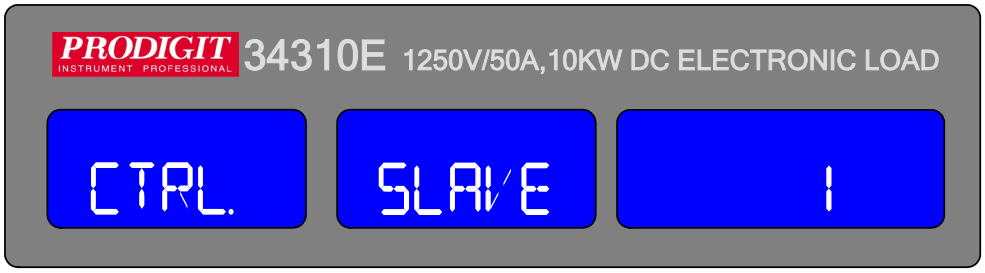
Note:setting system parameters, if the input is required to use the KEYPAD ENTER button to confirm, otherwise 34000E series will not save the changes the settings.
Note:Pass: Automatic test mode, no NG state, is the PASS.
Fail: Automatic test mode, any test if the NG then is the FAIL.

3.5.1.5. 34000E Series Master/Slave Instructions

34000E Series “MASTER / SLAVE “Parallel function, 1 Master, 7 SLAVE, Setting method Press the System key to set the CONTROL MODE to select ALONE, MASTER or SLAVE1 ~ 7, Press the ENTER key to set, when Power off Data will not be lost, this parameter is saved.Master will Automatically detect whether there is Slave machine, if there is no Slave Machine will run “ALONE Mode”, if the Slave machine will run “MASTER Mode”.

Master machine measuring current and power meter is to show the total Current and total power (Master + Slave), the voltage meter is displayed by The Master Machine, the Slave machine voltage meter position will display "SL1" ~ "SL7”.





3.5.1.6. The following procedure should be followed before applying power on

Master/Slave mains:
Step1. Turn on (O) the Slave POWER switch.
Step2. Turn on (O) the Master POWER switch.

3.5.1.7. The following procedure should be followed before applying power off

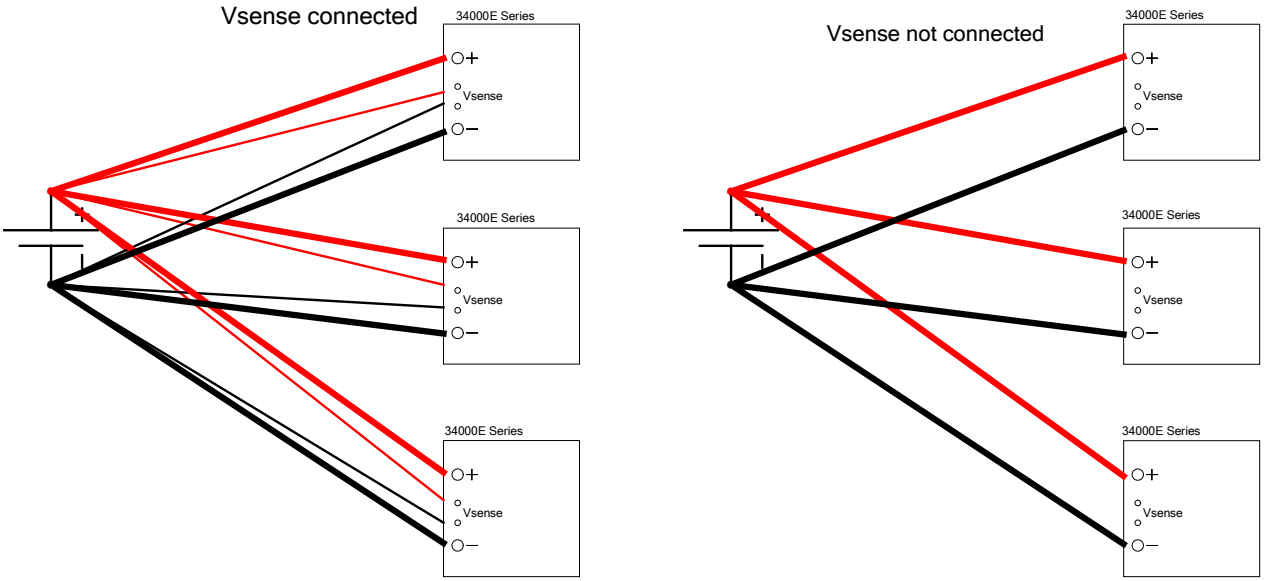
Master/Slave mains:
Step1. Turn off (I) the Master POWER switch.
Step2. Turn off (I) the Slave POWER switch.

3.5.1.8. Parallel method:

Use HD-DSUB 15pin 1: 1 Cable to connect the MASTER and SLAVE Rear Panel, HD-DSUB 15pin connector (connect the upper and lower Connectors),

Caution: Do not use VGA Cable, because of internal pin4 ~ 8, 11 and Chassis short circuit.

3.5.1.9. Wiring requirements: Master/Slave, It requires wiring as follows:



3.5.1.10. Manual operation：

(34310E MASTER/SLAVE model the following is example)
PRESET setting: CC/CR/CV/CP Mode as Figure, CC setting 50A= Master 25A + Slave 25A，CR:2250Ω=Master//Slave=4500Ω//4500Ω , CV:100V=Master 100V=Slave=100V，CP:1000W=Master 500W + Slave 500W.

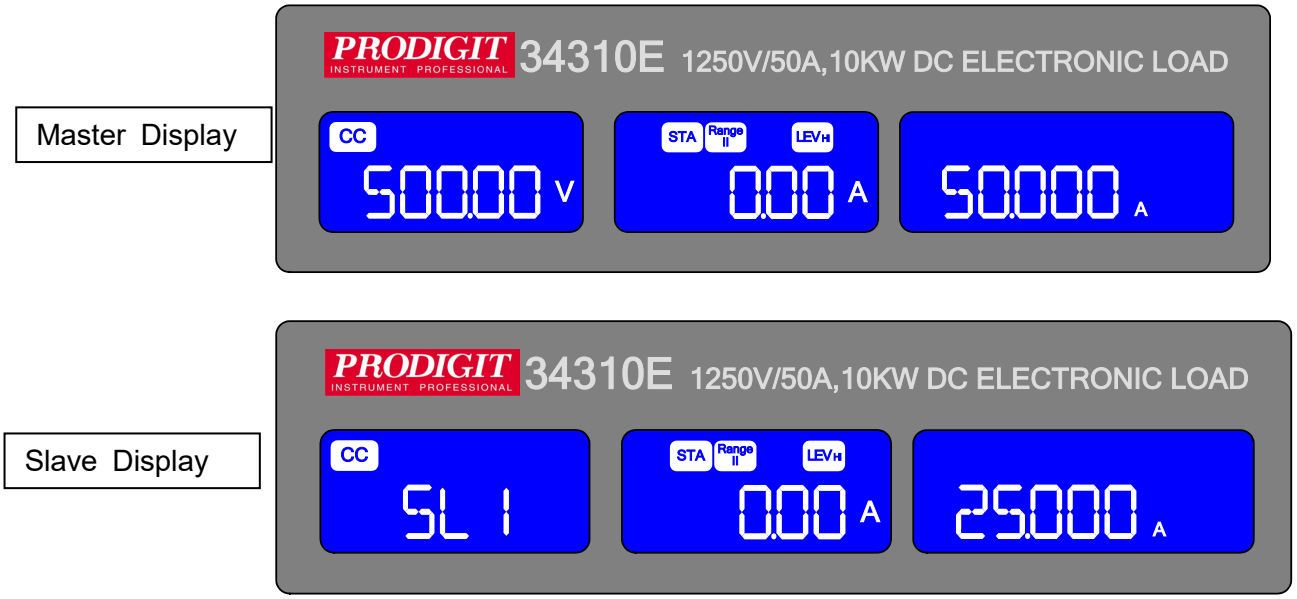
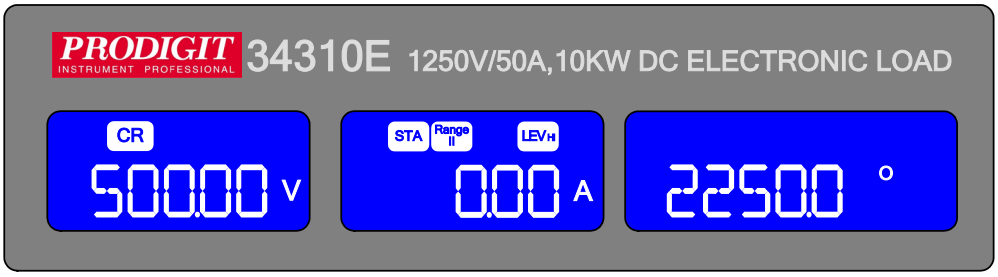


Figure CC Set 100A

Master Display



Slave Display

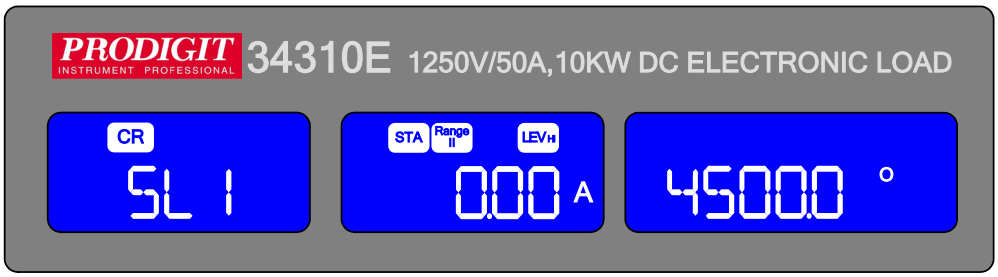
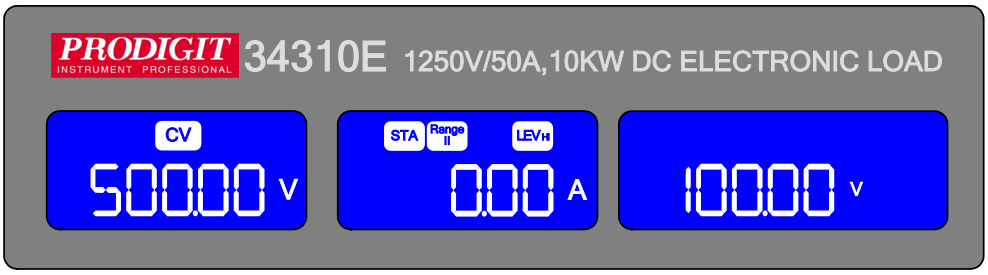


Figure CR Set 2250Ω

Master Display



Slave Display

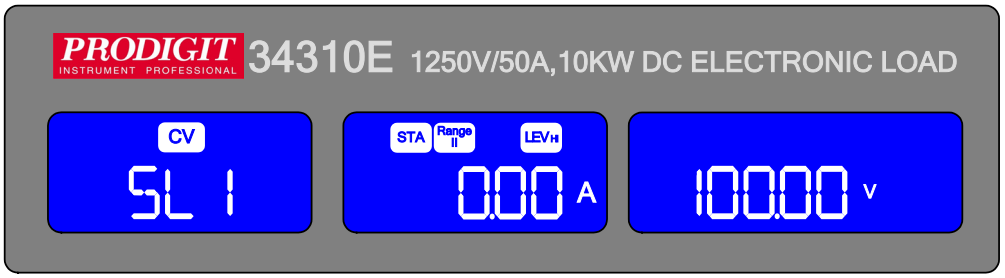
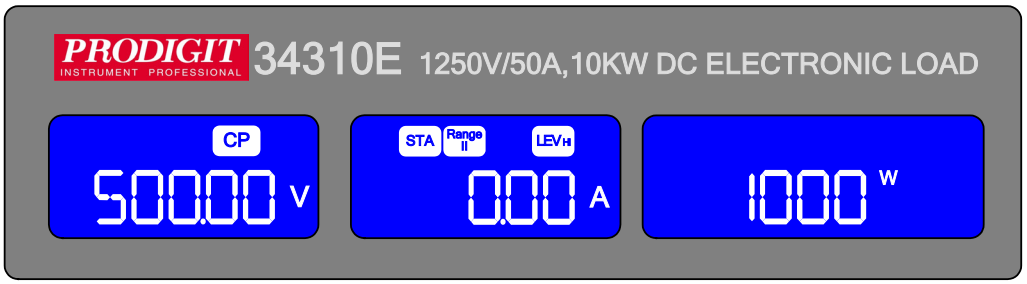


Figure CV Set 100V

Master Display



Slave Display

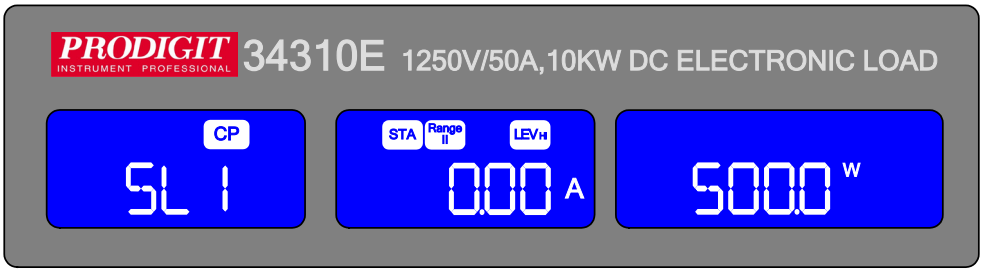


Figure CP Set 1000W

3.5.1.11. Master Mode operation except CC / CR / CV / CP MODE, The following functions will be Disable.

- Config function BATT type 1~N Disable
- Config functions MPPT disable.
- CC+CV, CP+CV Disable.
- Recall/Store Disable.
- Auto Seq. Disable.
- Short, OCP, OPP Disable.
- External I/O Disable

3.5.1.12. REMOTE operating： Master Mode can use the command as follows

SETTING PRESET NUMERIC COMMAND	REMARK
MODE {SP} {CC|CR|CV|CP} {; NL}	
RISE{SP} {NR2} {;|NL}	A/us
FALL{SP} {NR2} {;|NL}	A/us
PERD : {HIGH|LOW} {SP} {NR2} {;|NL}	ms
LDONV{SP} {NR2} {;|NL}	
LDOFFV{SP} {NR2} {;|NL}	
CC|CURR:{HIGH|LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	
CP : {HIGH|LOW} {SP} {NR2}{ ;|NL}	
CR|RES : {HIGH|LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	
CV|VOLT : {HIGH|LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	
SENS {SP} {ON|OFF|AUTO|1|0} {; |NL}	0 : OFF/AUTO, 1 : ON
LEV {SP} { LOW|HIGH|0|1} {; |NL}	
DYN {SP} {ON|OFF|1|0} {; |NL}	
LOAD {SP}{ON|OFF|1|0} {; |NL}	
MEAS: CURR {?}{;|NL}	
MEAS: VOLT {?}{;|NL}	
MEAS : POW {?}{;|NL}	
REMOTE {;|NL}	RS232/USB/LAN command
LOCAL{;| NL}	RS232/USB/LAN command

3.5.2. The function keys on the front panel of 34000E series mainframe are designed For high testing throughput purpose. There are 150 operation states or testing Steps can be store in the EEPROM memory of 34000E series electronic load Respectively, each state can store or recall the load status and level for Electronic load simultaneously.

	34XXXE
STATE	150

3.5.3.1. STORE process:

- Set the load status and load level.
- Press SHIFT key then press the STORE key to enter the storage state.
- Press UP, DOWN key or KEYPAD to adjust, press the ENTER OK to Save the STATE.

3.5.3.2. RECALL operation:

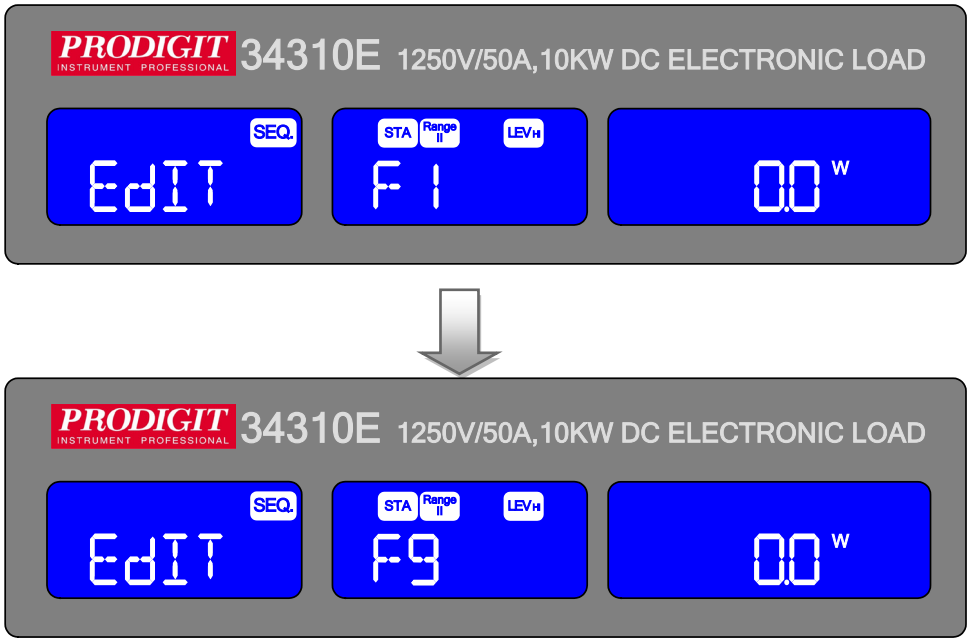
- Press RECALL to enter the call state.
- Press UP, DOWN key or KEYPAD to adjust.
- Finally, Press the ENTER key to confirm, In the electronic load front Panel, set the value that would call out the information in accordance With re-setting.

3.5.3. AUTO SEQUENCE instructions

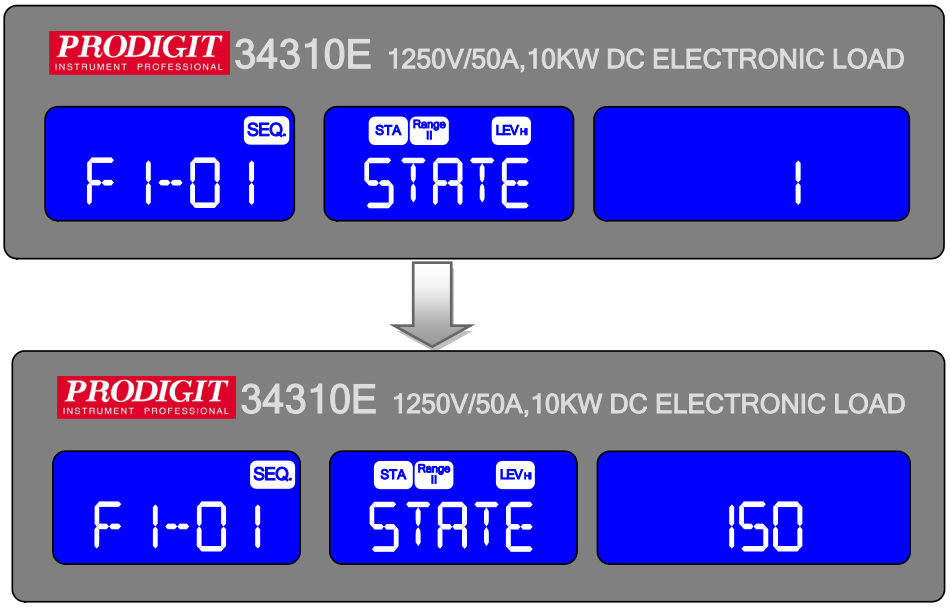
34000E series has AUTO SEQUENCE function, 34000E series to select the State F1~F9 automatic testing can be edited, 16 steps each group can be set to Select 150 group of the STATE, within each step can be set TEST TIME Units of 100 ms range (0.1s ~ 9.9s).

3.5.3.1. EDIT MODE

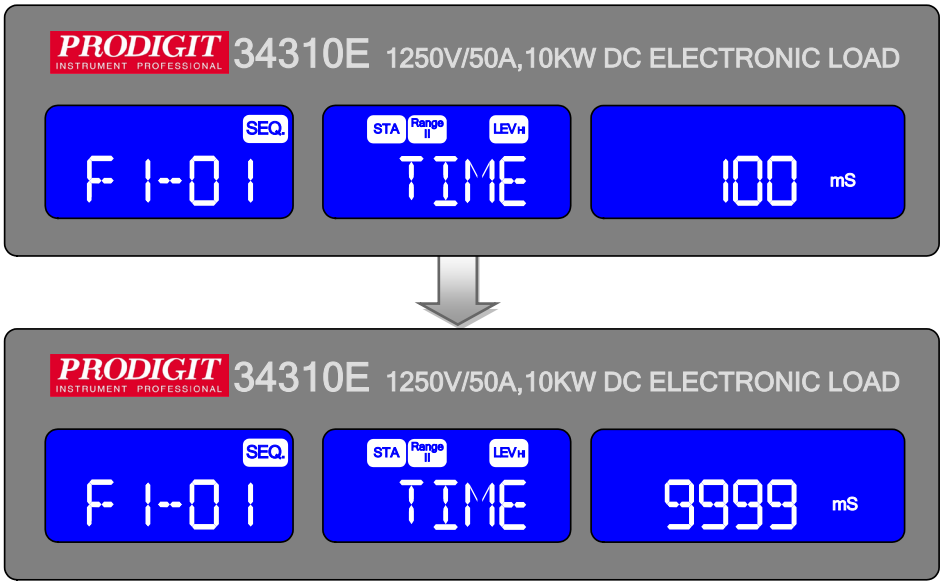
- Press SHIFT key, press the SEQ. key to enter the AUTO SEQUENCE Mode, Press UP, DOWN key to select EDIT, the LCD display shows EDIT on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display FX, “FX” Means to Select the state F1-F9,Press keypad key 1 ~ 9 choose F1 ~ F9.



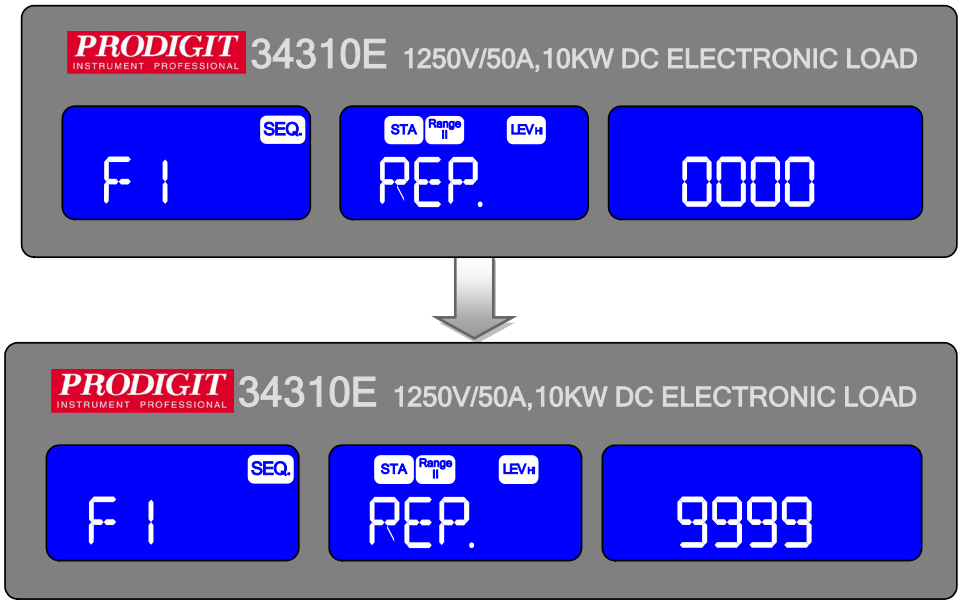
- Press ENTER key, the LCD display shows FX-XX on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display STATE, right 5 digit LCD Display setting 1~150, “FX” means to select the state F1-F9. “XX” means the test STEP01-16,setting State value,press UP and down Key or keypad to adjust setting.



- Test time setting:
  Press ENTER to set TIME value, press UP, DOWN keys or KEYPAD to Adjust settings, range from 100 ms~9999ms.
  Press ENTER key or SAVE key to finish editing the action is set to REPEAT, If you do not save the settings, press the EXIT key to leave edit mode.



- Setting REPEAT(REPEAT TEST) ,Press UP and DOWN key or Keypad To adjust setting 0~9999, Press ENTER SAVE REPEAT Value, or press EXIT key Exit EDIT MODE.



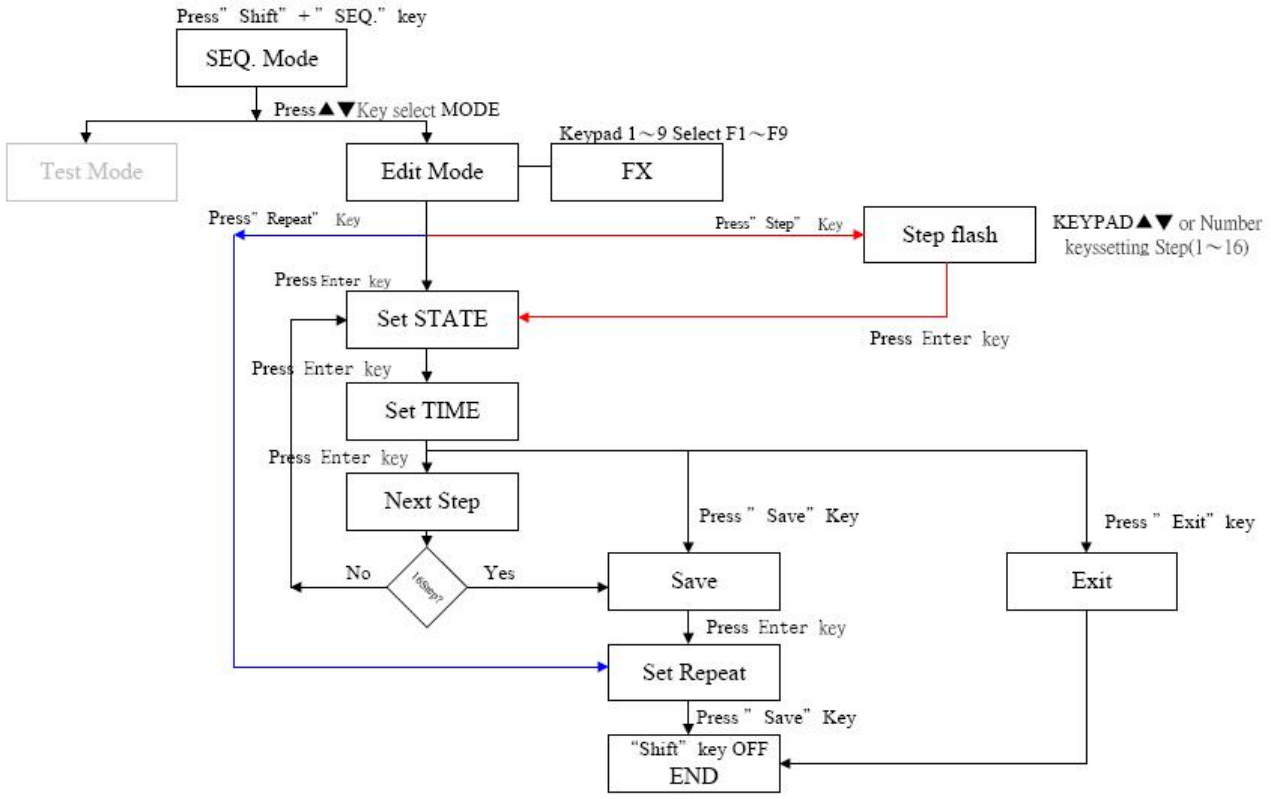
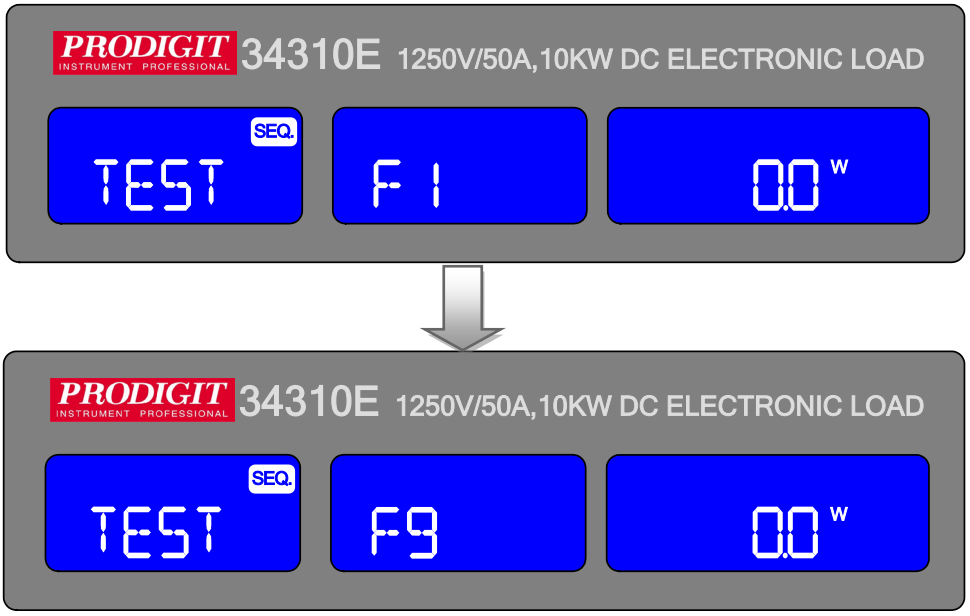


Fig 3-7 STORE (EDIT) MODE OPERATIONO FLOW-CHART

3.5.3.2. TEST MODE

- Press SHIFT key, press the SEQ. key to enter the AUTO SEQUENCE Mode, Press UP, DOWN key to select TEST, the LCD display shows TEST on left 5 digit LCD display, Middle 5 digit LCD display FX, "FX" Means to Select the state F1-F9, Press keypad key 1 ~ 9 choose F1 ~ F9. When the press ENTER to enter.The next automatic test Mode.

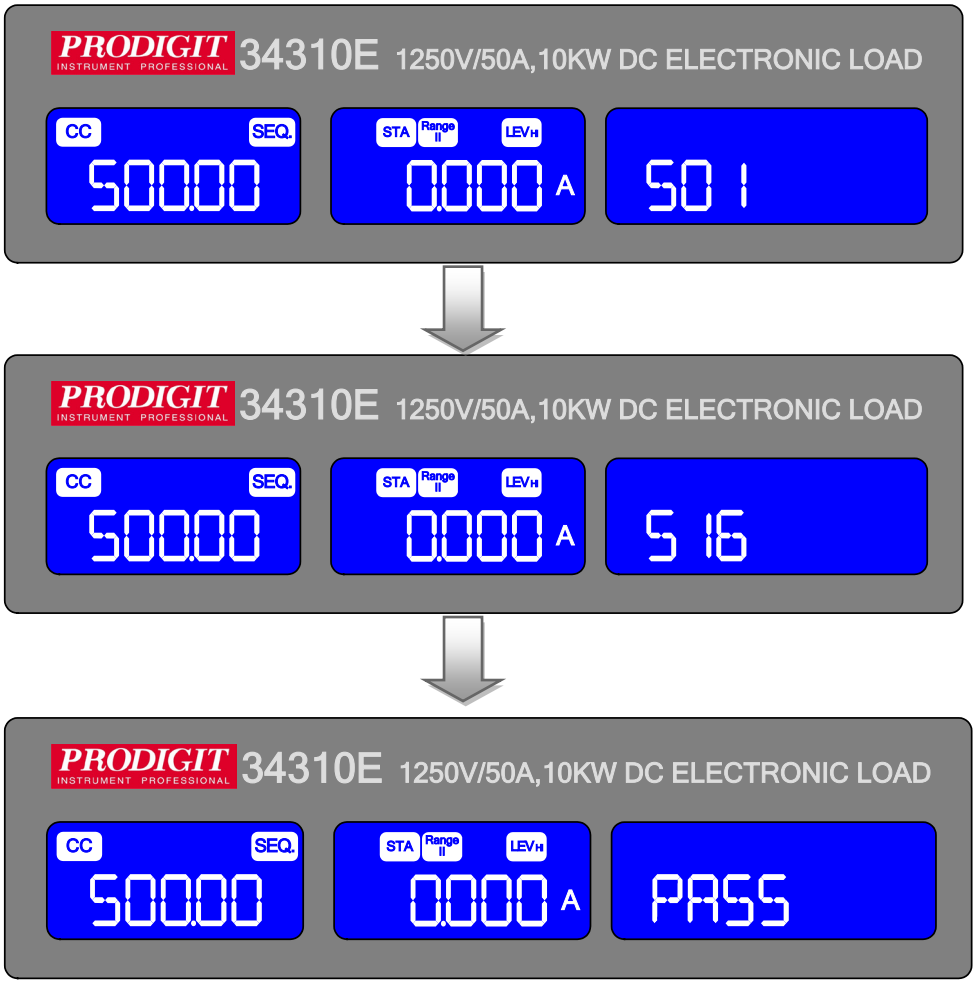


- Test LCD will display "SXX", "XX" on behalf of the test of STEP, if the test result is NG, the LCD will show "NG" (flashing) and suspension of the test, this time users can test or ENTER key to continue Press EXIT key to leave the test mode, test mode by the (STEP01 - TIME) then (SETP02 - TIME) until all the steps done or press EXIT to leave the test mode.

- If all the test steps are OK, the test result is PASS, LCD displays "PASS"; test procedure if any of the NG, the test result is FAIL,, LCD Displays "FAIL", if the buzzer is set to ON, when the test result is PASS automatically when the buzzer will call out, if the test result is FAIL Buzzer will sound when the second call.

- When the test is completed, the user can press the ENTER key again To test or EXIT key to leave the test mode.

Example 1: Edit the 16 step test is completed, press the TEST key, according to the order of S01 ~ S16 test is complete LCD display PASS.



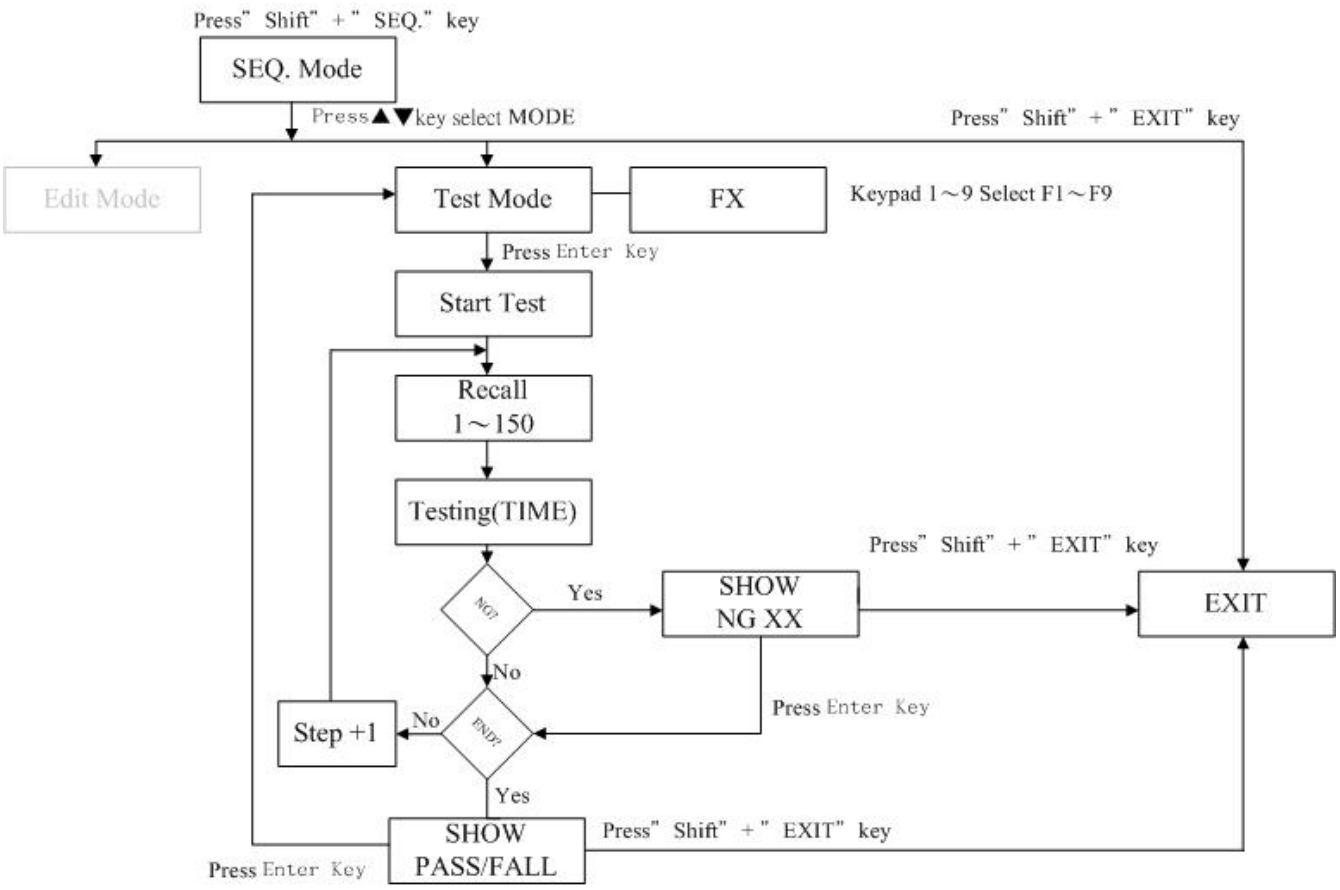


Fig 3-8 TEST MODE OPERATION FLOW-CHA

1-35 Initial setting of 34000E series load

The following tables detail the initial settings of the 34000E series of Load when Shipped from the factory.

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		60000 Ω		I_Hi	25.000 A
CR L+Preset		60000 Ω		I_Lo	0.00 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	5000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	20mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	20mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-2 34305E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		30000 Ω		I_Hi	50.000 A
CR L+Preset		30000 Ω		I_Lo	0.000 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	10000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	40mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	40mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-3 34310E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		20004 Ω		I_Hi	75.000 A
CR L+Preset		20004 Ω		I_Lo	0.000 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	15000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	60mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	60mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-4 34315E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		15000 Ω		I_Hi	100.00 A
CR L+Preset		15000 Ω		I_Lo	0.00 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	20000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	80mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	80mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-5 34320E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		12000 Ω		I_Hi	125.00 A
CR L+Preset		12000 Ω		I_Lo	0.00 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	25000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	100mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	100mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-6 34325E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		9996 Ω		I_Hi	150.00 A
CR L+Preset		9996 Ω		I_Lo	0.00 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	30000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	120mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	120mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-7 34330E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		8568 Ω		I_Hi	175.00 A
CR L+Preset		8568Ω		I_Lo	0.00 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	35000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	140mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	140mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-8 34335E initialize

Item		Initial value	Item		Initial value
CC L+Preset		0.000 A	LIMIT	V_Hi	1250.0 V
CC H+Preset		0.000 A		V_Lo	0.00 V
CR H+Preset		7500 Ω		I_Hi	200.00 A
CR L+Preset		7500 Ω		I_Lo	0.00 A
CV H+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Hi	40000.0 W
CV L+Preset		1250.0 V		W_Lo	0.0 W
CP L+Preset		0.00 W	CONFIG	SENSE	Auto
CP H+Preset		0.00 W		LD-ON	10.0 V
DYN	T HI	0.010 mS		LD-OFF	9.00 V
	T L0	0.010 mS		POLAR	+LOAD
	RISE	160mA/uS	SHORT		Disable
	FALL	160mA/uS	OPP		Disable
			OCP		Disable

Table 3-9 34340E initialize

1-36 Protection features

The protection features of the 34000E series Electronic load modules are as follows:

3.7.1. **Overvoltage protection:** The Electronic Load input will turn OFF if the overvoltage circuit is tripped. The message OVP will be displayed on the LCD. When the OVP fault has been removed the load can be set to sink power again. While the unit will attempt to protect itself given an OVP state it is strongly advised to guard against any potential OVP fault state by using external protection and the correctly rated electronic load.

The Overvoltage protection circuit is set at a predetermined voltage and cannot be adjusted. The OVP level is 104% of the 34000E Series nominal voltage rating.

CAUTION: Never apply an AC voltage to the input of the 34000E series Load. Do not apply a DC voltage that is higher than 34000E series Load rating. If this advice is ignored it is likely that damage will be caused to the electronic load module. This damage will not be covered by the warranty.

3.7.2. Over current protection (OCP): The OCP protection will engage if the current being taken by the load reaches 104% of the load module's maximum current. The message OCP will be displayed on the front panel and the unit will switch to its LOAD OFF state. Once the source of the over current has been removed the load can be switched on again.

3.7.3. Over power protection (OPP): The 34000E series Electronic Load monitors the power dissipation level. The input to the load is automatically switched to LOAD OFF if the power dissipation is greater than 105% of the rated power input. If an over power condition occurs the display will show OPP

3.7.4. Over temperature protection (OTP): The load internal temperature at the heat sink is monitored. If the temperature reaches approximately 100°C the OTP message will be displayed and the unit will automatically switch to the LOAD OFF state. If an OTP error occurs please check the ambient temperature is between 0 to 40°C. Also ensure that the front and rear air vents of the mainframe are not obstructed. The air flow is taken from the front of the mainframe and exhausted from the rear. Therefore a suitable gap needs to be left at the rear of the mainframe. A minimum of 15cm is recommended. After a suitable cooling period the load can be switched.

3.7.5. Reverse Polarity: The 34000E series load module will tolerate a reverse current up to the maximum current rating of the load module. The '-'symbol will be shown on the voltage and current displays.

Please note that damage will occur if the reverse current is higher than the load module's maximum rating. If a reverse current is noticed turn off and disconnect the dc power source and turn the load off. The connections between the DC Source and the Load Module can now be correctly made.

CAUTION

If a reverse polarity situation occurs the load will sink power even if the LOAD button is OFF. No current will be displayed on the 34000E series load module. Current up to the load's maximum current rating will be tolerated in reverse polarity. However there is no OVP OCP and OPP protection. It is strongly recommended that the load lines be fused if it is likely that the load could be subject to reverse polarity. These fuses should be fast acting and rated at the maximum current of the load module +5%.

Chapter 4 Communication Interface programming operation

1-37 Introduction

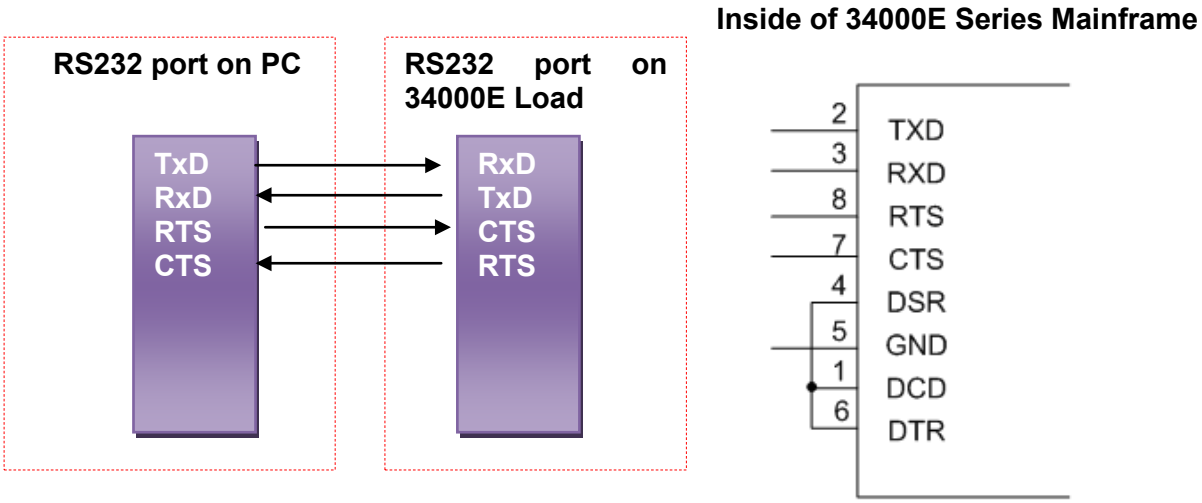
The rear panel Communication Interface programming interface of 34000E Series mainframe is designed to connect PC or NOTEBOOK PC with remote control interface, the NOTEBOOK PC acts as a remote controller of 34000E Series Electronic Load.
This feature can be used as an automatic load/cross load regulation and centering voltage testing for a switching power supply or a rechargeable battery charge/discharge characteristic testing. The function capability of rear panel remote control interface not only can set the load level and load status, but also can read back the load voltage and load current.
NOTE: When use USB/LAN interface controls the 34000E Series, the 34000E Series will convert the USB/LAN interface to RS232 interface.

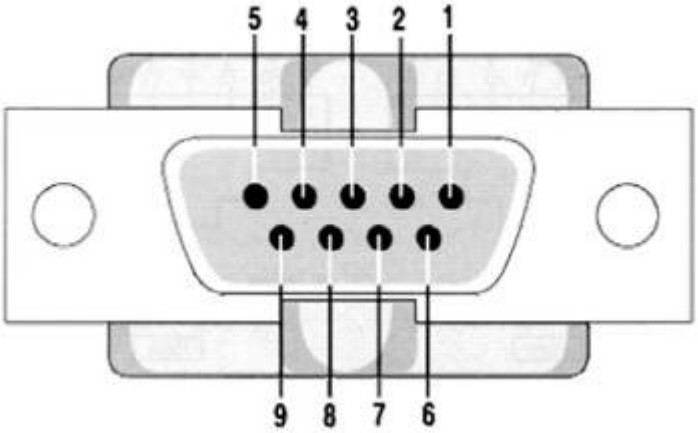
1-38 The summary of RS232 Interface and command

The following RS232 commands are same as GPIB commands. The RS232 protocol in 34000E Series mainframe is listing below:

Baud-rate ：9600~115200bps
Parity ：none
Data bit ：8 bits
Stop bit ：1 bit
Handshaking ：Hardware (RTS/CTS).

The RS232 Interface connector of 34000E Series rear panel, RS232 is shown in Fig4-1.





PIN	Abbreviation	Description
Pin1	CD	Carrier Detect
Pin2	RXD	Receive
Pin3	TXD	Transmit
Pin4	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
Pin5	GND	Ground
Pin6	DSR	Data Set Ready
Pin7	RTS	Request To Send
Pin8	CTS	Clear To Send
Pin9	RI	Ring Indicator

Fig 4-1 RS232 INTERFACE CONNECTION OF REAR PANEL

1-39 34000E Series Communication Interface programming COMMAND LIST1

SIMPLE TYPE FORMAT

SETTING PRESET NUMERIC COMMAND	MODEL	REMARK
	34XXXE	
RISE{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	mA/us
FALL{SP} {;| NL}	V	mA/us
PERD: {HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	
LDONV{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	
LDOFFV{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	
CC| CURR:{HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
CP:{HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
CR| RES:{HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
CV| VOLT:{HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
TCONFIG {SP} {NORMAL|OCP | OPP| SHORT }{;|NL}	V	
OCP:START {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
OCP:STEP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
OCP:STOP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
VTH {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
OPP:START {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
OPP:STEP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
OPP:STOP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
STIME {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
BATT:TYPE {SP}{n}{;| NL}	V	n=1~5
BATT:UVP{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	unit:V
BATT:TIME{SP}{n}{;| NL }	V	n= 1~99999sec
BATT:STEP{SP}{n}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4: n=1~3,TYPE5:n=1~9
BATT:CCH{n}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4 CC:HIGH level, n=1~3
BATT:CCL{n}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4 CC:LOW level, n=1~3
BATT:TH{n}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4 Thigh(unit:ms), n=1~3
BATT:TL{n}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4 Tlow(unit:ms), n=1~3
BATT:CYCLE{n}{SP}{NR1}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4 Cycle:1~2000, n=1~3
BATT:CC{n}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	TYPE5 Current, n=0~9
BATT:DTIME{n}{SP}{NR1}{;| NL}	V	TYPE5 Delta time(T1~T9:0~6000sec), n=0~9
BATT:REPEAT {SP} {n}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4&5 Repeat times:0~9999
CPRSP{SP}{n}{;| NL}	V	

Table 4-1 Communication Interface programming setting command summary

QUERY PRESET NUMERIC COMMAND	MODEL	RETURN
	34XXXE	
RISE{?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
FALL{?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
PERD:{HIGH | LOW}{?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
LDONV{?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
LDOFFV{?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
CC | CURR:{HIGH | LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
CP: {HIGH | LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
CR | RES: {HIGH | LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
CV | VOLT:{HIGH | LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
TCONFIG {?}{;|NL}	V	1:NORMAL 3:OPP 2:OCP 4:SHORT
OCP: START {?} {;|NL}	V	###.####
OCP: STEP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
OCP: STOP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
VTH {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
OPP: START {?} {;|NL}	V	###.####
OPP: STEP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
OPP: STOP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
STIME {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
OCP {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
OPP {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####

Table 4-2 Communication Interface programming query command summary

LIMIT COMMAND	MODEL	REMARK
	34XXXE	
IH | IL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
IH | IL {?}{;| NL}	V	
WH | WL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
WH | WL {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
VH | VL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
VH | VL {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
SVH | SVL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
SVH | SVL {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
ADDCV:VOLTage{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
ADDCV: VOLTage {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
ADDCV{SP}{ON | OFF}{;| NL}	V	

Table 4-3 Communication Interface programming limit command summary

STAGE COMMAND	MODEL	REMARK
	34XXXE	
LOAD {SP}{ON│OFF│1│0} {;│NL}	V	
LOAD {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
MODE {SP} {CC│CR│CV│CP} {;NL}	V	
MODE {?} {;│NL}	V	0:CC 1:CR 2:CV 3:CP
SHOR {SP} {ON│OFF│1│0} {;│NL}	V	
SHOR {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
PRES {SP} {ON│OFF│1│0} {;│NL}	V	
PRES {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
SENS {SP} {ON│OFF│AUTO│1│0} {;│NL}	V	
SENS {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF/AUTO 1:ON
LEV {SP} { LOW│HIGH│0│1} {;│NL}	V	
LEV {?} {;│NL}	V	0:LOW 1:HIGH
DYN {SP} {ON│OFF│1│0} {;│NL}	V	
DYN {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
CLR{;│NL}	V	
ERR {?}{;│NL}	V	
NG {?}{;│NL}	V	0:GO 1:NG
PROT {?}{;│NL}	V	
CCR{SP}{AUTO│R2}{;│NL}	V	
NGENABLE{SP}{ON│OFF}{;│NL}	V	
POLAR{SP}{POS│NEG}{;│NL}	V	
START{;│NL}	V	
STOP{;│NL}	V	
TESTING {?}{;│NL}	V	0:TEST END,1:TESTING

STAGE COMMAND	Model	Description
	34XXXE	
MPPT:MODE{SP}{CC|CR|CV}{;|NL}	V	Select MPPT mode (CC,CR,CV)
MPPT:CC:START{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CC mode starting current of whole scan, unit : A
MPPT:CC:STOP{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CC mode end current value at the end of whole scan, unit : A
MPPT:CC:VL{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CC mode stop whole scan lower limit voltage to P&O, unit : V
MPPT:CC:VH{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CC mode stop whole scan upper limitvoltage to P&O, unit :V
MPPT:CC:Wmin{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}		Set CC mode minimum current change width at MPPT, unit : A
MPPT:CC:Wmax{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set CC mode maximum current change width at MPPT,unit : A
MPPT:CR:START{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CR mode starting resistance of whole scan, unit:Ω
MPPT:CR:STOP{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CR mode end resistance value at the end of whole scan, unit：Ω
MPPT:CR:VL{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CR mode stop whole scan lower voltage to P&O,unit : V
MPPT:CR:VH{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CR mode stop whole scan upper voltage to P&O,unit : V
MPPT:CR:Wmin{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set CR mode minimum conductance change width at MPPT, unit : Ω
MPPT:CR:Wmax{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set CR mode maximum conductance change width at MPPT, unit : Ω
MPPT:CV:START{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CV mode starting voltage of whole scan,unit : V
MPPT:CV:STOP{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CV mode end voltage value at the end of whole scan, unit : V
MPPT:CV:IL{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CV mode stop whole scan lower limit current to P&O, unit : A
MPPT:CV:IH{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set CC mode stop whole scan upper limit current to P&O,unit : A
MPPT:CV:Wmin{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set CV mode minimum voltage change width at MPPT, unit :V
MPPT:CV:Wmax{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set CV mode maximum voltage change width at MPPT,unit : V
MPPT:SCAN:STEP{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set step value in whole scan,1~2000count
MPPT:SCAN:Tstep{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set time step value in whole scan,unit:ms
MPPT:PO:Tstep{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set time step value in P&O,unit : ms
MPPT:PO:TIME{SP}{NR1}{;|NL}	V	Set P&O time, unit : sec
MPPT:SRATE{SP}{NR2}{;|NL}	V	Set step width change rate
MPPT{SP}{ON|OFF}{;|NL}	V	Set MPPT start or stop test
MPP{?} {;|NL}	V	

Table 4-4 STAGE COMMAND SUMMARY

System command：

COMMAND	NOTE	RETURN
RECALL {SP} {m}{;| NL}	m=1~150 m:STATE	
STORE {SP} {m}{;| NL}	m=1~150 m:STATE	
REMOTE {; | NL}	RS232/USB/LAN command	
LOCAL{;| NL}	RS232/USB/LAN command	
NAME {?} {;| NL}		“XXXXX”

Table 4-5 SYSTEM COMMAND SUMMARY

Measure command

COMMAND	34XXXE	RETURN
MEAS:CURR {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
MEAS:VOLT {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
MEAS:POW {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####

Table 4-6 MEASURE COMMAND SUMMARY

REMARK:
1. Current engineering unit: A
2. Voltage engineering unit: V
3. Resistance engineering unit: Ω
4. Period engineering unit: mS
5. Slew-rate engineering unit: mA/uS
6. Power engineering unit: W

AUTO SEQUENCE:

AUTO SEQUENCE SET COMMAND	NOTE	RETURN
FILE {SP} {n}{;| NL}	n=1~9	1~9
STEP {SP} {n} {;| NL}	n=1~16	1~16
TOTSTEP {SP} {n}{;| NL}	Total step n=1~16	1~16
SB {SP} {m} {; | NL}	m=1~150 m:STATE	
TIME {SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	100~9999(ms)	100~9999(ms)
SAVE {;| NL}	Save “File n” data	
REPEAT {SP} {n} {;| NL}	n=0~9999	0~9999
RUN {SP} {F} {n} {;| NL}	N=1~9	AUTO REPLY “PASS” or “FAIL:XX” (XX=NG STEP)

Table 4-7 Auto sequence command list

BATTERY TEST SET COMMAND

COMMAND	MODEL	REMARK
	34XXXE	
BATT:TYPE {SP}{n}{;| NL}	V	n=1~5
BATT:UVP{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	unit:V
BATT:TIME{SP}{NR1}{;| NL }	V	TIME= 1~99999sec
BATT:STEP{SP} {n} {;| NL}	V	TYPE4:n=1~3,TYPE5:n=1~9
BATT:CCH{n}{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	TYPE4 CC:HIGH level, n=1~3
BATT:CCL{n}{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	TYPE4 CC:LOW level, n=1~3
BATT:TH{n}{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	TYPE4 Thigh(unit:ms), n=1~3
BATT:TL{n}{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	TYPE4 Tlow(unit:ms), n=1~3
BATT:CYCLE{n}{SP} {NR1} {;| NL}	V	TYPE4 Cycle:1~2000, n=1~3
BATT:CC{n}{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	TYPE5 Current, n=0~9
BATT:DTIME{n}{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	TYPE5 Delta time(T1~T9:0~6000sec), n=0~9
BATT:REPEAT {SP} {NR1}{;| NL}	V	TYPE4&5 Repeat times:0~9999
BATT:TEST {SP} {ON|OFF}{;|NL}	V	ON:START TEST,OFF:STOP TEST TYPE1&2 TEST END,AUTO ECHO "OK,XXXXX" XXXXX:AH TYPE3~5 TEST END,AUTO ECHO "OK,XXXXX" XXXXX:DVM

Table 4-8 BATTERY TEST SET COMMAND

1-40 34000E Series Communication Interface programming command list 2

COMPLEX TYPE FORMAT

SETTING COMMAND SUMMARY	MODEL	REMARK
	34XXXE	
[PRESet:] RISE{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	mA/us
[PRESet:] FALL{SP} {;| NL}	V	mA/us
[PRESet:]PERI| PERD:HIGH| LOW{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:] LDONv{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:] LDOFfv{SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]CC| CURR:{HIGH| LOW}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:] CP:{HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]CR| RES:{HIGH| LOW} {SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]CV| VOLT:{HIGH| LOW}{SP} {NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]TCONFIG{SP}{NORMAL|OCP| OPP|SHORT}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] OCP:START {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] OCP:STEP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] OCP:STOP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] VTH {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] OPP:START {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] OPP:STEP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] OPP:STOP {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] STIME {SP} {NR2}{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] MPPT {SP} {ON|OFF}{;|NL}	V	ON：START MPP TRACE
[PRESet:] MPPTIME {SP}n{;|NL}	V	SET MPPT RECORD TIME n=1000~60000 mS
[PRESet:]CVIL {ON| OFF}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]CVL:CURR{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]CVH:CURR{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[PRESet:]CPRSP{SP}{n}{;| NL}	V	

Table 4-1B Communication Interface programming setting command summary

QUERY COMMAND SUMMARY	MODEL	RETURN
	34XXXE	
[PRESet:] RISE{?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] FALL{?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] PERI| PERD:{HIGH| LOW}{?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] LDONv {?}{; | NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] LDOFfv {?}{; | NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] CC| CURR:{HIGH| LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] CP:{HIGH| LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] CR| RES:{HIGH| LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] CV| VOLT:{HIGH| LOW} {?} {;| NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] TCONFIG {?}{;|NL}	V	1:NORMAL 3:OPP 2:OCP 4:SHORT
[PRESet:] OCP: START {?} {;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] OCP: STEP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] OCP: STOP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] VTH {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] OPP: START {?} {;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] OPP: STEP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] OPP: STOP {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] STIME {?}{;|NL}	V	###.####
[PRESet:] MPPT {?}{;|NL}	V	READ MPP DATA “V/I/P” OR “END”
[PRESet:] MPPTIME?{;|NL}	V	
[PRESet:] CPRSP?{;| NL}	V	

Table 4-2B Communication Interface programming query command summary

LIMIT	MODEL	RETURN
	34XXXE	
LIMit:CURRent:{HIGH|LOW}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
LIMit: CURRent :{ HIGH|LOW }{?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
IH|IL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
IH|IL {?}{;| NL}	V	
LIMit:POWer:{HIGH|LOW}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
LIMit: POWer :{ HIGH|LOW }{?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
WH|WL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
WH|WL {?}{;| NL}	V	####.###
LIMit:VOLTage:{HIGH|LOW}{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
LIMit: VOLTage :{ HIGH|LOW }{?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
VH|VL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
VH|VL {?}{ ; | NL}	V	###.####
SVH|SVL{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
SVH|SVL {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
[LIMit:]ADDCV:VOLTage{SP}{NR2}{;| NL}	V	
[LIMit:]ADDCV: VOLTage {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
[LIMit:]ADDCV{SP}{ON | OFF}{;| NL}	V	

Table 4-3B Communication Interface programming limit command summary

STAGE COMMAND	MODEL	REMARK
	34XXXE	
[STATe:] LOAD {SP}{ON│OFF} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] LOAD {?} {;│NL}	V	0：OFF 1：ON
[STATe:] MODE {SP} {CC│CR│CV│CP} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] MODE {?} {;│NL}	V	0|1|2|3:CC|CR|CV|CP
[STATe:] SHORt {SP} {ON│OFF} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] SHORt {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
[STATe:] PRESet {SP} {ON│OFF} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] PRESet {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
[STATe:] SENSe {SP} {ON│OFF│AUTO } {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] SENSe {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF/AUTO 1:ON
[STATe:] LEVEl {SP} { LOW│HIGH} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] LEVEl {?} {;│NL}	V	0:LOW 1:HIGH
[STATe:] LEV{SP} {LOW │HIGH} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] LEV{?} {;│NL}	V	0:LOW 1:HIGH
[STATe:] DYNamic {SP} {ON│OFF} {;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] DYNamic {?} {;│NL}	V	0:OFF 1:ON
[STATe:] CLR{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] ERRor {?}{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] NO {SP} GOOD {?}{;│NL}	V	0:GO 1:NG
[STATe:] NG {?}{;│NL}	V	0:GO 1:NG
[STATe:] PROTect {?}{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] CCR{SP}{AUTO│R2}{;│NL}（Note1）	V	
[STATe:] NGENABLE{SP}{ON│OFF}{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:]POLAR{SP}{POS│NEG}{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:]START{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:]STOP{;│NL}	V	
[STATe:] TESTING {?}{;│NL}	V	0:TEST END，1:TESTING

Table 4-4B STAGE COMMAND SUMMARY

SYSTEM COMMAND:

COMMAND	NOTE	RETURN
[SYStem:] RECall {SP} {m}{;| NL}	m=1~150	
[SYStem:] STORe {SP} {m}{;| NL}	m=1~150	
[SYStem:] REMOTE {;| NL}	RS232/USB/LAN command	
[SYStem:] LOCAL{;| NL}	RS232/USB/LAN command	
[SYStem:] NAME {?} {;| NL}		“XXXXX”

Table 4-5B SYSTEM COMMAND SUMMARY

measure command:

COMMAND	34XXXE	RETURN
MEASure: CURRent {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
MEASure: VOLTage {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####
MEASure: POWer {?}{;| NL}	V	###.####

Table 4-6B MEASURE COMMAND SUMMARY

REMARK :

1. Current engineering unit: A
2. Voltage engineering unit: V
3. Resistance engineering unit: Ω
4. Period engineering unit: mS
5. Slew-rate engineering unit: mA/uS
6. Power engineering unit: W

Auto sequence:

AUTO SEQUENCE COMMAND	NOTE	RETURN
FILE {SP} {n}{;| NL}	n=1~9	1~9
STEP {SP} {n} {;| NL}	n=1~16	1~16
TOTSTEP {SP} {n}{;| NL}	Total step n=1~16	1~16
SB {SP} {m} { ; | NL}	m=1~150 m:STATE	
TIME {SP} {NR2} {;| NL}	100~9999 (ms)	100~9999 (ms)
SAVE {;| NL}	Save “File n” data	
REPEAT {SP} {n} {;| NL}	n=0~9999	0~9999
RUN {SP} {F} {n} {;| NL}	n=1~9	AUTO REPLY “PASS” or “FAIL:XX” (XX=NG STEP)

Table 4-7B Auto sequence command list

1-41 The description of abbreviation

SP：Space, the ASCII code is 20 Hexadecimal.
；： Semicolon, Program line terminator, the ASCII code is OA Hexadecimal.
NL: New line, Program line terminator, the ASCII code is OA Hexadecimal.
NR2： Digits with decimal point. It can be accepted in the range and format of ###.#####.
For Example：
30.12345, 5.0

The description of GPIB programming command syntax.

1-42 Communication Interface programming command syntax description

{ } ： The contents of the { } symbol must be used as a part or data of the GPIB command, it cannot be omitted.
[ ] ： The contents of the [ ] symbol indicts the command can be used or not. It depends on the testing application.
| ： This symbol means option. For example〝LOW|HIGH〞means it can only use LOW or HIGH as the command, it can choose only one as the setting command.
Terminator ： You have to send the program line terminator character after send the GPIB command, the available command terminator characters which can be accepted in 34000E Series mainframe is listed in Table 4-9.

LF
LF WITH EOI
CR，LF
CR，LF WITH EOI

Table 4-9 GPIB COMMAND TERMINATOR

Semicolon〝;〞： The semicolon〝；〞is a back-up command, the semicolon allows you to combine command statement on one line to create command message.

1-43 Communication Interface programming command description

4.7.1. PRESET Set and Read the Default of Load

RISE

Syntax: [PRESet:] RISE {SP}{NR2}{; | NL}
[PRESet:] RISE{?} {; | NL}

Purpose: Set and read the RISE SLEW-RATE

Description:

1. The definition of RISE SLEW-RATE is load level change or dynamic load can be Programmed of RISE and FALL are completely independent.
2. The value of RISE has to be included the number of the decimal point, otherwise The command will not be available.
3. The least significant number is the 3th behind the decimal point.
4. 34000E Series will set to the maximum value of the model automatically when The set RISE is over the specification of Load.
5. The unit is mA/uS.

FALL

Syntax : [PRESet:] FALL {SP}{; | NL}
[PRESet:] FALL{?} {; | NL}

Purpose: Set and read the FALL SLEW-RATE

Description:

1. The definition of FALL SLEW-RATE is load level change or dynamic load can be Programmed of RISE and FALL are completely independent.
2. 34000E Series will set to the maximum value of the model automatically when the FALL which has been set is over the specification of Load.
3. The unit is mA/uS.

PERI or PERD

Syntax : [PRESet :] PERI | PERD: HIGH | LOW{SP}{ NR2}{; | NL}
[PRESet :] PERI | PERD : HIGH | LOW{?}{; | NL}

Purpose: Set and read the TLOW and Thigh of DYNAMIC when loading

Description:

1. A period of loading waveform of DYNAMIC is combined by TLOW and THIGH.
2. The value of TLOW and THIGH have to be included the number of the decimal Point, otherwise the command will not be available.
3. The least significant number is the 5th behind the decimal point.
4. 34000E Series will set the value of TLOW or THIGH automatically when the Value which has been set is over the maximum of the Load.
5. The unit is mS.

LDONv

Syntax : [PRESet :] LDONv {SP}{NR2}{; | NL}
[PRESet :] LDONv{?}{; | NL}

Purpose : Set and Read the voltage of LOAD ON

Description : This command is for setting the Load voltage value of LOAD ON.

LDOFfv

Syntax : [PRESet :] LDOFfv{SP}{ NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet :] LDOFfv {?}{ ; |NL}
Purpose : Set and read the voltage of LOAD OFF
Description : This command is for setting the Load voltage value of LOAD OFF.

CURR: HIGH|LOW

Syntax : [PRESet :] CC|CURR: HIGH|LOW {SP}{ NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet :] CC|CURR: HIGH|LOW{?}{ ; |NL}
Purpose: Set and read the current of HIGH|LOW
Description: This command is for setting the required Load current. And this Command must be followed the next notices:

1. The required value of current must be included the number of the decimal point, otherwise the command will not be available.
2. The least significant number is the 5th behind the decimal point.
3. 34000E Series will set the maximum value of current of the Load Automatically when the value which has been set is over the maximum of The load.
4. The value of LOW has to be smaller than HIGH.
5. The unit is A

CP: {HIGH|LOW}

Syntax : [PRESet :] CP : { HIGH|LOW}{SP}{ NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet :] CP: {HIGH|LOW}{?} { ; |NL}
Purpose: Set and read the value of Watt
Description: This command is for setting the required value of Watt, and the unit is W

CR|RES : {HIGH|LOW}

Syntax: [PRESet :] CR|RES : { HIGH|LOW}{SP}{ NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet :] CR|RES : { HIGH|LOW}{?} { ; |NL}
Purpose : Set and read the value of Resistance
Description : This command is used for setting the required value of Load Resistance. And this command must be followed the next notices:

1. The required value of resistance must be included the number of the decimal point, otherwise the command will not be available.
2. The least significant number is the 3rd behind the decimal point.
3. 34000E Series will set to the maximum value of the model automatically when the value of Resistance which has been set is over the specification of Load.
4. The Resistance value which has been set of LOW has to be smaller than HIGH.
5. The unit is Ω.

CV: {HIGH|LOW}

Syntax: [PRESet :] CV : { HIGH|LOW}{SP}{ NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet :] CV : { HIGH|LOW}{?} { ; |NL}
Purpose : Set and Read the value of Load Voltage
Description : This command is used for setting the required Load Voltage. And this command must be followed the next notices:

1. The required value of resistance must be included the number of the decimal point, otherwise the command will not be available.
2. The least significant number is the 5th behind the decimal point.
3. 34000E Series will set to the maximum value of the model automatically

when the value of Voltage which has been set is over the specification of Load.

4. The Voltage value which has been set of LOW has to be smaller than HIGH.
5. The unit is Voltage (V)

OCP: START

Syntax: [PRESet:] OCP: START {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] OCP: START{?} {; |NL}

Purpose: Set and read the initial value of OCP test

Description: This command is used for setting the required initial value (I-START) of OCP test

OCP: STEP

Syntax: [PRESet:] OCP: STEP {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] OCP: STEP{?}{ ; |NL}

Purpose: Set and read the increasing value of OCP test

Description: This command is used for setting the increasing value(I-STEP) of OCP test

OCP: STOP

Syntax: [PRESet:] OCP: STOP {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] OCP: STOP{?} {; |NL}

Purpose: Set and read the maximum value of OCP test

Description: This command is used for setting the maximum value (I-STOP) of OCP Test.

VTH

Syntax: [PRESet:] VTH {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] VTH{?} {; |NL}

Purpose: Set and read the value of the Threshold Voltage

Description: This command is used for setting the Threshold Voltage. That is the OCP/OPP of this Load model when the output voltage of appliance is lower or equaled to the VTH

OPP: START

Syntax: [PRESet:] OPP: START {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] OPP: START{?} {; |NL}

Purpose: Set and read the initial value of OPP test

Description: This command is used for setting the initial value (P-START) of OPP Test

OPP: STEP

Syntax: [PRESet:] OPP: STEP {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] OPP: STEP{?} {; |NL}

Purpose: Set and read the increasing value of OPP test

Description: This command is used for setting the increasing value (P-STEP) of OPP Test

OPP: STOP
Syntax: [PRESet:] OPP: STOP {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] OPP: STOP {?} { ; |NL}
Purpose: Set and read the maximum value of OPP test
Description: This command is used for setting the maximum value (P-STOP) of OPP test

TCONFIG
Syntax: [PRESet:] TONFIG {NORMAL|OCP|OVP|OPP|SHORT}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] TONFIG{?}{; |NL}
Purpose: Set and read the function of Dynamic test
Description: There are four options of this command. Those are NORMAL mode、OCP test 、OPP test and SHORT test.

STIME
Syntax: [PRESet:] STIME {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
[PRESet:] STIME{?} {; |NL}
Purpose: Set and read time of the short-circuit test
Description: This command is used for setting time of the short-circuit test. If time set to 0, it means that have no the time limit and continue to be short –circuited. The unit is Milli-second (ms).

OCP
Syntax: OCP{?} {; |NL}
Purpose: Set read OCP testing current.
Description： This command is used for setting OCP test read OCP current.

OPP
Syntax: OPP{?} {; |NL}
Purpose: Set read OPP testing watt.
Description: This command is used for setting OPP test read OPP watt.

MPPT MODE
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: MODE {SP}{CC|CR|CV}{ ; |NL}
Purpose : Select MPPT mode (CC、CR、CV)
Description: This command is set Select MPPT mode (CC,CR,CV)

MPPT CC START
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CC: START {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CC mode starting current
Description: This command is set MPPT CC mode starting current of whole scan, the Unit is Ampere (A).

MPPT CC STOP
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CC: STOP {SP}{NR2}{ ; |NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CC mode Stop current.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CC mode stop current value at the end of Whole scan, the unit is Ampere (A).

MPPT CC VL
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CC: VL {SP}{NR2}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPTCC mode stop whole scan lower limit voltage to P&O.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CC mode stop whole scan lower limit voltage To P&O, the unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CC VH
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CC: VH {SP}{NR2}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CC mode stop whole scan upper limit voltage to P&O.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CC mode stop whole scan upper limitvoltage To P&O, the unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CC Wmin
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CC: Wmin {SP}{NR1}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CC mode minimum current change width.
Description : This command is set MPPT CC mode minimum current change width, the Unit is Ampere (A).

MPPT CC Wmax
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CC: Wmax {SP}{NR1}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CC mode maximum current change width at MPPT.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CC mode maximum current change width, the Unit is Ampere (A).

MPPT CC START
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CR: START {SP}{NR2}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CR mode starting resistance.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CR mode starting resistance of whole scan, the unit is Ohm (Ω).

MPPT CR STOP
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CR: STOP {SP}{NR2}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CR mode stop resistance.
Description: This command is set MPPT CR mode end resistance value at the end of whole scan; the unit is Ohm (Ω).

MPPT CR VL
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CR: VL {SP}{NR2}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CR mode stop whole scan lower limit voltage to P&O.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CR mode stop whole scan lower voltage to P&O, the unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CR VH
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CR: VH {SP}{NR2}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CR mode stop whole scan upper limit voltage to P&O.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CR mode stop whole scan upper limitvoltage To P&O, the unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CR Wmin
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CR: Wmin {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CR mode minimum conductance change width at MPPT.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CR mode minimum conductance change Width, the unit is Ohm (Ω).

MPPT Wmax
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CR: Wmax {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CR mode maximum conductance change width.
Description：This command is Set MPPT CR mode maximum conductance change Width, the unit is Ohm (Ω).

MPPT CV START
Syntax:[PRESet:] MPPT: CV: START {SP}{NR2}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CV mode starting Voltage
Description: This command is set MPPT CV mode starting Voltage of whole scan, the Unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CV STOP
Syntax:[PRESet:] MPPT: CV: STOP {SP}{NR2}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CV end voltage
Description: This command is Set MPPT CV mode end voltage value at the end of Whole scan, the unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CV IL
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CV: IL {SP}{NR2}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CV mode stop whole scan lower limit current to P&O
Description: This command is Set MPPT CV mode stop whole scan lower limit current To P&O, the unit is Ampere (A).

MPPT CV IH
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CV: IH {SP}{NR2}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CV mode stop whole scan upper limit current to P&O.
Description: This command is Set MPPT CC mode stop whole scan upper limit current To P&O, the unit is Ampere (A).

MPPT Wmin
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CV: Wmin {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CV mode minimum voltage change width at MPPT.
Description: This command is set MPPT CV mode minimum voltage change width, the Unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT CV Wmax
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: CV: Wmax {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT CV mode maximum current change width at MPPT.
Description: This command is set MPPT CV mode maximum voltage change width, the Unit is Voltage (V).

MPPT SCAN STEP
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: SCAN: STEP {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: set step value in whole scan, 1~2000count
Description: This command is set step value in whole scan, 1~2000count

MPPT SCAN Tstep
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: SCAN: Tstep {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set time step value in whole scan
Description: This command is set time step value in whole scan, the unit is ms.

MPPT PO Tstep
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: PO: Tstep {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set time step value in P&O.
Description: This command is set time step value in P&O, the unit is ms.

MPPT PO TIME
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: PO: TIME {SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set P&O time.
Description: This command is Set P&O time, the unit is Sec

MPPT SRATE
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT: SRATE {SP}{NR2}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set step width change rate
Description: This command is Set step width change rate.

MPPT ON OFF
Syntax: [PRESet:] MPPT {SP} ON|OFF{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Set MPPT start or stop test
Description: This command is Set MPPT start or stop test

MPP?
Syntax: MPP{?}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: Read MPP (maximum power point) data, Read form: Voltmeter/Ammeter/ Power meter.
Description: MPP read form: Voltmeter / Ammeter/ Power Meter.

BATT TYPE
Syntax: BATT: TYPE {SP }{n}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting battery type.
Battery discharge test, There are five operating modes as follow:
Note:

1. Type 1 to 3 is manual operation or remote operation.
2. Types 4 to 5 the only remote operation.

BATT UVP
Syntax: BATT:UVP{SP}{NR2}{ ;|NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting battery UVP Voltage.

BATT TIME
Syntax: BATT: TIME{SP}{NR1}{ ;|NL }
Purpose: This command is used for setting battery Discharge time to 1~99999 sec.

BATT STEP
Syntax: BATT: STEP{SP} {n} { ;|NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 n= 1~3, TYPE 5 n= 1~9.

BATT CCH
Syntax: BATT: CCH {n}{SP} {NR2} { ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 CC HIGH, Level n=1~3.

BATT CCL
Syntax: BATT: CCL {n}{SP} {NR2} { ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 CC LOW, level n=1~3.

BATT TH
Syntax: BATT: TH {n}{SP} {NR2} { ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 Thigh, n=1~3.

BATT TL
Syntax: BATT: TL {n}{SP} {NR2} {; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 Tlow, n=1~3.

BATT CYCLE
Syntax: BATT: CYCLE {n}{SP} {NR1} { ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 Cycle: 1~2000, n=1~3.

BATT CC
Syntax: BATT: CC {n}{SP} {NR2} { ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 5 Current, n=0~9.

BATT DTIME
Syntax: BATT: DTIME {n}{SP} {NR2} { ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 5 Delta time (T1~T9:0~6000sec), n=0~9.

BATT REPEAT
Syntax: BATT: REPEAT {SP} {NR1}{ ; | NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting TYPE 4 and TYPE 5 REPEAT time 0~9999.

BATT TEST
Syntax: BATT: TEST {SP} {ON|OFF} { ; |NL}
Purpose: This command is used for setting ON: START TEST, OFF: STOP TEST
TYPE 1 & 2 Test end, Auto echo "OK, XXXXX" XXXXX: AH
TYPE 3 ~5 Test end, Auto echo "OK, XXXXX" XXXXX: DVM

CPRSP
Syntax: [PRESet :] CPRSP {SP} {n}{; | NL}
Purpose: Set the CP Mode RESPONSE.
Description: Set the CP Mode RESPONSE, 0: fastest, 4: slowest, the definition is 0.

4.7.2. LIMIT Set and read the top and bottom of the Load judgment NG limit

[LIMit :] CURRent: {HIGH | LOW} or IH | IL
Syntax: [LIMit]: CURRent: {HIGH | LOW}{SP}{ NR2 }{ ; | NL}
[LIMit]: CURRent: {HIGH | LOW}{?} {; | NL}
[IH | IL]{SP}{NR2}{; | NL}
[IH | IL}{?} { ; | NL}
Purpose: To set the upper/lower limit value of threshold current.
Description: This command is to set the lower limit value of threshold current. When load

sink current is lower than this lower limit value or higher than the upper limit value, NG indicating light will come on to indicate 〝NO GOOD〞.

[LIMit:]POWer: {HIGH|LOW} or WH|WL

Syntax: [LIMit] : POWer : { HIGH|LOW}{SP}{ NR2 }{ ; |NL}
[LIMit] : POWer : { HIGH|LOW}{?}{ ; |NL}
[WH|WL]{SP}{ NR2 }{ ; |NL}
[WH|WL] {?}{ ; |NL}

Purpose: To set the upper/lower limit value of threshold power (W).

Description: This command is to set the upper/lower limit value of threshold power (WATT). When power (WATT) is lower than this lower limit value or higher than the upper limit value, NG indicating light will come on to indicate 〝NO GOOD〞.

[LIMit:] VOLtage :{ HIGH|LOW} or VH|VL

Syntax: [LIMit] VOLtage :{ HIGH|LOW}{SP}{ NR2 }{ ; |NL}
[LIMit] VOLtage :{ HIGH|LOW}{?} { ; |NL}
[VH|VL]{SP}{ NR2 }{ ; |NL}
[VH|VL}{?}{ ; |NL}

Purpose：To set the upper/lower limit value of threshold voltage.

Description：This command is to set the upper/lower limit value of threshold voltage. When input voltage is lower than the lower limit value or higher than the upper limit value, NG indicating light will come on to indicate 〝NO GOOD〞.

[LIMit:] SVH|SVL

Syntax: [LIMit:] {SVH|SVL}{SP}{ NR2 }{ ; |NL}
[LIMit:] {SVH|SVL} {?}{;|NL}

Purpose: To set the upper/lower limit value of short current.

Description: This command is to set the upper/lower limit value of short current. When short current is lower than the lower limit value or higher than the upper limit value, NG indicating light will come on to indicate 〝NO GOOD〞.

[LIMit:]ADDCV: VOLtage

Syntax: [LIMit:] ADDCV: VOLtage {SP} {NR2} {;|NL}
[LIMit:] ADDCV: VOLtage {SP}{?} {; |NL}

Purpose：Set and read CC+CV or CP+CV mode of Constant Voltage setting 。

Description: This command is used for set and read Constant Voltage setting, when Set to CC+CV, the of Load like Constant Current status, until EUT Voltage equal setting Constant Voltage, into a Constant Voltage mode.

This command is used for setting and read Constant Voltage setting, when Set to CP+CV, the of Load like Constant Power status, until EUT Voltage equal setting Constant Voltage, into a Constant Voltage mode.

[LIMit:]ADDCV: VOLtage {SP} {ON|OFF}{;| NL}

Syntax: [LIMit:] ADDCV: VOLtage {SP}{ON OFF}{;| NL}

Purpose: Start and stop CC+CV or CP+CV test mode.

Description: At that time in Constant current mode or constant power mode to perform CC + CV or CP + CV mode.

4.7.3. STAGE Set and read the status of Load

[STATe:] LOAD {SP}{ON│OFF}

Syntax: [STATe:] LOAD {SP}{ON│OFF}{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] LOAD{?}{ ; │NL}

Purpose : Set and read the status of Sink Current or not

Description: This command is used for setting the status of Sink Current . When setting it to ON, the Load is going to sink current from appliance. When setting it to OFF, the Load would not act.

[STATe:] MODE {SP} {CC│CR│CV│CP}

Syntax: [STATe:] MODE {SP}{CC│CR│CV│CP}{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] MODE {?}{ ; │NL}

Purpose: Set and read the mode of LOAD

Description: Load is acting under these four modes as the following TABLE 4-10. When reading the Loading Operation mode, the return value 0│1│2│3 are meant to be CC│CR│CV│CP

	CC (0)	CR (1)	CV (2)	CP (3)
34XXXE	V	V	V	V

Table 4-10 module for each series

[STATe:] SHORt {SP} {ON│OFF}

Syntax: [STATe:] SHORt {SP}{ON│OFF}{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] SHORt {?} { ; │NL}

Purpose: Set and read the short-circuit test of Load

Description: This command is for setting the Load to make a short-circuit test. While setting for the ON, the V+, V- pin of Load like short-circuit status.

[STATe:] PRESet {SP}{ON│OFF}

Syntax: [STATe:] PRESet {SP}{ON│OFF}{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] PRESet{?} { ; │NL}

Purpose: Set the left or right digit multi-function meter to display the programming load level.

Description: This command is for select the left 5 digit LCD display to show current setting or DWM.

Pres ON: To select the LCD display to shows current setting

Pres OFF : To select the LCD Display is “DWM”

[STATe:] SENSe {SP} {ON│OFF│AUTO}

Syntax: [STATe:] SENSe {SP}{ON│OFF│AUTO }{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] SENSe{?} { ; │NL}

Purpose: Set and read the Load voltage to read whether is carried by the VSENSE or not.

Description: This command is for setting the Load voltage to read whether is carried by VSENSE or INPUT Connector. When setting for ON, the voltage is got from VSENSE, and setting for OFF, the voltage is got from INPUT Connector. In 34000E Series, the optional are ON and AUTO. So, if setting for AUTO, it means the voltage is got and read from VSENSE. But if no voltage is inputted from VSENSE, the voltage will be inputted from INPUT Connector.

[STATe:] LEVel {SP} {HIGH│LOW} or LEV {SP}{HIGH│LOW}

Syntax: [STATe:] LEVel {SP}{HIGH│LOW }{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] LEVel{?} { ; │NL}
[STATe:] LEV {SP}{HIGH│LOW}{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] LEV{?} { ; │NL}

Purpose: Set and read the LOW and HIGH of Load

Description: LEV LOW is a low level value of current on CC mode. It is a low level value of resistance on CR mode. It is a low level value of voltage on CV mode. It is a low level value of power on CP mode.

[STATe:] DYNamic {SP} {ON│OFF}

Syntax: [STATe:] DYNamic {SP}{ON │ OFF}{ ; │NL}
[STATe:] DYNamic{?} {; │NL}

Purpose: Set and read whether the status is Dynamic or Static of Load

Description:

1. DYN ON , set for a DYNAMIC Load
2. DYN OFF, set for a STATIC Load

[STATe:] CLR

Syntax: [STATe:] CLR {; │NL}

Purpose: Clear the error flag of 34000E Series which during the period of working

Description: This command is for clearing the contents in the register of PROT and ERR. After implementation, the contents of these two registers will be “0”.

[STATe:] NG?

Syntax: [STATe:] NG{?} {; │NL}

Purpose: Query if there have NG flag in this 34000E Series

Description：Set command NG？to show the NG status. Set for “0” the LCD of NG (NO GOOD) will be put out .Set for”1” the LCD will be lit. -

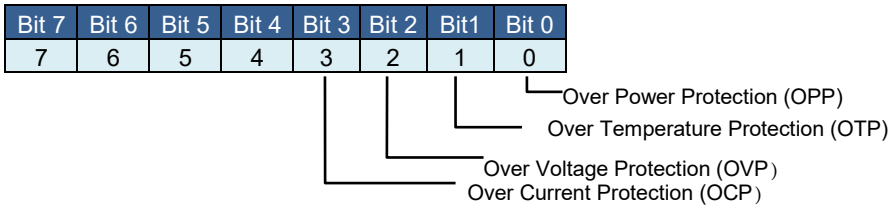
[STATe:] PROTect?

Syntax: [STATe:] PROTect{?}{ ; │NL}

Purpose: Query if there have protection flag which had been set in this 34000E Series

Description:

1. PROT? Means the status of Protection of 34XXXE. “1” means OPP occurred.”4”means OVP. “8” means OCP. Table 4-11 shows the corresponding number of protection status
2. Use command CLR to clear the register of PROT status to be “0”



BIT ID	BIT VALUE	REMARK
bit 0	0 = Off, 1 = Triggered	Over Power Protection (OPP)
bit 1	0 = Off, 1 = Triggered	Over Temperature Protection (OTP)
bit 2	0 = Off, 1 = Triggered	Over Voltage Protection (OVP)
bit 3	0 = Off, 1 = Triggered	Over Current Protection (OCP)

Table 4-11 register of PROT status

[STATe:] CCR {AUTO│R2}
Syntax: [STATe:] CCR {AUTO│R2}{;│NL}
Purpose: Set the CC MODE RANGE to be forced to switch to RANGE II
Description: It will switch the RANGE position automatically when setting for AUTO Set R2 when implementing RANGE II

[STATe:] NGEABLE {ON│OFF}
Syntax: [STATe:] NGEABLE {ON│OFF} {;│NL}
Purpose: To set the GO/NG check function enable or disable.
Description: To set the function of NG judgment opens when POWER ON. When setting for POWER OFF, the function of NG judgment will not be implemented.

[STATe:] POLAR {POS│NEG}
Syntax: [STATe:] POLAR {POS│NEG} { ; │NL}
Purpose: Set for the display of the voltage meter shows the pole is contrary or not
Description：Set the display of the voltage meter shows the pole. If it shows POS that means the pole is not contrary. If the pole is contrary, it will show NEG

[STATe:] START
Syntax: [STATe:] START {; │NL}
Purpose: Set for Load to implement the test.
Description: Set for Load to implement the test, and according to TEST CONFIG (TCONFIG), the Load will start to test the items and parameters which are Required

[STATe:] STOP
Syntax: [STATe:] STOP {; │NL}
Purpose: Set for Load to stop the test

4.7.4. SYSTEM Set and Read the Status of 34000E Series

[SYStem:] RECall {SP} m {, n}
Syntax: [SYStem:] RECall {SP} m {; │NL}
Purpose: Recall the status of Loading which had been saved in the Memory
Description: This command is for recalling the status of Load which had been saved in The Memory.
m (STATE)=1~150.
For Example
RECALL 2 → Recall the status of Loading which had been saved in the 2nd of the Memory

[SYStem:] STORe {SP} m {, n}
Syntax: [SYStem:] STORe {SP} m {; │NL}
Purpose: Save the status of Loading to the Memory
Description : This command is for saving the status of Loading to the Memory.
m (STATE)=1~150
For Example
STORE 2 → Save the status of loading which had been saved in the 2nd of memory.

	34XXXE
STATE(m)	150

[SYStem:] NAME?
Syntax: [SYStem:] NAME{?} { ; |NL}
Purpose: Read the model number of Load
Description: This command is for reading the model number of Load. If no module is Operating, the display will be lit “NULL”, or it will be lit the model number as table 4-12:

MODEL
34XXXE

Table 4-12 MODEL NUMBER

[SYStem：] REMOTE
Syntax: [SYStem:] REMOTE { ; |NL}
Purpose: Command to enter the REMOTE status (only for RS232)
Description：This command is for controlling the RS232

[SYStem:] LOCAL
Syntax: [SYStem:] LOCAL {; |NL}
Purpose: Command to exit the REMOTE status (only for RS232)
Description: This command is for finishing the RS232

4.7.5. MEASURE Measure the actual current and voltage value of Load

MEASure: CURRent?
Syntax : MEASure : CURRent{?}{ ; |NL}
Purpose: Read the current which is loading of Load
Description: Read the five numbers of current meters, and the unit is Ampere (A)

MEASure: VOLTage?
Syntax: MEASure: VOLTage{?} {; |NL}
Purpose: Read the voltage which is loading of Load
Description: Read the five numbers of current meters, and the unit is Voltage (V)

MEASure: POWer?
Syntax:MEASure : POWer{?}{ ; |NL}
Purpose: Read the power which is loading of Load
Description: Read the five numbers of current meters, and the unit is Watt (W)

Chapter 5 Applications

This chapter details the basic operating modes along with some common applications in which the 34000E series Electronic Load are used.

1-44 Local sense connections

Local sensing is used in applications where the lead lengths are relatively short, or where load regulation is not critical. When connected in local sense mode the 5 digit voltage meter of the 34000E series Electronic load measures the voltage at its DC input terminals. The connecting leads between the DUT and the Electronic Load should be bundled or tie wrapped together to minimize inductance.

Fig 5-1 illustrates a typical set up with the electronic load connected to the DC power supply.

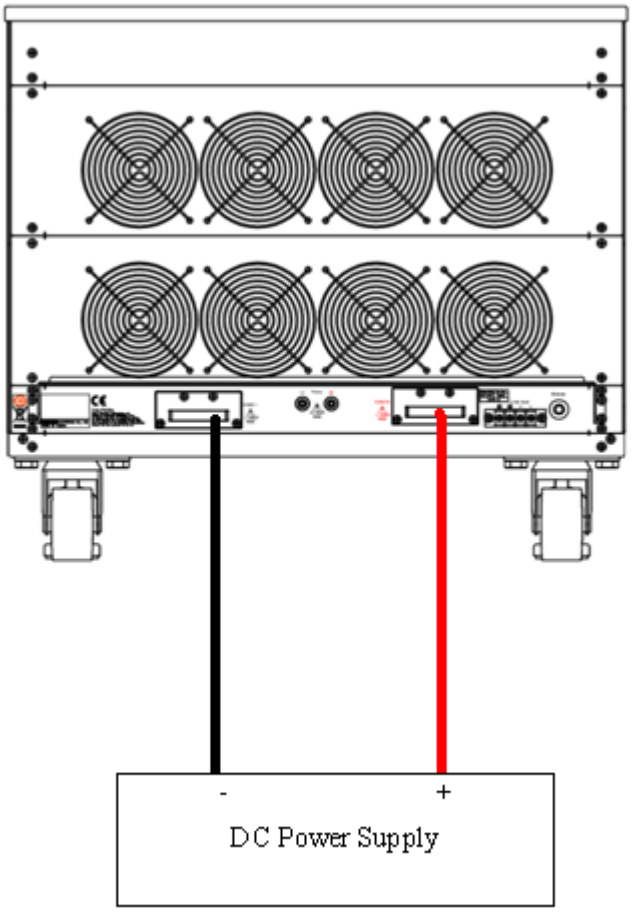


Fig 5-1 Local voltage sense connections

1-45 Remote sense connections

Remote sensing compensates for the voltage drop in applications that require long lead lengths. It is useful under low voltage high current conditions. The remote voltage sense terminals (Vs+) and (Vs-) of the load are connected to (+) and (-) output of the DC Source. Be sure to observe the correct polarity or damage may occur. The power and sense cables should be bundled or tie wrapped together to minimize inductance.

Fig 5-2 illustrates a typical set up with the electronic load connected for remote sense operation.

If V-sense is set to 'ON' and the sense terminals are connected to the DUT the load will check and compensate for all voltage drops. The maximum voltage sense compensation is the same as the rating of the 34310E.
For example Vmax of 34310E is 1250Vdc so maximum Vsense is also 1250Vdc.

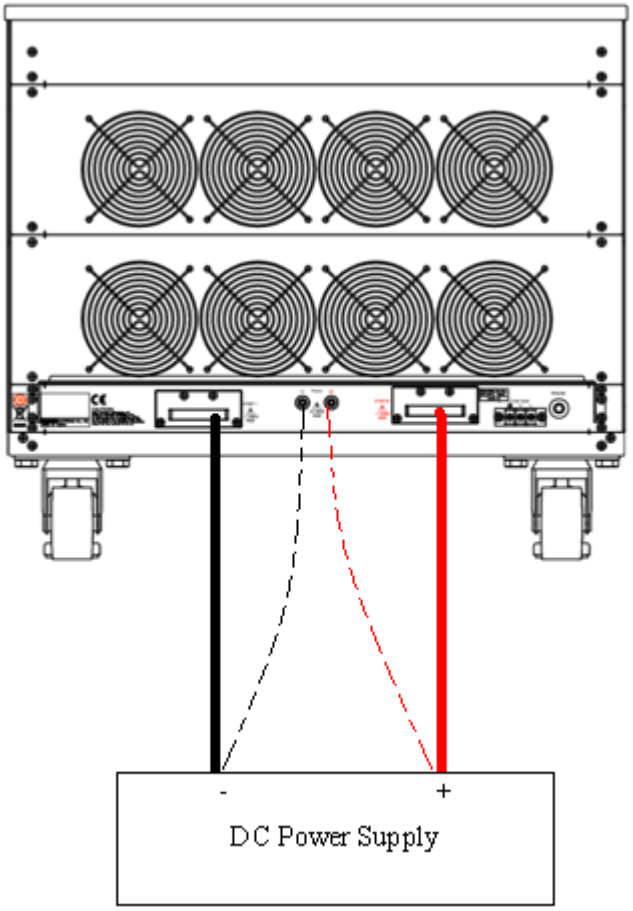


Fig 5-2 Remote voltage sense connections

1-46 Constant Current mode application

The Constant Current (CC) mode is ideal for testing the Load Regulation, Cross Regulation, Output Voltage and Dynamic Regulation of the power supply under test. The CC mode can also be used to test the Discharge Characteristics and the Life Cycle of cells and battery packs. In CC operation the 34000E series can operate as a static load with switchable high and low current levels. It is also possible to operate the load dynamically enabling the user to adjust sink current with time.

5.3.1 Static mode: (Fig 5-3)
Major application areas include:

- Voltage source testing
- Power supply load regulation testing
- Battery discharge testing

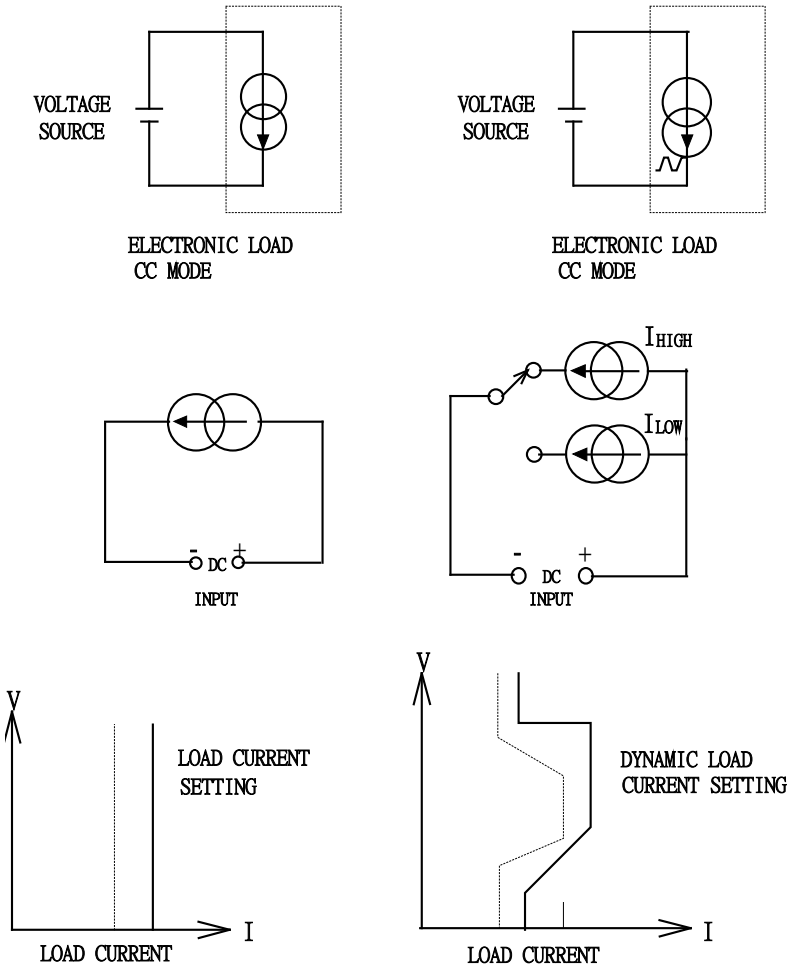


Fig 5-3 constant CURRENT mode application

5.3.2 Dynamic mode:

The built-in pulse generators allow the user to recreate real world loads that vary With time

Major application areas for dynamic operation in CC mode include:

- Power supply load transient response testing
- Power recovery time testing
- Battery Pulse load simulation
- Power component testing
- Two levels of current can be set and the rate of change between the 2 current Levels can be adjusted in relation to time. The current rise (slew) rate and the current fall (slew) rate can be adjusted independently from each other and are further defined below

- Rise slew rate = | Ilow - Ihigh | / Ta (mA/us)
- Fall slew rate = (Ihigh - Ilow) / Tb (mA/us)
- Rise time (Ta) = (Ilow - Ihigh) / Rise slew rate
- Fall time (Tb) = (Ihigh - Ilow) / Fall slew rate

- Please see Fig 1-11 for more information on slew rates.

- The time the waveform is high (Thigh) and the time the waveform is low (Tlow) can also be adjusted. The diagram below shows the 6 adjustable parameters that Define the dynamic waveform.

5.3.3 Analogue programming input

The analogue programming input can also be used in CC mode. The analogue Programming input allows a complex dynamic waveform to be set up on an external Oscillator. The 34000E series load will track and load according to the external Signal as long as it is within its dynamic capability. The input signal can be the Range of 0-10V (dc+ac). The 10V is proportional to the full current capability of the Load.

More information on the analogue programming input can be seen in section 3.2.

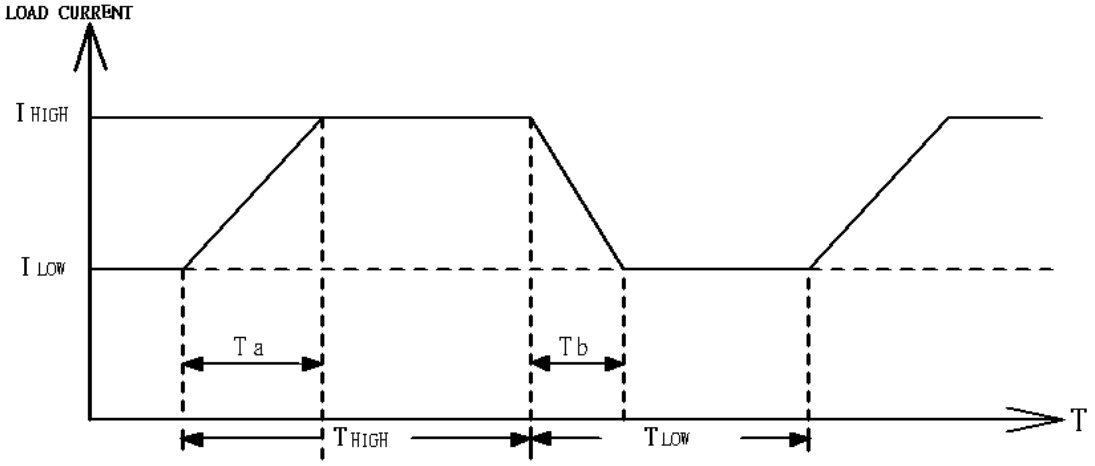


Fig 5-4 Dynamic load current with independent programmed Rise/Fall slew rate

1-47 Constant Voltage mode application

In Constant Voltage (CV) operation the load will attempt to sink as much current as required in order to reach the set voltage value. CV operation is useful in checking the load regulation of dc current sources. The CV mode is also ideal for characterizing the current limit of dc power supplies. These application areas are explained a little more below.

5.4.1 Current source testing.

A common application for a dc current source is as a battery charger. Most battery chargers are designed to automatically adjust their charging current according to the battery voltage. In CV mode the electronic load will sink the current that is needed to reach the desired voltage. The CV mode is therefore ideal for checking the charge current at a particular voltage level.

If the battery charger is tested at a number of different voltage levels in CV mode a current curve can be recorded. Thus the battery charger's load regulation can be checked during development, production and batch testing.

5.4.2 Power supply current limit characterization

The current limit is a necessary function for power supplies. The fold back current limit curve is very common for fixed output switching power supplies. The constant current limit curve is more popular for adjustable laboratory power supplies.

It is very difficult or impossible to find the current limit curve by CC or CR mode. However it becomes simple by using CV mode. The user sets the CV voltage and Records the output current. Plotting the current measurements against the voltage Settings result in the output current limit curve of a power supply (Figure 5-5).

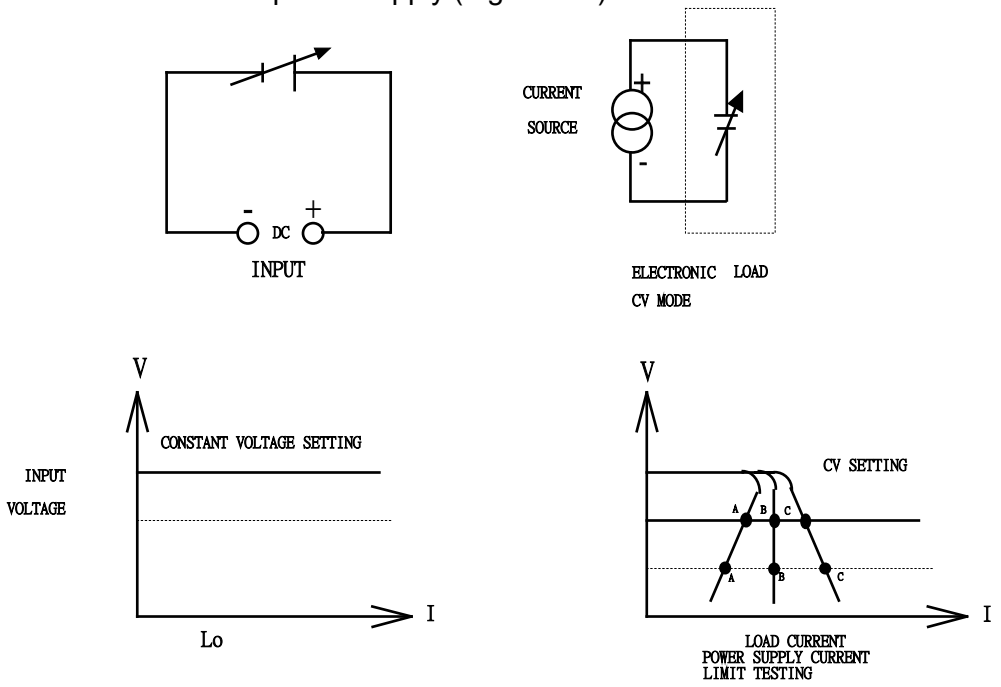


Fig 5-5 Constant Voltage mode application

1-48 Constant Resistance mode application

Operating in Constant Resistance mode is useful for testing both voltage and current sources. The CR mode is particularly suited for the 'soft start' of power supplies.
This is explained in more detail below.

5.5.1 Power supply power up sequence

In constant current mode the demand at initial 'Load ON' of the preset current value is almost instantaneous. This might cause the Device under Test (DUT) problems meeting the relatively high current demand at initial switch on.

For example: A 5V/50A output power supply may not be able to deliver 50A over its entire start-up range of 0-5 volts. In many cases the power supply's short circuit or over current protection circuit cause the power supply to shut down. This is because the power supply is trying to deliver the 50A at a voltage level that is too low.

The answer to this problem is not to use CC mode but to use CR mode instead. This is because in CR mode the current and voltage ramp up together providing a 'soft start' when compared to standard CC mode.

However please note that with the 34000E series of Electronic Loads allow an adjustable current ramp can be set. This feature is found within the dynamic settings as RISE slew rate. Even in static mode the 34000E series load will regulate its current demand at 'Load ON' in line with the adjusted RISE slew rate. The FALL slew rate also in the dynamic settings allows the current ramp down to be controlled at 'Load OFF'.

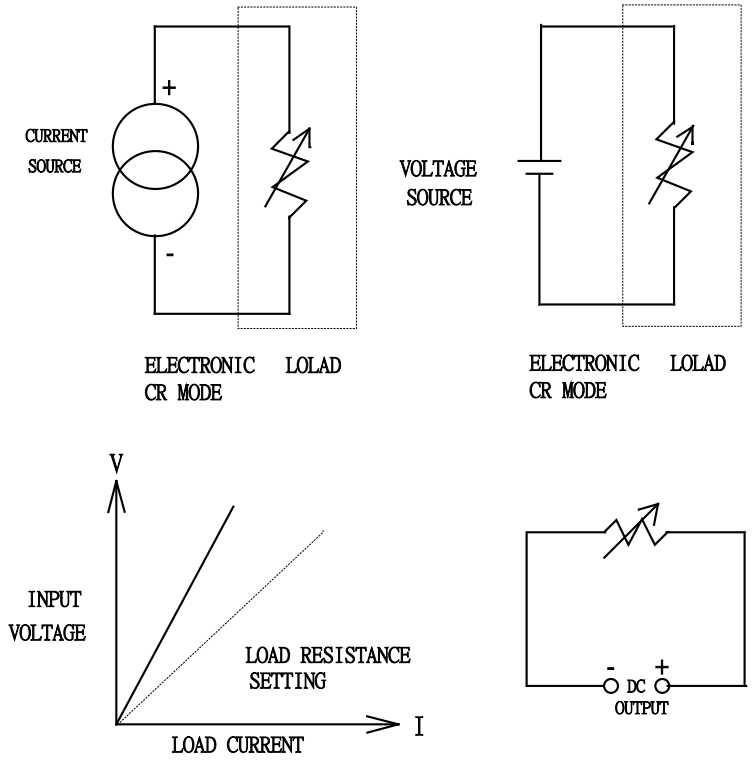


Fig 5-6 Constant Resistance mode Application

1-49 Constant Power mode application

5.6.1. Battery Evaluation

Primary or secondary batteries are the power source for a wide range of portable electronics products, such as notebook computers, video cameras and mobile phones. To ensure long usage times and customer satisfaction the battery pack should be able to provide a constant power for the longest time possible.

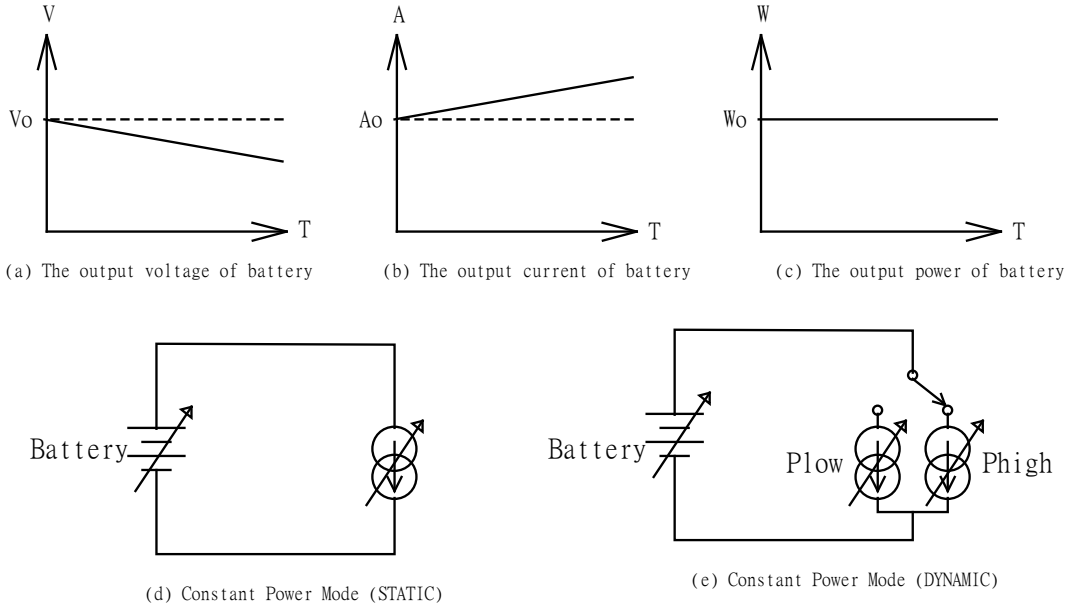
It can be measured that the output voltage of a battery will drop over time (Fig 5-7a). The rate of voltage decay depends on a number of factors including duty cycle, chemistry type, battery age and ambient temperature.

So to keep the device powered for the longest possible time the battery must be able to provide a stable power output regardless of output voltage (Fig 5-7c). In order to maintain a constant power the output current will need to increase over time to compensate for the reducing voltage (Fig 5-7b).

Operating the 34000E series electronic load in CP mode is ideal for testing the characteristics of a battery. This is because as the battery voltage drops the load current will automatically increase in order to keep the CP setting. By logging sink values against time the test engineer can also measure the battery's energy capacity at various discharge rates.

The 34000E series also features an adjustable Load OFF setting. This allows a voltage level to be set so that the electronic load automatically stops sinking power upon reaching this preset voltage. This can be used to ensure the battery is not subjected to a damaging deep discharge.

Along with static operation the load can also be operated dynamically in CP mode. The dynamic functions allow the ramp, fall and plateau times to be adjusted between 2 levels of power. This capability means that 'real world' loads can be more accurately simulated. For example the dynamic mode could be used to test the performance of a battery that is required to provide power pulses to transmit data from a radio frequency terminal.



(a) The output voltage of battery (b) The output current of battery (c) The output power of battery

(d) Constant Power Mode (STATIC)

(e) Constant Power Mode (DYNAMIC)

Fig 5-7 CONSTANT POWER MODE APPLICATION

Note: To use CP mode to do battery discharge test when CPRSP = 0(definition is 0), the ... Too long wire may cause oscillation and stop the test. the solution as below.

1. Use Vsense function Connect Vsense for voltage drop compensation (please refer to section 5-2 for instructions)
2. Use CPRSP = 1~4 to slower the CP mode respose speed, the CPRSP setting in the Config key.

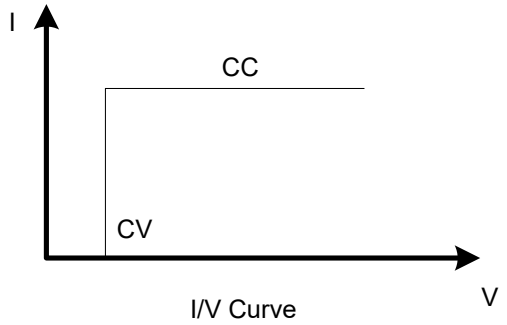
Note: CPRSP settings will not be stored when turned off, When the 34XXXE power Is turned on, the CPRSP gear position must be set.

1-50 Applications with current limiting or power limiting function CV mode operation (charging device)

Operating in the current-limiting CV mode, the 34000E series can limit current or power when operating at a Constant voltage load. It is especially suitable for charging piles, Constant current sources and other power product testing applications.

Operation method:

- Connect the DUT to the LOAD INPUT terminal
- Switch the electronic load to CC Mode or CP Mode first, and press the Preset key to set the current limit point or power limit point.
- Press the Limit key, and "Add.CV" will appear on the LCD display. At this time, after setting the CV value to be set, press START KEY to start the test.
- If you need to modify the current limit or power limit during the test, you can change the current limit or power limit after pressing the Preset button again.
- If you need to change the CV test point during the test, press the Limit button again, and “Add.CV” will appear on the LCD screen again. At this time, the CV setting value can be changed.
- Finally, press STOP KEY to stop the test.



Remote control CV + current limit or power limit

for example

- REMOTE (Set up remote control)
- MODE CC or CP (Set to CC or CP mode)
- CC:HIGH 20 or CP:HIGH 2000 (Set current limit to 20A or limit power 2000W)
- LIM:ADDCV:VOLT 50 (Set the Constant voltage to 50V)
- LIM:ADDCV ON (Start testing CV + current limit or power limit mode)
- LIM:MEAS: CURR? (Read the current value of the electronic load)
- LIM:MEAS: VOLT? (Read the voltage value of the electronic load)
- LIM:ADDCV:CURR 25 (Modify the current limit to 25A during the test)

- LIM:ADDCV:POW 2500 (Modify the power limit point to 2500W during the test)
- LIM:ADDCV:VOLT 40 (Modify the Constant voltage to 40V)
- LIM:ADDCV OFF (Stop testing CV + current limit or power limit mode)

1-51 Applications with current limiting or power limiting function CV mode operation (Discharging device)

Operate in CC mode to CV mode, 34000E series at the same time as a Constant Current and Constant Voltage Load, as shown in Fig 5-8.

When Operating at Constant Current (CC) load, 34000E series electronic load to Voltage source (VBatt) Constant Current load (I) and keep Constant Voltage.

When Operating at Constant Voltage Load on, the VBatt is greater than V, Input current changes its input voltage is keep fixed.

When the VBatt voltage is less than equal to the set voltage CV, the load does not sink current.
Operation Way:

- Load input terminals are connected to the DUT
- Change to CC mode and setting CC current setting.
- Press Limit key to setting the CV voltage and the display will show “+Add.CV”.
- Press START key to start up the CC+CV test, and press “STOP “key to stop CC+CV Test.

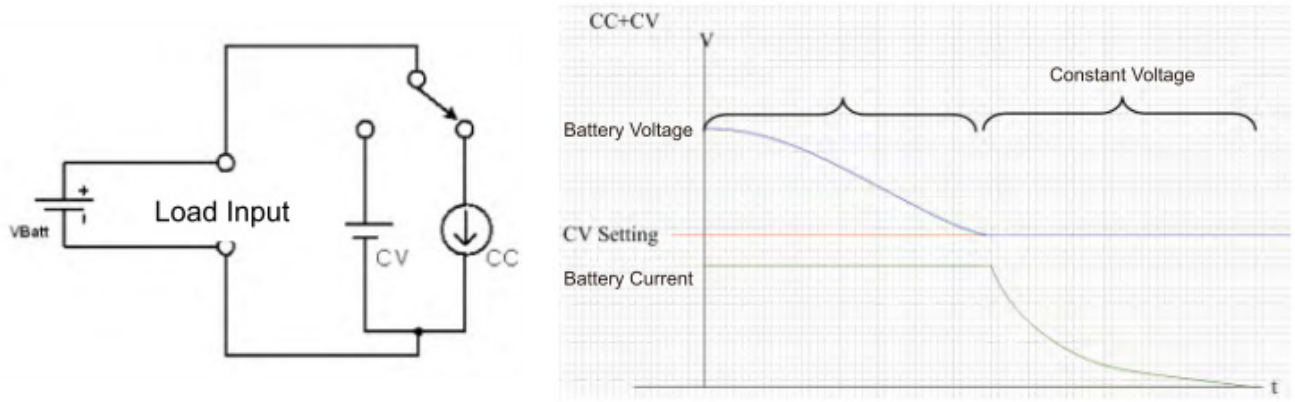


Fig 5-8 CC+CV mode operation application

Remote Control CC+CV
for example：

REMOTE （Setting Remote Control）
MODE CC （Setting CC mode）
CC：HIGH 20 （Setting load on current 20A）
LIM: ADDCV:VOLT 50 （Setting Constant Voltage is 50V）
LIM: ADDCV ON （Start testing CC to CV mode）
LIM: MEAS：CURR? （Read current value）
LIM: MEAS：VOLT? （Read Voltage value）

LIM: ADDCV: CURR 25 (Modify the current limit to 25A during the test)
LIM：ADDCV OFF （Stop testing CC switch to CV mode）

1-52 Application with switching from CP mode to CV mode operation (battery discharge)

Operating in CP to CV mode, 34000E series at the same time as a Constant Power and Constant Voltage Load, as shown in Fig 5-9.

When Operating at Constant Power (CP) load, 34000E series electronic load provides Specified power, independent Constant Voltage source (VBatt) is output voltage.
When Operating at Constant Voltage Load on, the VBatt is greater than V, Input power Changes its input voltage is keep fixed.

When the VBatt voltage is less than equal to the set voltage CV, the load does not sink Current.
Operation Way:

- Load input terminals are connected to the DUT
- Change to CP mode and setting CP power setting.
- Press Limit key to setting the CV voltage and the display will show “Add.CV”.
- Press START key to start up the CP to CV test, and press “STOP “key to stop CP to CV Test.

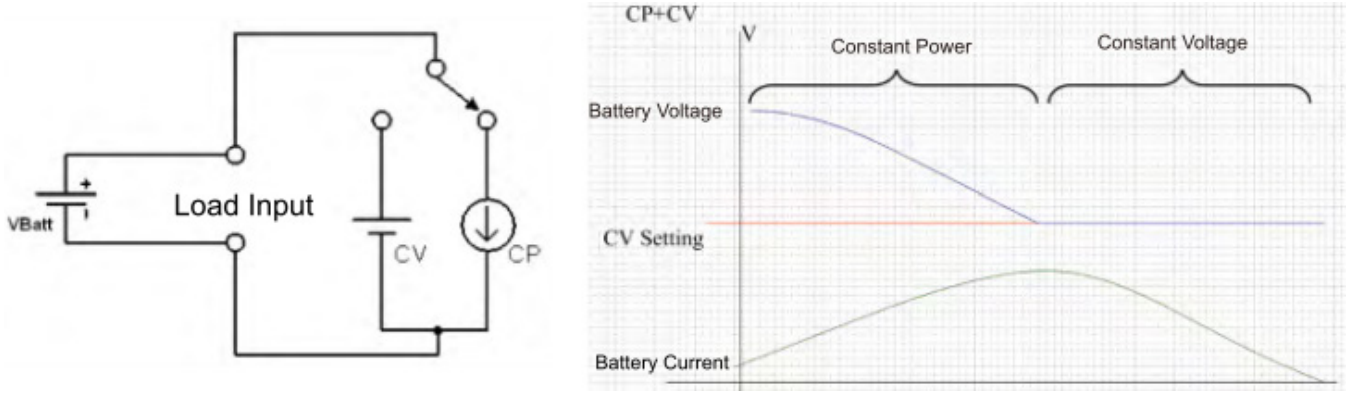


Fig 5-9 Application of CP to CV operation mode

Remote control CP to CV mode
for example：

REMOTE	(Setting Remote Control)
MODE CP	(Setting CP mode)
CP : HIGH 100	(Setting Constant power is 100W)
LIM: ADDCV: VOLT 50	(Setting Constant Voltage is 50V)
LIM : ADDCV ON	(start test CP to CV mode)
LIM: MEAS : POW?	(Read Power value)
LIM: MEAS : VOLT?	(Read Voltage value)
LIM:ADDCV: POW 2500	(Modify the power limit point to 2500W during the test)
LIM：ADDCV OFF	(stop test CP to CV mode)

1-53 Constant current source operating

34000E High-power electronic load can be used as a costant current source when used in series with a constant voltage source for charging the battery or other applications, as shown in Fig 5-10.

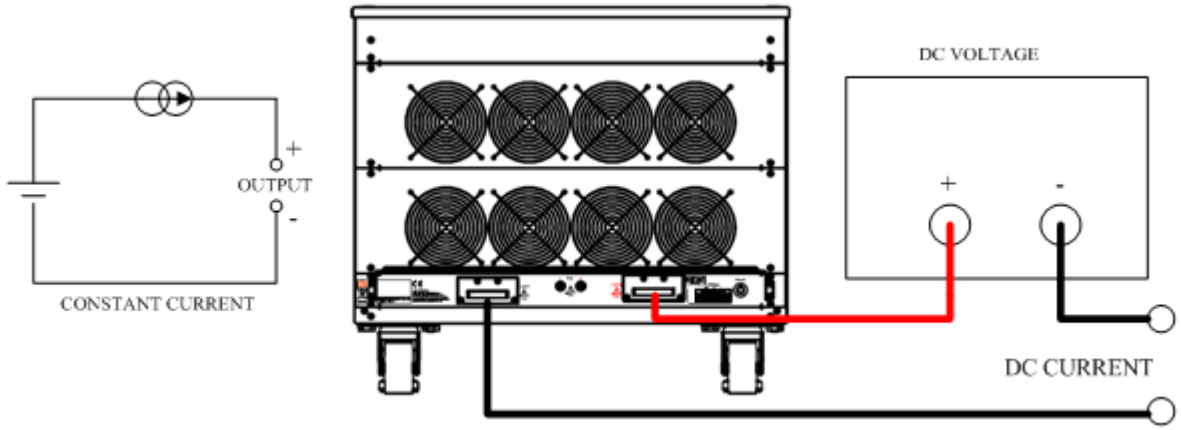


Fig 5-10 constant current source connection

1-54 Zero-Volt loading application

As shown in Fig 5-11, the electronic load can be connected in series with a DC voltage source which output voltage greater than 10V. so that the device under test that are connected to the electronic load can be operated down to a Zero- Volt condition, the DC voltage source provides the minimum 10V operating voltage required by the Electronic load. This application is suitable for low voltage Battery cell with high discharge current testing.

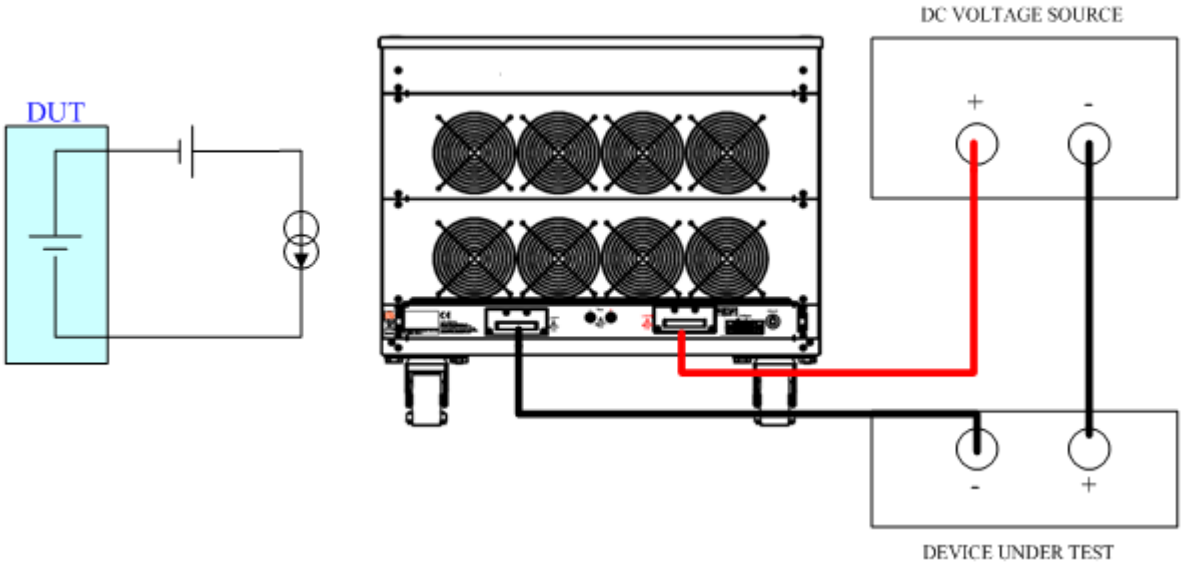


Fig 5-11 Zero-Volt loading connection

1-55 Parallel operation

It is possible to operate load in parallel if the power and/or current capability of a single 34000E series load is not sufficient.

The positive and negative outputs of the power supply are connected individually to each load module as shown in the Fig 5-12 below. The setting is made at each individual load module. The total load current is the sum of the load currents being taken by each load.

While in static mode the load modules can be set to operate in CC, CR or CP. When using multiple loads to sink power from a single DC Source it is not permissible to operate in dynamic mode.

Note: 1. the electronic load only may carry on the parallel operation under the fixed electric current Pattern.
2. The electronic load do not use under series connection.

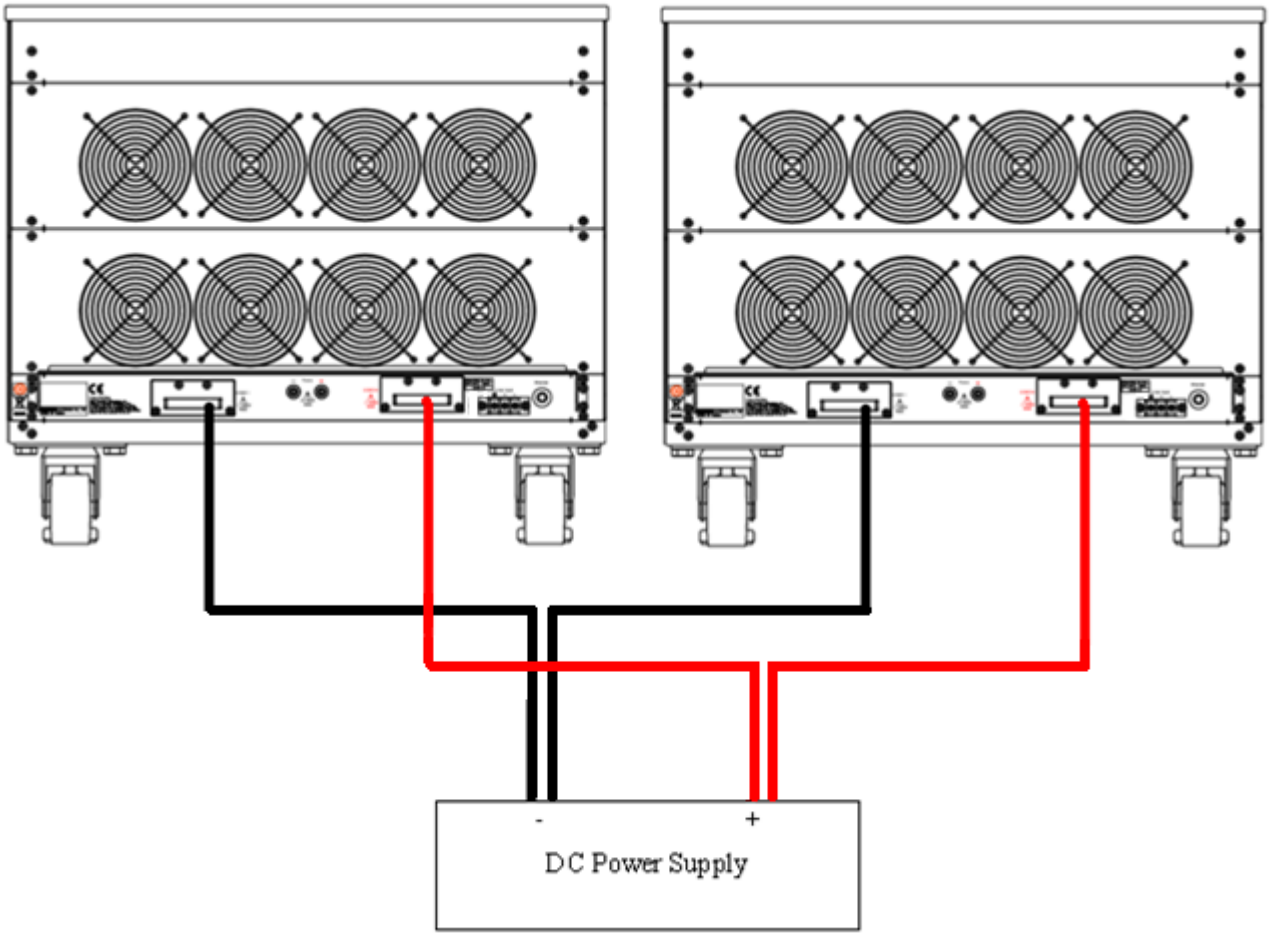


Fig 5-12 34000E series load parallel operation

1-56 34000E series electronic load OCP, OPP, SHORT operation flow Chart

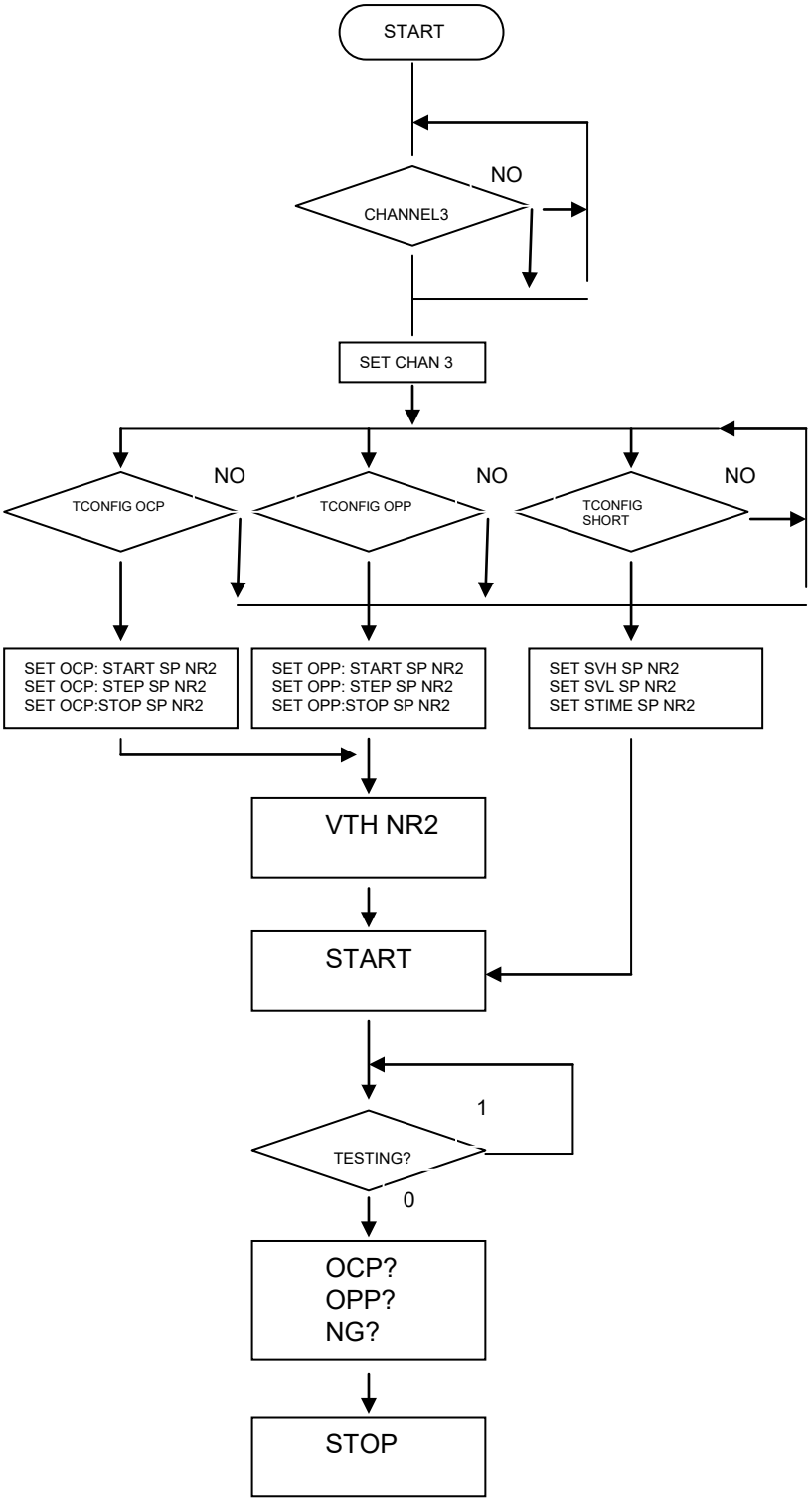


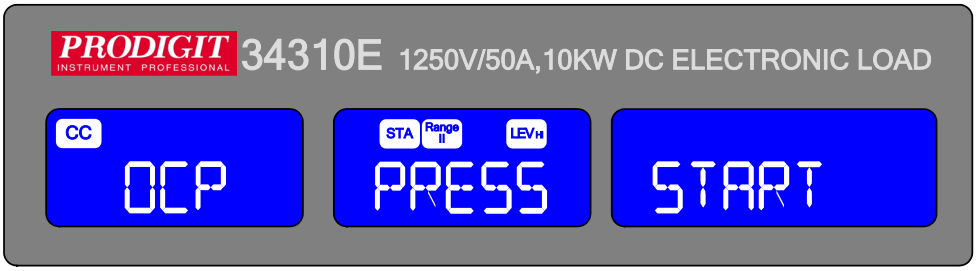
Fig 5-13 34000E series electronic load OCP, OPP, and SHORT operation flow chart

1-57 Power Supply OCP testing

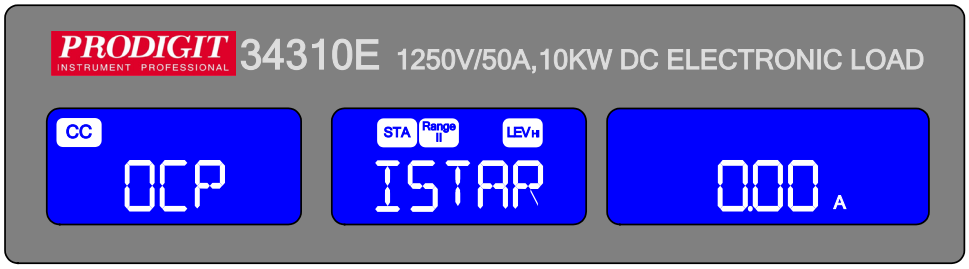
5.14.1 OCP Manual control

Example:

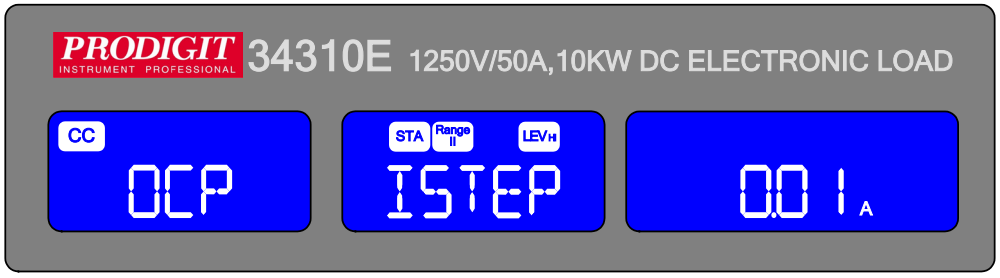
5.14.1.1. First, press Limit Key function to setting I_Hi & I_Lo.
5.14.1.2. Setting OCP test, press OCP key to the next step.



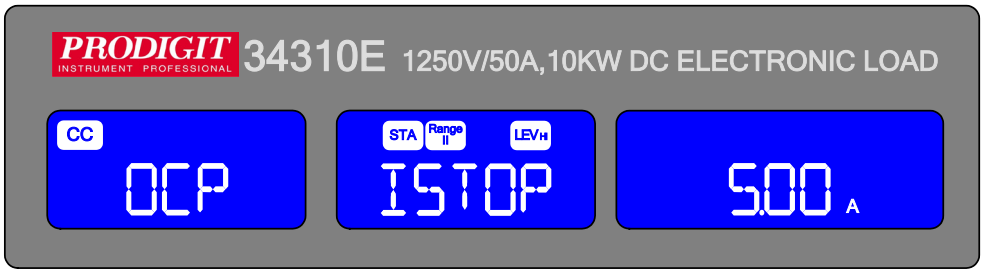
5.14.1.3. Setting start load current 0A, press OCP key to the next step.



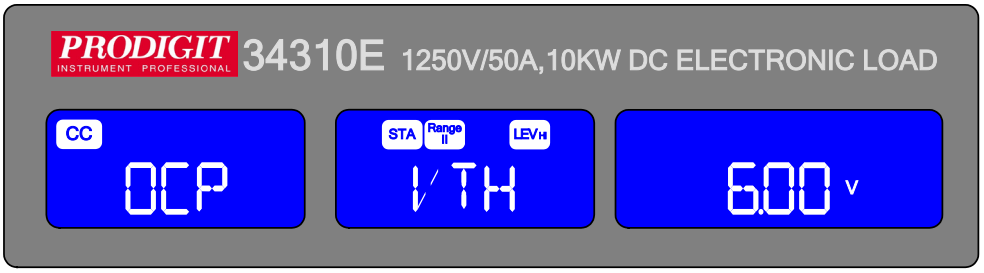
5.14.1.4. Setting step load current 0.01A, press OCP key to the next step.



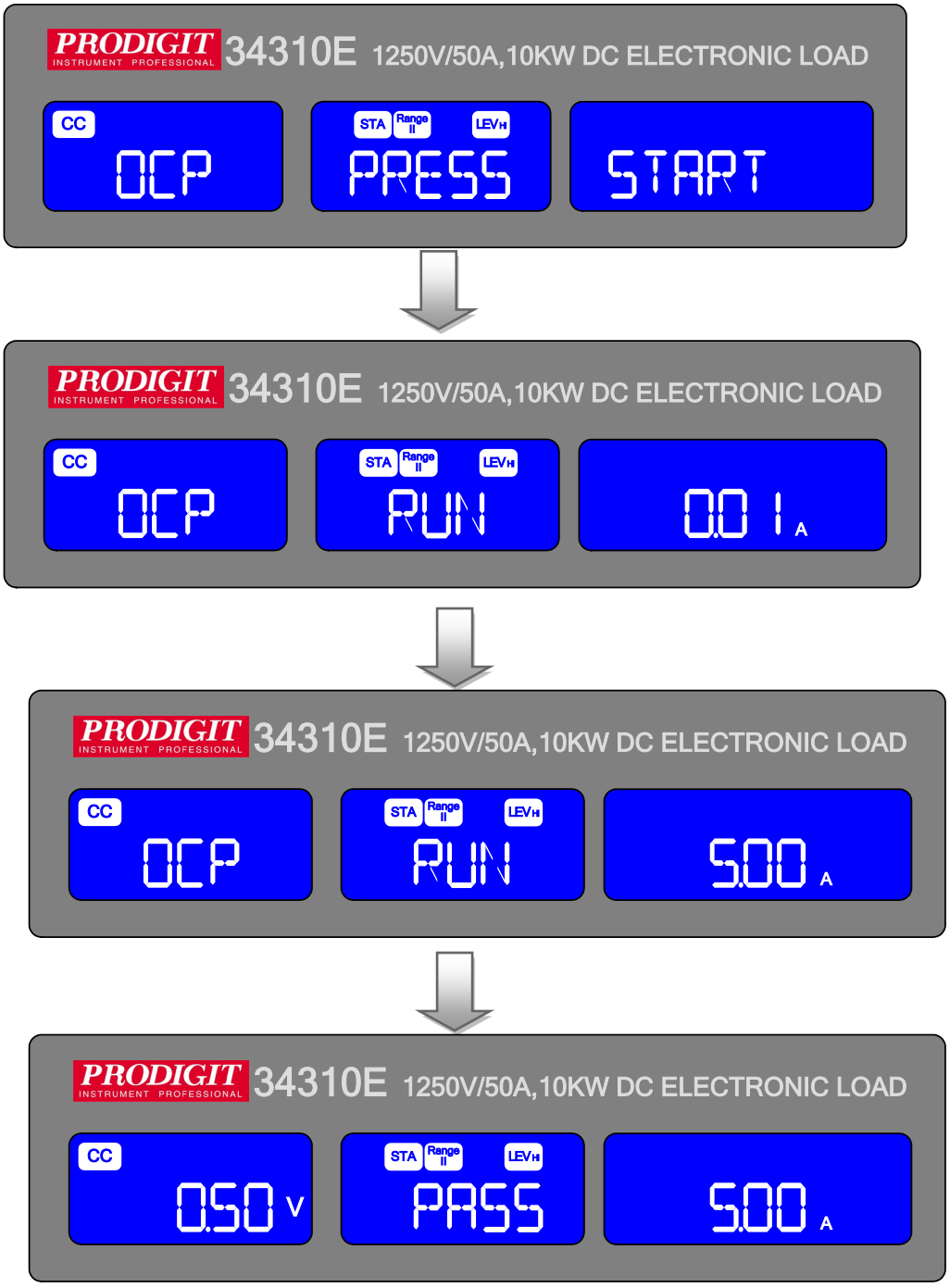
5.14.1.5. Setting stop load current 5A, press OCP key to the next step.



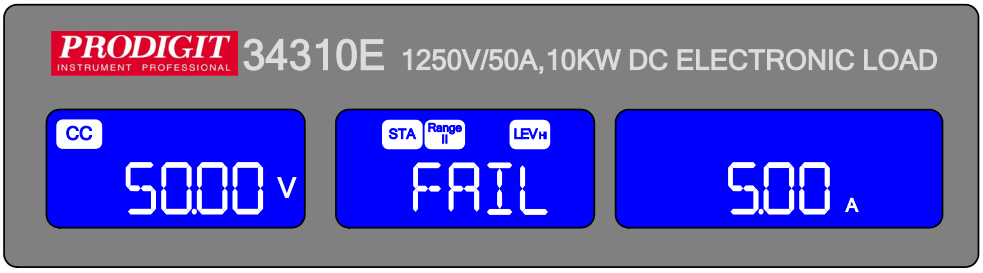
5.14.1.6. Setting OCP VTH 6.00V, press OCP key to the next step.



5.14.1.7. Press START/STOP test key.



5.14.1.8. the UUT's output voltage drop-out lower than the threshold voltage(V-th Setting), and the OCP trip point is between I_Hi and I_Lo limitation, then Middle 5 digits LCD display will shows "PASS", otherwise shows "FAIL".



5.14.2 Remote control OCP

EX:

REMOTE	(Set Remote)
TCONFIG OCP	(Set OCP test)
OCP:START 0.1	(Set start load current 0.1A)
OCP:STEP 0.01	(Set step load current 0.01A)
OCP:STOP 2	(Set stop load current 2A)
VTH 3.0	(Set OCP VTH 3.0V)
IL 0	(Set current low limit 0A)
IH 2	(Set current high limit 2A)
NGENABLE ON	(Set NG Enable ON)
START	(Start OCP testing)
TESTING?	(Ask Testing? 1：Testing，0：Testing End)
NG?	(Ask PASS/FAIL?，0：PASS，1：FAIL)
OCP?	(Ask OCP current value)
STOP	(Stop OCP testing)

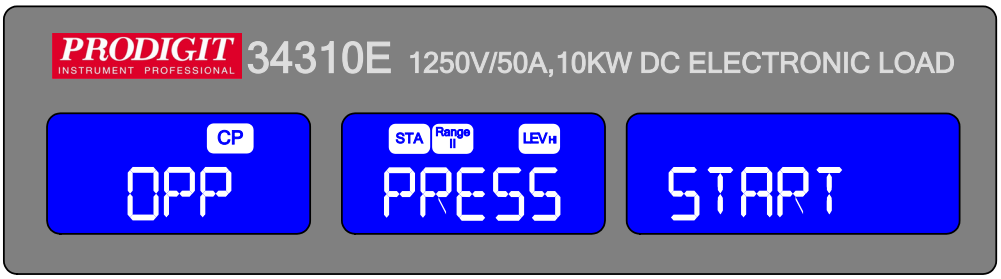
1-59 Power Supply OPP testing

5.15.1. OPP Manual control

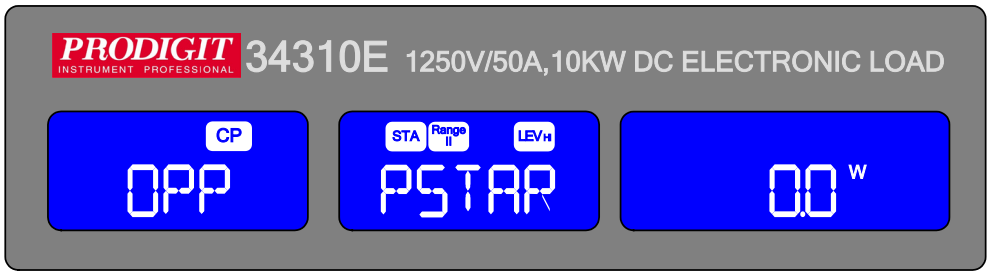
Example:

5.15.1.1. First, press Limit Key function to setting W_Hi & W_Lo.

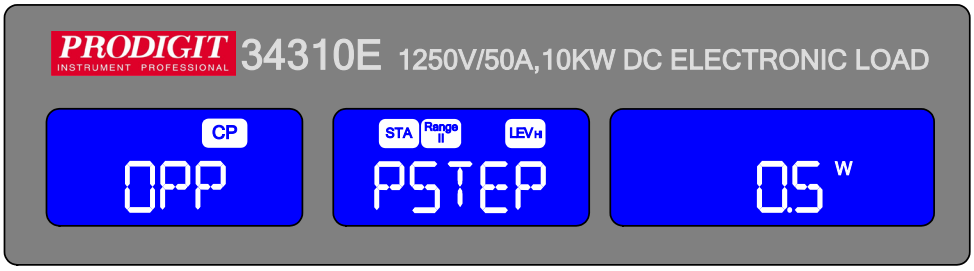
5.15.1.2. Setting OPP test, press OPP key to the next step.



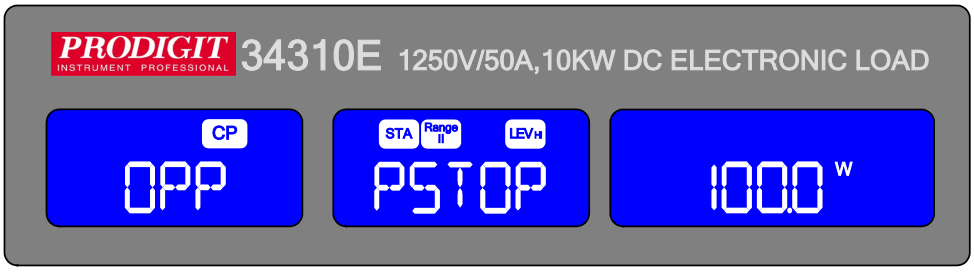
5.15.1.3. Setting start load watt 0W, press OPP key to the next step.



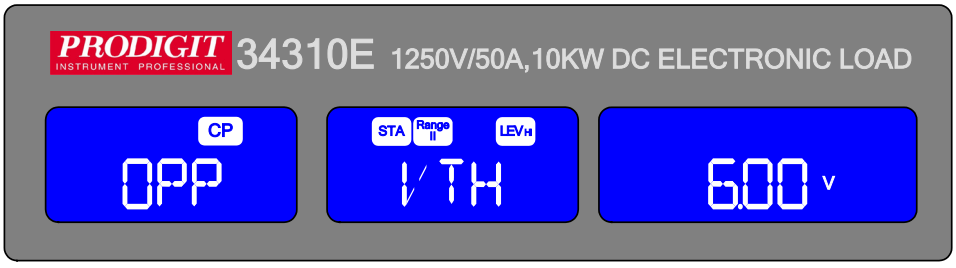
5.15.1.4. Press up key, set step load watt 0.5W, press OPP key to the next step.



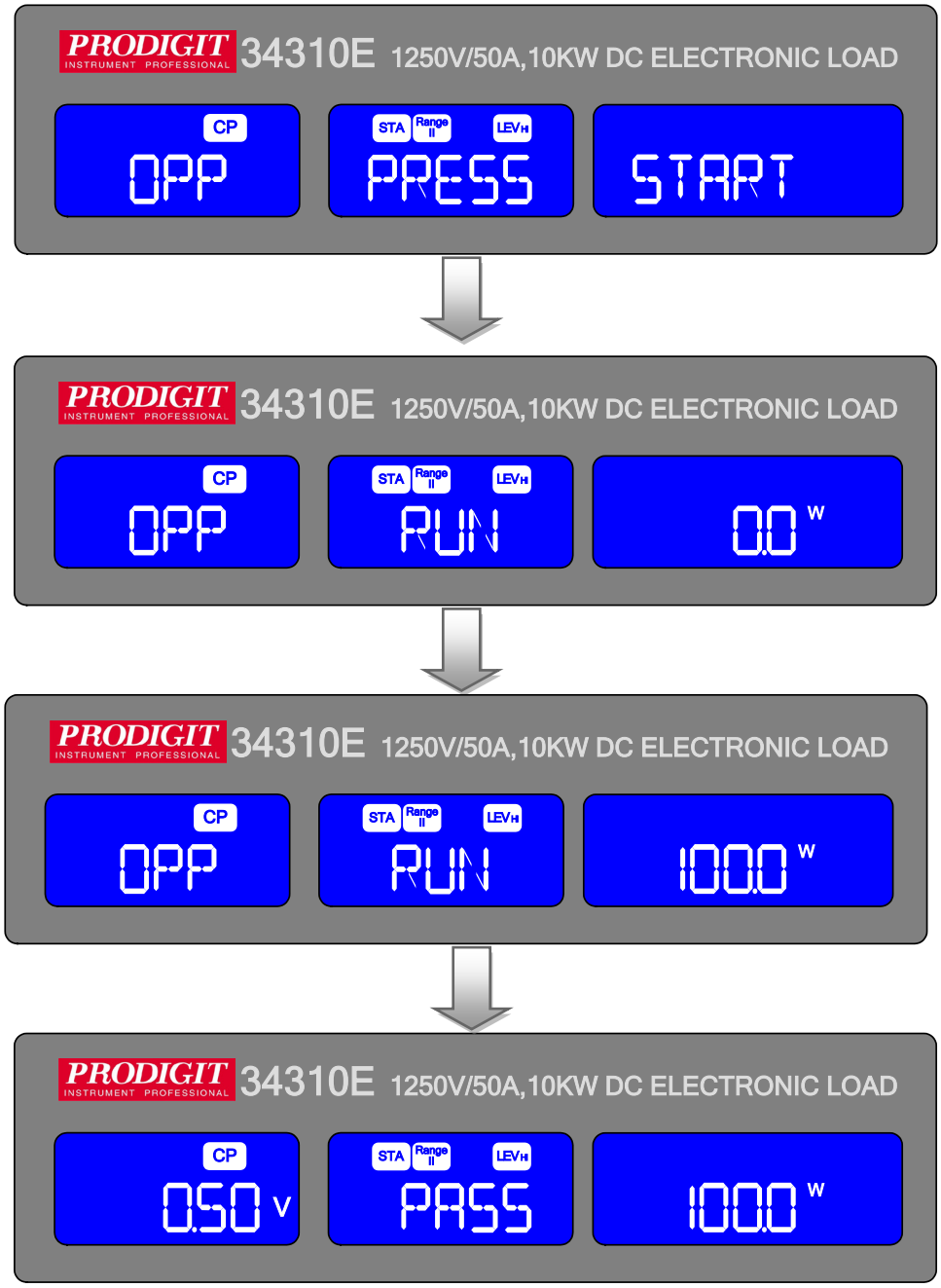
5.15.1.5. Press up key, set stop load watt 100W, press OPP key to the next step.



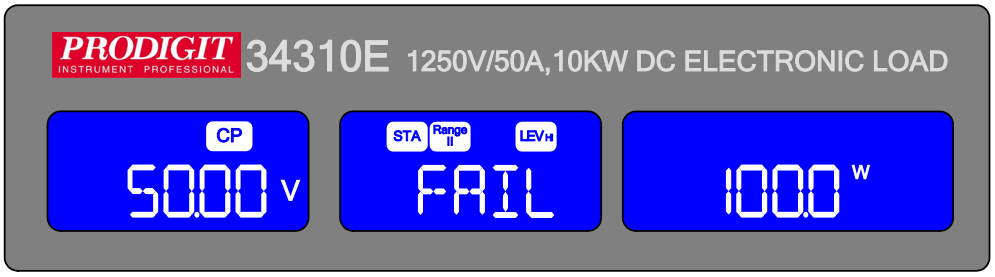
5.15.1.6. Setting OPP VTH 6.00，press OPP key to the next step.



5.15.1.7. Press START/STOP Test key.



5.15.1.8. the UUT's output voltage drop-out lower than the threshold voltage (V-th setting), and the OPP trip point is between W_Hi and W_Lo limitation, then Right 5 digits LCD display will shows "PASS", otherwise shows "FAIL".



5.15.2. Remote control OPP

EX:

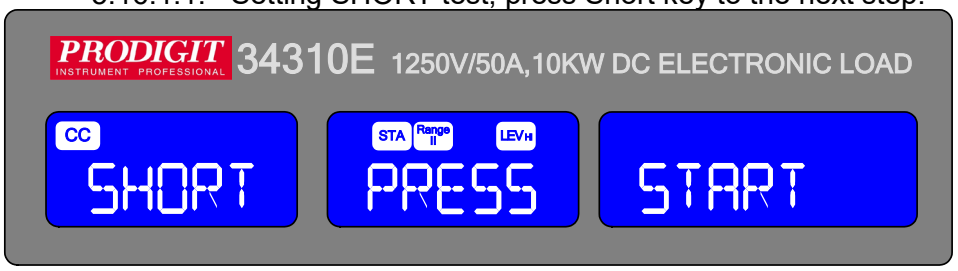
REMOTE	(Set Remote)
TCONFIG OPP	(Set OCP test)
OPP:START 3	(Set start load watt 3W)
OPP:STEP 1	(Set step load watt 1W)
OPP:STOP 5	(Set stop load watt 5W)
VTH 3.0	(Set OPP VTH 3.0V)
WL 0	(Set watt low limit 0W)
WH 5	(Set watt high limit 5W)
NGENABLE ON	(Set NG Enable ON)
START	(Start OPP testing)
TESTING?	(Ask Testing? 1：Testing，0：Testing End)
NG?	(Ask PASS/FAIL?，0：PASS，1：FAIL)
OPP?	(Ask OPP watt value)
STOP	(Stop OPP testing)

1-61 SHORT testing

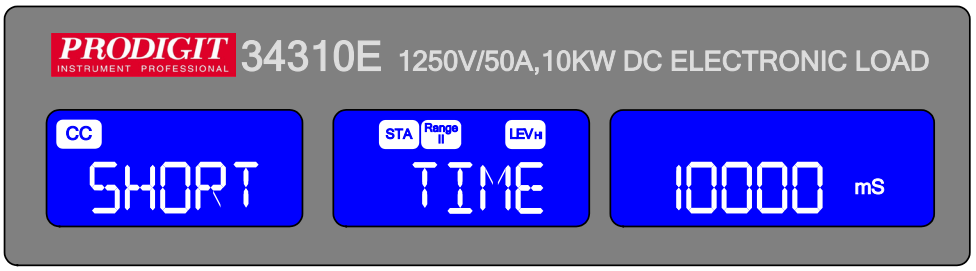
5.16.1. SHORT Manual control

Example:

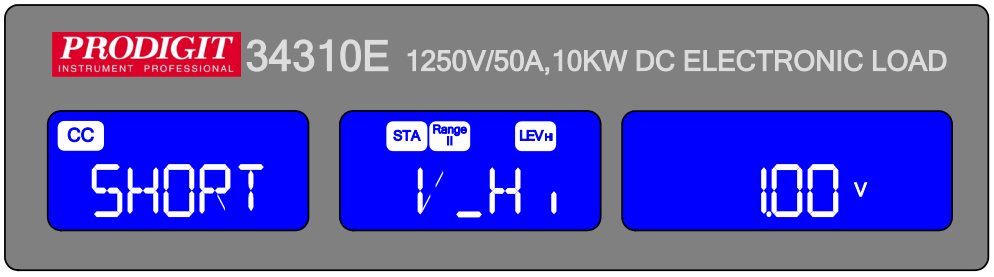
5.16.1.1. Setting SHORT test, press Short key to the next step.



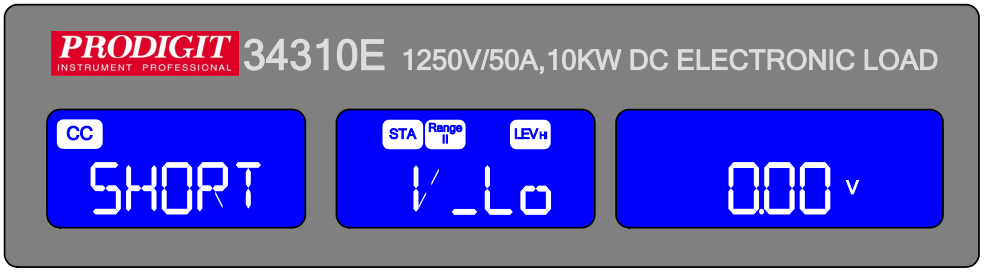
5.16.1.2. Press UP key, setting Short time to 10000ms, press Short key to The next Step.



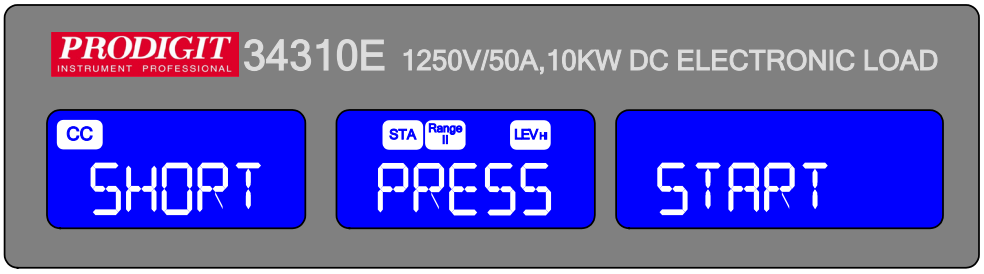
5.16.1.3. Press down key, setting V-Hi voltage to 1.00V, press Short key To the next Step.



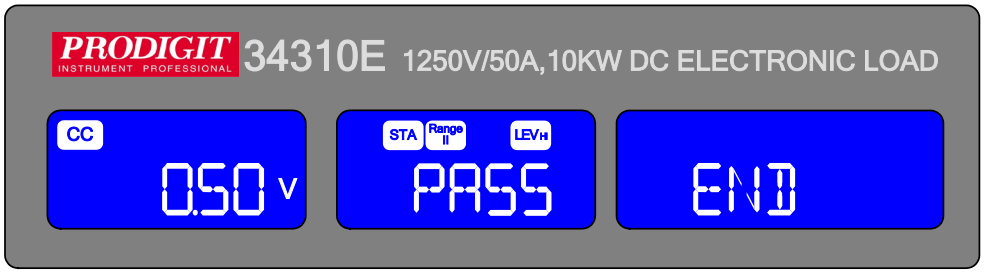
5.16.1.4. Press down key, setting V-Lo voltage to 0V, press Short key to the next Step.



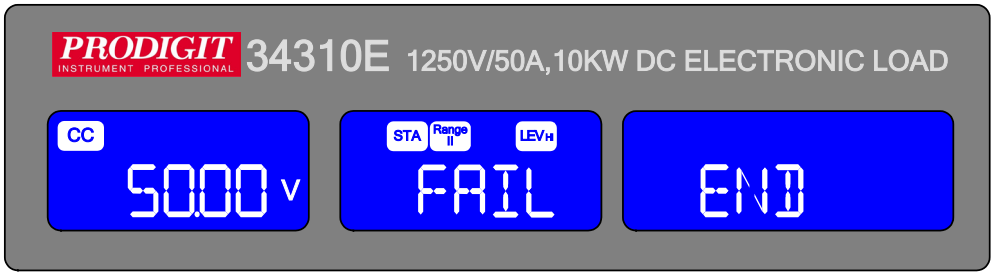
5.16.1.5. Press START/STOP test key.



5.16.1.6. Short test finish, the UUT's drop voltage is between V_Hi and V_Lo limitation, then middle 5 digits LCD display will shows "PASS"



5.16.1.7. The UUT's not drop voltage is between V_Hi and V_Lo limitation, LCD display will shows FAIL.



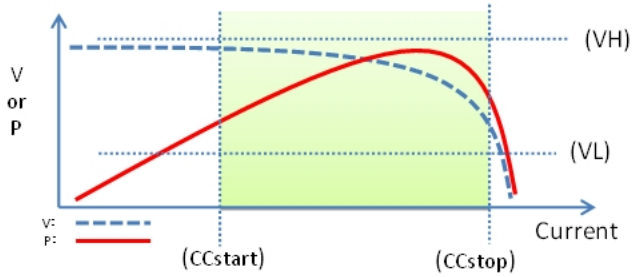
5.16.2. Remote control SHORT

EX：

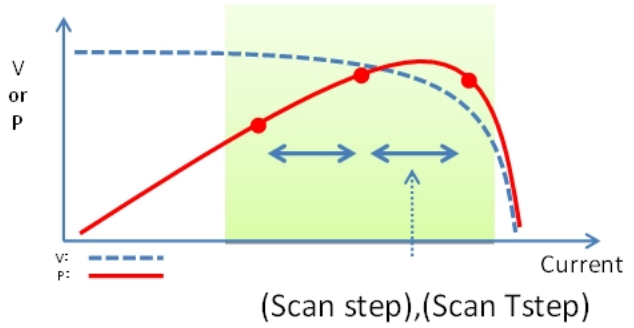
REMOTE	(Set Remote)
TCONFIG SHORT	(Set SHORT test)
STIME 1	(Set short time 1ms)
START	(Start SHORT testing)
TESTING?	(Ask Testing? 1：Testing，0：Testing End)
STOP	(Stop SHORT testing)

1-62 The MPPT algorithm for 34000E series DC Load

MPPT CC/CR/CV TEST algorithm:
Case in CC MODE, it is divided into two steps, the first step on the basis of an input Conditions scanning CCstart => CCstop identify the MPP point as Fig 5-14, the second steps in accordance with MPP point perturbation (P & O) to find out the true value of MPP as Fig 5-15, At the end of P&O time, recording an MPP value, and then repeat steps 1 & 2.

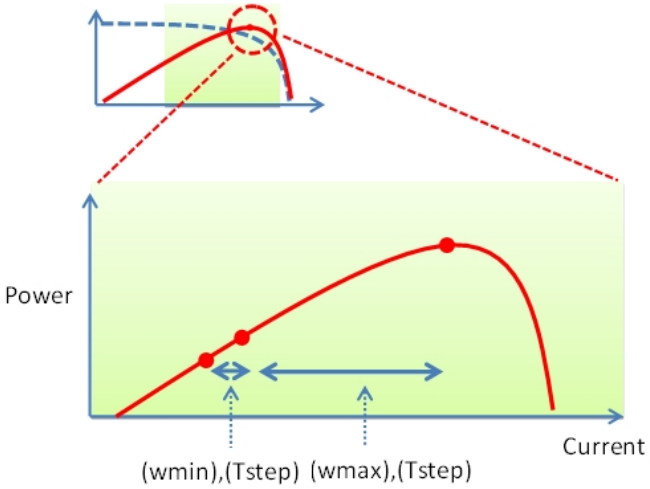


1. Enter CCstop (max value) and CCstart (minimum value)for the range where max power to be searched.
   (Note: This does not search out of the range)
   Next, set VH (Upper limit) and VL (Low limit).
   The scan will stop when exceeded this value.
   (*V limit is effective while P&O method is functioning. When exceeded this value while in P&O method, MPPT will restart.)



2. Enter Scan step (current step width) and Scan Tstep (step time) when searching max power)

Fig-5-14



Change the step width in accordance to the (SCount) and (Srate).

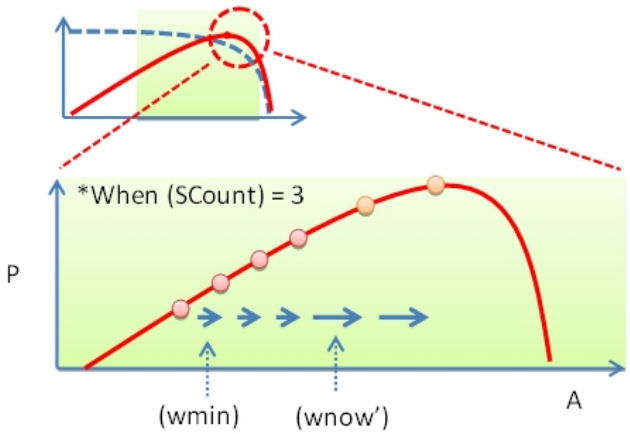
1. Set wmin (Minimum step width(of first)) and wmax (Max step width) and set PO Tstep (step time)

2. Set the step width of P&OMethod)
   The following two settings are made.

(1) Scount : When the load changes in one direction, and the power is increased (or decreased) , change the step width in accordance to the number of occurrence seriously.

(2) Srate (change rate) when changing the step width.

Fig-5-15a



Procedure-2:: (MPPT operation by P&O Method)

After finding the starting point, it will start to increase the current at minimum step width (wmin) and step time (PO Tstep). As the power increased, it will increase the current.

The initial condition is seen in the follow when the present step width is given as (wnow):
(wnow) = (wmin)

When the power is increased continuously, the step width is increased in accordance to the number of continuous frequency.

The step width is increased if number of step width change frequency (Scount) and continuous frequency are met.

The increase of the load step width is changed at the specified change rate (Srate).
It is shown as follow when the step width is given in (wnow')

wnow'= wnow + wnow * SRate

This value is the present step width.
wnow = wnow'

Change width (wnow) increases up to maximum change width(wmax).

Fig-5-15b

Example 1: MPPT CC MODE

```
REM
MPPT:MODE CC
MPPT:CC:START 0.5
MPPT:CC:STOP 1.0
MPPT:CC:VH 13.0
MPPT:CC:VL 0.0
MPPT:CC:Wmin 0.01
MPPT:CC:Wmax 0.1
MPPT:SRATE 0.5
MPPT:SCAN:STEP 10
MPPT:SCAN:Tstep 10
MPPT:PO:Tstep 10
MPPT:PO:TIME 10
MPPT:SCOUNT 3
MPPT ON
MPP? = 12.418,1.0010,12.430
MPP? = 12.417,1.0020,12.441
MPP? = 12.418,1.0020,12.442
MPPT OFF
MPP? = 12.416,1.0020,12.440
MPP? = END
```

Example 2: MPPT CR MODE

```
REM
MPPT:MODE CR
MPPT:CR:START 24.0
MPPT:CR:STOP 12.0
MPPT:CR:VH 13.0
MPPT:CR:VL 0.0
MPPT:CR:Wmin 3000
MPPT:CR:Wmax 60
MPPT:SRATE 0.5
MPPT:SCAN:STEP 10
MPPT:SCAN:Tstep 10
MPPT:PO:Tstep 10
MPPT:PO:TIME 10
MPPT:SCOUNT 3
MPPT ON
MPP? = 12.411,1.0140,12.584
MPP? = 12.326,1.0110,12.461
MPP? = END
MPPT OFF
```

Example 3: MPPT CV MODE

```
REM
MPPT:MODE CV
MPPT:CV:START 8
MPPT:CV:STOP 12.2
MPPT:CV:IH 1.1
MPPT:CV:IL 0.0
MPPT:CV:Wmin 0.01
MPPT:SRATE 0.5
MPPT:SCAN:STEP 10
MPPT:SCAN:Tstep 10
MPPT:PO:Tstep 10
MPPT:PO:TIME 10
MPPT ON
MPP? = 12.201,1.0020,12.225
MPP? = 12.201,1.0020,12.225
MPP? = 12.202,1.0020,12.226
MPP? = 12.190,1.0030,12.226
MPP? = 12.201,1.0020,12.225
MPP? = 12.201,1.0020,12.225
MPP? = 12.191,1.0030,12.227
MPP? = END
MPPT OFF
```

1-63 Battery discharge test

34000E Series battery discharge test, a total of five types:

5.18.1. TYPE 1:

When testing loads on of Constant current (CC) mode or Constant Power (CP), When battery voltage is less than UVP (under voltage protect) setting values, The LED is off to indicate Load off status, and displays the total discharge stored energy of the AH as fig 5-16 shows.

Note: When the remote control, the panel does not show the total discharge capacity.

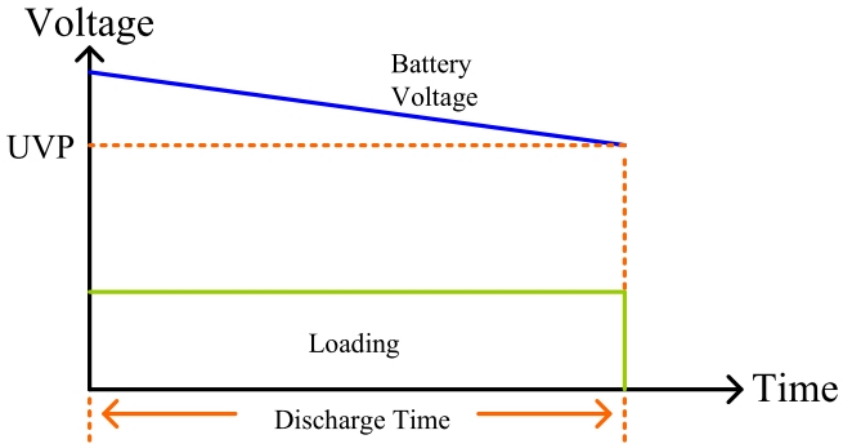


Fig 5-16 TYPE 1 Battery Discharge Figure

5.18.2. TYPE2:

When testing loads on of Constant current (CC) mode, battery voltage is less than UVP Setting values, Constant current (CC) mode auto change to Constant voltage (CV) mode as Fig 5-17 shows.

(CV values =UVP setting values).

Note: When CC or CP is converted to CV, there will be a small hardware switching time, causing the stop to load on. If you do not want to interrupt, refer to 5-7 CC+CV mode or 5-8 CP+CV mode.

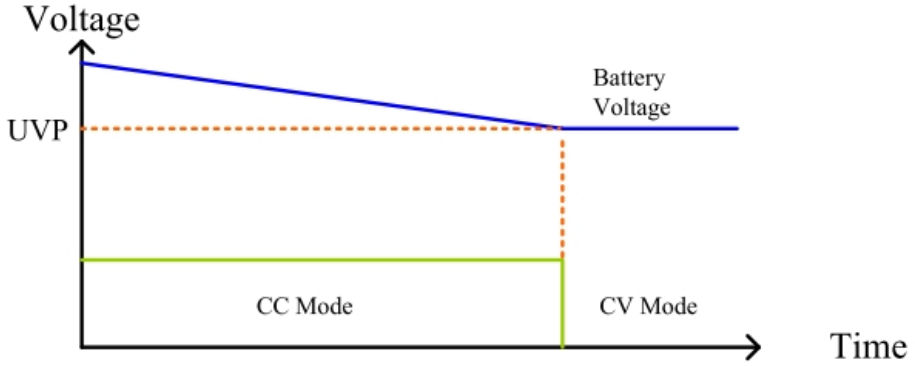


Fig 5-17 TYPE 2 Battery Discharge Figure

5.18.3. TYPE 3:

When testing loads on of Constant current (CC) modeor, Constant Power (CP), setting discharge Time, when Load on time achieve setting time, this moment load on auto change to load off and Display voltage, setting Timer value range 1 to 99999 sec (27H) (Fig5-15).

Note: Pre-setting the LOAD OFF voltage can protect the battery from discharging when The preset discharge time has not been reached, and stop the battery when the battery Voltage is to low to avoid battery damage.

5.18.4. TYPE 4:

Cycle Life test, Battery discharge test use pulse mode, Dynamic mode use count test And Repeat function, as show Fig 5-18, load on and dynamic on until counter to 0, load On and dynamic on auto change to off, Remote will shows “OK” and XX.XXX”(V meter), Cycle setting range 1 to 2000, step setting value 1 to 3 and Repeat setting value 0 to 9999, the setting is by remote operation.

Note: Pre-setting the LOAD OFF voltage can protect the battery from discharging when The preset discharge time has not been reached, and stop the battery when the battery Voltage is to low to avoid battery damage.

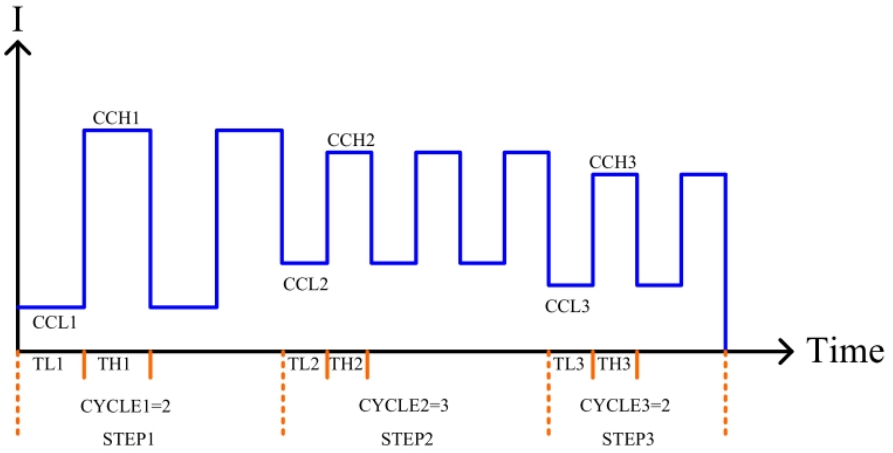


Fig 5-18 TYPE 4 Battery Discharge Figure

5.18.5. TYPE 5:

RAMP Mode, Slew rate load on and Repeat function, as Fig 5-19 Show. Setting” STEPn” n-1~9, CC0, CC1, ΔT1, CC2, ΔT2……CC9, ΔT9, Repeat, Load on mode, Increased or Decreased current values by every seconds.

△CC =(CCn-(CCn-1))/Time, Time:0~6000Sec, STEP: 1~9, Repeat: 0~9999, Load on auto change to off and remoter will shows “OK” and XX.XXX”(V meter).

Note: Pre-setting the LOAD OFF voltage can protect the battery from discharging when The preset discharge time has not been reached, and stop the battery when the battery Voltage is to low to avoid battery damage.

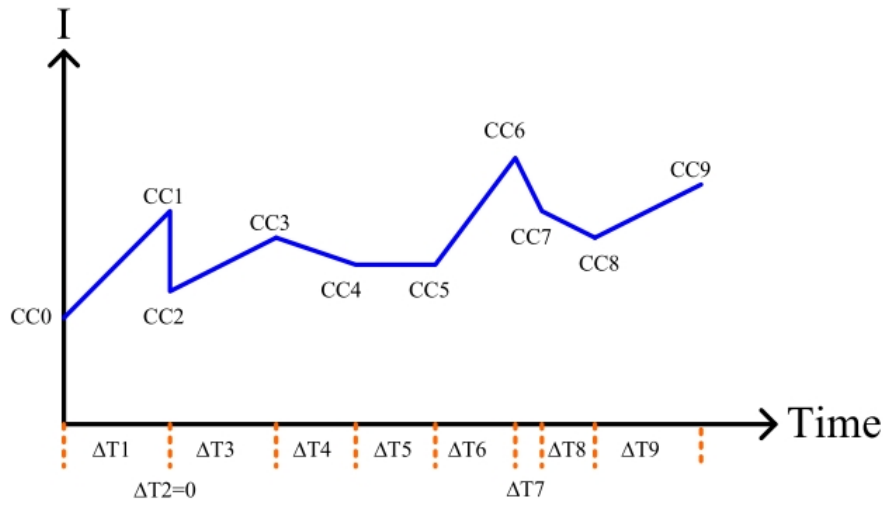


Fig 5-19 TYPE 5 Battery Discharge Figure

5.18.6. CC+CV: Refer to Chapter 5-7 for the operation mode.
5.18.7. CP+CV: Refer to Chapter 5-8 for the operation mode.

5.18.8. Operation：Type 1 to 3 is manual operation or remote operation.
Type 4 to 5 the only Remote operation.

Manual Instructions:

5.18.8.1. Type 1:
When testing loads on of Constant current (CC) mode, Press Config key to Batt1, Setting parameters Middle LCD text will show “BATT1, It is TYPE 1.Right LCD text Will show “UVP”, adjustment UVP value, Press START Key to start the test at this Time automatic load on, right LCD text will accumulate the Discharge capacity, unit: AH (ampere-hour), When the battery Voltage less than the UVP value, Load off Test End. Right LCD will display total discharge capacity, if you press the START key will Retest or press any key to exit test status.

5.18.8.2. Type 2:
When testing loads on of Constant current (CC) mode, Press Config key to Batt2, Setting parameters Middle LCD text will show “BATT2, It is TYPE 2. Right LCD text Will show “UVP”, adjustment UVP value, Press START Key to start the test at this Time automatic load on; Right LCD text will accumulate the discharge capacity, Unit: AH (ampere-hour), When the battery Voltage is less than the UVP value, CC Mode automatic change to CV mode keep load on and exit test status.

5.18.8.3. Type 3:
When testing loads on of Constant current (CC) mode, Press Config key to Batt3, Setting parameters Middle LCD text will show “BATT3, It is TYPE 3.Right 5 digit LCD Display will show “Time”, adjustment time value, Press START Key to start the test At this time automatic LOAD ON, Right 5 digit LCD display will accumulate the Discharge capacity, when load on time achieve setting time, this moment Load on Auto change to load off, Right 5 digit LCD display will show End Voltage. If you Press The START key will retest or press any key to exit.

5.18.9. REMOTE Command Description:

5.18.9.1. Type 1:

Set TYPE 1, and Set CC mode load on and set UVP Value command input "BATT: TEST ON", Command to start the test, When the battery Voltage less than The UVP value, load off test end and remoter will shows "OK, XXXXX", XXXXX The total discharge capacity: AH.

Example:

BATT: TYPE 1
CC: HIGH 2.34
BATT: UVP 12.0
BATT: TEST ON

5.18.9.2. Type 2:

Set TYPE 2, and Set CC mode load on and set UVP Value command input "BATT: TEST ON", Command to start the test, When the battery Voltage less than The UVP value, CC mode automatic change to CV mode keep load on and exit test Status, remoter will show "OK, XXXXX", XXXXX is total discharge capacity: AH.

Example:

BATT: TYPE 2
CC: HIGH 2.34
BATT: UVP 12.0
BATT: TEST ON

5.18.9.3. Type 3:

Set TYPE 3, and Set CC mode load on and Set the LOAD OFF voltage again, and Finally set the discharge time TIME value.command input "BATT: TEST ON", Command to start the test, When the discharge Time achieve The Set value, load off Test end, remoter will show "OK, XXXXX", XXXXX is discharge end Voltage.

Example:

BATT: TYPE 3
CC: HIGH 2.34
LDOFFV 10.5
BATT: TIME 6000
BATT: TEST ON

5.18.9.4. Type 4:

Set TYPE 4, and The set sequence is CCLn/CCHn/THn/TLn/CYCLEn, Repeat LDOFFV parameters command input "BATT: TEST ON", Command to start The test, test end, remoter will show "OK, XXXXX", XXXXX is end Voltage.

Example:

BATT: TYPE 4
BATT: STEP 2
BATT: CCH1 6.0

BATT: CCL1 1.0
BATT: TH1 2.0
BATT: TL1 2.0
BATT: CYCLE1 500
BATT: CCH2 4.0
BATT: CCL2 1.0
BATT: TH1 1.0
BATT: TL1 1.0
BATT: CYCLE2 500
LDOFFV 10.5
BATT: REPEAT 1
BATT: TEST ON

5.18.9.5. Type 5:

Set TYPE 5, and The setting sequence is CCLn/CCHn/THn/TLn/CYCLEn, Repeat parameters command input “BATT: TEST ON”, Command to start the test, Test end, remoter will show “OK, XXXXX”, XXXXX is end Voltage.

Example:

BATT: TYPE 5
BATT: STEP 3
BATT: CC0 1
BATT: CC1 3
BATT: DTIME1 1
BATT: CC2 6
BATT: DTIME2 0
BATT: CC3 4
BATT: DTIME3 2
LDOFFV 10.5
BATT: REPEAT 10
BATT: TEST ON

Appendix A GPIB programming Example

C Example Program

/* Link this program with appropriate *cib*.obj. */

/* This application program is written in TURBO C 2.0 for the IBM PC-AT compatible. The National Instruments Cooperation (NIC) Model PC-2A board provides the interface between the PC-AT and a PRODIGIT MPAL ELECTRONIC LOAD. The appropriate *cib*.obj file is required in each program to properly link the NIC board to C LANGUAGE. and include the <decl.h.> HEADER FILE to C LANGUAGE. */

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dos.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "decl.h"        /* NI GPIB CARD HEADER FILE */

main()
{
    char ouster[20],rdbuf[15],spec[10];
    int i,ch,load;
/* Assign unique identifier to the device "dev5" and store in variable load. check for error. ibfind error =
negative value returned. */
    if((load = ibfind("dev5")) < 0)        /*   Device variable name is load   */
      {                                    /*   GPIB address is   5   */
        printf("\r*** INTERFACE ERROR ! ***\a\n");
        printf("\r\nError routine to notify that ibfind failed.\n");
        printf("\r\nCheck software configuration.\n");
        exit(1);
      }
/*   Clear the device   */
    if((ibclr(load)) & ERR);
      {
        printf("INTERFACE ERROR ! \a");
        exit (1);
      }
    clrscr();
/* Clear load error register */
      {
      outstr=chan[0];
      ibwrt(load,outstr,6);
      ibwrt(load,"CLR",3);
      }
```

```
    ibwrt( load,"NAME?",5);                    /*   Get the 34000E series load specification   */
    strset(rdbuf,'\0');                 /*   Clear rdbuf string buffer   */
    strset(spec,'\0');                  /*   Clear spec string buffer   */
    ibrd(load,spec,20);
    if (spec[3] == '9')
        printf("\n 34000E series specification error !");
/*   Set the channel 1, preset off, current sink 1.0 amps and load on commands to the load. */
    ibwrt( load,"chan 1;pres off;curr:low 0.0;curr:high 1.0;load on ",43);
    ibwrt( load,"meas:curr ?",10);
/*   Get the load actially sink current from the load   */
    ibrd( load,rdbuf,20);
/*   go to local.   */
    ibloc(load);
}
```

BASICA Example Program

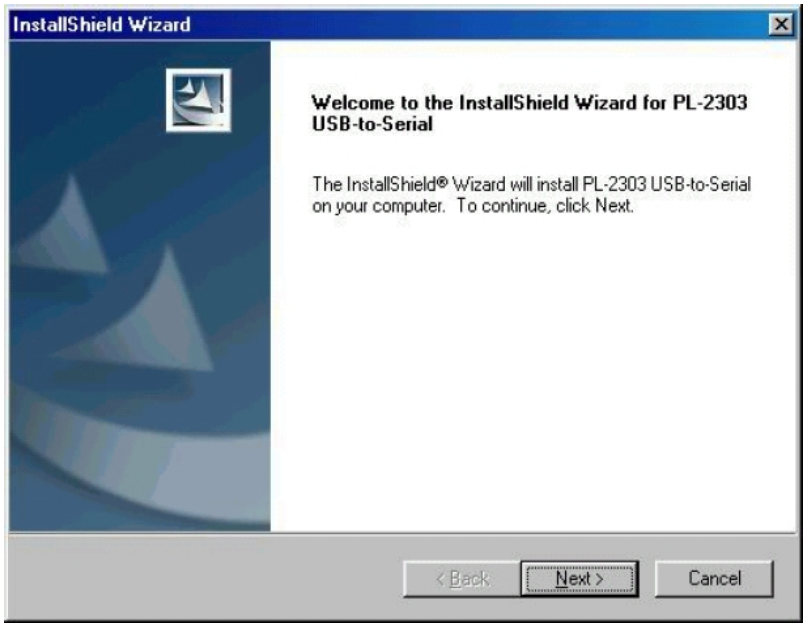
LOAD DECL.BAS using BASICA MERGE command.

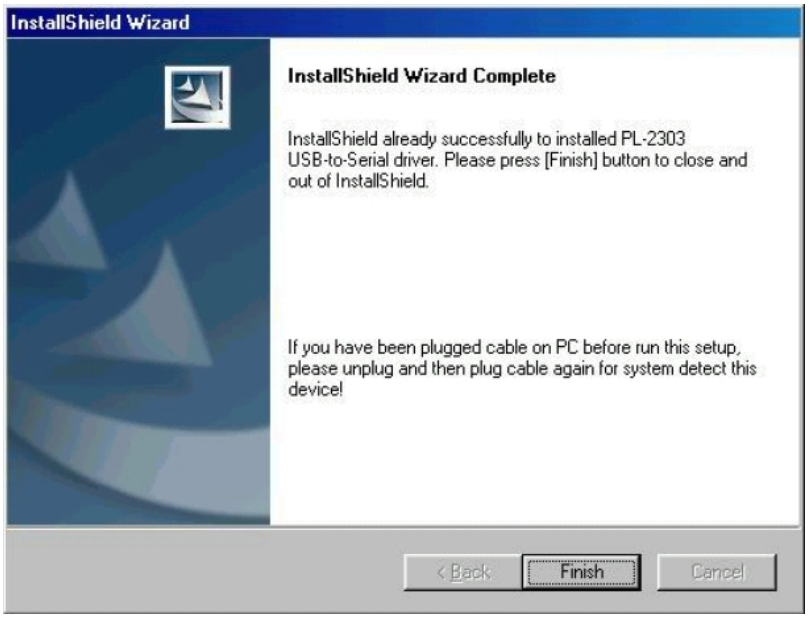
```
100 REM You must merge this code with DECL.BAS
105 REM
110 REM Assign a unique identifier to the device "dev5" and store it in variable load%.
125 REM
130         udname$ = "dev5"
140         CALL ibfind (udname$,load%)
145 REM
150 REM Check for error on ibfind call
155 REM
160         IF load% < 0 THEN GOTO 2000
165 REM
170 REM Clear the device
175 REM
180         CALL ibclr (load%)
185 REM
190 REM Get the 34210A load specification
195 REM
200         wrt$ = "NAME?" : CALL ibwrt(load%,wrt$)
210         rd$ = space$(20) : CALL ibrd(load%,rd$)
215 REM
220 REM Set the preset off, current sink 1.0 amps and load on commands to the load.
225 REM
230         wrt$ = "pres off;curr:low 0.0;curr:high 1.0;load on"
240         CALL ibwrt(load%,wrt$)
245 REM
250 REM Get the load actially sink current from the load
255 REM
260         wrt$ = "meas:curr?" : CALL ibwrt(load%,wrt$)
270         rd$ = space$(20) : CALL ibrd(load%,rd$)
275 REM
280 REM Go to local
285 REM
290 CALL ibloc(load%)

2000 REM Error routine to notify that ibfind failed.
2010 REM Check software configuration.
2020 PRINT "ibfind error !" : STOP
```

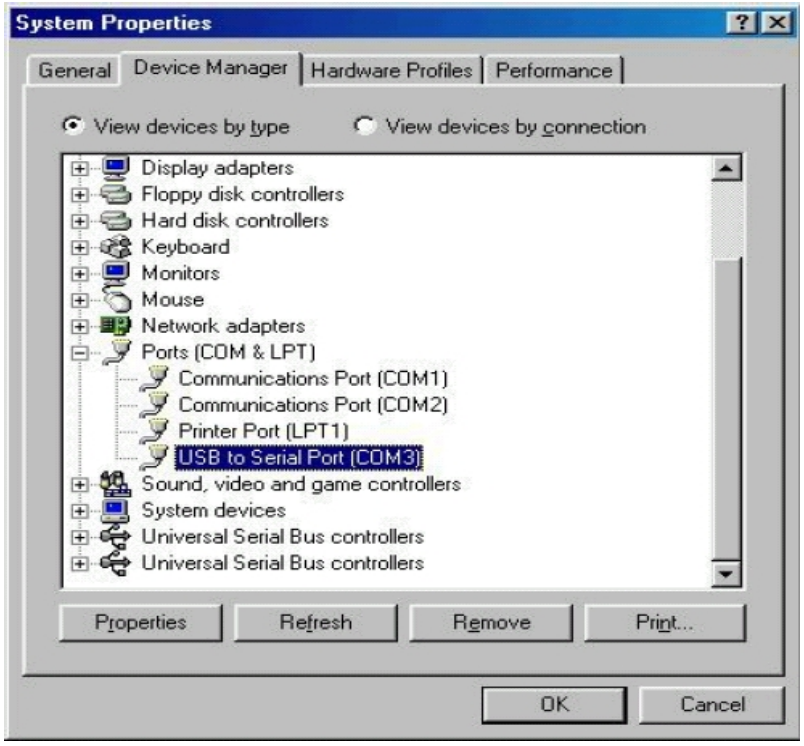
Appendix B 34000E series USB Instruction

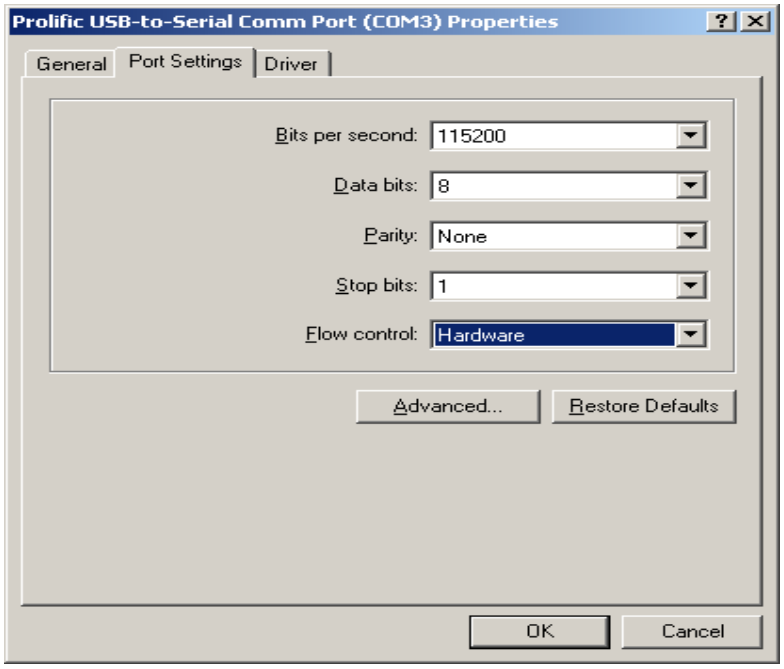
1. Install the USB DRIVER select USB\SETUP\PL-2303 Driver Installer.exe





2. After the installation, connect the 34000E series and PC with USB. Then select the item USB to Serial Port (COM3), set the BAUD-RATE and Flow control to 115200bps and Hardware to control 34000E series with COM3.





Appendix C 34000E series LAN Instruction

1. Connecting AC power and the network line to the 34000E series mainframe, connect the other Side of the network line to the HUB.

2. Run the ETM.EXE which bellows the path of the LAN on the CDROM drive, it will show as fig D2-1 if not , please press F5 to search again, or check the first step was succeed or not.

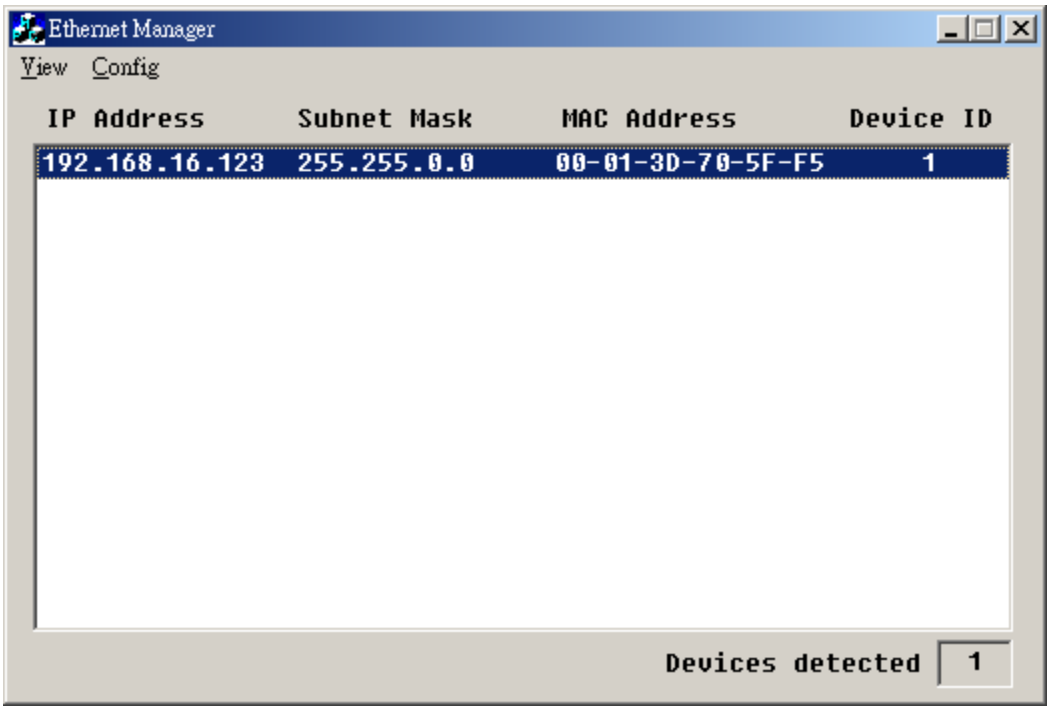
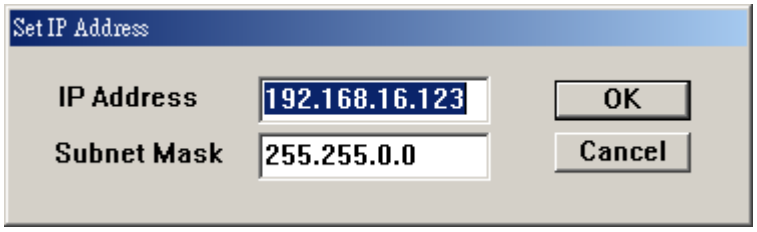


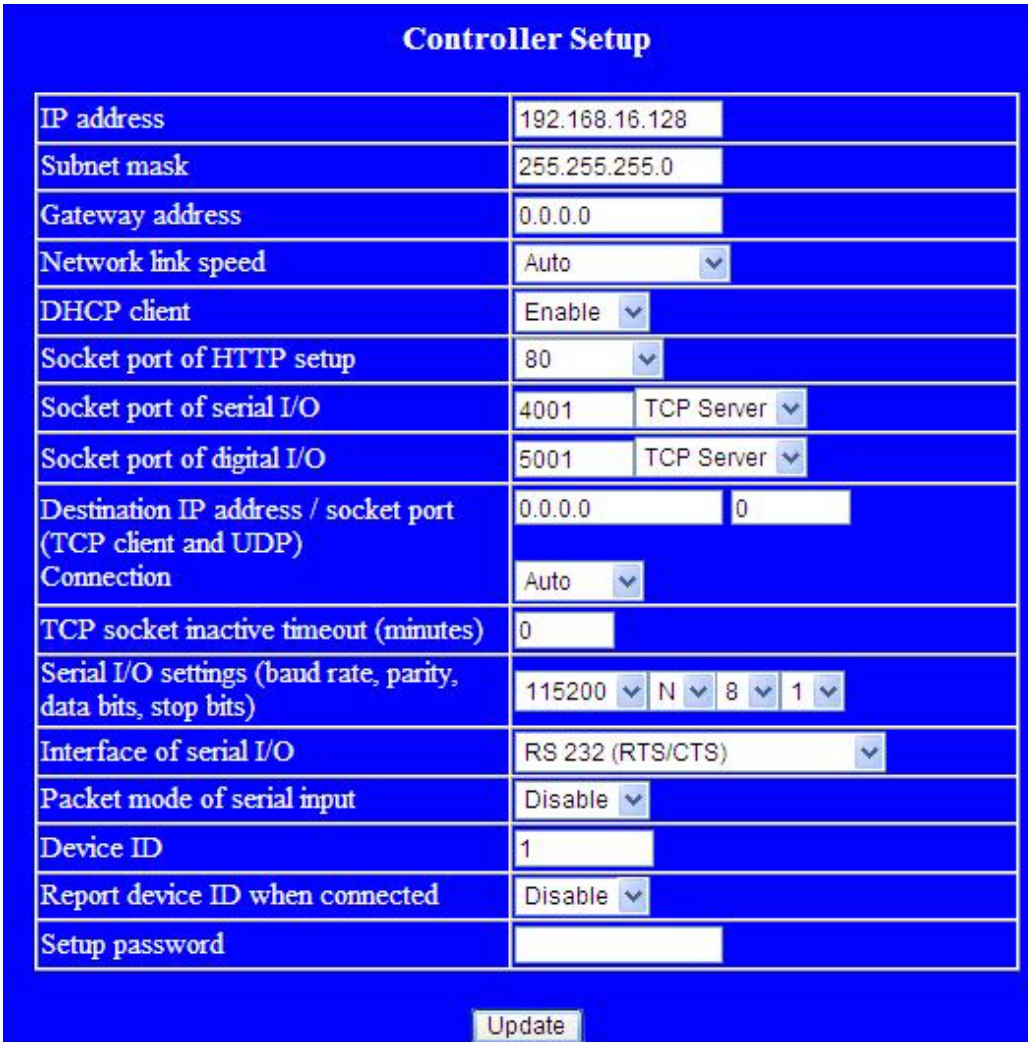
FIG D2-1

3. It will be shown the installation which has been searched on the screen , click it and select the Set IP Address bellows Config:



4. Set a useful IP Address and Subnet Mask.

5. It will be shown the Setup Device as the following figure if all steps was corrected to be run.



Controller Setup

IP address	192.168.16.128
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway address	0.0.0.0
Network link speed	Auto
DHCP client	Enable
Socket port of HTTP setup	80
Socket port of serial I/O	4001 TCP Server
Socket port of digital I/O	5001 TCP Server
Destination IP address / socket port (TCP client and UDP) Connection	0.0.0.0 0 Auto
TCP socket inactive timeout (minutes)	0
Serial I/O settings (baud rate, parity, data bits, stop bits)	115200 N 8 1
Interface of serial I/O	RS 232 (RTS/CTS)
Packet mode of serial input	Disable
Device ID	1
Report device ID when connected	Disable
Setup password	

Update

6. Insert the numbers as the following :

6.1 IP Address: as recommended according to your network
6.2 Subnet Mask: as recommended according to your network
6.3 Gateway Address: as recommended according to your network
6.4 Network link speed: Auto
6.5 DHCP client: Enable
6.6 Socket port of HTTP setup: 80
6.7 Socket port of serial I/O: 4001，TCP Server
6.8 Socket port of digital I/O: 5001，TCP Server
6.9 Destination IP address / socket port (TCP client and UDP) Connection: Auto
6.10 TCP socket inactive timeout(minutes)：Set the network disconnection after N minutes, set 0 minutes will work forever.
6.11 Serial I/O settings (baud rate, parity, data, bits, stop bits): 115200, N, 8, 1
6.12 Interface of serial I/O: RS 232 (RTS/CTS)
6.13 Packet mode of serial input: Disable
6.14 Device ID : 5
6.15 Report device ID when connected：Auto
6.16 Setup password: Not required

Appendix D 34000E series Auto. Sequence function provide EDIT, ENTER, EXIT, TEST and STORE 5 keys operation.

Edit mode

1. Set mode, Range, current level … Load Setting an, Load ON
2. Press STORE key to store the load setting in memory STATE
3. Repeat 1~2, for the sequence load setting.
4. Press Shift + SEQ. key of 34000E series front panel.
5. Press up/down key to select Edit Mode.
6. Press 1~9 number key program number.
7. Press STATE up/down key to select memory state.
8. Press ENTER to next step.
9. Repeat 6~8 to edit Step of sequence
10. Press SAVE to confirm the step
11. LCD shows “rept” to setting repeat count.
12. Press up/down key to set repeat count of sequence loop.
13. Press ENTER to confirm the sequence edit.

Test mode

1. Press Shift + SEQ. key of 34000E series front panel,
2. Press up/down key to select Test Mode.
3. Press 1~9 number to select sequence number
4. Press ENTER to execution the sequence
5. The LCD shows “PASS” or “FAIL” after testing.

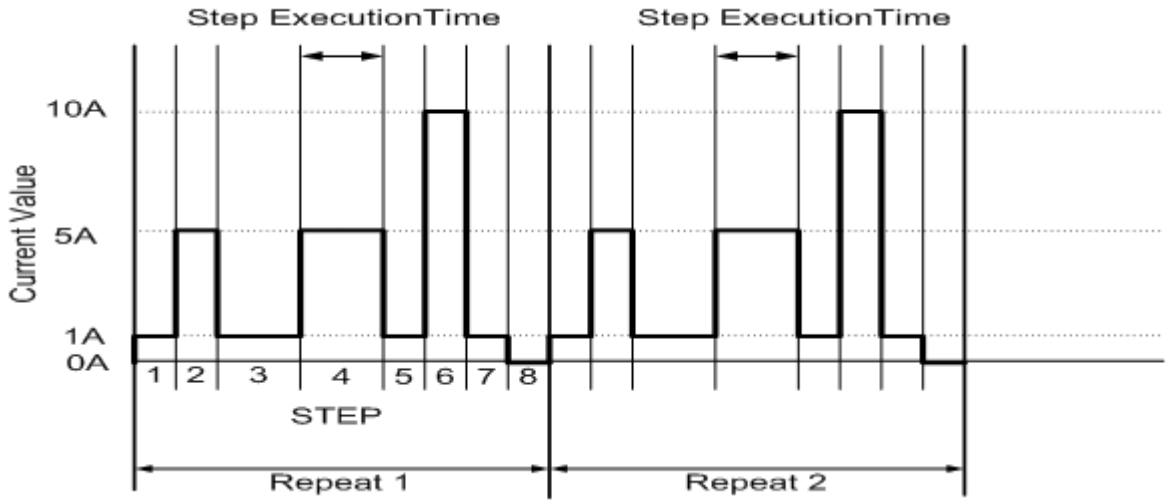
AUTO SEQUENCE:

AUTO SEQUENCE SET COMMAND	NOTE	RETURN
FILE {SP} {n}{; | NL}	n=1~9	1~9
STEP {SP} {n} {; | NL}	n=1~16	1~16
TOTSTEP {SP} {n}{; | NL}	Total step n=1~16	1~16
SB {SP} {m} {; | NL}	m=1~150 m:STATE	
TIME {SP} {NR2} {; | NL}	100~9999(ms)	100~9999(ms)
SAVE {; | NL}	Save “File n” data	
REPEAT {SP} {n} {; | NL}	n=0~9999	0~9999
RUN {SP} {F} {n} {; | NL}	N=1~9	AUTO REPLY “PASS” or “FAIL:XX” (XX=NG STEP)

Example Sequence

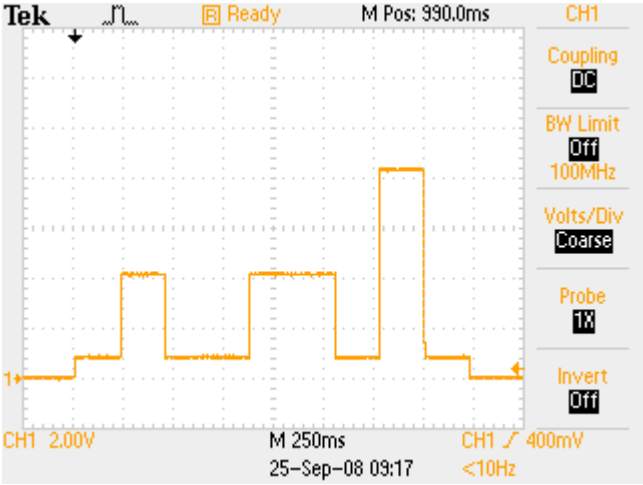
In this example, we will create a program based on following Figure.

The program repeats steps 1 to 8 two times. After repeating the sequence two times, the load is turned off and the sequence ends.



Sequence Number	Step Number	Current Value	Execution Time(T1+T2)
3	1	1A	200mS
3	2	5A	200mS
3	3	1A	400mS
3	4	5A	400mS
3	5	1A	200mS
3	6	10A	200mS
3	7	1A	200mS
3	8	0A	200mS

Creating the program

1. Setting the Load current level and store to state 1~8
2. Set the operation mode
   Press the mode key to CC mode.
3. Set the range
   Press RANGE key to force range 2
4. Press Load ON
5. Set the current value as step 1~8 and store to memory state 1~8
6. Press EDIT key of 34000E series mainframe
7. Press up/down key to select Edit Mode
8. Press sequence number 3 to edit the sequence
9. Press up/down key to memory state 1
10. Press ENTER key to confirm the sequence memory
11. Press up/down key to setting execution time
12. Press ENTER key to confirm the sequence step
13. Repeat 8~12 to setting step 1~8
14. Press SAVE key to confirm step 1~8
15. Press up/down key to 1 to repeat one times.
16. Press ENTER to confirm the repeat count.

Testing Waveform